

100 MEN
Women and Boys are
Wanted
AT ONCE
To work in the Beet
Fields. Apply to
Geo. W. Cowan
SHOE STORE

CURE YOUR THROAT

Radley's Cough Balm is sold on a guarantee. Use half the bottle. If it fails in your particular case to give satisfaction, return the bottle and your money is cheerfully refunded.

First it soothes and then it heals. Use it and you will soon secure comfort.

Radley's Drug Store
King St., Chatham

Posts, Shingles, Barn Lumber, Building Materials

always on hand in large quantities at the yards of

The Blonde Lumber & Manufacturing Co., Limited,
Lumber Dealers and Builders

The Best Music

Can only be obtained from a scientifically constructed instrument. The most modern and advanced principles of construction are adapted in the

Nordheimer Piano
Hence it is the best that can be purchased, whether from a musical or structural standpoint. This is why it is being adopted by all the best musicians.
Write for catalogue and our easy prices and terms.

The Nordheimer Piano and Music Co.,
188 Dundas St., London.

It Pays to

The Best
When girls 1 and 17 years of age can spend 8 or 10 months at THE CANADA BUSINESS COLLEGE (Chatham, Ont.) and immediately after graduation go out and secure positions at \$1 and \$2 per week. We have at the present moment calls for five male stenographers and bookkeepers, where the wages offered are from \$5 to \$9 per month, that we cannot fill, as those prepared are all engaged. Write for catalogue.
D. McLEACHAN & CO., Chatham, Ont.

Lime, Cement and Cut Stone

We keep the best in stock at right prices.
JOHN H. OLDERSHAW
Thames St., Next Police Station.

The Chatham Loan & Savings Co.

Capital \$1,000,000
Money to Lend on Mortgages. Borrowers wishing to erect buildings, purchase property or pay off incumbrances should apply personally and save expenses, secure best rates and other advantages. Money advanced on day of application. Deposits of \$1 and upwards received and interest allowed. Rebate interest payable half yearly.
S. F. GARDINER
Manager.

ABOUT NEW ZEALAND

WELL-PUT CONCLUSIONS OF AMERICAN BUSINESS MAN.

Range of Taxes in England's Twentieth Century Colony—Progressive Cities—Political Life Pure—Its Glorious Climate—Ideal Hotel Life—As Brief of Speech as Spartan—The People Are Agreeable.

Mr. C. V. McFarlan, a well-known Chicago business man, presently living in Auckland, New Zealand, writes from that city as follows:

City taxes in all towns and cities throughout this colony are raised by assessing the annual rentals, less 20 per cent, which deduction is made in order to get at the net value the owner receives. There is no poll tax on the voters, but a Chinaman has to pay £500 before he can land in New Zealand. There is no tax upon personal property, but one on all incomes which exceed \$1,500 per year. Unimproved real estate is assessed at 5 per cent, on the actual value. Auckland has about 70,000 people, including its suburbs. Its imports for 1900 were valued at \$13,300,000, and its exports \$13,400,000, with an inward tonnage aggregating 324,000 tons during the year. The amount of deposits in the savings banks of Auckland totalled \$9,500,000 last year. It is a beautiful and thrifty city. The mineral output of the Auckland district was \$6,000,000 last year.

Wellington, the capital, has spent \$1,500,000 on its drainage, which is taken four miles out in the ocean through the hills, leaving the harbor unpolluted. The schools in Wellington are the finest in New Zealand. Wellington College has students from all parts of New Zealand, Australia and England.

The principal cities throughout New Zealand have their out-of-town recreation grounds, tennis courts, bowling greens and cricket grounds, equal to any in America. Prominent business men are as keen athletes as college students. There are eleven public holidays each year. All women 21 years of age have the same voting power as the men in parliamentary elections, but they cannot stand for a seat in the House of Representatives. There are grammar schools, industrial schools, colleges, universities, institutions for the blind, mission houses, training schools, homes for the aged and infirm, children's homes, and every comfort for the sick and feeble known to modern progress. The colony's art societies, and technical schools, art galleries, public libraries and social clubs compare favorably with any in America.

