A MORTGAGE SALE is offered a desirable opportunity to purchase. If you want to make an investment in Toronto Real Estate here is a chance you should not let pass. $5000 will give you possession of a pair of excellent modern, well brick stores, central, good dwellings and stores, with full-sized cellars. D. H. McMILLAN, 18 Victoria-street.

The Senate Reading Room S SENATE PO

The Toronto World.

TWENTIETH YEAR — SIXTEEN PAGES—SATURDAY MORNING MAY 20 1899—SIXTEEN PAGES — ONE CENT

FOUNTAIN PENS
The Best One Yet Made.
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STATIONERS, 25 JORDAN ST.

LIBERALS NOW JUGGLING WITH CANADA'S FRANCHISE

Sir Wilfrid Laurier Springs the Government's Redistribution Bill on the Commoners on the Eve of a Holiday.

Many Pretenses Are Made as to Honesty of Purpose, but the Political Hand Does the Act, While the Judiciary Will Do the Clerical Work.

Toronto Gets a Bad Turn-Down Because It's Conservative—No Show Given to the Principle of Representation by Population—Tarte's Province Undisturbed—Sir Charles' Hot Criticism.

Ottawa, May 19.—Contrary to general expectation, the redistribution bill was introduced to-day, after a very animated discussion, lasting nearly three hours, and received its first reading. The bill is of the "sunny ways" variety. It looks well and has an appearance of fairness about it which is attractive at first sight, but when examined closely and its "principles" looked into, it at once becomes evident that under the guise of "readjusting," one-third of the constituencies in Ontario are to be shaken up and sorted in such a manner that Sir Oliver Mowat's gerrymanders of Ontario will be fastened on that province for Federal as well as provincial purposes.

Ontario Only Affected.

Ontario is practically the only province affected, the changes in Quebec being slight and not very important, although quite unnecessary and uncalled for, and only two other provinces being touched at all. New Brunswick, where the city and County of St. John are divided into separate constituencies, and Prince Edward Island, where the old order of things is restored, the effect of which will probably be that one Conservative seat will be in jeopardy.

A Two-to-One Chance.

In Ontario it will take some time to figure the matter out, and a good deal will depend on the commission of three judges to whom is delegated the duty of delimiting the ridings in counties which are entitled by population to more than one representative, but from a cursory glance at the bill, it looks as if the Liberal ridings will average about 18,000 or so population, while the Conservative ridings will run from about 20,000 to 50,000 population. Thus, Conservative Toronto, with about 200,000, will have only four members, while the Liberal County of York, with about 50,000 population, will have three representatives.

The Same All Over.

Such inequalities are noticeable all over the "redistributed" portion of the province.

The introduction of the judges is not favorably regarded, as their function will not be the same as under the English act, and, as a large number of them, especially recent appointments, have been appointed purely from political services, it will be difficult to convince the public that they can be wholly impartial and unprejudiced. The Ontario members will certainly make a strong fight against the bill, and, no doubt, an effort will be made to induce the Senate to throw it out, but it is not easy to say what view the Senate is likely to take of its duty in the matter.

THE BILL INTRODUCED.

Sir Wilfrid Puts It in the Best "Sunny Way" He Knows How.

Ottawa, May 19.—(Special.)—The Prime Minister, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, in rising to introduce the redistribution bill said: My honorable friend and colleague the Postmaster-General (Mr. Mulock) being unavoidably absent to-day, I have undertaken, with the view of expediting business and in order not to disappoint the very legitimate impatience of the public with regard to the measure which stands in his name, to present it to the House. I may say at once that the object we have in view in presenting this bill is not to make a total redistribution of the electorate districts under which the House of Commons is now constituted. We deem that it would not be expedient at this time to do that; but wish to undo so far as we can most glaring violations of a principle which we have always held and which has always been universally held by public opinion in this country to be a fundamental principle of representation in this country.

County Lines the Basis.

