THE TORONTO WORLD.

A One-Cent Morning Newspaper.

OFFICE: 18 KING ST. EAST, TORONTO, W. F. MACLEAN, Publisher.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One Year	$3 00	Four Months	$1 00
Six Months	1 50	One Month	25

No charge for city delivery or postage. Subscriptions payable in advance.

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THURSDAY MORNING, NOV. 12, 1885.

Thankfulness and Truthfulness.

Apropos of Thanksgiving Day, "Knoxonian," a leading writer in the Canada Presbyterian, delivers himself of a lecture to a class of persons unnamed whom he is pleased to style "Canadian ingrates." It is not improper to point out to all manner of men who in Canada do dwell the many things they have reason to be thankful for, but "Knoxonian's" way of doing this is certainly objectionable. He gratuitously assumes that a large class of Canadians are ingrates and unreasonable grumblers. He makes no attempt to prove his premise, presumably because he cannot, but this does not prevent him from proceeding in a Jack-in-the-pulpit strain that possesses the demerits both of obscurity and of bad taste. He assumes, for instance, that a class of Canadians is in the habit of declining to pay lawful debts to the commonwealth. He says: "A man that would take his light, or his sidewalk, or his police protection for nothing would take his groceries for nothing too if he got the chance. Those people who want good things for nothing are not good citizens." Of course they are not, but who are they? If there be such people, an honest, yea, a candid critic, would have separated them from the "good citizens" who do pay their taxes. "Knoxonian's" failure to do so leaves him open to the charge of making unfounded insinuations against the people of this country.

With a comprehensive wave of his hand over the heads of the hard working Canadian masses, he proceeds to assure them, individually and collectively, that "your boy has just as good a chance in this country as Lord Lansdowne's boy, if he has as good a head and behaves himself as well." This is simply not so. Lord Lansdowne's boy has a start in the race of life that thousands of other boys, his equals, perhaps his superiors, mentally and morally, can never overtake. Moreover, Lord Lansdowne's boy will return to Great Britain when his father's term expires, he will grow up to manhood's estate there, and may then be sent out to fill the place now occupied by his father, provided a most desirable change in our political system does not take place meanwhile. No Canadian boy can aspire to that position under the present order of things.

Thankfulness and truthfulness are both virtues, but the greater of these is truthfulness.

Municipal Taxation.

The Hamilton Spectator is still haunted by the dire suspicion that "greedy Toronto" is trying to collect taxes from the citizens who dwell at the head of navigation. So powerful is this delusion that it has begotten a still more absurd delusion in our contemporary's mind. The Spectator actually believes that The World has made it part of its "duty to go round hunting up delinquent taxpayers in Hamilton." Our contemporary has many friends in Hamilton. If they permit this anti-Toronto craze to develop until it overmasters and overthrows our contemporary's reason they will not be held entirely blameless. They should reason with the sufferer in these earlier stages of its mental disease.

Upon other branches of the subject the Spectator talks in a rational manner. It regrets the inequalities of the present system of municipal taxation, whereby one man's income and his personal property, if he have any, are assessed up to the highest limit, while another escapes with the payment of a mere fraction of his liability to the state. The remedy suggested for this is the levying of all the taxes upon real estate. It is to be feared that the remedy would not cure the disease. It is notorious that there are inequalities in the assessment of real estate as well as in the taxation of incomes and personal property. It is a common complaint in every municipality with which we are familiar that some real estate owners get off from the assessors much more cheaply than others. If such is not the case in Hamilton, our sister city is an enviable exception. Of the other suggestion, that so long as the present system is maintained municipal councils ought to publish the assessment lists, to assure the publicity of outrageous understatements of income and personalty, we are prepared to say that the expedient might be tried by way of experiment. Should it justify itself, well and good. Should it fail, a retreat could be effected without much loss. Meanwhile the citizens of Hamilton may rest assured that Toronto has no intention of collecting taxes west of the Desjardines—or, to employ more modern nomenclature,—the Hamilton canal.

Reverend Appellants.

