Weather Forecast: Fair and Milder

le London Advertiser

LONDON, CANADA-THE HOME OF UNBROKEN PROSPERITY.

HOME **EDITION**

53rd YEAR. No. 22761

THE LONDON, ONTARIO, ADVERTISER, THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 3, 1917.

PRIJE, TWO CENTS.

HAIG BITING AGAIN ON WIDE HINDENBURG FRONT

RUSSIA WILL **NOT SLACKEN** IS MESSAGE

Petrograd, May 3 .- Via London, 5:05 p.m. - The Russian provisional government has sent to the Russian representatives in the Entente allied countries a note assuring the Allies that the change in government in Russia cannot afford a pretext for any slackening on the part of Russia in the common struggle of all the Entente Allies.

GOOD PROGRESS FIELD REPORT OF NEW SMASH

Heavy Fighting the Rule Everywhere On Extended Front.

British Headquarters in France, May 3—Via London, 2:55 p.m.—(From a Staff Correspondent of the Associated Press).
—Another of the continuing British attacks was launched against the Germans early this morning. Hard fighting is in progress under a warm spring sun. There has been no rain for more than ten days now, and the battlefields at times are enveloped in dust. British reinforcements moving along the roads toward the front look like millers under heavy layers of chalk-white powder.

Satisfactory Progress.

Reports from the battlefront are as

Satisfactory Progress.

Reports from the battlefront are as yet meagre, but it appears that satisfactory progress is being made. The attack was on a wide front. At Bullecourt the British took another bite into the Hindenburg line just north of its point of junction with the Drocourt-Oueant switch. Good progress was also reported early Good progress was also reported early in the direction of Cherisy and Fresnoy. Fresnoy is just east of Arieux, which was captured last Friday by the Canadians. These two villages, having been looped about with intricate trench fortifications, form one of the strongest points on the Hericourt-Oppy-Gavrelle line, running slightly southwest from Lens to Scarpe and being one of the last of the older fixed positions protecting the Drocourt-Queant switch to the Hindenburg line.

The Germans have delivered strong counter-attacks at several places, pringers.

LARGE CROWDS ASSEMBLED TO HEAR THE KING'S APPEAL FOR CONSERVATION OF FOOD

change and of all town halls throughout the country. The lord mayor and sheriffs attended the ceremony in London, and large crowds assembled.

London, May 3.—Shakespeare Day was observed today throughout England and France. All the schools in Great Britain held special exercises. The principal celebration took place in King's College, London, in the presence of representatives of Great Britain, France and the United States. Ambassador Page made an address on behalf of the latter country.

The observance of the day in the schools partook of the character of a celebration of the new alliance with the United States. Emphasis was laid on the fact that all countries speaking the language of Shakespeare were now united for the first time in a war on behalf of the principles of democracy.

GEN. JOFFRE AND HIS AIDES ARE TO VISIT MONTREAL FOR "WIN-THE-WAR" CONVENTION

Montreal, May 3.—Gen, Joffr and the other members of the French mission to Washington are expected to be in Montreal during the week of May 21-26 when the National Unity Convention or, as it is better known, the "Win-the-War" Convention, is to be held.

This information was conveyed to the Chambre De Commerce at yesterday's meeting by Ludger Gravel, in explaining to his colleagues some of the program of the "Win-the-War" Convention.

Col. Roosevelt is also expected to according to the city at 10:20 o'clock this morning. The track was cleared and traffic resumed at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

GERMAN ATTACK REPULSED. Petrograd, May 3—Via London, 4 p.m.—Ona, in Northern Rumania, is reported today by the war office. The statement follows:

"On Tuesday night enemy infantry, supported by artillery attacked the gram of the "Win-the-War" Convention.

Col. Roosevelt is also expected to accompany the French party. Previous to the holding of the convention, it is planned to give the visitors an automobile trip. Some 250 to 300 motor cars will be secured, and the itinerary will take in Three Rivers and the city of Quebec.

"On Tuesday night enemy initial supported by artillery, attacked the height, ten miles southwest of Occar The enemy was driven back to his in the initial south in the enemy was driven back to his in the initial south in the south in the south in the initial south

24 OVERSEAS MEN, ALMOST ALL WOUNDED, WHO RETURNED TODAY.



EMPIRE CONFERENCE IN LOYAL ADDRESS AT WINDSOR CASTLE

Tell His Majesty "Preparedness" Will Be New Motto.

London, May 3—(Through Reuter's Ottawa Agency).—The members of the Imperial war conference today presented an address to the King at Windsor. After expressing loyalty to the throne and person of His Majesty, the address said: Berlin, May 3—Via London, 4:22 p.m.