We think it is a principle which will commend itself universally to public opinion that the basis of representation in this House should be the municipal county organization. It is in the recollection of all the members of this House that this principle was to a large extent interfered with by the Redistribution Act of 1882. That act was a violation of the principles which had prevailed up to that time, and maintained not alone by the Liberal party but by the Conservative party as well. There are many well-known reasons why the municipal county organization should be preserved as the basis of representation; and I can't do better upon this point than to quote the language of Sir John A. Macdonald, when the first redistribution act after Confederation was introduced in 1872. Sir John A. Macdonald at that time went over the question very fully and gave in graphic language the reasons, to which there was no dissent expressed at that time, why the municipal county organization should be laid down as the basis of representation.

What Sir John Macdonald Said.

The language which he made use of on that occasion reads as follows:

It is desired, as much as possible, to keep the representation within the county so that each county that is a municipality of Ontario should be represented and if it becomes large enough that it should be divided into ridings. That principle is carried out in the suggestions I am about to make. That rule was broken in 1867 in three constituencies, namely, Bothwell, Cardwell and Monck, and I do not think on the whole that the experiment has proved a successful one. I do not think it was unsuccessful as far as the representatives of those new constituencies themselves were concerned, as they are well and ably represented by the gentlemen who now hold seats for the constituencies, and I hope that if I am returned again to the next Parliament I shall meet those honorable members. But it is obvious that there is a great advantage in having counties elect men whom they know. Our municipalities give an admirable opportunity to constituencies to select men for their deserts.

We all know the process which happily goes on in Western Canada. A young man in a county commences his public life by being elected by the neighbors, who know him, to the township council. If he shows himself possessed of administrative ability he is made reeve or deputy reeve of the township. He becomes a member of the county council, and as his experience increases and his character and ability becomes known, he is selected by his people as their representative in Parliament. It is, I think, a grand system that the people of Canada should have the opportunity of choosing for political promotion the men in whom they have most confidence and of whose ability they are fully assured. All that great advantage is lost by cutting off a portion of two several counties and adding them together for electoral purposes only. Those portions so cut off have no common interest, they do not meet together, and they have no common feeling except that once in five years they go to the polls in their own township to vote for a man who may be known in one section and not in another. This tends towards the introduction and development of the American system of caucuses, by which wire-pullers take adventurers for their political ability only, and not from any personal respect for them. So that, as much as possible, from any point of view, it is advisable that counties should refuse men whom they do not know, and when the representation is increased it should be by sub-dividing the counties into ridings.

Wisdom of the Remarks.

Now, from the wisdom of these remarks nobody will dissent. It is true that the redistribution bill of 1882, which was introduced while Sir John A. Macdonald was in office, was not drawn upon these lines, but while the principle was departed from on that occasion, Sir John A. Macdonald did not, so far as my memory goes, express any views at all differing from those he had expressed on the previous occasion. I think the country at large will be prepared to come back to the adoption of those views. I may say at once that this is the guiding principle which we have adopted in proposing the modification, which we intend to propose to the Redistribution Act. As I said a moment ago, we do not intend at this time to undo the old representation act; we intend to deal with it only so far as is necessary in order to do away with the most glaring violations of the principle which was laid down as a cardinal and guiding principle in 1872.

Another Principle.

There is another principle which, we think, ought to prevail whenever a redistribution of constituencies is to be made. According to the Constitutional Act it becomes the duty of Parliament, not only the optional but the obligatory duty of Parliament, after every new census, to make a redistribution. It were simply an optional duty there would not be so much force in the contention which I intend to advance, but as it is a mandatory, an imperative duty imposed upon Parliament by the constitution itself, it becomes all the more important that we should adhere to the well-known principles hitherto laid down and accepted, when it becomes the duty of Parliament to interfere in any way with the representation of the House of Commons. The first principle that we lay down, as I said a moment ago, is that municipal county organization shall be the basis of representation, and the consequent principle of this one is that county municipal organization should not be interfered with, and that boundary lines should not be interfered with.

If Small, Annex Them.

If the population of a county should become so small, according to the development of the population in other counties, as to no longer justify it to be represented by one man on the floor of the House of Commons, then we hold that county should not be separated piecemeal, but that it should be annexed to the neighboring county, as was done in several instances in this House in Cornwall and Stormont, Niagara and Lincoln, Three Rivers and St. Maurice, Chambly and Vercheres, Napierville and Laprairie, St. John and Iberville. In all of these cases, the population of these counties had become so small, relatively to the population of other counties, it was thought advisable to deprive them of the privilege that they had up to that time of sending each one member to the House of Commons.