The policemen in all the cities number but 650, and are appointed and controlled by the Government of New Zealand, and reside in line station-houses. They carry no clubs or shooting-irons, but are neatly uniformed and wear gloves. When an arrest is made there is no dragging the prisoner through the streets to a patrol box, followed by a mob. The policemen here summon a cab at once and take their charge to the police station.

Here is a land where the people are happy, prosperous, ambitious, and yet not given to money grasping, nor narrow. They value the true man and his character above riches. Political life here is far purer and more in accordance with the principles of the Government than that of other countries. The ballot is untrammelled, and the members of Parliament stand on their merits and vote as their conscience and convictions lead them in regard to measures. It is a government for the people, where the laboring man has so much to say that it is, to a great extent, a working man's paradise.

There are no snakes or poisonous reptiles in the colony. The Government will not permit any circus to import or bring any snakes into the land.

New Zealand's greatest attraction is the marvelous climate, the temperature rarely being warmer than 85 degrees, and its beautiful scenery and hot mineral baths. Snow is unknown in the Northern Island. The flowers flourish equally as luxuriously as those of California. Calla lilies grow out of doors in abundance all the year round.

The people travel hundreds of miles to make holiday. Extensive yachting cruises are planned and thousands of yachtsmen go out with their families, taking tents and camping paraphernalia, for a cruise extending from one to two weeks. Even the young boys go in their little sailing boats, and on the beautiful evergreen mountain sides, down close by the water, you can see their snow-white tents, always surmounted with a Union Jack, while put in the innumerable bays are great fleets of yachts riding at anchor.

Cricket matches, golf and tennis championships, and howling tournaments on the greens are the chief sports, all heartily entered into, while trade and friendly societies and church organizations have their regular outings and picnics in the public domains and parks and the country. The Auckland Acclimatization Society's trout hatchery turns out 500,000 trout annually, and 200,000 strong 3-month-old fish and 10,000 yearlings are liberated in the streams within the Auckland and Okoroa districts every year.

The acclimatization societies, under Government regulations, impose a fisherman's license of 10 shillings (\$2.50) per year on all who fish with rod and reel. The restrictions the acclimatization societies have been able to institute are making New Zealand the fisherman's paradise. Red deer, ducks, pheasants, rabbits and wild boar pigs are very plentiful in the ranges.

Hotel life throughout New Zealand would be highly pleasing to all who enjoy comfort and security. Coats, wraps, umbrellas and personal effects may be left anywhere, and no one disturbs them. In the hotels your room door need never be locked. The price in the best hotels per day is from \$2.50 to \$3. This tariff includes not only board and room, but

also tea served in rooms before breakfast, tea at 11 o'clock in the morning and in the afternoon at 4 o'clock, and at night a substantial supper from 9 o'clock to 12. Your shoes are polished morning and evening if desired, newspapers and bathing privileges are supplied free, and you have excellent food and dining service, with no tipping ever asked for or expected.

In New Zealand on Sundays and holidays every fifth man wears a navy blue suit of clothes. Soft caps are worn by men in full evening dress going to the opera. The cut of one's trousers is not allowed to disturb a man's devotion toward sports and out-door fetes; it is not a country where there are four styles in a year. The people seem to be above the fad-epidemic of fashion. They are more of a hospitable, generous, old-fashioned stamp. They all dress well and live well, and believe in full enjoyment of sun and sea air as the best tonic. It cannot be said that drink is New Zealand's vice. Few dissipated faces are to be seen.

New Zealanders always want to make matters as brief as possible, and use the shortest terms or words expressive of what they mean. For instance, "re" is used in writing letters that would otherwise commence "with regard to your favor," and "Memo" is invariably used instead of "memorandum." It takes a little more time to say twenty-five cents than one "bob," as a shilling is termed here. A pound is called a "quid."

They are a kind-hearted, good-natured and, above all, a considerate people. They are not a bit conceited, though they have achieved success commensurate in the highest degree and have built up a government within the past fifty years. Many men are living here now who have helped change the original settlements to cities and great commercial centres, doing business with the entire world. They have built railways and established great commercial industries, making their country a recognized factor among the nations.

