

**HOTELS.**

**QUEEN HOTEL,**  
Queen Street, Fredericton, N. B.

THIS HOTEL has been REBUILT AND PAINTED IN THE MOST ATTRACTIVE STYLE. AN ELEGANT GENTLEMEN'S PARLOR, OFFICE, and BEAUTIFULLY DECORATED DINING ROOM on Ground Floor. PERFECT VENTILATION and SEWERAGE THROUGHOUT. LARGE and ART BRUSHES. COMMODIOUS BATH ROOMS and CLOSETS IN EACH ROOM. It is capable of accommodating ONE HUNDRED GUESTS.

The Table is always supplied with every delicacy available. The Cooking is highly commended, and the Staff of Attendants are ever ready to oblige. There are few of the largest and most conveniently fitted up SAMPLE ROOMS in Canada, having street entrance and also connecting with Hotel.

**GEO. A. HUGHES,**  
Attorney and Solicitor,  
NOTARY, CONVEYANCER, &c.

**WILLIAM WILSON,**  
Attorney-at-Law,  
SOLICITOR and CONVEYANCER

**H. B. RAINSFORD,**  
Barrister, Attorney-at-Law,  
NOTARY PUBLIC.

**GEO. L. WILSON,**  
Barrister, Notary Public, etc.

**WESLEY VANWART,**  
Barrister.

**DR. R. MCLEARN.**  
Office and Residence,  
Corner Queen and Regent Sts.

**FOUNDED A.D. 1710. THE OLDEST PURELY CANADIAN INSURANCE COMPANY.**  
**SUN LIFE OF CANADA.**

**PILES.**  
Any One Suffering from Any Form of "PILES,"

**RAILROADS.**

**CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY**  
ATLANTIC DIVISION.

**ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS**  
In Effect Jan. 20th, 1895.

**LEAVE FREDERICTON.**  
EASTERN STANDARD TIME.  
6:40 A.M.—Week days for Woodstock and points North, via Gibson.  
6:00 A.M.—Week days for St. John, St. Stephen, St. Andrews, Heberton, Woodstock and points North, Bangor, Portland, Boston, and points West and South.  
10:55 A.M.—Week days for Fredericton Junction, St. John and points east.  
3:30 P.M.—Week days for Fredericton Junction, St. John, Yancovers, Montreal and the West, via the Short Line.

**FINE OVERCOATINGS**

Latest Cloth for Suits, Gowns, etc.

**GUNN, THE TAILOR,**  
Guarantees good fit, and first-class materials in his MAKE UP.  
Come in and see my Cloths and hand pan prices. It will pay you to do so.

**M.S. H.**  
New Stock of Wall Paper.

**AMERICAN INGRAIN PAPERS,**  
With Borders To Match.

**HALL'S BOOK STORE.**  
The first of American Newspapers, CHARLES A. DANA, Editor.

**THE SUNDAY SUN.**  
In the Greatest Sunday Newspaper in the World.

**STEAMSHIPS.**  
ALLAN LINE. ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.

Liverpool, Derry, Halifax, and Portland.  
Glasgow via Liverpool and St. John's, N. F., to Halifax.

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**ST. JOHN, N. B.**

**Restores Nervous Energy, Mental Activity, and Muscular Vigor.**

**Re-Vitalizes the Blood, Invigorates the Stomach, and Aids Digestion.**

**HAWKER'S Nerve and Stomach TONIC.**  
SOLE BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.  
50 CENTS A BOTTLE. SIX BOTTLES, \$2.50.  
MANUFACTURED ONLY BY THE  
HAWKER MEDICINE COMPANY, LIMITED,  
ST. JOHN, N. B.

**W. E. SEERY,**  
Merchant Tailor,  
Has Just Received a splendid new stock of

**CLOTHS AND TWEEDS,**  
Spring Overcoating, Suits, and Trousings.

**W. E. SEERY,**  
WILMOT'S AVE.

**HAVING A Farm, A Garden, A Village Lot, A Home in the City or Village or Country**

**AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST,**  
All prepared by thoroughly Experienced, reliable gent men, who know well what they talk and write about.

**AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST,**  
Nine Hundred Engravings in each volume, being clearly to the understanding a great variety of Labor Saving, Labor-Relieving Plans and Contrivances, Illustrations of Animals, Plants, Buildings, etc.