Counties Were Combined.

In these cases county lines were not interfered with, but these counties were combined together to form one single electoral district. We have thought that when such a case arises, this is a precedent which we have already closely adhered to. This is a case which I believe is not likely to arise very often—a case that is more likely to arise is where the population of a county may become so large that it will be entitled to more than one representative. Under such circumstances, it is provided that a county may be divided into ridings, on the principle we want to lay down, and which we do act upon, which is, that whenever counties have to be divided into ridings, whenever a county which up to that time is entitled to one member becomes entitled to two or three members, the division should take place by judicial decision and authority. This is the principle upon which we base the bill that we introduce to this House now.

Character of the Bill.

After these preliminary observations as to the guiding principles upon which we have acted, I will now proceed to give to the House the character of the bill which we have introduced. I may say at first, keeping in view the main observations with which I started, that it is not our intention to have a general redistribution, but simply to undo certain wrongs that we think were done to the people, and certain of the more glaring violations which took place in regard to the principle we hold as sacred.

No Disturbance in These.

It is not the intention to have any disturbance at present in the following constituencies: Ottawa, Carleton, Addington, Durham, Frontenac, Glengarry, Grenville, Halton, Hastings, Kingston, Lanark, Leeds, Lennox, Nipissing, Northumberland, Peterboro', Prince Edward, Renfrew, Russell, Stormont and Cornwall, Victoria and Waterloo. These remain undisturbed.

These Disappear.

In the remarks which I quoted a moment ago, Sir John Macdonald said that county lines had been interfered with in three instances at Confederation—that is to say, in the cases of Cardwell, Monck and Bothwell. The House, it seems, agreeing with Sir John Macdonald, has already caused Monck to be redistributed. It is proposed on this occasion that Bothwell, Cardwell, West Ontario should disappear. It is proposed, also, that Middlesex, which now returns four members, shall only return three for what is now the four constituencies, which at the same time shall be replaced by giving representation to the County of Dufferin and to the electoral district of Parry Sound, and two additional members to Kent, Ontario.

Three Members for Kent.

Mr. Bergeron: That will be three members for Kent.

The Prime Minister: Yes; that takes out part of Bothwell. The bill proposes to restore county lines to the following counties: Brant, Bruce, Elgin, Grey, Haldimand, Huron, Kent, Lambton, Middlesex, Norfolk, Ontario, Oxford, Peel, Simcoe, Welland, Wellington, Wentworth and York.

To give these representation, the details would have to be as follows, taking the changes which I have just indicated: The electoral district of the City of London shall consist of the City of London, and shall return one member. The electoral district of the City of Hamilton shall consist of the City of Hamilton, and shall return two members.

The electoral district of the City of Toronto shall consist of the City of Toronto, and shall be divided into four electoral districts, each of which shall return one member.

The Counties of Dufferin, Haldimand, Lincoln, Peel, Welland and Wentworth, and the territorial district of Muskoka and the territorial district of Parry Sound, shall each be an electoral district, and shall each return one member.

The Counties of Brant, Elgin, Lambton, Norfolk, Ontario, Oxford and Perth shall each be divided into two electoral districts, and will each return one member.

The Counties of Kent, Huron, Bruce, Grey, Middlesex, Simcoe, Wellington and York shall each be divided into three electoral districts; each of these districts shall return one member.

The Judicial Division.

In the three following sections, which we have inserted in the bill, are the provisions in regard to the judicial division of the counties into ridings:

Where, under the foregoing provisions, any county or city is to be divided into more than one electoral district, such divisions shall be made by a Board of Commissioners, consisting of at least three persons, being Judges of the Supreme Court of Judicature for Ontario, who, for the purpose, shall be appointed by letters patent under the great seal, and who shall divide the City of Toronto and each such county into the number of electoral districts by this act assigned to them, respectively.

The letters patent appointing the commissioners shall request the commissioners in making the divisions to consider the distribution of population according to the last Dominion census, the public convenience, and such divisions as appear to them best calculated to the substantial justice.

In case of the death or resignation or refusal of any one or more of such commissioners to act, a successor, or successors, shall in like manner be appointed.