Some days ago The World had occasion to say that the clergymen of different denominations who insisted upon their legal right to exemption from taxation, acted in a mistaken manner, calculated to weaken the moral influence of the cloth. We pointed out that the taxpayers of every class, the business man, the mechanic and the laborer, some of whom can ill afford to bear the burdens imposed upon them by public necessity, were loud in their complaints of the distinction made in favor of the clerical class. Yesterday the court of revision decided not to exempt any clergyman not in actual connection with a church. The court interpreted the word "church," as it appears in the statute, in its congregational and not in its comprehensive sense. The appellants held to the opposite interpretation, and notice was given that the issue would be carried before the county judge. This is to be regretted, and by none so much as by those who desire to see the clergy regarded as men unselfishly devoted to the task of instructing and guiding their fellow men in deeds of charity and self-sacrifice. If these reverend appellants could hear the criticisms passed upon their motives by taxpaying laymen, we feel certain that they would follow the example of that increasing number of their brethren who refuse to take advantage of the privilege accorded them by law. Every clergyman who cheerfully bears the burdens of citizenship places himself in a position to meet his fellow citizens for the discussion of public questions. Every clergyman who shirks those burdens disqualifies himself for effectively advocating any measure affecting the public revenue. Can any clergyman who respects himself afford to do that? Public opinion says "No."

The Hamilton Spectator makes a double leaded declaration with regard to the rumors of a coming commutation of Riel's sentence which possess much significance at the present juncture. The Spectator expresses the belief that the majority of French Canadians are not so absurd as to hold that a man may shed blood with impunity because he is a French Canadian. It attributes the agitation in the prisoner's behalf to the machinations of the rouge demagogues, whose purpose is the manufacture of party capital; but, it proceeds to say, if the French Canadians do labor under any such delusion there never was a better time to undeceive them than the present. The double leaded manffesto concludes with the plain intimation that if it were possible for Sir John to yield to pressure in Riel's case "he would lose the confidence of English-speaking conservatives and be swept from power." The Spectator's course throughout, on this question, has been more manly and consistent than that of either the Globe or Mail, and it is a better index of conservative opinion in this province than the latter.

The nomination of an Irish candidate for a division of the English city of Liverpool, shows the progress that the Irish question has made in England within a few years. At the last election it would have been looked upon as the foolish freak of a foolish leader, but it is now regarded upon all sides as the move of a bold but skilful tactician, who understands the advantage of "carrying the war into Africa." It is highly improbable that Parnell expects to elect his man in Liverpool. His object is the introduction of a disturbing element which shall convince the managers of the regular parties that his influence is far reaching, and therefore, to be conciliated.

Montreal Gazette: We learn from our Ottawa correspondent that at a meeting of the cabinet yesterday Riel was respited for six days, or until Monday next, 16th inst. A telegram from Winnipeg received yesterday reported Sir Adolphe Caron as intimating that a brief respite such as has been granted would be made. The reason of the action of the government is not stated, but there is no room to doubt that the extreme penalty of the law will be carried out on Monday.

The exodus from Canada is being greatly swollen by absconding postmasters. The gentleman from Glencoe takes with him the usual funds and the irresistible woman. When it is a question between the male and the female the mail is left. Mr. Fryer will get rid of the money a good deal easier than he will of the woman.

The man who dynamited Hellgate ought to be given a job on the reef at Rock harbor, upon which the Algoma foundered and went down. The rocks are understood to belong to the United States, and that is the reason there is no lighthouse there. As the commerce of both countries is interested, the Ottawa and Washington governments ought to join hands in seeing about it.

The Telegram pokes fun at the Globe for having sunk to the level of a story paper. That may be so; but what about the Telegram's own pages of stale stereotyped tales, accompanied by plates of song and dance or sickly sentimental music.

The Ottawa Free Press says that the minister of justice was in his earlier days "one of the best shorthand reporters of his time." Probably this is why he made such short work of his opponent in Antigonish.

At a meeting in London the Hon. David Mills described himself as "a speculative thinker." There is no money in it, David. It is much more profitable in these degenerate days to be a thinking speculator.

"Reluctn to get into," is a New York World phrase. We reluct to remark that we should reluct to believe that the general public will ever adopt it without reluction.

The Ontario Millers and N. W. Freights.

Editor World: Being about to send a wheat buyer to the Northwest in order to be able to compete in our own market against the American miller, who is protected here to the extent of nearly twenty-five cents a barrel against us, by the present most unjust tariff on flour and wheat, we applied to the C. P. R. for a tariff of freight and have received the following answer: That the rates on wheat from Winnipeg would be fifty cents per one hundred pounds on wheat, that is free from frost; and that eight cents would be allowed off damaged samples that do not grade higher than No. 2 damaged. Now, it appears very evident that Ontario is intended to be the dumping place for the damaged grain of Manitoba, and that the large millers of Manitoba are to have a monopoly of the hard wheat flour that must come here as it will make 25 cents a barrel difference in freight in their favor, which is more profit than the Ontario miller has had for over two years, and more than double what they have now. Now why there seems such a dead-set on this industry in Ontario, first by the government of the dominion and now by the C.P.R., I cannot understand; and the loss we are to sustain is something enormous, seeing that there is more capital employed in this industry than all the other manufacturing industries put together, taking the lumber trade out of the count.

