

School Opening

Syllabus 1919.

Primary Grade
 Christmas Carol,
 Ballads of British History,
 Preliminary Grade
 Christmas Carol,
 Ballads of British History,
 Richard of the Lion Heart,
 Intermediate Grade
 A Book of English Prose,
 Gray's Elegy, Ode to Eton, etc.
Junior and Senior Associate Grades
 Julius Caesar,
 Merchant of Venice,
 Tennyson's Ode on Death of Wellington,
 Addison's Essays and Tales,
 Shakespeare's Richard III,
 Quentín Durward,
 The Laureate Poetry Book,
 No. 8

Latin
 Caesar—Gallic War Book 2,
 Cicero — In Catalinam First Oration,
 Virgil—Aeneid, Book 1,
 Junior A. A. Physics
 The Ontario High School,
 Senior A. A. Physics
 College Physics—H. S. Cahart
 Place your order for SCHOOL BOOKS and SUPPLIES with the store of Good Service and Low Prices.

DICKS & CO., Ltd.
 Booksellers.

The St. George's Coal Fields, Ltd.

ARE GIVING AWAY FREE OF ALL COST
 Three extra one-dollar shares with each and every one-dollar share purchased.
THUS:
 If you invest
 \$1.00 you get four one-dollar shares.
 \$2.00 you get eight one-dollar shares.
 \$3.00 you get twelve one-dollar shares.
 \$4.00 you get sixteen one-dollar shares.
 \$5.00 you get twenty one-dollar shares.
 \$6.00 you get twenty four one-dollar shares.
 And so on proportionately.
 In other words you get four times the value of any amount you invest, until the twenty-five thousand shares are disposed of.
AND NOTE:
 That you will not be called upon to pay another cent on any of these shares. They are yours outright.
INVEST TO-DAY.

The St. George's Coal Fields, Limited,

Cabot Building, 263 Water Street, St. John's.

School Books AND School Stationery!

A large stock of everything for use in schools. Let us have your order for School Supplies now. Outpost orders will receive prompt and careful attention.
 Penholders, 20c, 30c, 45c, 60c, 75c, 90c, per gross.
 Lead Pencils from 25c doz. up.
 Christian Bros. Royal and Royal Crown Readers & Primers.
 States, all sizes.
 Exercise Books, 6c, 7c, and 9c, doz.
 School Scriblers.
 Slate Pencils, 25c per 100.
 Ink, 1 1/2 oz. glass bottles, 90c doz.
 Ink, 4 oz. glass bottles, \$1.20 doz.
 Secotine, 27c tube.
 Rubber Erasers from 17c doz. 12 inch Rulers, 15c, 40c.
 Vest Pocket Dictionaries, 35c.
 Atlas's, School Maps, Blackboards and Blackboard Cloth, Blackboard Erasers, Typewriting Paper, Drawing Paper, Blotting Paper and Blotting Pads, Copy Books, Dictionaries, Pencil Boxes, Waste Paper Baskets, Inks & Mucilage, School Bags, Prayer Books, Prayer Cards, Book Marks, Honary Circles and Scapular Prints.

GARRETT BYRNE,
 Bookseller & Stationer.

THE LAND UNKNOWN

A Labrador Spring by C. W. Townsend, M.D., with 56 full page illustrations, \$1.75. Our Special Price \$1.00.
 Voyage to the Arctic in the Whaler Auroka by David M. Lindsay, with 72 illustrations, \$2.25. Our Special Price \$1.50.
 Captain Cartwright and his Labrador Journal, edited by C. W. Townsend, author of Along the Labrador Coast, etc., with an introduction by Dr. Wilfred T. Grenfell, illustrations from old engravings, photographs and a map, \$2.50. Our outpost friends who wish to procure any of the above will add 4c extra for postage.

S. E. Garland,
 Leading Bookseller,
 177-3 WATER STREET,
 MINARD'S LINDIMENT CURES DIS-
 EVERYWHERE.

Enemy Given No Rest In Macedonia.

Turks Retreating Beyond River Jordan. Allied Net Tightly Drawn Around St. Quentin. Huns Fear Another American Attack.

WAR REVIEW.