The commissioners shall complete such divisions within a time to be limited by said letters patent, and shall report such divisions to the Secretary of State, making a separate report as to each electoral district so set apart by them, and shall set forth in such report the boundaries of the electoral districts to which such reports refer, and the municipalities comprised therein, and assign and appropriate designation to the electoral district in questions, and upon receipt by the Secretary of State of the reports of the commission completing the divisions aforesaid the respective territories by such respective reports described as constituting the respective electoral districts into which the said city of Toronto and the respective counties shall have been divided, as aforesaid, shall, subject to the provisions of section 18 of this act, become and be electoral districts, as if the same had been so set apart and established as such by this act.

In Force at Dissolution.

Let me say this, that section 18 is simply to provide that this bill shall not come into force so long as the present Parliament continues, but shall come into force only at the dissolution of this Parliament.

Sir Charles Tupper: The last portion?

The Prime Minister: The whole of this bill. This is section 18:

Nothing herein contained shall operate as to change the constitution of the electoral districts as they now exist until the dissolution of present Parliament.

Sir Charles Tupper: But the judicial arrangement applies to this bill.

The Prime Minister: Yes, it is a part of this bill. Each report shall be signed by the commissioners, or in case of disagreement by a majority of the commissioners, which shall be the report of the commissioner. Each separate report shall be published by the section in The Canada Gazette forthwith after its receipt thereof by him. These are all the provisions in regard to this point.

Little Change in Quebec.

In regard to the Province of Quebec,

Continued on Page 2.

TOO VALUABLE A MAN TO LOSE.

UNCLE SAM: Johnny Charlton, my boy, if they don't include you among the Canadian Commissioners next time come over to the land of your birth and take Dingley's place. You're doing great work for us.

An Undeniable Fact.

It is an undeniable fact that men live longer when they have provision made for the future and the iron hand of care is lifted from their heads. Have you made such provision? If not you can do so at once by an unconditional accumulative policy in the Confederation Life Association, which is absolutely free from conditions from date of issue and guarantees extended insurance or a paid-up policy after two years or a cash value after five years. Rates and full information will be sent on application to the head office, Toronto, or to any of the association's agents. m2, 8, 20

See our Spring Suits and Overcoats, the latest green and bronze tints. John Watson, 91 Bay St. 136

China Must Go.

With the closing of the open doors of the Pantechnetheca, Toronto loses one of its attractions. Its sphere of influence extends over the Dominion. The Canadian home for 14 years of Royal Worcester, Royal Crown Derby, Doulton, Wedgwood, etc., is being disintegrated and the whole of its contents slaughtered. Of the three figure pieces of Doulton, painted by Leslie Johnson, which have attracted so much attention, two were sold on Friday. The remaining piece is still to be seen. The store opens at 10 o'clock to-day.

You will see one of the greatest triumphs of modern stage productions next week at the Grand when Her Majesty's Theatre, London, great success, "The Musketeers," is presented.

After the Races—Dineens'.

After tea, to-night, would be a good time to visit Dineens' race week display of new fashions in fine furs and hats. To-night Dineens'—Toronto's fashionable fur and hat house—remains open till 10 o'clock, 140-142 Yonge-street, corner temperance. Dineens' building.

"The Musketeer" Company will arrive by a special train of twenty cars. This is the real big production of the season.

New Hats for Races at Dineens'.

Wear a new hat to the races to-day, because fashion decrees that this is au fait. Dineens'—Toronto's fashionable fur house—makes a special display of all the leading hat styles for the races to-day. Dineens' building, 140-142 Yonge-street, corner Temperance.

Don't forget Oddfellows' Excursion on May 24th. Tickets from committee on morning of excursion, on street or at Union Depot.

Lakeview Hotel, Parliament and Winchester-streets. Terms, $1 and $1.50 per day. Special rates to weekly boarders. Table d'hote 6 to 8 o'clock. C. H. Ayre, manager, Mrs. M. A. Ayre, proprietor. 246

J.W. Siddall, architect, 75 Yonge, Toronto.

It is very seldom the unexpected happens, so don't expect a work of art from a mere photographer; it might be a good clear photograph, but a very poor conception; life is very short to look in your photo other than your best. Herbert Simpson, 143 College-street.