Now, sir, I want you to tell me, if you can, why is this thus? Have we not (the people of Ontario) built this C. P. R.? Have we not (the millers of Ontario) been loyal to our country and paid our taxes? Why, then, are we to be ground between the upper and nether millstones of the American miller and the C. P. R., with 25 cents per barrel against us in both cases?

There is also another interest to suffer by this differential freight, and one that very much needs our sympathy at the present, and should always have our good wishes, and that is the farming interests of the Northwest, for if they are compelled to sell their wheat to their own miller, he can give them what he likes down to within one cent of the difference in freight, and we shall be powerless to compete, as he will only have to pay the freight on the flour, and at a less ratio than on the raw material.

ONTARIO MILLER.

The Cities of England.

Editor World: In your reply to "Marsh" in yesterday's World, I do not think you have given an accurate list of the English cities, for 1st, you omit Westminster, which is a city as well as London, and Wells, which is a city, though included in the diocese of Bath. Second, Wakefield, Douglas and Southwell are not cities. Although the latter possesses a magnificent minster, it has no cathedral or bishop. I am doubtful too about Newcastle; if it is a city, it has been very recently added to the number. I think you will find the following a correct list:

Canterbury, York, London, Westminster, Durham, Winchester, Bath, Wells, Bristol, Carlisle, Chester, Chichester, Ely, Exeter, Gloucester, Hereford, Lichfield, Lincoln, Liverpool, Manchester, Norwich, Oxford, Peterborough, Ripon, Rochester, St. Albans, Salisbury, Truro, Worcester.

CIVIS.

[Our correspondent is right regarding Westminster and Wells, but there are also bishops of Southwell and Newcastle, the former created in 1884, and the latter in 1882. A bishopric of Wakefield was to have been formed at the end of last year, but we cannot call to mind just now whether the organization has taken place, Whitaker saying "Wakefield, diocese not formed." Of Sodor and Man (Douglas) the Right Rev. Rowley Hill is bishop, but we believe a mistake was made in including Douglas in the list.]

Reading Matter for N.-W. Troops.

Editor World: Allow me through your columns to remind the public that while the bulk of our "boys" are home from the Northwest, there yet remains two branches on active service, the members of which are as much ours as are the returned heroes, and who ought consequently to receive our kind remembrances in their far away, dull and lonely life on the prairies during the winter. A battery still remains on duty at Battleford, and B at Fort Qu'Appelle. I have just heard from a Company man that as soon as the volunteers were ordered home so soon the supply of newspapers and other reading matter sent to them was stopped. Fancy life without a newspaper! I am sure our citizens will at once remedy this state of things and give the poor fellows something to read. It is only necessary to address them: A battery, Battleford, N.-W.T.; B battery, Fort Qu'Appelle, N.-W.T.

S. A. C.

An Error Corrected.

Editor World: Through an unintentional blunder in my letter of yesterday, I made it appear that it was the Algoma that was so unfortunate last year and that collided and sunk a steam barge. This should have been the Alberta, which vessel I am glad to see has made all her trips this year without accident, much to the credit of Capt. Anderson; for everyone knows who has been on the upper lakes that it requires a cool head and clear brain to prevent accidents amid the storms which are inevitable in those regions at this time of the year. The error I now correct occurred solely through a similarity in the names of the two vessels.

C. H. CLARKE.

Toronto, Nov. 11, 1885.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

WEDNESDAY, Nov. 11.

The local stock exchange and board of trade will be closed to-morrow.

Consols opened 4-16 higher at 100 9-16, closed 100½.

On dit: That there will be a big break in wheat to-morrow.

Hudson's Bay and Northwest Land in London and sterling exchange in New York remain unchanged.

Canadian Pacific in London opened 53⅜, closed 54½.

This was another quiet day on the local stock exchange. The only transactions in the morning were 20 Commerce xd at 127: 20 British America at 94; 3 B. & Loan association at 107½. In the afternoon 50 Commerce xd sold at 127; 30 Federal at 102½; 50 Consumers Gas at 164½; 95 Northwest Land at 45.