Both on the Macedonia and Palestine fronts the Entente Allied forces are giving the badly beaten Germans, Bulgarians and Turks no rest, while in France the British and French are continuing to draw their net more closely about St. Quentin and the remaining elements of the Hindenburg line in this immediate region. In Macedonia the situation of the Bulgarians and Germans is daily growing more critical as the Allied forces steadily maintain their pressure against them. In Turkey the latest operations of the British and Arab tribesmen friendly to the Allied cause, seemingly forecast the complete destruction or capture of the Ottoman troops in Palestine, on both sides of the River Jordan. St. Quentin through the latest advances of the British and French is all but enveloped, and to the north the strong enemy line protecting Cambrai has been further encroached upon by Field Marshal Haig's men. All along the front in Macedonia from the region north of Monastir the important strategic positions at Prilep has been occupied, thus giving control of the numerous roads, radiating from it to the French cavalry in the centre. The Serbians have passed their weapons further in between the enemy's west and east armies, while on the extreme eastern flank the British and Greeks have advanced along both sides of the Vardar to a depth averaging about 10 miles over a front of 20 miles. Nowhere are the Entente commanders permitting the Bulgarians and Germans to lose contact with the advancing troops who are harassing vigorously. So badly has the harried line been penetrated or battered, that immediate dire calamity seemingly faces the enemy, unless the retreat is greatly hastened. Unless the enemy is kept enough of foot to outdistance the Allies on the wings of the drive and reconstitute his front to the north with its centre resting possibly on Uskub or thereabouts. Even if such a manoeuvre is possible doubtless it will be necessary for the enemy to straighten his line westward through Albania to the Adriatic Sea. That the Allied armies are moving swiftly to prevent the separated armies from closing up is indicated in the capture of Prilep, and the advance of the British to the north of Lake Dolina. These manoeuvres point to an attempt at a rolling up movement of great proportions by the Allies. In Palestine the British on the coast have taken the important towns of Haifa and Acre, while east of the Jordan the Turks are everywhere in retreat. Hard pressed by the British and the tribesmen of the King of the Hedjaz, inside the big sack, the neck of which was sewn up by the British in their initial drive, many more prisoners have been taken, and the aggregate now greatly exceeds the 25,000 officially reported. To the west of St. Quentin over a front of four miles running south from the Omignier River, the British have materially advanced their front, notwithstanding the desperate resistance of the enemy, and taken about 800 prisoners. Hard fighting is in progress at Selency, a point two miles from the western outskirts of St. Quentin. Around Epehy and further north in the Cambrai sector, the German positions in front of the Hindenburg line have been battered. In Flanders the British have recaptured a portion of their old trench systems south of Epehy. That the Germans, even though the weather conditions preclude activity, are fearful that the Americans anticipate a further attack, is indicated by their

almost continuous bombardment of the American positions.

NO INFANTRY ACTION.

PARIS, Sept. 24.—The artillery was active last night on the French front below St. Quentin and between the Ailette and the Aisne, but no infantry action is reported in to-day's war official statement.

THE KAISER'S IRON CROSSES.

LONDON, Sept. 24.—Emperor William visited Briey, near Metz, yesterday, according to an Amsterdam despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Co. He distributed 400 Iron crosses, inspected field hospitals, and spoke to the German, Austrian, French and British wounded, in their respective languages. Later he addressed Austrian officers, saying: "You may fight our battles as good comrades and in return for our help which we have often given you and for our strong free and common future."

IMPROVE POSITIONS.

LONDON, Sept. 24.—In the front to the west of Cambrai in the region north of Moeuvres, the British positions have been improved. In the area of the Lens sector the Germans tried to drive the British from the new positions the latter had won southeast of Voormezele below Ypres.

NRFD. CASUALTIES.

OTTAWA, Sept. 24.—Casualties in infantry—W. H. Snow, M.D.; artillery: wounded, G. S. Trappell, St. John's, Nfld.

CARDINAL FARLEY BURIED.