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**A MONTREAL FIRE.**

Macdonald's Tobacco Factory Destroyed.  
And Several Lives Lost.  
W. C. Macdonald's extensive tobacco factory on Ontario street, Montreal, was partially destroyed by fire Thursday evening. The loss will reach \$800,000, on which there is no insurance.

Macdonald is a millionaire, and has given hundreds of thousands of dollars to McGill college. There was mingled with the smoke on the outside, nor any appliances on the inside for the fighting of the fire. Even the windows were guarded by heavy iron screens, presumably to prevent theft on the part of the employees. The fire started at 7 p. m., in the drying yard, and for awhile smouldered. Then suddenly the flames burst out and a most awful panic ensued. There were 900 employees in the building, and more than half of these were women and girls. The shrieks of the women as they beat against the iron window screens, praying the crowd to do something to save them, was most heart-rending. As the flames burst out, three firemen were on the roof, and fully twenty minutes their lives were despaired of till finally ladders were found to bring them down. They were badly burned.

The girls were nearly all on the fourth floor and frantic with fear. With much trouble one of the iron ladders was hooked off, when one of the girls jumped and was almost shattered to pieces when she reached the roof of an adjoining warehouse. In a similar manner others followed to the number of thirty. The ambulances were kept busy carrying the women and girls to the hospital, and some were driven in cabs to their homes. So far one is known to be dead, and several others are believed to be in the ruins.

LATER—From inquiries at the hospitals at a late hour concerning the condition of the girls injured by jumping from the windows of the burning building, it was learned that little hope is entertained for the recovery of at least five. The first girl to make the terrible leap from the fourth story to the warehouse roof was Marie Gagnon, who was picked up in an insensible condition, with her back broken. She cannot live many hours. So far as the firemen have been able to prosecute their search in the ruins, no bodies have yet been discovered. It was nearly midnight before the place could be entered with safety.

The Associated Press correspondent interviewed several of the women who escaped with slight injuries. They say the scene on the fourth floor was beyond description. When the first wild rush on the stairway occurred the passage was so solidly packed that many fainting and fell under the feet of the frenzied crowd. Then they turned to the windows, but the crowd forgot about the window screens, and many of the girls were driven against the cruel obstructions. Death seemed inevitable, until Marie Gagnon found a crevice that yielded to the determined efforts of those who could bring their united force to bear on it. This overtook a broad story window. Without a moment's hesitation the woman leaped into the air and landed on the roof below. Encouraged by her daring and impelled by the smoke and flames, many others followed her example.

FROM RURAL DISTRICTS.  
Zealand Station.  
April 27.—Brewer's mill will resume operations in a few days and will give employment to twenty men during the summer months.  
D. Lewist has just completed a very fine carriage house.  
Nearly all of our young men have gone street driving.  
Some sneak their entry into the residence of Norman Robinson a few nights ago and helped himself to a quantity of cigars.

**A Pointer.**  
ONLY a few days more to the season of Chief-fish, and will hold the grin, death, and the greater portion of the highway road leading from Dart's bridge to Zealand Station to be totally submerged. Every spring this busy thoroughfare has to be abandoned by pedestrians and at the same time makes forcing very dangerous.  
And now the question is where are our councillors.  
Springfield.  
April 15.—The rains of last week have taken off most of the snow and swelled Howland Brook to such an extent that it has overflowed its banks. The bridge is submerged, making crossing on foot impossible. It is possible for teams, however, and Hersey's bus is doing a rushing business fording the stream, the passengers being mostly school children.  
We are glad to see Duncan Reed home and his family. He has spent the winter in the Quebec lumber woods.  
Miss Jennie Reed is spending a week with her sister, Mrs. W. Graham.  
Our scholars are having a holiday today as their teacher is storm caught at her home in Millville.  
Ed. Love has been moving his family and household goods to this place during the past week.  
Lower Hainesville.  
April 23.—The Messrs. Kierstead had held meetings with the holiness brethren here left for us.  
Beverly Elliott is home on a visit from Rumfolds Falls, U. S., with his hand badly jammed.  
Three young ladies have arrived at Weston's. Webb, George Allen's and Coleman Brewster's, and have duly installed as youngest daughters of the house.