On the Montreal stock exchange the sales recorded were: Morning—2 Merchants' bank at 119½; 50 Commerce at 130; 100 xd at 127: 250 C. P. R. at 54. Afternoon—50 Bank of Montreal at 206, 25 xd. at 201½; 100 Ontario at 108⅜; 30 Commerce at 130; 150 C. P. R. at 54, 50 at 53⅞; 125 City Passenger at 122.

The following failures in Ontario have been reported to-day: T. Pilty, knitter, Berlin, assigned; E. D. Chamberlain, grocer, Blyth, assigned; Kyle & Mustard, saw and grist mill, Edmondsville, assigned; James H. Sparling, grist mill, Markdale, assigned; W. Jameson, grocer, Moorefield, assigned; T. Dage, shoes, Ottawa, assigned; W. Jarrett, planing mill, Port Arthur, assigned; M. McGlade, shoes, St. Catharines, assigned; James Strutt, general store, Tyrone, assigned; John Bell, hotel, Vernlam, assigned.

The local grain buyers to-day handled about 25,000 bushels of barley and 400 of wheat. Wheat 95c to 97c for fall and spring, 75c to 77½c for goose. Barley 60c to 86c. New oats 33c to 37c; old oats 38c to 39c; peas 55c to 60c; rye 61c. Hay—Timothy per ton, $14.00 to $17.00. Straw—$10.00 to $13.00.

The New York stock market was buoyant to-day. Canadian Pacific was again active, opening ½ higher at 52½, touched 52⅞ and 53½, where it closed on sales of 3600. New York Central opened ⅛ higher at 105, advanced to 106, closed 105⅞; sales 34,100. Erie opened ⅛ higher at 23, touched 22⅞ and 24⅞, where it closed on sales of 101,800, the largest sales of Erie since November, 1879, when on one day there were transactions of over 180,000 and on another over 200,000. Erie seconds opened ⅜ higher at 84½, advanced to 86⅞, closed 86⅞. Louisville and Nashville opened ⅞ higher at 50⅞, touched 50⅞ and 51⅛, where it closed; sales 24,800. Lake Shore opened ½ higher at 86⅜, advanced to 87⅜, closed 87⅛; sales 64,600. Manitoba opened ½ higher at 105½, advanced to 107⅜, closed 107; sales 1100. Manhattan Elevated opened ¼ higher at 111¼, advanced to 115, closed 114⅞. Northern Pacific preferred opened ¼ higher at 55⅞, advanced to 56⅞, when it closed; sales 13,600. Northwest opened ½ higher at 111¼, touched 111 and 112⅜, closed 112⅜; sales 22,100. St. Paul opened ½ higher at 93⅜, advanced to 97½, closed 97½; sales 76,400. Union Pacific opened ¼ higher at 60⅜, touched 60⅞ and 61⅛, closed 61⅛; sales 40,300. Western Union opened ½ higher at 78⅛, touched 77½ and 78⅞, closed 78⅜; sales 32,700.

A press despatch from Chicago says: "The receipts of corn to-day were but 102 cars and the crowd of shorts was struck with one of the little panics which comes so unexpectedly when trading is as dull as it has been lately. November option dropped from 47c. to 43½c. so quietly and so quickly as to take the breath away from onlookers. The brokers who had 20,000 bushels to sell got 5000 of it off at 46⅞c., 5000 off at 46c. and 10,000 of it was compelled to sell at 43½c. All this inside of a single minute. There was really a drop of 3c. without any trading at all. Traders had to stop orders to sell within about ½c. of the opening. When one indicated that he had some for sale everybody became a seller, and the bottom dropped right out of the market. The price ran up from 43½c. to 45c. again with surprising rapidity. The sales ranged: Cash 45½c. to 46½c., closed 46¼c.; November 43⅜c. to 47c., closed 44½c. bid; December and year 40½c. to 41½c, closed 40½c."

Toronto Stock Exchange—Closing Prices.