New British attacks were begun on a wide front on both banks of the Scarpe early this morning after drumfire, which followed the continuous artillery en-followed the continuous en-followed the configurations of the configu address said: ollowed the continuous artillery enagement of the past few days, army leadquarters announced.

Points We are returning home inspired by

SUNK BY SUBMARINE; 279 MEN PERISHED

Hindenburg line.

The Germans have delivered strong counter-attacks at several places, principally against Gavrelle and towards Loos. At all the points attacked and counter-attacked heavy fighting is prospectively. service early in the war and taken over by the British admiralty.

Washington, May 3.—The American sailing vessel Margaret was destroyed off the Irish coast on April 27 by a submarine, being set on fire. No mention of loss of life is made. There are several sailing vessels of that name.

Philadelphia, May 3.—The British tank steamship British Sun, owned by the Sun Oil Company of this city and leased to Great Britain, has been submarined

[Special to the Advertiser.]
Bothwell, May 3.—A loosened section a steel cattle-guard was the cause f the derailment of twelve loaded eight cars on a Wabash eastbound eight train at 4 o'clock this morning. The derailment was at a concession rossing, 1½ miles east of here, and has esulted in tying up both lines of the train Trunk and Wabash for 16 hours, he loss will be heavy, both in damage a rolling stock and freight.

ment follows:

"On Tuesday night enemy infantry, supported by artillery, attacked the height, ten miles southwest of Ocna. The enemy was driven back to his a renches. On the remainder of the Rumanian front there was artillery firing.

"The usual rifle firing and scouting and active countries" on the

Washington, May 3.—While members of the Entente missions shared the alarm of the American officials at the ingrowing inroads of the submarine menace, they do not regard the situation as in any sense fatal. It means in their view a period of very great self-denial and further restrictions, but they do not credit in the least any opinion that it is certain to lead to starvation or the loss of the war. They are counting on ships, men and money from the United States, and possibly American

Inventive genius to outwelgh the U-boat terror.

Critical as the Allied situation is made to appear, Ailled diplomata says it is as nothing to the insuperable difficulties of Germany almost entirely hidden under the censorship.

[Special Cable to Ti Adveriser.] BY ED. L. KEEN. (Copyright, 1917, by the United Press.) London, May 3 .- America is getting the full and complete facts of every news feature of British end of war developments, except the actual figures of submarine losses, and may expect to receive them very soon. The submarine menace is the strongest card Germany

has played, but it will never win the war. The foregoing is on authority of the man whose prophesies and statements on the war have come to carry more weight than those of any other figure in the allied countries, Lord Northcliffe.

THIRTEEN MEN MISSING

FROM THE ROCKINGHAM

London, May 3.-Three men were

oday report. No word has been re-

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Winnipeg, May 2 .- Sir Rodmond Rob-

in is at present at Hot Springs, Ar-

ansas, where he is consulting special-

winter in California with little good

ists in connection with serious ail-

ments. He spent the latter half of the

drowned by the sinking of the Ameri-

A Facer of Facts.

Northcliffe is probably the squarest facer of facts in England. He never dodges. Today the United Press put squarely up to him the proposition of the gathering doubt and distrust in America, resulting from belief that British officialdon has not been frank with America in its statements of submarine losses, and possibly has not told the full truth regarding the Allies successes on the west front.

The Submarine Peril.
"In regard to the loss of tonnage by submarines," said Northcliffe, "there is no doubt that the figures "The Government does not prevent our newspapers from saying so, nor prevent American correspondents

from saying so. The Government will, I believe, very soon publish the full, actual figures as soon as they can arrange the matter with our French and Italian allies. The Greatest Problem. "I do not hesitate to say in my newspapers that the submarine

menace is the greatest difficulty we have had so far, but to pretend that the war can be won by submarines is preposterous, "The very fact that the Germans are concealing their huge losses in men and our methodical capture of their underground in the battles around Arras, should convince Americans that our successes have been so great as to cause them to hide their colossal losses in dead,

wounded, prisoners and other booty. Turning for Allies. "The whole situation of the war is that in 1914 and 1915 the Prussians, owing to their many years of preparation, were successful in certain areas, though they lost all their

SUBS FOE'S STRONGEST CARD, BUT REPRISALS FOR CANNOT WIN, SAYS NORTHCLIFFE; FOE'S OUTRAGES **WERE EFFECTIVE**

Bombing of Freiburg Was Fully Justified, Declares Earl Curzon.