NEW YORK, Sept. 24.—His memory honored by the presence of the three surviving North American cardinals, the Pope's representative in the United States, dignitaries from all sections of the country and of the American military and naval forces, Cardinal John M. Farley was buried to-day beneath the altar of St. Patrick's Cathedral. At a Pontifical Requiem Mass, celebrated by the Most Rev. John Bonzano, Apostolic Delegate to the United States, a final tribute was paid to the venerable head of the New York archdiocese in a sermon by Bishop Thomas Hickey, of Rochester. In the Sanctuary were Cardinals Gibbons of Baltimore, O'Connell of Boston, and Beign of Quebec, together with forty archbishops and bishops and hundreds of priests. The great cathedral was crowded to the doors and thousands of persons thronged the streets in the vicinity.

SERBIANS FORGING AHEAD.

LONDON, Sept. 24.—The Serbians are on the Grandkop-Prilep road to the northeast, while to the southeast they have reached the steep mass of the Drenka mountain range.

ULTIMATUM SERVED.

HARBIN, Manchuria, Sept. 24.—The Siberian Government is reported to have served an ultimatum on troops commanded by General Horvath to disband or join the forces of General Semenov of the anti-Bolshevik leader in the trans-Balkans.

IMPORTANT TOWNS OCCUPIED.

LONDON, Sept. 24.—British cavalry pushing up the Mediterranean coast of Palestine have occupied Haifa and Acre, it is officially announced to-day. East of the Jordan the Turks are withdrawing to

wards Amman on the Hedjaz railway. Australian, New Zealand, Jewish and other troops are pursuing the enemy and have reached Essalt, 107 miles northwest of Amman. The total number of Turks taken prisoners will exceed largely the 25,000 already reported, the official statement announces.

TRAINS COLLIDE.

LONDON, Sept. 24.—Thirty-one persons were killed when an express train from Berlin for Vienna collided with another train at the Dresden station, says an Exchange Telegraph despatch from Copenhagen, quoting a Berlin message. Fifty-nine persons were injured.

PRILEP CAPTURED.

LONDON, Sept. 24.—French cavalry operating to the northeast of Monastir, Macedonia, have captured the town of Prilep, according to an official statement made this evening.

DISCONTENT NOT JUSTIFIED.

LONDON, Sept. 24.—Count Von Hertling, the German Imperial Chancellor, addressing the main committee of the Reichstag today, declared that the public discontent in Germany was not justified by the military situation on the Western front, according to a despatch from Berlin.

SUCCESSFUL ATTACK.

LONDON, Sept. 24.—Field Marshal Haig's communication issued to-night follows: "A successful operation was carried out this morning in co-operation with the French in the St. Quentin sector. At dawn English troops attacked over a front of four miles from the neighborhood of the Omignier River southward. Good progress was made all along the front. About 800 prisoners were taken. Vigorous resistance was encountered at a number of points, especially in the neighborhood of Selency, where the fighting is still continuing. There was local fighting again to-day northeast of Epehy as a result of which we improved our positions slightly. On the remainder of the front there is nothing to report."

MEETING SUCCESS.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN FRANCE, Sept. 24.—Another assault was delivered against the German defences before St. Quentin to-day. Reports received up to two o'clock this afternoon indicated that the Allied attack was meeting with great success.

IN THE AIR.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE LORRAINE FRONT, Sept. 24.—The latest reports show that none of the American fliers has as yet equalled the record of the late Major Raoul Luffbery with his 17 aerial victories. The latest man to be rated as an ace although as yet unofficially, is Lieut. Frank Luke, Jr., of Phoenix, Arizona. Although he is credited with but three victories, he is credited with at least six more added to his score. During the operations around St. Mihiel alone he has brought down eleven German balloons and three airplanes.

GERMANS TURN NOW.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 24.—The German Consul General at Moscow, according to a Berlin despatch has protested to the Soviet government against the arrest of a large number of German subjects and persons under German protection without apparently any reason. He urges the immediate release of these against whom there were no adequate grounds for suspicion. The Consul General it is added, emphasized the case of two poles who were under the protection of the consulate, but were executed without proper identification.

AN EIGHT HOUR DAY.

NEW YORK, Sept. 24.—The United States Steel Corporation has adopted the eight-hour basic day for its employees. Chairman Gilbert H. Gary announced to-day that this step had been approved by the finance committee of the corporation upon the corporation and of subsidiary companies. He added that the open shop plan heretofore in force throughout the works would be continued.

A FALLING OFF.

