ally regard the Established Church with respect and veneration; though they smile at her lofty pretensions, her unsocial exclusiveness, and her clerical foppery, and deplore her tendency towards Romanism, yet they admire her noble liturgy, and her godly labours, and distinguishing between uses and abuses, they regard her as a pillar of truth, a support of the State, and a barrier against the floods of ungodliness, and deem her disendowment as an act unjust and unsafe, both politically and religiously. Though in the contests between these opposing parties Wesleyans are neutral, yet if compelled to act on either side, they choose, I believe, that of the church.

Still they say we bid good men God-speed, we let bad men alone, feeling that we have a higher calling than to contend with any man; namely, to preach Scriptural holiness to all.

A wise policy, such as that of the Papacy towards Ignatius Loyola, might have made John Wesley one of the most powerful auxiliaries and strongest supports of the Establishment. As it was, his followers, constrained to go out from her bosom, formed an independent yet not a hostile organization.

Her language is, "Let us ourselves remember and endeavour to impress on our people, that we, as a body, do not exist for the purposes of party; and that we are especially bound by the example of our founder, by the original principle on which our societies are formed, and by our constant professions before the world, to avoid a narrow, bigoted and sectarian spirit, to abstain from needless and unprofitable disputes on minor subjects of theological controversy, and so far as we innocently can, to please all men for their good to edification. Let us, therefore, maintain toward all denominations of Christians who 'hold the Head,' the kind and catholic spirit of primitive Methodism; and, according to the noble maxim of our fathers in the Gospel, 'be the friends of all, the enemies of none.'"

E. THOMPSON.

M. Edmond About on Protestants.

M. About has a feuilleton in the *Opinion Nationale*, devoted in the present number to the Protestants of Alsace. He says, ironically:—

I had every reason to suppose that the Protestants of Alsace, being rebels, trampled under foot the laws of the Empire, refused to pay taxes, evaded military service, set at nought morality, and pilfered other men's goods. For, in point of fact, a sect which is destined to certain damnation would be very silly if it were to deny itself any possible enjoyment in this present world. But the things I have heard here completely astonish me. I have been assured by a Catholic policeman that the Emperor has no more devoted, more peaceable, or more irreproachable subjects, than these cursed heretics. A Catholic officer swears to me that his best soldiers are Protestants. I learn from a Catholic tax-gatherer that the Protestants not only pay their taxes regularly, but that many of them make it a point of paying all their contributions for the year on New Year's-day. A Catholic Superintendent of Woods and Forests declares to me that in a canton of which three-fourths of the inhabitants are Protestants, ninety-three per cent of the offences against the forest laws are committed by Catholics. I could not believe my ears. 'But, gentlemen,' I exclaimed, with all the authority of the true faith, "it is most certain that Catholics are more enlightened than Protestants, since their light comes from on high." They civilly answered me that I was altogether in error; that the heretic youth of this district was better educated than our own, and for this reason that the Protestant Ministers were able and zealous men, who threw their whole souls into their work; while, on the other hand, the good Catholic priests of Alsace knew nothing more than how to say mass and curse Protestants. They further told me that the Protestants are the best farmers, and their dwellings are the neatest and cleanest, that they are the best men of business, and make fortunes more frequently than Catholics. They showed me Protestant villages in a state of the highest prosperity, lands yielding rich harvests, and flourishing manufactures—such, for example, as those of M. Goldenberg and M. Schatenman. They showed me Catholic hamlets, and even towns, in which idleness, drunkenness, and misery, enjoyed a fraternal reign, notwithstanding that all the women attended mass every day, and that the men kept more than a hundred saints' days in a year. "You see," said a heretic to me, "that the influence of Rome is felt afar off. It may be compared to the sirocco, which blows across the deserts of Africa and throws us upon our backs at Strasburg. It is a happy thing for us that we have found a shelter against the blast from Rome. And remember this that if our kings of the sixteenth century had allowed France to become altogether Protestant, it would at this time of day have become infinitely more rich and more moral than it is." This hypothesis so shocked my Catholic pride that I exclaimed to the Protestant: "Sir, what you have just said appears to me '*a monument of hypocrisy, and an ignoble tissue of contradictions.*' In this way I shut him up. For, between ourselves, his arguments were not easy to refute, and when you do not feel yourself able to answer a man, the shortest way out of the difficulty is *to insult him.*

General Intelligence.

Colonial.

New Brunswick.