The Wanganui River is the Rhine of New Zealand. It is a grand river of rare grace and beauty as it sweeps along on its way to the sea. The Maori houses are dotted about on the mountain sides, while cattle graze on the hillside, and the lowing white clouds kiss the high mountain peaks in view and float on toward the ocean.

Dining cars are attached to all express trains, and a full meal, with hot meats, can be had at what seems a ridiculously low price.

The New Irish Vicar.
The Earl of Dudley, the new Vicar of Ireland, who was sworn in on Saturday, is a young man for the post, only 36 years of age. He was Parliamentary Secretary to the Board of Trade from 1895 to 1900. The Marquis de Fontenay, ex-bishop of London, after a tour of the colonies, he has settled down into a most respectable and hard-working Vicar, most domestic in his tastes. He served in the Yeomanry cavalry in South Africa, is extremely rich, and has large territorial and mineral interests in Worcestershire and Staffordshire, and estates in Jamaica. His transformation may be ascribed to the fact that, after his father's ruin, earned her own living for a while as salesgirl in a modiste's shop in Regent street, London. There she attracted the sympathy and interest of the Duke of Bedford, who virtually adopted her and removed her from the shop and took her into society. Indeed, Rachel Gurney was married to Lord Dudley from the Duke of Bedford, and even went so far as to cause herself to be inscribed in those pages of the various "Peersages" devoted to the Earldom of Dudley as a daughter of the Duke and Duchess of Bedford, no mention at all being made of her real parentage. This created such an unpleasant amount of comment that in the later editions of the "Peersages" issued in the year following her marriage a printed slip was inserted opposite the page bearing her name intimating that she was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Gurney.

Among the many stories told of Mr. Balfour's golfing is one, perhaps so well known as some others. There used to be a famous old worthy on the golf links at North Berwick who invariably carried for the present Minister. One day, when playing in a foursome, Mr. Balfour was followed round the links by a small knot of people. Among the spectators was an individual with what was afterwards described as "an irritating rattle of a cough." He always coughed at a critical moment, and contrived to do it just as Mr. Balfour was about to take a long, critical put. The old caddy, who had longed for the caddy's position, put out his hand and stopped the player. Then, turning to the little group of onlookers, asked, with a great excess of politeness, "Can any of you gentlemen oblige this man with a lube?"

Kitchener's Way.
British public opinion is strongly in favor of keeping Lord Kitchener at home instead of sending him to India. His lordship does not stand so well with the aristocracy, to many members of which he has given offence by refusal to meet their wishes. For instance, says the London correspondent of The Detroit Tribune, there is one great nobleman who desired that his favorite son be sent home from South Africa. So he telegraphed to Kitchener: "Please send my son home at once, urgent family affairs." Kitchener replied: "Your son cannot return at all; urgent military affairs."

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Wm. Wood
See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and so easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LIVER PILLS.
FOR HEADACHE.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SICK HEADACHE.
FOR THE COMPLEXION.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

SEWAGE DISPOSAL.

Provincial Health Officers Visit Bedlin's Farm—Dr. Anyot's Paper on the Subject and Location Thereof.

Just before the close of the annual meeting of the Association of Executive Health Officers of Ontario the members were driven to the Berin sewage farm, which they examined with the utmost thoroughness. Upon returning to the Court House a paper was read to the Association by Dr. Anyot on "Sewage Disposal." Dr. Anyot has been conducting a series of investigations at the Berin farm during the past summer on behalf of the Provincial Board of Health. The experiments have been watched closely by Bedlin's people, as owing to the peculiar situation of the town the question of sewage disposal there is unusually difficult. The rapid growth of the last few years has increased the quantity of sewage, until there is now some half-million gallons a year. This is much stronger than ordinary domestic sewage, as the waste of four large tanneries is included. Some years ago a sewage farm was acquired and it has been in operation since. A septic tank has been installed, but the plant has been found insufficient to meet the situation, and the effluent to the small stream is not pure. Dr. Anyot not only described the experiments being conducted there, but also dealt with the general question of sewage disposal and the process of purification. Dr. Anyot said finally that the reason for the Berlin septic tank has been ineffective in disposing of more than 50 per cent. of the organic matter is that the tank is altogether too small, that, in fact, one tank is being used to do the work of seven or eight, according to the results obtained with septic tanks in other sewage disposal plants.