Hear Blanche Bates scream!

For the Races.

Military Field Glasses of the best qual'ty, in small compass, a direct consignment from the Parisian manufacturers, at C. J. Townsend & Co.'s.

Pember's Turkish and Vapor Baths 127 and 129 Yonge. Bath and bed, $1.00

A Straight Tip—From Dineens'.

Don't bet a new hat—if you want one. It's the men who have new hats that somehow win all the hat bets. Good luck is surely associated with good style, good quality and royal good value in the new hat that you can get at Dineens' this morning—Toronto's famous hat corner—Dineens' building, 140-142 Yonge-street, corner Temperance.

For Ventilated Shoes—144 Yonge street

Essex Catholics Are Moving.

Windsor, Ont., May 19.—The Catholics of Essex County are arranging to send delegates to the convention of Ontario Catholics, to be held in Toronto on May 23, to insist upon proper representation in the Cabinet.

Fly Screens, Phone 5537 for something up to-date.

A new organ, costing $6500, will be erected in St. Andrew's Church, Jarvis-street, this summer.

2 MAIL CARRIERS DROWNED.

Edward Mulhearn and Louis Jewell Lost Their Lives While on Duty IN THE RAINY LAKE DISTRICT.

Jewell's Body Was Found in the Canoe Tangled Up in Some Ropes.

Rat Portage, Ont., May 19.—The report has just reached here of the drowning of Edward Mulhearn and Louis Jewell, mail carriers, between Fort Frances and Wabigoon. They left the latter place with a Peterboro canoe and 500 pounds of mail and arrived safely as far as the Cascades, at Rainy Lake. Some Indians found clothing floating in the water and soon after found the canoe on the shore, with the body of Jewell tangled in some ropes that were tied to the canoe. Mulhearn's body was not found. They left the canoe and body and went to Fort Frances for assistance.

Another Report.

Winnipeg, May 19.—(G.N.W.R. Report.)—Word has just been received by the Postoffice Inspector here from Fort Frances, that the mail contractor, a man by the name of Mulhearn, and his assistant, with all the mail from Wabigoon, have been lost in Rainy Lake. The postmaster at Fort Frances has sent out a second party for the mails, but all hope of finding the men is abandoned. Mulhearn was a middle-aged man and lived near Fort Frances. He was making his last trip over the river, where the ice was firm, by sleigh, and where the water was open by boat. He has been two weeks gone from Wabigoon.

Monuments and Plumbers' Marble—newest designs and perfect stock. Prices right. The Queen City Granite Co., Limited, 45 Queen St. East. 246

Furs for Races at Dineens'.

Ladies will feel comfortable in furs at the races this afternoon. Advance styles of next season's fashions in ladies' Alaska seal and Persian lamb jackets, and new designs in fur collarettes and dainty fur neckpieces, are shown at Dineens'—Toronto's fashionable fur house—140-142 Yonge-street, corner Temperance. Open till ten to-night.

Wheelmen's Resting Place—O'Neil's Lunch and Ice Cream Parlors, 706 Dundas street. Small repairs free.

Before the Races—at Dineens'.

It will be easier to pick out the winner of the Queen's plate this afternoon if the hat question is settled in your mind beforehand with a new hat on your head. The newest styles of all the celebrated English and American makers at Dineens'—Toronto's famous fashionable hatterie—Dineens' building, 140-142 Yonge-street, corner Temperance.

The sale of seats yesterday for Her Majesty's Theatre production of "The Musketeers" was one of the largest of the season.

Pember's Turkish Baths, 129 Yonge St.

Money to Loan.

Owners of central residence or business properties may obtain loans on favorable terms and at lowest current rates by making personal application to J. L. Troy, financial agent, Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company, 50 Adelaide-street east.

Pember's Tukish Baths, 129 Yonge St.

A Sure Winner.

Get in the game and wear our club ties for the races. This will enable you to pick the winner. Sword, 80½ Yonge, and 55 King-street east.

Cook's Turkish Baths—204 King W.

The summer offices of the Dominion Express Company at Queenston and Niagara-on-the-Lake were opened yesterday.

To-Day's Program.