TORONTO, Sept. 24.—According to figures and statements furnished the Toronto Railway Co. the company to-day has fewer employees and is operating fewer cars than at this time a year ago. As compared with 700 cars in use during the rush hours last year there are at present only 561. Controller Gibbons stated yesterday that the company is 400 men short and is giving only quarter of the usual service.

DEAD TO PATRIOTIC HARANGUES.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY IN FRANCE, Sept. 23. (By the A. P.)—The replies of prisoners recently interrogated show that lack of confidence between German officers and men is becoming mutual. Officers complain of declining discipline in the ranks. Soldiers whose loyalty was unquestioned a year ago, they declare, are now dead to patriotic harangues. We can no longer have confidence in

our men, said one officer. Patriotic exhortations are now lost on them. They think more of their stomachs than than their country. On the other hand the soldiers say that the officers think only of their own safety when the line breaks under the pressure of the Allied forces, and that they leave behind for their safety rearwards who, during the early phases of the retreat, were sacrificed without knowing that they had been deliberately abandoned by the rest of the forces.

IMPORTANT GAINS.

PARIS, Sept. 24.—West of St. Quentin the French troops, in conjunction with the British, have captured Francilly-Selency and the village of Dalon, according to the French official communication issued this evening more than 500 prisoners and a large number of machine guns were taken in the position.

AN AMERICAN SUCCESS.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—The capture of 29 prisoners and 2 machine guns by American raiding parties in the Woerwe was reported in General Pershing's communication for yesterday, received to-night at the war department.

GERMAN RAID PREVENTED.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE LORRAINE FRONT, Sept. 23. (By the A. P.)—Artillery fire prevented a German raid from materializing on this front to-day. Warning of the enemy's intention was given by the start of a German barrage over the American line at an early hour. As it shifted from the front lines to the back areas the Americans fire opened so effectively that any attempt of the German infantry to attack was out of the question.

CONTINUING PURSUIT.

LONDON, Sept. 24.—The Serbian troops continue to cross the river Vardar north east of Monastir, and are in contact with the Bulgarians, says the Serbian official statement of to-day. The Bulgarians are burning villages and stores of material. The Serbians, however, have captured great quantities of material.

PRESSING IN ON ST. QUENTIN.

LONDON, Sept. 24.—British forces are pressing in on St. Quentin directly from the west to-day's report from Field Marshal Haig shows. He reports fighting taking place to the advantage of the British and announces progress by the attacking forces in the region east of Vermand.

GREAT VICTORY IN MACEDONIA.

EASTERN THEATRE, Sept. 21.—The success achieved by the Allies in Macedonia is taking the character of a great victory. The French and Serbian armies are making rapid progress in the center toward the Middle Vardar Valley and are advancing on the whole front of 150 kilometres. Between Monastir and Lake Dolina the



THE Sunlight enterprise and organization for production, manufacture, and distribution were made complete long before the war. But during the war the difficulties and costs of transport have been multiplied. Therefore, Lever Brothers have purchased a fleet of steamships to convey raw materials direct from their plantations to Port Sunlight.

The Housewife is given the full benefit of this enterprise, and thus, in spite of the difficulties caused in England by the war, Sunlight Soap remains the best soap throughout the world, and gives the fullest value for the housewife's money.

THE SUNLIGHT SERVICE IS THE MOST COMPLETE SOAP SERVICE IN THE WORLD. SUNLIGHT SOAP IS MADE FOR THE HOUSEWIFE'S PROFIT, FOR ONLY THEREBY CAN THE MAKERS HOPE TO PROFIT BY HELPFUL SOAP.

SUNLIGHT SOAP

The name Lever on Soap is a Guarantee of Purity and Excellence.

LEVER BROTHERS LIMITED, PORT SUNLIGHT, ENGLAND.

appears to be no set purpose for the vague fire of the German artillery, which did no damage. The enemy spent the entire night in bombardment both north and south of Pont au Mousson for hours at a stretch. The German fire was a little more intense, but no more effective than it had been since the Germans retired as the result of the American offensive in the region of St. Mihiel. Very unfavorable weather continued to hold the infantry and aviators on both sides fairly inactive and the enemy ventured from his trenches only rarely, and few of his flyers were seen. The Americans carried out a successful raid south of Villieu, after violent artillery preparation, which netted 5 prisoners.

REACHED THE OISE.