Montreal, 206¾, 205¼, xd. 201¾, 201½; Ontario 108¼, 108¼; Toronto buyers 187½; Merchants, 119½, 119; Commerce 130, 129½, xd. 127, 126¾; Imperial 130, 128; Federal 102½, 102¼, xd. buyers 99; Dominion buyers 202½; Standard, buyers 118; Hamilton, buyers 126½; British America 95½, 90; Western Assurance 119, 118½; Consumers' Gas, 164⅞, 164; Dominion Telegraph, buyers 93; Toronto Debentures 4½, 100, 98½; Northwest Land company, buyers 45; Canada Pacific grant bonds, buyers 97; Canada Permanent, buyers 210; Freehold, buyers, 109; Union, sellers 134; B. & Loan association, buyers 107½; Imperial S. and Invest. 113¼, 112½ Lon. & Can. L. & A., 146½, 145½; National Investment sellers 102; Peoples' Loan, buyers 107½; London & Ontario, buyers 110; The Land Security buyers 150; Huron & Erie, buyers 160; Dom. S. & Loan, buyers 115; Hamilton Provident 129, 128; British Canadian L. & Invest., buyers 103.

Closing Prices at Montreal.

Bank of Montreal 206½, 205½, xd. 202, 201; Ontario 109, 108½; Molsons 125, 120; Toronto 189¼, 188; Merchants 119, 118½; xd. 116½, 115; Commerce 130¼, 129⅞, xd. 127, 126½; C. P. R. 54½, 53½; Montreal Tel. Co. 129, 127½; Richelieu 60½, 59½; Passenger 122, 121; Gas 194½, 194; Canada Cotton Co. 75, 63; Dundas Cotton 60, 55; Northwest Land 46s, 44s.

The Manitoba Markets.

The markets remain unchanged, the average for good wheat being 68c., and a few samples selling at 70c.; the lower grades go down as low as 35c. Barley stands at 30c., oats at 18c., and butter and eggs at about 18c. and 20c. respectively; potatoes about 25c.—Brandon (Man.) Mail.

Grain and Produce Markets by Telegraph.

MONTREAL, Nov. 11.—Flour—Receipts, 4000 brls. Sales, none reported. Market quiet, at generally unchanged rates. Patents, $4.50 to $5.50; superior extra, $4.30 to $4.35; extra superfine, $4.00 to $4.25; spring extra, $4.15 to $4.20; superfine, $3.90 to $4; strong bakers', $4.40 to $5; fine, $3.60 to $3.75; middlings, $3.50 to $3.60; pollards, $3.20 to $3.30; Ontario bags, $1.90 to $2.15; city bags, for strong bakers' $2.45 to $2.50. Sales—None reported. Grain—Wheat nominal: red winter, 93c to 94c; white, 92c to 93c. Peas, 73c to 75½c. Oats, 31c to 32c. Barley, 50c to 60c. Rye, 57c to 58c. Oatmeal, $4 to $4.25. Cornmeal, $2.90 to $3. Provisions—Pork, 12½c to 13c. Lard, 8½c to 9½c. Bacon, 10c to 11c. Hams, 11c to 12c. Cheese, fine to finest, 8c to 9½c. Butter—Townships, 15c to 19c; Morrisburg, 14c to 18c; western, 12c to 15c. Eggs—Farm, fresh, 20c to 22c.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—Cotton quiet: middling uplands 9 5-16c, Orleans 9½c. Flour—Receipts 22,000 bbls., dull, buyers' favor; prices not quotably changed; sales 12,000 bbls. Wheat—Receipts 69,300 bush., exports 76,000 bush., spot dull, options steady: No. 2 spring 94c. No. 2 red 94½c to 95c, elevator; No. 1 red $1.01. No. 1 white 95c. No. 2 red November 94½c to 94¾c, closing 94½c; December closed 96½c. Barley steady. Corn—Receipts 99,300 bushels, spot shade easier; options steady; exports 63,000 bushels, sales 1,084,000 bush. future, 169,000 bush. spot; ungraded 50c to 55c. No. 2 55c elevator, No. 2 November 54½c to 55½c, closing 54½c. December 53½c to 54c, closing 53½c. Oats—Receipts 46,500 bush, ½c to ¼c higher, less active; sales 320,000 bush. future, 140,000 bush spot, No. 2 33½c to 33¾c elevator, mixed western 30c to 32½c, white western 34c to 40c. No. 2 December 32¾c to 34c. Eggs firm; Canadian 21½c to 22½c. Pork firm; mess $10. Beef dull. Lard higher and fairly active, western steam spot $6.42½.