O. J. C. Spring Meet at the Woodbine, 2.30 p.m.
Varsity v. Argyles, baseball game, 4.15 p.m.
Springfield v. Toronto, 3.30 p.m.
Olga Nethersole at the Grand, 2 and 8 p.m.
The Princess, 2 and 8 p.m.
The Toronto, 2 and 8 p.m.
The Empire, 2 and 8 p.m.
Boxing, Mutual-street rink, 8 p.m.

At Bradshaw's, 400 dozen Curved Band Collars, made in Austria special to our order, in the following well-known shapes: So Ezie, Dover, Success, Stylish, Perfection, Spadina, Capital, Leona, Up-to-Date and many new styles at 472 Spadina avenue.

June at Niagara.

There will be a great influx of Toronto's smart people to Niagara-on-the-Lake and the Queen's Royal for the month of June. The hotel opens on Thursday, June 8, in time for the military camp, which continues during the month. In spite of the many additional attractions, a special rate of $10 per week and upwards will be made for those remaining two weeks or longer. Rooms should be engaged at once. A charming cottage in connection with the hotel can be rented for the season.

We invite critical eyes to inspect closely the work we do in dyeing and cleaning of the simplest article of wear or the most delicate and costly lace or silk. All is done well. R. Parker & Co., dyers and cleaners, 787 791 Yonge Street, Toronto. Phones 3037, 3640, 2148, 1004, 5098.

Wine for the Races.

Those wishing to buy good sound wine would do well to call at the undermentioned wine and spirit merchant's vaults. There they will find a great variety of all the leading brands of champagne, port, sherry, Burgundy, claret, Santernes, hock, Marsala, and Madeira. All first-class brands of brandy, rum, gin, Scotch, Irish and Canadian whiskies. Note the address, Mara's office, 79 Yonge-street; vaults, 71, 73, 75, 77 and 79 Yonge-street, also 2, 4 and 6 King-street east. Telephone 1708. ed.

Seven hours in Buffalo and home by 10 p.m. May 24th, with Oddfellows' Excursion. Special train leaves Union Station 8 a.m. sharp.

Edwards and Hart-Smith, Chartered Accountants Bank of Commerce Building. George Edwards, F. C. A., A. Hart-Smith, C. A. 136

Race Week

Is distinguished from other weeks at Dunlop's by special decorations. Bouquets for the ladies and boutonnieres for the gentlemen, of the favorite colors, are supplied in any quantity. Floral horse collars or garlands of flowers for the winning horses made to order at the salesrooms, 5 King-street west, 445 Yonge-street.

Go and see Queen's Birthday celebration in Buffalo. Tickets $2.00 return, good two days; Niagara Falls $1.25. Special train (G.T.R.) leaves Union Station 8 a.m. sharp. Tickets at depot.

Hear Blanche Bates scream!

Headache cured quickly without depressing the heart. Bingham's stimulating headache powders cure or money refunded. 12 for 25c. Bingham's Pharmacy, 100 Yonge-street. 246

Cook's Turkish and Russian Baths. Bath and bed $1.00. 202 and 204 King W.

Armeda Ceylon Tea has the flavor.

Monuments.

Call and inspect our stock and get our prices before purchasing elsewhere. The McIntosh Granite and Marble Company, Limited, 524 Yonge-st. Phone 4249. 146

Buffalo and return $2.00, Niagara Falls $1.25—Queen's Birthday. G.T.R. special train leaves 8 a.m. sharp—Oddfellows Excursion.

DEATHS.

KIDD—On Thursday, May 18, 1899, at Mortimer's Point, Muskoka, William Gordon Kidd, aged 28 years.

Funeral from his late residence, 182 Wilton-avenue, on Saturday, May 20. Private.

See large posters for particulars of Oddfellows' Excursion, Queen's Birthday, to Buffalo and Niagara Falls.

Col. A. F. Paterson will address the Conservative Club next Monday evening.

THE THROW-DOWN OF DR. DOUGLAS' BILL.

Was It Connected With the Election Now Coming On in Winnipeg?

DECLARES HE WAS BUNCOED

And That Grain Men Made an Immoral Bargain With the Railroads.

COMMITTEE NOT A FAIR ONE.

The Winnipeg Tribune Rises Up in Wrath and Says Revolution May Be Necessary.

