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BEAR RIVER, N. S.

IMPORTING RETAILERS

OF

British Dress Goods

Women's, Misses', Children's Jackets

Boys' and Youths' Ready-to-wear Clothing

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Men's Boys' and Youths' Underwear

Scotch and English Tweeds and Serges

Gloves, Hosiery, Neckwear, Linens

Boots, Shoes, and Rubber Footwear.

Our Stock is complete in every detail. Notwithstanding that War conditions have caused some advance in prices we were fortunate in securing deliveries of our foreign shipments, and are prepared to execute all orders without advancing prices.

Send along your orders by mail. We absolutely guarantee you entire satisfaction.

Yours very truly

CLARKE BROS.

The Sun as Lamplighter

Among the most wonderful inventions of modern times is the sun valve. Its inventor, Gustaf Dalen, of Stockholm, Sweden, recently received the Nobel prize. His invention has been already adopted for the lighting of the Panama Canal.

It seems odd to think of the sun as both lighting and extinguishing lamps, yet that is exactly what the sun is going to do for the Panama Canal, and all because of Dr. Dalen's remarkable invention. Beginning at each entrance to the canal, there will be a series of small light-houses in the shape of gas buoys, which will mark the channel. Each of these light-houses will have a lamp. These lamps will be regularly lit and extinguished without the aid of human hands. It is estimated that they will have to be inspected once a month.

The sun valve attached to these lamps, by means of which they are lighted and extinguished, is operated upon the principle of expansion and contraction. Controlling the valve are two small polished rods and one large blackened one. When the sun shines on these rods, the black one absorbs the heat and expands, while the polished ones only reflect the sun's rays. The rod that expands moves a lever thus acted upon closes the gas valve. The closing of the valve extinguishes the light, with the exception of the tiniest jet known as "the pilot light." The heat of the sun, acting on the blackened rod, keeps the valve closed during the day. At the going down of the sun, becoming cooler, it contracts, and thus opens the valve, again. This allows the gas to pass up from the tanks at the bottom of the buoy, and relights the lamp by means of the pilot kept burning. The black rod can be so adjusted as to be effective in any climate and under any atmospheric conditions. In short, Dr. Dalen's invention is of such a nature that every condition of weather will be automatically met. During a fog the lights will go on burning, and will not be extinguished until the sun's rays fall upon the black rod.

Thus these miniature light-houses, by means of the sun valve, can be operated at a minimum of expense. "Old Sol," playing lamplighter, will never trouble Uncle Sam with a bill for services.—Visitor.

Saskatchewan has 8,250,000 acres ready for seeding this Spring, and of this 5,000,000 acres will be in wheat and 2,750,000 acres in oats. Eyes will be fixed on harvest prospects in Canada this year as never before.

"Quite Comfy"

The submarines of both British and German navies seem to have been figuring quite prominently in the war and have scored some decided successes. The young commander of a British submarine tells a thrilling story of venturing into the Bight of Heligoland when he was chased by German destroyers. The story runs something like this: "As soon as we knew they were after us we sank rapidly to the bottom and sat there for four hours, quite comfortable in the mud. After this we came up and poked our periscope above the surface. There they sat, like vultures, waiting for us; and down we popped again. This time we sat on the bottom for six hours; but at last we really had to come up to get some fresh air. We saw thankfully that they had given up waiting; and, diving again, we made our way safely back to the fleet."

"Isn't it a terrible experience spending all those hours at the bottom of the sea?" "Not at all. Except for the lack of fresh air, we were 'quite comfy.' Some of the men amused themselves with a gramophone." It is such a story as this that disposes the stuff of which our naval men are made and which warms the cockles of every British heart.

Bear River

March 1
Mrs. F. J. Ditmars is convalescing. Mrs. John Farquhar is confined to the house.

Mr. A. H. Farrell left on Friday for Kentville.

Mrs. Gordon Follows left on Saturday for Boston.

Private Ralph Alcorn is home from Halifax on sick leave.

Mrs. Sam Davis is visiting her home in Yarmouth County.

We are sorry to report Mrs. Judson Chute on the sick list.

Mrs. George Curtis spent a few days in Deep Brook last week.

Mrs. M. U. Balcom passed away at her home on Sunday, Feb. 21st.

Mr. and Mrs. Fenwick Rice were in town last week visiting his mother, Mrs. Cordelia Rice.

Mrs. Ralph Purdy accompanied by her mother, Mrs. Donahue, left on Thursday for Boston.