CHICAGO, Nov. 11.—Flour, nothing doing. Wheat quiet, closed ¼c lower than yesterday: closing sales were: November 87c, December 88½c bid, May 95½c bid. No. 2 spring 87c, No. 2 red 89c. Oats quiet but higher: cash 27c, November 26¾c to 27c, December 27c to 27¼c, May 30½c to 30¾c. Pork more active and prices 25c to 30c higher: cash $8.75 to $8.87½, November $8.75, December $8.62½ to $8.80, closed $8.75 to $8.80, January $9.45 to $9.75, closed $9.67½ to $9.70. Lard fairly active and firmer: cash or Nov. $6.12½ to $6.15, Dec. $6.07½ to $6.12½. Boxed meats steady: dry salted shoulders $3.53 to $3.75, short rib sides $4.80 to $4.90, short clear sides $5.05 to $5.10. Receipts—Flour 27,000 bbls, wheat 163,000 bush, corn 101,000 bush, oats 93,000 bush, rye 17,000 bush, barley 88,000 bush. Shipments—Flour 11,000 bbls, wheat 24,000 bush, corn 57,000 bush, oats 44,000 bush, rye 4000 bush, barley 26,000 bush.

Afternoon board—Wheat weaker. Corn strong and higher for the long futures. Pork slow and weak. Lard weak and slightly lower.

BEERBOHM'S DESPATCH—"London, Nov. 11.—Floating cargoes—Wheat quiet, corn firm. Cargoes on passage—Wheat slow, corn firm. Mark Lane—Wheat slow, corn firm, mixed American corn 22s was 22s 9d. English and French country markets slow. Liverpool—Spot—wheat quiet, corn 4s 6d, half-penny cheaper. Paris—Wheat and flour slow."

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 11.—Spring wheat 7s 0d to 7s 2d, red winter 7s 0d to 7s 2½, No. 1 Cal. 7s 2d to 7s 4d. No. 2 6s 11d to 7s 1d. Corn 4s 6d. Peas 6s 7d. Pork 50s. Lard 32s 3d. Bacon 31s. Tallow 28s 0d. Cheese 48s.

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SIGN OF THE BIG "JUG."
New Goods Arriving Every Day.
Breakfast Sets in China and Stoneware; Dinner Sets in China and Stoneware; Dessert Sets in Painted Landscapes, &c.; Tea and Coffee sets in great variety; Five O'Clock Tea Sets and Cups and Saucers; Ice Cream Sets and Fruit Sets; Porridge Bowls and Porridge Plates; Ornamental Goods, great variety; Silver-plated Knives, Forks and Spoons; Silverplate Cruets and Butter Coolers; Rodgers' Ivory-Handled Knives; and an endless variety of Goods; Hotel Goods of every description; Bar Fixings of every kind and shape. The store will be lighted every night during the Fair.
GLOVER HARRISON, Proprietor.

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THE DAVIES BREWING CO'S.
Ask for it, or call and see it. And don't you forget it. 246

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In Grain and Provisions.
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Telephone No. 1182. Toronto.

CONTRACT FOR SUPPLY OF MAIL BAGS

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster-General, (For Printing and Supply Branch,) and marked "Tender for Mail Bags," will be received at Ottawa until 12 o'clock noon on MONDAY, the 2ND NOVEMBER, 1885, for the supply of the Post Office Department of Canada with such Cotton Duck, Jute and Leather Mail Bags as may from time to time be required for the Postal Service of the Dominion.

Samples of the Bags to be furnished may be seen at the Post Offices at Halifax, N. S., St. John, N. B., Charlottetown, P. E. I., Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto, London, Winnipeg, Man., Victoria, B. C., or at the Post Office Department at Ottawa.

The Bags supplied, both as regards material and manufacture, to be fully equal to the samples, and to be delivered from time to time in such quantities as may be required at Ottawa.

The contract, if satisfactorily executed, shall continue in force for a term of four years, provided always the workmanship and material be satisfactory to the Postmaster General.

Each tender to state the price asked per bag, in the manner and form prescribed by the form of tender, and to be accompanied by the written guarantee of two responsible parties, undertaking that in the event of the tender being accepted, the contract shall be duly executed by the party tendering for the price demanded, undertaking also to become bound with the contractor in the sum of two thousand dollars for the due performance of the contract.

Printed forms of tender and guarantee may be obtained at the Post Offices above named, or at the Post Office Department, Ottawa.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

WILLIAM WHITE,
Secretary.
POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, CANADA,
OTTAWA, 1st October, 1885.

