

Lachnosterna boops Horn.—Frequent at porch light in June and July. Described from Northern Georgia; known also from Tampa, Crescent City and Indian River (Schwarz Mss.).

Ecyrus dasycerus Say.—A single specimen taken by beating dead vines in a wet hammock.

Ataxia crypta Say.—Two specimens in December by beating oak, one April 26, at porch light. Recorded by Schwarz as rare at Ft. Capron. Known also from St. Augustine, Crescent City and Key West.

Monocesta coryli Say.—Two specimens of this large Chrysomelid were recently sent me by Dr. E. W. Berger of Gainesville. They were taken at Palmetto, Fla., on July 3, where they were found feeding on elm. Horn* states that the beetle occurs in Virginia, Illinois and Kansas. It is also recorded from Missouri, but no reference to its occurrence south of that state can be found.

Disonycha mellicollis Say.—This species, known from Indiana to Louisiana and Texas, has been found about Dunedin only beneath boards near the edge of high tide along the beach of Clearwater Bay, where it occurs in small numbers throughout the winter. Known also from Ft. Capron.

Epitrix fasciata sp. nov.—Oval, moderately convex. Head and thorax dull reddish brown; elytra dull yellow with a broad median blackish cross-bar, this interrupted on the second and third intervals, thus forming an oblong sutural spot which is slightly prolonged forwards, and a large spot on each elytron; antennæ, legs and prosternum dull yellow, abdomen piceous. Head very minutely and sparsely punctate. Thorax two-thirds wider than long, sides feebly curved, front angles obliquely truncate, hind ones rounded; disc rather coarsely, deeply and closely, not densely, punctate, the ante-basal impression deep. Elytra at base but slightly wider than thorax, widest at middle, sides broadly rounded, umbone small, oblong; striæ with rows of large, rounded punctures separated by one-half their own diameters; intervals narrow, con-

*Trans. Am. Ent. Soc., XX, 61.