

Grocery Trade Notes.

The prospects are good for the Sicily lemon crop this year.

A good demand from the east is reported in potatoes and onions.

The market for Valencia raisins in Denia is reported somewhat higher.

The market for sugar is very firm according to latest advices from the east.

Several quotations for rolled oats are now \$2.10 per barrel higher than a year ago.

Eggs advanced 1/2c in price on the Minneapolis market last week, selling at 30c per dozen.

A great demand is being experienced at present in Eastern Canada for spices and coffees.

United States market reports show an advance of 12c a box for laundry soap, with prospects of still further advances.

Oranges are reported easier on the Minneapolis market, California navela having dropped 25c a box, and Mexican 30c a box.

The annual report of the agricultural department at Washington states that the potato crop this year is only 94.2 per cent of an average crop.

The government of Jamaica has announced its intention of putting an export tax of 1c per package on oranges. The shipment of immature fruit will be prohibited.

Estimates for the next Santos coffee crop were reduced to 4,000,000 bags maximum and estimates for the growing Santos crop were placed at 1,200,000 bags.

Berlin, Ontario, has decided to build a beet sugar factory to the extent of \$50,000. The township of Waterloo will vote on a similar proposition this week.

The price of Canadian hams has advanced 48c per cent, in London, England. The advices to this effect have been the cause of a strong tendency of hog prices in Canada.

Prices of creamery and dairy butter advanced 2c per pound on the Minneapolis market last week, fresh extra creameries bringing 25c and were held very firm at that figure.

Several seem to be taking an upward turn in eastern markets and at date of last mail reports from the west were the best bag higher. In New York best varieties are selling now at 25c per bag higher.

The Pan-American Company is commencing a campaign against the American banana trust. It will start by banana plantations producing places to American ports and distribute them to all parts of this continent at prices well keeping with the cost of doing the business. The trust will have to meet this competition.

At a meeting of the Cannery Association of Ontario, held in Toronto last week questions involving the organization of the entire industry were under discussion. The annual talk of "trusts is again heard. It is understood that the agreement limiting the output and making certain restrictions regarding the sale of goods is not satisfactory to all the concerns.

Hardware Trade Notes.

Foreign advices report shellac very firm, advancing owing to shortage of materials.

Barb, plain twist and galvanized wire declined 5c per 100 pounds at Toronto last week.

Woodenware has been advanced 7 1/2 per cent by Canadian makers. This price is higher than of raw material, especially hoop iron.

A dispatch from Sydney, Nova Scotia, on Monday, says that the Dominion Iron and Steel Corporation contemplates an invasion of U. S. markets. Manufacturers are pressed to supply the demands of the United States, and the Sydney company has opened an office in New York for the purpose of getting a share of the trade. The manufacture of steel in Sydney begins January 1st.

Dry Goods Trade Notes.

All grades of linenum and flour cloth have been advanced as compared with last season, by a reduction in duty.

A good demand is reported in the east for cotton goods of Canadian manufacture as well as for British

printed goods and values continue firm.

There will be a big demand for prints the coming season and better values will be given. The goods will be wider and of quite better than that offered last season.

Advices from Eastern Canada state that in spring dress goods styles chevrons are selling well. The new blacks are brown, castors, and bright blues particularly are being sold. There is a good demand. The Homespuns are a bright-faced cloth. Amazonas, Venetians, satin cloth, and new styles of all and figured armures, French ray and Cowdrie crepe, a cloth very much like a crepe de chene, but heavier, is selling well, chiefly in black. Albatross and French voile, a light, thin fabric, and a cloth which promises to be popular the coming season, chiefly in the lighter shades, such as vieux rose, pink, grey, roseada, browns, fawns and blues. Cashmeres are still going to be a feature of the trade, and will be sold in all the staple colors. Poplins promise to have a big run and are strong in various qualities.

THE IMPLEMENT TRADE.

IMPLEMENT MEN TO MEET.