Mr. Thomas Macfarlane of Ottawa read a paper on the treatment of sewage with manure. He said, he described a moss closet that, he said, completely dries, disinfects and decomposes organic matter, and at the same time preserves its full fertilizing value. The system, he claimed, required little attention, and is very inexpensive.

The discussion of sewage disposal was opened by Mr. Willis Chapman, E.C., who suggested that perhaps after experimenting with many forms of sewage disposal municipalities might return to the broad system which had never been abandoned in favor of septic tanks, etc. To be more fully supplemented by them, in old country plants. He deprecated the parsimony of the average Councilman who feared to lay out enough money to procure a proper plant. To him, the present septic tank expectations of some people in connection with septic tanks, he said that an Alderman looked into a septic tank and said: "I don't believe this tank any good. I can't see a blasted 'twat' thing in it."

How are we going to strike while the iron is hot and coal at ever so many dollars a ton?

Why doesn't some genius come to the front with the fire proof material for pockets in which money won't burn a hole.

A Medicine not A Miracle IRON-OX TABLETS

are not one of the wonders of the world. They are not the discovery of some marvelous man, made in some mysterious land. They do not drive Doctors to despair and Undertakers into insolvency. THEY ARE ONLY A THOROUGHLY HONEST AND GOOD REMEDY FOR CERTAIN COMMON AFFECTIONS which never should be neglected.

An unsurpassed nerve tonic A blood maker and purifier A gentle but effective laxative Not a cathartic

50 Tablets, 25 Cents

How Chamberlain Met Miss Endicott.

When Joseph Chamberlain came over to the United States, one of the objects of his visit was to find out what kind of a girl Miss Mary Endicott's present wife was. His son, Austin Chamberlain, had met her in Europe, fell very much in love with her and asked his father's consent to address her. The old gentleman was somewhat chary of American wives for English gentlemen.

Before giving his consent he concluded to meet the lady in person and investigate herself and family. A night or two after his arrival in this country there was a ball at the British Embassy.

Mr. Endicott, then Mr. Cleveland, Secretary of War, and his daughter were among the guests. Mr. Chamberlain particularly noticed a state and beautiful girl whose undoubted dignity greatly pleased him. The evening he paid her assiduous attention. The next day he called at her father's residence. He soon became satisfied as to the social status of the Endicotts. He finally succumbed to the charm of the fair girl and instead of sanctioning Austin's address of her himself and person of a handsome young stepmother to a prospective future to the waiting young love. Austin Chamberlain accepted the inevitable and said to be respected by devoted to his stepmother—Miss Endicott.

A Glimpse of Carlyle.

Professor Goldies describing his first sight of Thomas Carlyle in a favorite walk as follows: "There was no mistaking the figure already familiar from photograph and engraving with its still vigorous and steady stride, the shoulders only slightly bowed, the long overcoat, the broad-brimmed hat, the hair and beard only grizzled, not white. A vigorous, well preserved, healthy old man, a good touch of color still on each cheek-bone, the teeth (apparently genuine) white and well preserved, in short, by no means the worn dyspeptic I had expected from his own and other accounts, and not by any means looking his years—then eighty-three or thereabouts. Here then, at length was the great teacher before me, my then hero as man of letters. To give him more than ample space to pass, yet to take off one's hat reverently as becomes the student to his most venerated teacher, was instinctive; one did not think of never having been introduced. The salutation was courteously yet absent-minded. I turned with eyes that only looked half into, half beyond my own, and so this liberty of salutation was never repeated. And though meetings in the body frequently took place I never dared to see in any way for the introduction for which I notwithstanding alone, as Old Age and Thought must ever be. Only two or three times have I seen him in company."

Cost of Ocean Speeding.