Winnipeg, May 19.—(Special.)—An Ottawa despatch published here says: There is much talk and feeling in reference to the cold blooded throw-down of Dr. Douglas' elevator bill. The doctor himself is very wrathy and was heard declaring to a number of gentlemen last night in the rotunda of the Russell House that he had been buncoed, and that the defeat of the bill was mixed with the Winnipeg election, grain men having made an immoral bargain that if the bill was thrown out they would use their influence to elect the Government candidate in Winnipeg; hence defeat of his bill.

The doctor also feels that he was unfairly treated in the constitution of the special committee appointed to consider the bill, there being not a single farmer on the committee, but instead a number of members whose records show that they always support the railway and corporate schemes. If the charge about the Winnipeg election is true, settlers of the west will be able to indulge in some significant reflections over their betrayal.

A Revolution Necessary.

The Tribune to-night, referring to the influence of railways in Parliament at Ottawa, says: Things have come to such a pass in Parliament that the influence of the railway interests seems to be paramount. Something radical will have to be done before the people's representatives are aroused to a sense of their responsibility, and before they learn that it is the public and not the private interests of powerful corporations they are sent to Parliament to protect. It may take a revolution to do it, but the sooner the revolution comes the better. The remedy, however, lies with the people.

The Toronto Sunday World.

Visitors to the city as well as the stay-at-homes should make it a point to get The Toronto Sunday World to-night. Not only will it contain full reports of all the racing, with the entries for Monday at every track in America, but all the sporting events of the day in and out of the city, all the home and foreign news of the day, a page of society gossip, and an abundance of comment and chat on current events. Many people are of opinion that The Toronto Sunday World is the best and most readable paper published in Canada. The number, two editions of which will be published to-night, will well maintain that desirable reputation.

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., Patent Solicitors and experts, Bank of Commerce Building, Toronto.

"Meet Me at Muller's."

There will be engagements galore during race week. You are cordially welcomed to make Muller's sitting room your meeting place, and any appointment you make for down town will be doubly convenient if you say, "Meet me at Muller's." And a fragrant Havana to smoke while you wait. Everybody knows where Muller's is, right in the heart of a busy city.

See our Scotch Tweeds and Homespuns for Spring Suits. Geo. Harcourt & Son Merchant Tailors, 57 King St. West. 246

Fair Weather for the Races.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, May 19.—(8 p.m.)—Pressure movements as a rule continue to be extremely slow, and the only marked change that has occurred since last night is the advent of a further low area into the Western States, attended by another widespread rain area. Showers have occurred generally to-day along the St. Lawrence Valley and also in the Northwest Territories.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 46—58; Kamloops, 34—42; Qu'Appelle, 34—56; Winnipeg, 36—64; Port Arthur, 40—60; Parry Sound, 40—52; Toronto, 44—57; Montreal, 46—54; Quebec, 46—54; Halifax, 40—52.

Probabilities.

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay—Northwesterly to northerly winds; fair; stationary or slightly higher temperature.

Ottawa Valley and Upper St. Lawrence—Westerly to northwesterly winds; mostly fair; not much change in temperature.

Lower St. Lawrence, Gulf and Maritime—Unsettled, cool and showery.

Lake Superior—Fine; a little warmer at most places.

Manitoba—Easterly winds; generally fair; not much change in temperature.

Oak Hall Clothiers, 115 King-street east, are showing a splendid range of superior waterproof coats, with or without capes, at $5, $7.50 and $10.

Go to Buffalo or Niagara Falls with Oddfellows on Queen's Birthday. Special train leaves Union Station at 8 a. m. sharp. Tickets good for two days.

Steamship Movements.

May 19.	At.	From.
Tainui	Cape Rosier	Liverpool
Miowera	Vancouver	Sydney, N.S.W.
Sylvania	Father Point	Hamburg
Ikbal	Liverpool	Montreal
St. Louis	New York	Southampton
Etruria	Queenstown	New York
Ems	Naples	New York
Britannic	Liverpool	New York
Cymric	New York	Liverpool

Hear Blanche Bates scream!

The committee of the Presbyterian Twentieth Century Fund yesterday decided on their report to be submitted to the General Assembly at Hamilton in June.