Among the guests present at the celebration on Thursday night was Grand Master, Judge Chesley.

Three of our commercial men, Mr. Ruddle W. L. Harding and Mr. Lamreaux, were in town this week.

Corporal Ross McCormick, son of Mr. Edward McCormick, is critically ill at the military hospital, Halifax.

We are sorry to report that Mr. Ezra Miller is not improving as rapidly as his many friends would wish.

Mr. Eli Smith, who has been spending the past months with his son in Yarmouth, returned on Monday.

Mr. Voa, representing the Dominion Cartridge Co., gave a shooting exhibition on the school grounds on Thursday afternoon.

Mr. Geo. Tupper is installing a gasoline engine in his mill to be used during the season when the water supply is generally short.

We are informed that Mr. Wilfred Chute has purchased the Commercial House from Mr. W. R. Rice, and sold his former residence to Mr. W. B. Miller.

Mr. Ellison Hood Farnell has severed his connection with the Royal Bank and has left for the training camp, having offered himself and been accepted for military purposes.

Friendship Lodge, I. O. O. F., held their third annual celebration in Oakden Hall on Thursday evening, Feb. 26th. The brethren and their guests to the number of two hundred gathered in the Hall, where a program, consisting of a reading by Miss Zwicker, song by Mr. Valentine Long, a mock initiation of the members of the Lodge, and an original song by Mr. Jesse Harris, was well rendered. After which all repaired to the banquet room, where a bountiful repast was served.

PRINCE DALE

March 1
Mr. Herbert Fraser has returned to his home in Clementsport.

Mr. George Wright and son Fred were in Annapolis, Tuesday, on business.

Miss Bessie Wright spent the weekend at Mrs. Isaac Dukeshire's, East Walshe.

Mr. George Wright has sold his oxen to Mr. Charles Corbett, Annapolis Royal.

Miss May Fraser, who has been visiting relatives in Clementsport, returned home this week.

Mr. Valentine Robinson of Upper Clements, was a guest over Friday night at Mr. Albert Burns'.

MORGANVILLE

March 1
Miss Lenore Balcom spent Saturday and Sunday with her friend Miss Amy Morgan.

Private Ralph Alcorn is ill with scarlet fever at the Military Hospital, Halifax.

Mrs. Balcom died at the home of her son, Mr. Edward Balcom, on Feb. 21st, aged seventy-four years.

Miss Hazel Morgan gave a birthday party in honor of Miss Gladys Young. After a pleasant evening of games and music, ice cream was served.

The enormous increase in the export trade of the United States for December, 1914, over December, 1913, shows that the Washington administration has no legitimate grievance against British control of the seas.

CLEMENTSPORT

March 1
Mrs. Covert, of Bridgetown, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Forbes Tupper.

Miss Jennie Vroom spent over Sunday last in Annapolis Royal, the guest of Mrs. Brittain.

The Rev. W. H. Langille and Mrs. Langille of Annapolis Royal were guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Jones on Friday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Adams and son of Deep Brook were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Jones on Friday last.

Capt. Amos Burns of the firm of Cochran, Burns and Farnsworth, of Boston, spent over Sunday with his family here recently.

Mr. Harold Vroom, who has been visiting his grandfather for a time, will leave for his home in the West on Tuesday, March the second.

Mrs. (Capt.) A. Mussells arrived home from Weymouth on Thursday last week where she has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. H. Journey, for a few days.

Quite a number of persons from the village visited Digby on Wednesday evening of last week to witness the hockey match played between the Annapolis and Digby boys.

Mrs. Minard Chute of Bear River and son Leland were visiting recently Mrs. (Capt.) J. W. Berry, Mrs. Chute's mother, who was called home from Boston on account of the illness of her daughter, Mrs. C. E. Hubley. We are glad to know that Mrs. Hubley has since recovered from her illness.

A surprise party by the many friends of W. V. Vroom was made him at his home on Wednesday evening, February 17th, the object being to celebrate his eighty-second birthday. A very enjoyable evening was spent by those present, consisting in music, games, etc., after which a very sumptuous repast was served and enjoyed by all who partook thereof. The guests in leaving congratulated him on his youthful appearance after the many years lived and wished that he might see many more.