Much has been said of late regarding the speed of the German Atlantic greyhounds. Not enough, perhaps, has been said regarding the cost of this speed. The latest creation of the North German Lloyd, Kaiser Wilhelm II., is designed to do twenty-four knots an hour at an expenditure of 40,000 indicated horsepower. Our four-star liner, Cosulich, the largest ship in the world, will go seventeen knots with 11,000 horsepower. But, says The Shipping World, The Kaiser Wilhelm will burn 750 tons of coal a day, which is 150 per cent. more than the Cosulich, and she will need 250 men hands to work her. Curiously enough, at her crew of 600 only 600 tons will be ordinary sailors, cooks and other mechanics of various orders—London Telegraph.

Carriage's London Palace.

Andrew Carnegie is to become one of the gables of Park lane, the most fashionable and best priced street in London. He has purchased from the young Duke of Devonshire a plot of ground in South street, leading into Park lane, just beyond the handsome house of J. P. Morgan, Jr. It is said the house will be as much like Fifth avenue, New York, as it is possible for a London house to be and that the cost will be something like \$5,000,000. Mr. Carnegie will have for his immediate neighbors Lord Brassey, the Duke of Devonshire, Lady Henry Somerset, Alfred Beit, the richest man in England, and Mr. Eckstein and J. B. Robinson, two other South African millionaires.

Housecleaning by Air.

The first stationary compressed air cleaning apparatus to be placed in a hotel in the United States, if not in the world, was put in operation in Milwaukee recently, says The Milwaukee Sentinel. The compressor is located in the basement, and from it pipes led to every floor of the building, with places therefor for attaching hose. It is an automatic piece of mechanism, and when in use the air pressure is kept at eighty pounds to the square inch. The air current is sent through the carpets, furniture and bedsteads, driving out all dirt and rendering them sweet and clean.

The Earl of Dudley.
The Earl of Dudley, the new Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland, is an ardent sportsman, a keen golfer, and a great yachtsman and traveler. He takes much interest in polo, and is president of the Hanelagh Club. He has excellent links at Witley, and it is said that he gave the Duchess of Connaught—who is now a good player—her first lessons in the royal and ancient game.

Big Loaves of Bread.

The largest loaves of bread baked in the world are those of France and Italy. The "pope" bread of Italy is baked in loaves two feet or three feet long, while in France the loaves are made in the shape of very long rolls, four or five feet in length, and in many cases 6 feet.

LOSS OF APPETITE

If your stomach is upset or in any way out of order—if food seems distasteful to you—if acidity, burning or fullness of the stomach prevents you from having an appetite—if you wish to eat and eat well—take, before each meal, a wine glassful of

VIN ST. MICHEL

(ST. MICHAEL'S WINE.)
It will create an appetite and restore to the palate that lost relishing taste for food. It will make the digestive organs act naturally and properly digest the food eaten, whether your stomach is in good order or not. No matter if you are young or old, sick or healthy—

VIN ST. MICHEL MAKES YOU EAT

Blue Ribbon Tea is welcome morning noon and night.
Are you drinking it?

Put up Black Mixed & Ceylon Green

Special Sale Of Carpets

Before buying do not fail to see our large stock of Carpets, now selling at cost.

Furniture at Reduced Prices

The McDonald Furniture Co., Opposite Hotel Garner

George Stephens & Douglas

This cut represents our Ten Horse-power Gas or Gasoline Engine

There are hundreds of them in use, and giving satisfaction. They are safe and inexpensive to operate.

For full particulars and information, apply to

George Stephens & Douglas

Hardware and Implement Merchants.

There are great values in Silverware and Cutlery of all kinds, at Geo. Stephens & Douglas.

A WISE IDEA

To get your old carpet manufactured into beautiful durable rugs, at prices that are right. Call and see samples. Factory opposite Piggott & Son's lumber office in J. & J. Oldershaw's block.
THE CHATHAM RUG FACTORY
Phone 85

Trust and Private Funds to Loan

On farm and city property. Terms to suit borrowers. Apply or write to
THOMAS SOULARD
Room 24, Victoria Block.