**THEY DISAGREE.**

Report of the Prohibition Commissioners Submitted to Parliament.  
Only Dr. McLeod Recommends Prohibition.  
The report of the prohibition commission, which was presented to Parliament Wednesday, is a voluminous document, making nearly 1,500 typewritten pages, apart from the printed evidence. The commissioners summarize their work as follows: The enactment of a prohibitory law for the whole Dominion would, in the opinion of the undersigned, be a measure of a most important, industrial and commercial interest of the country. The effect of the law on the federal, provincial and municipal revenues from the traffic would be to practically wipe them out. In Quebec the wiping out of so large a sum as \$900,000 would prove severely embarrassing of the Scotch Act it can only be remarked that it still remains the law of the country. That it is the nearest approach to a general prohibitive system which has been attempted, and that the act has been repealed in 92 per cent of the counties and cities which originally adopted it, and no new district has put the act in force since 1886. A prohibitory law was enacted in New Brunswick in 1855, put in force in January, 1856, and repealed the same year. The prohibitory system, with permit provisions, which was in force for several years in the Northwest, was abandoned for a license system in 1892. It may be asked if the progress in the states of the United States which have adopted prohibitory laws has been greater than the various Canadian provinces where the law has been what has just been described. The commissioners refer to the information already given and in the evidence submitted by the undersigned to that effect. They believe that it must be answered in the negative by everyone disposed to weigh the facts dispassionately.

**THE NEWS IN QUEENS.**  
White's Cove.  
April 17.—The weather has been mild and springlike; the snow has disappeared from the fields and the farmers are about in season very low, but that Mrs. Avery Morehouse is very low, but that the skillful treatment of Dr. Morehouse, we hope she will soon be able to be her work again.  
Brewer's mill is running full blast under charge of Mr. Smith, who has the good will of all the boys.  
The ice in Grand Lake has moved, and will be out in a few days.  
Mrs. L. P. Farley is visiting friends at Woodstock and Houlton.  
Miss Dora White is visiting at her brother's, C. W. White.  
Miss Jennie Macdonald has charge of the school here, and under her management the pupils are progressing rapidly.  
Bernard Kelly and Arch. Farley are around with the sawing machine cutting up the wood piles.  
The Rev. R. Clements preached to a large audience of people on Sunday evening. The Rev. Mr. Sable of Nova Scotia, presiding at the pulpit at James the same evening.  
FAREWELLS TO DR. PARTRIDGE.  
His Halifax Friends Tenderly Remember Him on His Departure for Fredericton.  
The parishioners of St. George's assembled on Wednesday evening in St. George's hall, to say good bye to Rev. Dr. Partridge, who leaves Friday to take the position of Dean of Fredericton. The Rev. H. H. Pittman, priest in charge, presided, and the hall was crowded to its utmost capacity, the parishioners having turned out en masse to do honor to the retiring rector. Among those present were the Lordship Bishop, Rev. Dr. Partridge, and the Rev. D. H. Gagnon, Ruggles, Cox, Perry, Sotley. His lordship in a few well chosen remarks expressed his very deep regret at the departure of Dr. Partridge, and referred to the help and support he had rendered him and the great loss he would be to the diocese as well as to the community at large. Dean Gilpin followed, and also spoke of the excellent work done by Dr. Partridge not only in the parish, but also in churches in Canada. Rev. D. H. Gagnon likewise expressed his regrets at Dr. Partridge's departure. Addresses were presented from the parishioners, the choir, the children of the Sunday School with suitable moments of their love and esteem. These comprised a very handsome secretary, a study chair, a large picture of the rector, being read by the choir, a study lamp and large drawing lamp. Mrs. Partridge was also presented with a silver sash and an address by the members of the sewing circle. After the presentations the meeting resolved itself into an informal social gathering, refreshments being served and a most enjoyable evening was spent.

At a meeting of the local assembly of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew held Thursday evening at St. George's hall, to say farewell to Rev. Dr. Partridge, the following resolution was adopted by a standing vote: Whereas the Rev. Dr. Partridge has been called to fill a high position in the cathedral of Halifax, and has declined for various reasons to accept the same; Therefore resolved, that the local assembly of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew, do hereby tender to him, with the loss which will sustain through his removal. We have always felt assured of his deep interest in all matters pertaining to the advancement of the brotherhood, and especially of the work done by him two years presidency of this assembly, and realize the great difficulty there will be in filling his place. While expressing our regret at his departure, we cannot, however, help rejoicing that he will be able to help the benefit of his wise counsel and deep learning, and are confident that the brotherhood there will be strengthened by the interest which he will doubtless take in the work. We can only say that his prayers may still be offered for our advancement, while we shall not forget him in his new sphere of work.  
Dr. Partridge, regretting having to sever his connection with the brotherhood in Halifax, but he would continue his interest with the organization in the sister provinces, and has been elected a member of the Nova Scotia members "God speed."