N. B.—The time for the reception of Tenders for the supply of Mail Bags has been extended by the Postmaster General for one month (until noon on WEDNESDAY, the 2ND DECEMBER, 1885), certain changes having been made in the form of tender, *as shown in the amended form of proposal*, to be had from the Postmasters of the following places: Halifax, N. S., St. John, N. B., Charlottetown, P. E. I., Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto, London, Hamilton, Winnipeg, Man., Victoria, B. C., or at the Post Office Department at Ottawa.

WILLIAM WHITE,
Secretary.
POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, CANADA.
OTTAWA, 24th October, 1885. 2424

Old Running Sores.
—Sores and ulcers, or abscesses hard to heal, are due to bad blood or scrofula. Purify the blood with Burdock Blood Bitters and the worst sores speedily heal as the general health is restored. 246

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.
Opening of the Canadian all Rail Route to Winnipeg and the Rocky Mountains,
Commencing
MONDAY, 2ND NOVEMBER. 1885.
An express train will leave Toronto at 9.25 a.m. every week day for Port Arthur, Winnipeg and the Canadian Northwest.
The train will consist of Colonist Sleeper and elegant first class and sleeping cars, and dining car on train during day.
W. C. VAN HORNE, Vice President. D. McNICOLL, Gen. Pass. Agent.

NO. 53.
THE GREAT LUNCHEON COUNTER,
(Removed from the Shades, Court st.)
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OAKVILLE DAIRY,
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Guaranteed Pure Farmers' Milk.
Supplied Retail and Wholesale at Lowest Market Rates.
246 FRED. SOLE, Proprietor.

SEE
Bennett & Wright's
NEW FALL SHOW OF
GAS FIXTURES
Largest Stock, Newest Designs, Greatest Variety, Lowest Prices.
246
BENNETT & WRIGHT,
Telephone 42. 72 QUEEN ST. E.

HOT AIR FURNACES.
PATRONIZE TORONTO GOODS
Our King Hot Air Furnaces are the most durable, economical in fuel and the simplest to manage of any Furnace made, as well as being the cheapest in price. Estimates given and Satisfaction Guaranteed.
WHEELER & BAIN,
MANUFACTURERS, 246
179 KING STREET EAST.

STOVES, STOVES.
LA GRANDE BASE BURNER,
QUEEN'S OWN RANGE.
HANCOCK'S, 63 JARVIS ST.,
Cor. Jarvis and Duke.
It is a known fact that these stoves are the best value in the market, made by the well-known old reliable firm, The E. & C. Gurney Co. Furniture of every description on hand and at rock bottom prices. 246

SMALLPOX!
This terrible scourge may be prevented by the free use of
THYMO-CRESOL!
THE
Celebrated English Disinfectant.
No house should be without it. For sale at 50 Front street east, Toronto, and by all Druggists. 246

Grindstones! Grindstones!
for wet and dry grinding. A large assortment to select from at lowest prices.
LIONEL YORKE,
Steam Stone Works, Esplanade, foot of Jarvis Street. 246

—Hagyard's Yellow Oil is positively guaranteed to relieve or cure rheumatic pains, sore throat, croup, deafness, colds, cramps, aches, pains, bruises, frostbites, chilblains, stiff cords, and all lameness and soreness, when used internally and externally according to directions. 246

WOOD MANTLES
AND
OVER MANTLES
246
R. RAWLINSON, 548 Yonge St.

WATCHES.
Only reliable timekeeping watches, made by the best makers, kept in stock. We cannot be undersold, as we import direct from the manufacturers, and only expect a fair living profit. Old watches taken in exchange. Repairing by skilled workmen; no apprentices employed in this branch.
246 WELCH & TROWERN,
Practical Jewelers, 171 Yonge St., Toronto.

TO SPORTSMEN!
Received this Day a Large Consignment of
Pure Gum
HIP AND THIGH BOOTS.
We can give you all the different weights and widths.
TORONTO SHOE CO
144 to 148 King street east.
Established in the interest of prompt cash buyers and on the one-price system. 246

J. Pittman & Co
DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING AN ART WITH US. Our New Manufacturing Rooms in Full Operation. We are now in a position to give Ladies prompt attention with the Most Perfect Fit and Style.
MANTLE MAKERS AND COSTUMERS,
218 YONGE STREET. 246

NOTICE.
We will pay $1000 into any charitable institution in the Dominion of Canada if there is not more *nourishment* and life-giving properties contained in *one pound of Johnston's Fluid Beef* than there is in *one hundred pounds* of any Extract of Beef at present offered to the public. 462
The Johnston Fluid Beef Co'y.