London, May 3 .- In the House Lords yesterday, the Archbishop of Can-terbury raised the question of the recent bombing of Freiburg by French and British aviators in retaliation for outrages perpetrated by the German fleet. The archbishop declared there was a strong feeling throughout the entire country against such reprisals. Earl Curzon of Kedlestone, membe of the war council, replying for the Government, said that after the "abominable outrage" against the hospital ship Asturias, the war cabinet had decided to execute the threat of reprisals made

in January.

Consulted the French.

"We consulted the French upon the matter," Earl Curzon continued, "and they heartily approved of the plan and expressed a desire to co-operate. It was then decided to carry out the bombing raid on Freiburg. The Government, however, consulted the imperial war conference, which also concurred, and it was also decided that no reprisals would be undertaken after this if the Germans ceased their attacks on hospital ships." ital ships."
It was too early, Earl Curzon added,

to say whether the reprisal had been successful, but there was evidence that it had a salutary effect. He said the French had announced they would embark German prisoners on their hospital can steamer Rockingham by a German ships. submarine, survivors who reached land An official British admiralty statement An official British admiralty statement issued April 16 said in consequence of German submarine attacks on British hospital ships a large squadron of British hospital ships a large squadron of British hospital ships a large squadron of British airplanes had carried out a reprisal bombardment the previous Satruday on the German town of Freiburg, and that many bombs had been ding day the Berlin war office said 11 persons had been killed and 27 injured in the air raid.

FLOUR AT WINNIPEG GOES UP DOLLAR PER BARREL

winter in California with little good effect. He will not be back for the postponed trial of the ex-ministers for the June assizes, and the court will not allow the trial to proceed without him.

Winnipeg, May 3.—Flour went up \$1 per barrel yesterday in Winnipeg, making the price of first perants \$13.80 per barrel, or \$6.90 per sack. This is \$1.60 per sack higher than the price when the war began.

DAY AND NIGHT BRITISH FLIERS HAMMER AND HARASS THE HUNS: HOW THEY ROUTED "RED DEVILS"

Total Casualties

Total Casualties

Since April Ninth

Since April Ninth

Total Casualties

Total Casualties

Total Casualties

Since April Ninth

Since April Ninth

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BRITISH LEAP AT DAWN UPON GERMAN DEFENCES. TAKING STRONG POSITIONS

THE WAR SITUATION

Brazil has drawn one step nearer to war with Germany, and today is one of those countries hovering on the brink of the maelstrom which has convulsed two-thirds world. Norway and China are the two other countries which may shortly be added to the ever-lengthening list of Germany's foes. Dr. Muller Resigns.

Two events have happened in Brazil which may easily form the impetus to the last remaining step on the road to war. Dr. Lauro Muller, Brazilian foreign minister, has tendered his resignation on the eve of the day set for the Brazilian Congress to decide whether the republic shall draw its sword. Dr. Muller has been persistently reported as, if not actually pro-German at least a firm opponent of hostilities between Brazil and the Teutonic Empire. His resignation coincides with an order by President Braz, detaining the dismissed German minister. The order was issued on re-ceipt of news from Berlin that the Brazilian minister in Germany had been refused permission to leave

the country. Norway Next?

The possibility of Norway's entrance into the ranks of the Allies is based on the havoc wrought among the Norwegian mercantile marine by German submarines. Nor-way, prior to the war, fourth among the world's seafaring nations, has suffered so heavily from the rav-ages of the U-boats that their shipping is actually threatened with ex-tinction. The bitterness among the Norwegians over German war methods is growing many voices are urging that could not be worse off as a bellige ent, and might find compensation peace found her in the lists with the Entente.

China For War. All reports from China agree that

the advocates of war are in a majority at Peking, but apparently the president is still reluctant to take the fateful step. It has been re-ported that Japan was unwilling that China should enter the struggle, but the Japanese foreign office has officially denied this. In the meantime the entire situation in Europe remains obscure through conflicting reports and the exercise of the censors. The only definite fact in regard to conditions in Germany is that a political crisis exists, and that the antagonism between the parties has blazed out with a violence unknown since the beginning of he war. Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg is the target for all shafts, but apparently can rely only on a lukewarm support from the moderate Socialists, is no light whatever on the strike situation and no reliable news of any kind from Austria. On the western battlefront, the British began another attack this morning, and the war office announces that progress is being made. The British continue to make headway in Mesopotamia also, but this is offset by unexplained reports of the reports are true, the Russians are withdrawing with no serious fighting, and in the face of the most

BRAZIL'S FOREIGN MINISTER FORCED TO RESIGN OVER PRO-GERMAN SYMPATHIES

successful campaign yet undertaken

against Turkey.