PARIS, Sept. 23.—The text of the statement issued by the War Office to-night follows: South of St. Quentin our troops have reached the Oise between Vandoull and Travecy. There is nothing to report from the rest of the front.

WITH THE AMERICANS.

WITH THE AMERICAN FORCES IN LORRAINE, Sept. 24.—The Germans in past 24 hours have increased their intensity of heavy gun fire on the American front, which seemingly denotes the greatest uneasiness on the part of the enemy. Otherwise the German activity has been confined to raids and patrolling, although there

KINGFISHER'S CREW REACH PORT.

AN ATLANTIC PORT, Sept. 24.—Capt. O'Reilly and crew of the American steam trawler Kingfisher ar-

rived in part this morning. According to the story told by members of the crew the Kingfisher left Boston about one o'clock last Wednesday, and 9.30 o'clock Friday morning was shelled, and the crew ordered to abandon her by a large type of U-boat. After the crew had abandoned the ship they saw the Germans prepared to launch a boat to go aboard. Later fog obscured their view and the trawlers could not see what transpired. They heard two dull explosions, however, followed by the discharge of a gun and presume the Kingfisher was sunk. The submarine was in the vicinity of 300 feet long, and mounted two guns. The estimated number in the crew was about seventy.

BULGARIAN TROOPS DESERTING.

PARIS, Sept. 23.—(Havas)—Many Bulgarian troops are deserting, according to advices from the Macedonian front. It is reported that 560 men from one regiment have been executed at the command of German officers.

Murder Mystery.

EXPERT FELL DOWN ON HIS OWN CASE.

New York, Sept. 17.—Charles E. Chapin, city editor of the New York Evening World, famous for the skill with which he directed his reporters in the solution of murder mysteries, to-day in a police station told the story of how he killed his own wife. Chapin yesterday shot and killed her in their apartment in the Hotel Cumberland and to-day surrendered himself to the police after failing to carry out plans to end his own life. Smoking a cigar and continually pressing his hands on his head, he said that he had been driven to the deed through desperation caused by the demands of his creditors.

Approach of a policeman, the editor declared, prevented his suicide in Prospect Park, Brooklyn, where he went after shooting his wife. Chapin asserted that he committed the murder immediately upon arising yesterday morning. While his wife slept, he said he tried first to shoot her with a magazine revolver, but it failed to discharge. He then brought out a police pistol that had been presented him by former Police Commissioner Waldo, and fired the fatal shot. After breakfast and a shave, the editor continued, he went to the park, where he had planned to carry out the second chapter of the tragedy. He wandered about throughout the day and night, he declared, and this morning, reading newspaper accounts of his wife's death and his disappearance, gave himself up.

Chapin, who is 59 years of age, asserted that he intended to commit suicide four years ago, but put it off with the hope that he would be able to meet his obligations. Having lost in speculation, he said, he had borrowed money from friends who were constantly pressing him for payment. District Attorney Swann, who later talked with Chapin, said he believed the editor was mentally deranged.

MINARD'S LINDIMENT CURES DIS-

Farmers' Fertilizers!

The shipment of Basic Slag arranged for last year has at last arrived and is now landing ex schooner.

A part of this shipment is unsold and if you need any please let us know without delay.

Basic Slag is put on the ground in the fall or early winter and is invaluable for hay and other root crops.

The Slag comes in sacks of about 200 pounds and the proportion required for one acre is five sacks.

FIFTEEN THOUSAND TONS OF BASIC SLAG were used last season in the Province of Nova Scotia.

In the year 1910 Germany used a MILLION TONS.

The Department of Agriculture, Dublin, urges the use of Basic Slag as an effective substitute for superphosphate.

If you want to increase your Hay Crop use Basic Slag.

Where you get 10 barrels of turnips without fertilizer you will get 15 barrels by using Basic Slag.

\$3.00 per sack, 200 lbs.

This shipment of Basic Slag was purchased last year and we are selling it at last year's price.

Colin Campbell, Ltd.

sep23.m.w.f

There is more economy in use than any other tea on sale

"SALADA"

"The Tea of Sterling Worth"

Black-Green or Mixed - - Sealed Packets Only.
BAIRD & CO. WHOLESALE AGENTS
 ST. JOHN'S