The annual social, the object being to help pay the salary of the pastor, Rev. W. H. Langille was held in the basement of the Methodist Church on Friday evening, February 26th. A goodly number was present and a very enjoyable evening was spent. A tea was served to all present consisting of clam chowder, beans and a good assortment of other goodies. A very creditable sum was also realized for the support of the pastor with a purse for Mrs. Langille who were both present and did all in their power to make this social enjoyable.

DEEP BROOK

March 1st.
Frank Ditmars who has been at military school in Halifax is again at home.

Miss Laura Berry is spending a few weeks with her cousin, Mrs. C. Harris.

The family of Wm. Pyne of West Waldeck removed last week to Massachusetts.

Mrs. Isaac Jones has been quite ill during the past week but is reported gaining.

Mrs. Wm. Curtis, of Bear River lately spent a few days with her aunt, Mrs. A. Berry.

Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Dondale are spending a few weeks with relatives in Yarmouth County.

Several of our people attended the Oddfellows' gathering in Bear River last Thursday evening.

Robert Vroom who is doing garrison duty lately spent a few days furlough at his home here.

The Misses Jean and Dorothy McFadden, of Clementsport, spent last week with Miss Grace Spurr.

Mrs. Arthur Jefferson of Clements- vale has been the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Harlow.

Mr. George Weir and daughter, Katherine, left on Saturday, Feb. 20th for Boston, to remain indefinitely.

Mr. and Mrs. Payson have closed their home here for a few weeks. Mr. Payson being in Halifax and Mrs. Payson in Weymouth.

Mrs. Shortliff, of Digby, spent last week here in attendance on her mother, Mrs. C. Ruggles who has been very ill. Thomas Ruggles of Chelsea, Mass., was here also.

The District Sunday School Convention held in Deep Brook on Monday, Feb. 22nd, was well attended by delegates from the seven schools of the district as well as by the people of our community.

The Dorcas Society lately sent another large contribution to Belgian Relief and twenty-eight pairs of socks from the Red Cross Branch. An entertainment is being prepared for this Wednesday evening, March 3rd.

Tonsilitis, Sore Throat, Chest Colds, Can Be Cured Over Night

They Vanish Quickly if Nerviline is Well Rubbed in

When the throat tickles, when it hurts to draw a long breath, when you feel as if a knife were stuck in your side, it's time to draw out the congestion that will soon become pneumonia.

An ordinary cough syrup has no chance at all—you require a powerful penetrating liniment.

Nothing is known that possesses more merit in such cases than Nerviline.

Rub it liberally over the sides and chest—rub it in hard.

The warm, soothing effect of Nerviline will be apparent in five minutes.

Nothing like it for quick relief—takes soreness out of the throat in one rubbing—breaks up the chest cold, draws out the inflammation, stops the cough quickly.

Rub it on for rheumatism—it destroys the pain—drives it right away. Try it for stiff muscles—it works miracles in just such cases.

Give Nerviline a chance on your neuralgia, prove it out for lumbago, see what it can do for sciatica.

No pain-relieving remedy compares in power to cure with Nerviline. Largest sale in Canada of any liniment for nearly forty years. The reason is plain. It satisfies every time.

The large 50 cent family size bottle is more economical than the 25 cent trial size. Sold by dealers everywhere, or the Catarrhozone Co., Kingston, Canada.

The Lord's Day Alliance of Canada

What has been done by the Alliance? This question should be asked and deserves to be answered. Our commendation to the public is the work we have done and are doing. A full reply cannot be given. This is necessarily so, both because there is so much to be reported. Our activities abound, and much that occupies our time in the relations we sustain to individuals and to various private businesses cannot be submitted to the public.

1. By the efforts of the Alliance the question of authority in Lord's Day legislation has in the main been settled according to the deliverance of the Privy Council of England in 1903. Jurisdiction in this matter lies with the Federal Parliament.

2. Federal legislation has been secured and the Lord's Day Act passed in 1906 as the law of the land. This is the special feature of success in the past few years that should awaken the appreciation of all citizens for the work of the Alliance. The Lord's Day Act is the Magna Charta for the people's liberty to their weekly day of rest.

3. The Alliance has made sure of the recognition of this law in every Province of the Dominion. Conferences were held by the Secretaries of the Alliance with all Attorneys-General of the provinces as to the responsibility and duties of the latter under the Lord's Day Act. The response has been practically unanimous. In Quebec the authorities have placed reliance upon their own Sunday Observance Act passed in 1906. The Supreme Court has, however, declared this law invalid and now the Lord's Day Act stands as in the other Provinces.