Brazil, who is on his way to Uruguay

New Attack Takes In Entire Front Engaged At Easter--British Jump Carries Them Close to Fresnoy, Cherisy and Bullecourt --- Drive Opened by Tornado of Fire.

London, May 3.—The British began another attack this morning. The war office announces that progress is being made.

A number of strong positions already have been taken by the British. The announcement follows:

"Heavy fighting is taking place all along the front from the Hindenburg line south of the Senze River to the Acheville-Vimy road. Our troops are making progress and have already captured a number of strong hostile positions.

The new British attack takes in virtually the entire front on which the battle of Arras was begun on Easter Monday, and evidently is a major operation. It is the fourth great attack which the British have made along this line. The attacking front is about twelve miles

MOVE TOWARDS FRESNOY.

London, May 3.-2:20 p.m.-In their new attack of today the British made progress in the direction of Fresnoy and Cherisy and also towards B llecourt, Reuter's correspondent at the British headquarters reports. The British attacked in the darkest hour preceding dawn this morning, striking at the German positions east of Arras. The infantry assault was delayed until half a hour after the half moon had gone down. The night was clear and star-lit, and the almost ceaseless flashing of guns gave definite shape to the shadowy outlines of the salient points. The correspondent says the attack was directed to the taking of certain points of considerable importance, and to improving the British line. The British desired to gain complete mastery of dominating positions whence their artillery would be able more effectively to devastate the fresh troops which the Germans continue to throw in.

TORNADO OF FIRE. There was the usual preliminary tornado of fire from weapons of all calibres, and then the equally familiar creeping barrage, working with absolute punctuality as the order to the men to go forward was snapped forth simultaneously down miles of trenches. Thousands of crouching figures formed into regular waves for the advance.

Then came the inevitable deadly rattle of machine gun and rifle fire, and the crashing of bursting bombs as the infantry reached the parapet of the first enemy trench.

PROGRESS MADE. As to the results obtained, the correspondent adds, reports thus far are vague, but the British made progress in several directions—towards Fresnoy and Cherisy, and also toward Bellecourt, which is a point on the

The Germans counter-attacked heavily near Gavrelle and Loos. These onslaughts were dealt with satisfactorily by the British gunners.

FRENCH CAPTURE GARRISON. Paris, May 3.-Noon.-The French made an important gain on the Cham-pagne front last night, reducing the position which was still being held by the Germans in the new lines east of Monthaut, and capturing the German garrison of more than 200 men, the war office announces. There was active patrol fighting on Chemin-des-Dame line.

WEAKENING IN PIRACY CAMPAIGN

Amsterdam, Via London, May
-The Berlin Reichsbote, deal-3.—The Berlin Reichsbote, dealing with the submarine situation says: "Certain elements are again at work aiming at the restoration of the old policy, which is table of running after. pitlably failed, of running after Great Britain and America—the logical condition sought being that the submarine warfare should be again restricted."

The newspaper denounces the propaganda as not only fatal, but also villainus and criminal. but also villainous and criminal.

Many Battalions Are Safely Landed From Points In Dominion

Ottawa, May 3.-It is officially announced through the chief press censor's office that the following troops have arrived safely in Eng-

FRENCH OFFICIAL REPORT. Paris, May 3, 2:09 p.m.—The French fficial statement follows: "There was heavy artillery fighting it along the front of the Chemin-des-

all along the front of the Chemin-desDames, where numerous patrol encounters also occurred.

"In the Champagne we repulsed German attacks in the wood west of Mont
Cernillet and on the heights east of
Mont Haut. In the latter region we
reduced an isolated German position
which was still offering resistance and
captured the garrison of nine officers
and 210 men.

"On the left bank of the Meuse our
detachments penetrated German
trenches at Avocourt wood. Patrol encounters occurred on the right bank of
the river, near Damloup and Bezonvaux. There was intermittent artillery
fightling at some points along this portion of the front, especially in the
sector of St. Mihiel."

MeBRIDE NOT "FIRED"

Victoria, B. C., May 3.—The Legisture yesterday passed a vote for the lary of Sir Richard McBride, comsissioner for British Columbia in Lonn, for the year ending next March, us disposing of rumors that he would removed during this session. THE WEATHER

LOCAL TEMPERATURES. Following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night: Highest, 49; lowest, 35.

The official temperatures for the 12 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 43; lowest, 33.