Secretary Rugg, of The Western Retail Implement Dealers association, is sending out the following circular this week which explains itself.—

Winnipeg, November 19, 1901.
Dear Sir:—The annual meeting of the Western Retail Implement Dealers association will be held in the city of Winnipeg, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, Dec. 18 to 20th, 1901, sessions each day, 9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m., and 8 to 11 p. m., in Unity hall, Main street, entrance from Lombard street, over Merchants Bank and opposite McIntyre block. Hotel accommodation has been arranged for as follows:—Hotel Leland \$2 per day; Royal Hotel \$1 to \$1.50; Imperial Hotel (new) Maurice Noakes, \$1 per day; Winnipeg Hotel \$1 to \$1.50; Grand Hotel \$2 per day; Vendome Hotel \$1 to \$1.25; (above according to arrangement); Hotel Brunswick \$1 per day.

The Canadian Pacific railway has arranged to give a round trip for the number in attendance is over 100 from all points on their lines. The one-and-a-half day fare for the number is under 100. The Canadian Northern railway have also accorded the same privilege. The number of tickets at starting point full single fare must be paid and receipt obtained, return fare will then be granted at reduced rates.

It is desired to have in attendance not only every member of the association, but every implement dealer in Manitoba and the Territories, and a cordial welcome will be extended them. Every effort should be made to come in on Tuesday's trains as a large amount of business is to be transacted. The directors will meet on Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock in executive session.

The programme will embrace in addition to discussion of the local condition of the implement trade, talks on interesting topics by gentlemen well able to impart valuable knowledge on the subjects treated, which will be of great value to every implement dealer. It is also expected that two addresses of an associative work will be given by prominent men.

The closing meeting of the series will partake of a social nature, and in order to have arrangements made to secure every comfort, you please fill out the slip at bottom hereof and forward to the secretary, Edgar W. Rugg, Winnipeg. A programme will be forwarded to who arrive being present so that intelligent discussion may be had. By order of the executive, H. E. Anderson, President, R. McKenzie, Asst. Smith, I. P. Portman, Secretary, A. M. Macmillan, Edgar W. Rugg, Sec. Treas.

IMPLEMENT TRADE NOTES.

Receipts of manila hemp at primary points in the Philippine islands are increasing and the total for this year now \$84,000 has been reached. There is a feeling of easiness in binder twine where the market for 1900 opens.

D. Williams, of the Canadian Implement agent, has decamped owing to financial difficulties. Among other things he is charging the name of another man's name to a note for \$75.

Shoe and Leather Trade Notes.

At a recent meeting of leather booting manufacturers at New York an advance of 20 per cent in prices was agreed upon.

It is expected that vesting top shoes will be in as good demand next spring and summer as they were three years ago as some very fine designs are now being shown both in sampler and color combinations.

The polka dot or shirt waist shoe is one of the most recent "fads" in footwear. This has a colored calf upper with black dots, and is made as large as a ten cent piece, scattered over it. Each shoe has uniform dots which are put in with a brush.

It is rather strange that a general rise has not been made in the price of shoes as the market for leather is considerably higher than it was a year ago. It seems impossible for shoe manufacturers to turn out goods at the old prices, give the same value and make the living off the business. And it would be well for retailers to exercise care in buying and to deal only in reliable houses.

Lumber Trade Notes.

Hardwood lumber manufacturers in the United States regard their prospect for the business with considerable satisfaction. American manufacturing concerns using these products in quantities are looking around for next year's supplies and the tone of the market is healthy.

Manufacturers of white pine lumber in the Northwestern States are closing down their mills for the winter. They report the past season to have been the most active in the history of the industry and most of them are entering upon the winter with greatly reduced stocks owing to their inability to keep up with the demand during the sawing season. Retail dealers are already buying for next season's trade under the impression that prices will be higher.

Live Stock Trade Notes.

Kobold & Company, retail butchers, Winnipeg, have obtained some of the Canadian sheep which were displayed at the Pan-American for their Christmas trade.

Last Saturday 400 head of stockers were shipped from Ontario to British Columbia, through the Dominion live stock commission, and an order has been received for 1,000 more head to be shipped before Dec. 1.

The shipments of live stock from Montreal from the 1st to the 10th of November were: 4,438 cattle, 6,617 sheep, and 80 horses, and on the 11th 3,262 sheep, and 60 horses for the same period last year. The total shipments for this season were 72,142 cattle, 48,052 sheep and 7,288 horses, as compared with 88,241 cattle, 32,703 sheep, and 6,247 horses in 1900.