4. The Alliance has met the outcry against Sunday legislation called forth by the passing of the Lord's Day Act, and has fairly met all criticisms, quieting hostile feeling and settling prejudice. It was not only necessary to secure the passing of the Lord's Day Act, but quite as essential to obtain for it favorable recognition after it had been placed upon the statute book. In this particular the efforts of the Alliance were most painstaking and patient.

5. The Alliance has been largely instrumental in securing the recognition and enforcement of the law locally. It has constrained by conference and correspondence many to respect the statute in their personal and business life. It has stimulated public opinion to demand that the law be enforced, and has exerted its influence by the authorities whose duty it is to enforce the law.

6. It has enunciated the principles governing the application of the Lord's Day Act to various kinds of business. For example, it has asserted in the business of the restaurant, that a distinction should be made between the specific restaurant business and the business of a merchant carried on at the same time by the restaurant keeper, insisting that it is perfectly legitimate to give meals upon the Lord's Day, but illegal to sell goods to be taken off the premises, or to engage in the sale of things unnecessary. In relation also to Sunday entertainments, the Alliance has set forth a principle that the general clause of the Act which declares that it is illegal "on the Lord's Day to do, or employ any other person to do for gain, any work, business or labour," applies as well as the clause declaring it illegal to hold an entertainment on the Lord's Day at which an admission fee is charged.

7. It has dealt with thousands of cases of violation of the Lord's Day Act without intervention of the authorities and has secured obedience to the law. In this work its aim has been not merely to secure conformity to the law, but to awaken a desire to obey it.

8. It has been instrumental in bringing before the courts a number of cases for the purpose of securing authoritative direction for magistrates in settling certain questions that constantly arise in the enforcement of law. These cases represented Sunday sales by restaurants, hotels and drug stores. The decision given by Mr. Justice Middleton of the High Court of Ontario was to the effect (1) that only bona fide restaurants and hotels could do a business in refreshments on the Lord's Day; (2) that their Sunday sales must be confined to what is consumed upon the premises; and (3) that druggists on Sunday must confine their business to "drugs, medicines, and surgical appliances necessary for the relief of suffering."

9. It has been directly instrumental, apart from the enforcement of the Lord's Day Act, in obtaining the day of rest for thousands of citizens in Canada. The closing of the post offices in the West in 1910, by order of the Post Office Department, resulted in a large number of employees, especially in business offices, being set free from Sunday labor. The movement issuing in this order was inaugurated and conducted by the Alliance. A like result has already followed, and will later in fuller measure follow, the enforcement of the Lord's Day Act according to the principle laid down in the stated cases mentioned above. Waiters and clerks in restaurants and drug stores will in very considerable numbers be liberated from Sunday toil.

It has advocated the cause of railway men, and many now enjoy either the Lord's Day or another day as their weekly rest day. In one instance quite recently in a western city one of the railways increased its staff checkers in the freight yards so as to ensure to all the day of rest.

It has successfully opposed legislation, federal and provincial, threatening the Sunday liberty of the employees of electric roads.

The police in Ontario's capital owe their enjoyment of the weekly rest day directly to the efforts of the Alliance, and Ottawa has now in this particular followed Toronto's example. The Alliance is therefore the champion of the people's liberty to their day of rest.

10. It has secured in Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta special legislation governing the operation of electric roads upon the Lord's Day.

11. It has conducted an uninterrupted campaign of education by means of its Secretaries, the publishing of literature, and the wide distribution of the Lord's Day Act, accompanied by posters giving a summary of the same throughout the whole Dominion for the entire period of its history.

12. It has exercised unceasing vigilance with respect to legislation, federal, provincial and municipal, so as to meet attacks made through these channels upon the integrity of the Lord's Day and the rights of toilers, and its opposition has been successful. The Federal Parliament and several of the Provincial Legislatures have witnessed substantial successes in this particular.

Add to this the fact that this vigilance through the agency of local branches and friends of the cause extends to every part of the whole land through all phases of industrial and business life, and that action in thousands of cases has been taken in anticipation of invasion of the Day, and it will be readily understood how much has been accomplished by the Alliance in the way of prevention.

In the light of the above the Alliance may truthfully be said to be engaged in a great beneficent enterprise, nation-wide in its range, fundamental in its nature in relation to national prosperity and influence, and calculated to fix in large measure the character and destiny of the people of this land for all time.

W. M. R.

Minard's Liniment cures Garget in 60 seconds.