**LITTLE SOLDIERS.**  
The German Emperor's Children Follow Their Salutes With a Ring.  
Sons of a father who prides himself on being a soldier rather than a citizen, who has frequently declared that he would sooner be in history as a great general than as a great ruler, and as a dynasty which owes its origin and its present eminence to the sword, it is only natural that the boys of the Emperor William of Germany should have inherited the military tastes of their ancestors. Every price of their house is in part a soldier, and they have been reminded of this since their earliest infancy. While their training has been essentially military, it has not been permitted in any way to interfere with that softness of heart, that generous impulsiveness, and that ingenuousness which are so endearing in children. And, although they invariably greet their father with the correct military salute, yet this is immediately followed by a thoroughly boyish and loving hug.  
It is an amusing thing to note that the first salute is the very, and the birthday table of every prince of the house of Prussia on that anniversary are always to be found the epaulettes, the sword and the sash of a lieutenant of the first company of a first regiment of the foot guards. As this corps is composed exclusively of the tallest men to be found in the length and breadth of the German Empire, the contrast between the tiny royal lieutenants, their gigantic fellow-officers and soldiers is exceedingly entertaining.

**Nails! Nails!**  
Just received by rail!  
25 KESOR Steel Wire Nails, 45 boxes Home Wires, 15 boxes Steel Wire Nails, 10 boxes Wood Screws, and for sale by  
R. CHRISTNUT & SONS.

**IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.**

**A Good Outlook for the Liberal Candidates.**  
Review of the Situation.  
VICTORIA, B. C., April 22.—When making calculations as to the result of a general election for the Commons the politicians of the east have always put British Columbia down for six Tory members, without any minglings, and up to the present they have not been mistaken. But, from present indications, there will be a very different tale to tell after the next general election. In the first place, we have the new voters' lists, and, instead of a few thousand "old-timers" having the say as to who should represent the province at Ottawa, twenty thousand and more will cast their votes at the next election. Among these new voters are many men from Ontario, Quebec and the Maritime Provinces, principally the latter, who have felt the evils of protection in their old homes, and feel it still more here. Then, there are several thousand young British Columbia men in this city alone who should have had votes at the last elections but were disfranchised. They, almost to a man, are with the Liberal party, and with their young friends from the east, who have had more experience in politics, but could not be more enthusiastic, have formed a Young Men's Liberal Club, the main object of which is to secure the election of William Templeman and Dr. Milne, the Liberal candidates. The young club has held several very interesting meetings, and the other evening elected officers. Hon. A. U. Richards, Q. C., ex-Lieutenant-Governor, was elected Honorary President, and Mayor John Teague, who in a letter to the club said he had never before cast a Liberal vote, but would do so this time, and seek to induce his friends to do so, was chosen as Honorary Vice-President. The other officers of the club represent every class of the community, and with the members are prepared to make a hard fight to redeem Victoria.

**STARTLING DISCOVERY.**  
The Remains of a Hitherto Unknown People Unearthed.  
Great interest is displayed in the revelation made by Mr. W. M. Findlay, a young man in the district between Guelbin and Abyss last year, remains were found of a hitherto unknown race of people whom he is disposed to identify with the Amurites. In one of their towns which he has unearthed, thirty miles north of Tichon, nearly 2000 graves were opened. No single scarab, amulet or other Egyptian relic was found, and the bodies instead of being mummified and stretched at full length, were buried in a sitting posture with knees bent the shoulders and all facing the west. They were a large and powerful people, many of them six feet in height, brown hair, a prominent aquiline nose and big leg development, suggesting that they were mountaineers. Although there is no sign of an alphabet or hieroglyphics they were well advanced in the use of metals and had better and more artistic pottery than the Egyptians, though all hand made, showing that the potter's wheel was unknown to them. This unlooked for appearance of a new race in these graves date from about the seventh dynasty, or 3000 B. C., and these were the people who overran Egypt under the Hyksos, or Shepherd Kings.