Railway and Traffic Matters.

The Canadian Northern Railway company announces its intention of establishing shops in Winnipeg next spring, for the building of cars on its lines.

The Canadian Pacific Railway company is pushing the work of construction of the big bridge over the Columbia river at Robson, and expect to have it completed by the beginning of the new year.

The Canadian Pacific railway has established a baggage service between North Bay and points in Manitoba, the Northwest Territories and British Columbia. The train will leave North Bay every Wednesday.

Never in the history of America has so much freight been so much in demand as they are at present, and the supply in all parts of the United States and the Territories is not nearly equal to the demand.

The Canadian Pacific Railway company announces its intention of spending \$400,000 in Fort William this winter and next year in the construction of a large grain cleaning elevator, the erection of a large flour mill, etc.

The town of Port Arthur will banquet Mackenzie and Mann, the Canadian Northern railway promoters, on the occasion of the driving of the last spike in the new line from Manitoba to this point. The date of the banquet is expected to be December 17 or 18. The heads of the government in

the two provinces concerned and of the Dominion Government, will be invited to attend.

It is announced that the Canadian Northern railway will be built through to the Pacific coast with Victoria as its terminus. The line is to be diverted at Kamloops and to follow the coast to Bute Inlet, where connection will be made with the Vancouver Island at Seymour's Narrows, and the Esquimalt and Nanaimo railways, with the Victoria and Wellington to connect at Seymour's Narrows.

The British Yukon Railway Company, otherwise known as the White Pass Railway Company, has submitted a tariff of freight and passenger rates to the department of railways for approval. On ten classifications into which freight is placed the rate from Skagway to White Horse, a distance of ninety miles, ranges from \$2.55 to \$2.70 per hundred pounds. For lesser distances the rates are of course lower. For instance, for a distance of eight miles, 50 cents per hundred pounds are charged on 25 miles, \$1.50, etc. On mining machinery and on lumber the rates are a trifle lower, being on the average \$2.25 per hundred pounds. The passenger rates vary from 30c a mile for the shorter distances to 10 1/2c per mile for the entire journey. The company has been instructed to prepare a new tariff, with certain quantities reductions, equal to one-half of the suggested rates and to submit it to the government for approval.

Coarse Grains Scarce.

Our market reports ever since the harvest have indicated great scarcity and high prices for barley and oats in this market. It was thought at first after that the wheat was threatened and farmers were urged to turn their attention to the coarser grain. There would be a plentiful supply at moderate prices, but the impression has not to be the case. The oat crop especially has been a failure in the east and south and many farmers have drawn upon to make good what share of the deficiency, with the result that most of our supplies have gone east. The export demand is mostly for No. 2 white oats, which is about our best quality. The local merchants in this city say they have difficulty in keeping up supplies for local feeding purposes. The export demand. The oatmeal millers are also having a hard time. It has been pointed in the oat market, but so far their mills have been living almost on the edge of disaster. The scarcity of milling oats is seen in the sharp advance which has taken place since the first of this month. What has been said of oats is equally true of barley. Brewers have had a few cars from country points since the harvest, but feed men have practically had none.

Real Estate.

In view of the upward tendency of land values in Manitoba the local government has decided to raise the price of all provincial lands 50 cents an acre.

The Manitoba properties and different securities on Manitoba lands, the property of the Western Loan and Company in liquidation were sold by public auction in Winnipeg on Thursday.

The squatters on the lands on the Red River, at the foot of the Riding Mountain, Man., who have been driven from the department of the interior to shelter themselves at one place.

Last Saturday's market from Chicago stated that No. 1 buff hides, 40 to 60 pounds, were worth from 98c to 99c per pound, a decline of about 4c from previous figures.

A Winnipeg daily paper wrote up a poultry market length this winter to the effect that there is a great scarcity of supplies. Eastern reports of similar nature have all talked about a glut in the market. It would that receipts included "every class of poultry in all quantities." As Manitoba's supply is mainly derived from the very places to which these reports refer, it is hard to understand why the Winnipeg paper should report poultry scarce.