FURNITURE.
149 YONGE ST.
A BARGAIN
—IN—
ELEGANT PARLOR SETS
CALL AND INSPECT.
AT THE BIG BUREAU.
246
FURNITURE.

ELEVATORS
LEITCH & TURNBULL'S, HAMILTON, CANADA.
For Factories, Warehouses, Hotels, Residences, Asylums,
STEAM, HAND AND HYDRAULIC ELEVATORS.
The Best, the Safest and the least Expensive; Elegant in Appearance, Simple to Erect and Easy to Operate. Write for Specifications and Testimonials. 26

ASK FOR BAUMGARTEN'S LIQUID GLUE,
ALWAYS READY FOR USE.
INDELIBLE INK, with patent stretcher, FRAGRANT CACHOUS, makes the breath sweet and pleasant, PREMIUM MUCILAGE, never sours, ALLAN'S COUGH CURE CANDY, the wonder of the age; stops the worst of hacking coughs. Sold by all druggists in packages for 5c. Try it. Buy it. Take no other. 246
J. H. GRAHAM & CO.
SOLE AGENTS, 10 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO.

$10 REWARD FOR THE CONVICTION
Of Dealers Who Sell In- McCOLL'S ferior Oil of Other Manufacture for
THE ABOVE REWARD WILL BE PAID.
LARDINE
MACHINE OIL.
Eureka, Bolt Cutting and Wool Oils. Cylinder, *For Sale by all Leading Dealers.* McColl Bros. & Co TORONTO. 46

SEVEN OFFICIAL TESTS
SHOW THAT THE
ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE CO.,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.,
stands at the head of most of the largest and best life companies of the continent in (1st) improvement in the Quality of the Insurance furnished from year to year for 13 years past; (2nd) Assets to each $1,000 of liabilities; (3rd) Assets per $1,000 of Insurance carried; (4th) Productiveness of Assets over and above expenses, (5th) Economy in management; (6th) Small percentage of Lapses, showing good satisfaction given, and (7th) Largest Deposit at Ottawa—its market value, $1,100,000.

ASSETS TO EACH ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS OF LIABILITY.

1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884
105.05	106.02	109.18	110.44	112.25	113.55	115.88	116.66	118.10	118.92	119.82	120.18	120.30

Mass. Report, 1885.
Assets to each $1,000 of liabilities.

Ætna Life	$1,203
Manhattan	1,100
North-Western	1,186
New England	1,173
New York	1,128
Mutual Benefit	1,089
Mutual	1,062
Conn. Mutual	1,020

N. Y. Report, 1885.
Amount of Assets to each $1000 insurance.

Ætna Life	$344
Manhattan	314
Mutual	291
Mutual Benefit	281
New England	268
New York	267
Northwestern	253
Equitable	181

Per cent. of interest saved after deducting expenses.

Ætna Life	68 45
Conn. Mutual	64.67
Mutual	61.81
Mutual Benefit	57.87
New England	54.27
North-Western	41.01
Equitable	19.85
New York	12.21

Illinois Report, 1885.
Cost of Managem't for each $1,000 assets.

Ætna Life	$11 00
Conn. Mutual	18.50
Mutual Benefit	19.00
New England	21.70
Mutual	30.20
North-Western	33.40
Equitable	40.90
New York	63.10

Per Cent. of Lapsed and Surrendered Policies.

Ætna Life	4 98	London, Ont.	12.45
Canada Life	5.23	Ontario	13.00
Travelers	5.74	Sun, Montreal	16.08
Confederation	8.83	Citizens, Montr'l	23.12
New York Life	7.32	Life Association	25.33
Union Mutual	10.28	North American	26.32
Equitable	10.75	Federal	51.57
United States	12.50		

Amount of Deposit at Ottawa.

Ætna Life	$325,000	Life Associa'n	$95,575
Equitable	305,000	Ontario	91,779
Standard	210,800	Confederation	75,470
Union Mutual	205,510	Canada Life	50,000
Travelers	148,000	Sun, Montreal	32,400
L. & Lancashire	129,782	Citizens, Montr'l	30,400
N. Y. Life	100,000	North American	30,000
British Empire	97,338	Federal	40,000

First-class man wanted, with successful record to take charge of Northumberland county. Address, with references,
WILLIAM H. ORR, MANAGER.
TORONTO, Nov. 5, 1885