**STOLE FROM THE BANK.**  
The National Shoe and Leather Bank Trips up Seely's Brother-in-Law.  
The National Shoe and Leather Bank, of New York has been robbed again. This time it is by a brother-in-law of Seely, who was recently sent to prison for robbing the institution of \$350,000. Samuel E. Aymar was arrested the other night on a charge of stealing \$20,000 on a warrant issued on the complaint of John C. Cole, cashier of the bank. At police headquarters he admitted that he had been stealing from the bank for years. He said he could not tell how much he had stolen. Aymar's home is 506 Halsey street, Brooklyn, only a short distance from Seely's house. He has a wife and two children, a son and a daughter, and is about forty years old. His man's plan was simple. Although a book-keeper, he received deposits. Some of them he kept, and covered up the stealings by false entries. The transaction by which he profited ceased a year ago, but the present bank management says. The bank is, of course, not embarrassed by Aymar's thieving. He was bonded by the Guarantee Company of North America for \$5000. The remaining \$15,000 the bank will make good from a fund of \$50,000 set aside by the new management when it took control, to cover any deficiencies that might be found.

**FERTILIZERS AND POTATO SCABS.**  
The usual acidity of the soil probably tends to check the spread of the scab disease of potatoes, and betrays the known tendency of barnyard manure to increase the trouble is attributed by the Rhode Island station to the neutralizing of the soil salinities, by the alkaline manure. These experiments through two years with air-slaked lime proved that it tended to increase the potato scab, and as wood ashes are also alkaline, they likewise increase the scab. When scabby beets or potatoes are fed uncooked to farm stock, many of the scab germs will pass unharmed through the digestive organs of the animals, and the manure will thus infect the soil. If, however, the soil is very acid, small amounts of yard manure, wood ashes and air-slaked lime will increase the scab but little. On sour soils, lime not only increases the total yield of potatoes but also the proportion of large tubers, so that if only one crop is to be grown, lime will be a benefit, as the effects of scab are not serious the first season. As the potato scab is the only practical drawback to the usually beneficial effect of air-slaked lime and wood ashes on sour soils, it will pay to disinfest the seed by immersing it 1 1/2 hours in corrosive sublimate (bichloride of mercury) to 15 grs. Then spread the seed out to dry, cut and plant as usual. Corrosive sublimate is a fatal poison if taken internally. It also corrodes metallic substances, and the solution should, therefore, be made in wooden vessels.

**DEATH OF REV. MR. MAGGS.**  
Rev. Mr. Maggs, the well known Methodist clergyman, died at the Methodist Parsonage, Sussex, Wednesday evening after a tedious illness of about eight weeks, leaving a wife and seven children, the eldest being the principal of the school in Gagetown. The deceased was in the forty-ninth year of his age, and came to this country from Bristol, England, about twenty-five years ago, and has been stationed at the Nashwag and the City Mission, St. John, and Powell, Margate, Summerside, P. E. I., Annapolis, Sheffield, Gagetown, and lately Sussex, since July last.

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The following are the conclusions arrived at by Rev. Joseph McLeod, who dissenting from the report of the other members of the Royal Temperance Commission, has submitted a report of his own, covering five hundred typewritten pages.  
1. That the House of Commons of the Dominion made a right and wise declaration in relation to the subject when it declared in 1878: "That total prohibition is the right and only effective remedy for the evils of intemperance." That the House of Commons was right in declaring at the same time "That this house is prepared to enact such legislation as soon as public opinion will sustain them in doing so;" and that the House of Commons was well advised in relating from time to time, as already set out in this declaration.  
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**DR. McLEOD'S OBJECTIONS.**  
The following are the conclusions arrived at by Rev. Joseph McLeod, who dissenting from the report of the other members of the Royal Temperance Commission, has submitted a report of his own, covering five hundred typewritten pages.  
1. That the House of Commons of the Dominion made a right and wise declaration in relation to the subject when it declared in 1878: "That total prohibition is the right and only effective remedy for the evils of intemperance." That the House of Commons was right in declaring at the same time "That this house is prepared to enact such legislation as soon as public opinion will sustain them in doing so;" and that the House of Commons was well advised in relating from time to time, as already set out in this declaration.  
2. That all the information which