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.—A number of bills of a local character have passed the House during the past week. A bill relating to marriage and divorce has been referred to a select committee. Mr. Tapley has been appointed chairman of the railway committee. A bill has been introduced to increase the jurisdiction of Justices in civil suits. A joint address to the Imperial Government to secure the admission of wood goods into France under the new treaty, has been unanimously agreed to by both Houses. The Provincial Secretary, in reply to Mr. Kerr, intimated that the Government would appropriate £2000 to enable the Agricultural Board to purchase stock in England and the United States, provided the proceeds of the sale are paid into the treasury. The Board required £2,500, and an effort was made to obtain that amount but without success. A bill to establish a decimal currency in the province, was brought in on Saturday, and after some discussion, progress was reported to allow time for its publication in the city papers. The Victoria Bridge bill was agreed to on Monday, with certain amendments. A bill to amend the revenue act was also agreed to; it changes the currency in accordance with the new decimal system, and takes away the power given to the Govenor to admit by proclamation, the goods of the United States and the West Indies duty free, on those countries reciprocating. Mr Cudlip has declined to serve on the railway committee. A bill to amend the medical act was before the House yesterday, and the first section of it passed. Mr. Cudlip moved an amendment to the second section, which distinctly recognizes the equal rights of homœpathist and allopathist practitioners. Progress was reported. A motion of the Provincial Secretary to go into supply, was deferred until report of the committee on public accounts was received, and some further information furnished the House.—*Church Witness.*

We have received a copy of the Fourth Annual Report of the Postmaster General (the Hon. Charles Connell) for the year ending on the 31st October last. It contains a large amount of valuable information, and shows very clearly that Mr. Connell is zealously discharging the duties of his office. The number of letters which passed by mail within the Province during the year is estimated at 580,000, newspapers, 1,580,000. The gross postage collected was £10,185 15s. 6d., and the expenditure £15,269,. 0s. 6d.—£7,200 of this amount being for the conveyance of mails.—*Ib*

Canada.

In Montreal, the greatest anxiety prevailed on the subject of the wreck. The first despatch was read aloud in the Exchange by Mr. Holton to an excited crowd. Of Wednesday, one of the journals of yesterday morning says:—

"Yesterday was the saddest day that has dawned on Canada for many a year. The morning telegraph has brought the confirmation of the news of the loss of the *Hungarian*, with the terrible addition that, of her passengers and crew, not one soul was known to be saved. The excitement in the streets and public places was very great; men gathered in little knots to discuss the calamity, to tell and to receive news of the supposed passengers; to lament over the private deprivation, and the still greater public loss.

"A universal wail went up from the whole community at the repetition of disasters so unprecedented in the annals of Ocean Steam Navigation, in which no man could fail to recognise a blow to a great Canadian enterprise which it can scarcely recover."

OPENING OF CANADIAN PARLIAMENT.—Quebec, Feb. 28th.—Parliament opened at 3 o'clock to day, with the usual ceremonies. The Governor's Speech announces that a reply has been received from the Queen to an invitation of the last session, stating that the Prince of Wales may be expected to visit Canada the coming summer; refers to the satisfactory arrangements for the transmission of the European and Canadian mails by the Canadian steamers; speaks of the settlement of the boundary line between Upper and Lower Canada; of the consolidation of the municipal law of Lower Canada; congratulates Parliament on the issue of the consolidated statutes of Canada; calls attention to the law of debtor and creditor, and to the present system of currency and banking rates, with a view to further legislation; also to the administration of the Crown Lands; congratulates the House on having surmounted all financial difficulties; says papers will be laid before the House with reference to the consolidation of the public debt, and the recent success of the Minister of Finance in attaining this object; says commercial depression has diminished credit, but impresses on the government the necessity of strict economy; finds a subject of congratulation in the bountiful harvest of last season, and the present signs of a revival of commerce; trusts that the marks of returning prosperity may continue to increase, and law and order be maintained; and rejoices that few subjects of a broad and important character remain, requiring immediate legislation.

Newfoundland.

SOIREE IN CONNECTION WITH THE YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—This Soiree came off on Tuesday evening, in the spacious Lecture Room of the Congregational Church, which was well filled by a highly respectable assemblage of ladies and gentleman of various denominations of the Christian Church. A plentiful repast of tea, cakes, &c., was provided for the occasion, to which justice was done by all present. The chair was occupied by the Revd. M. Harvey, President of the Association, who in his opening address briefly related the origin and history of "Young Men's Christian Association," and showed their advantages to young men and their claims upon the community. The meeting was afterwards addressed by the Revds J. Winterbotham and D. MacRae, Messrs Marriott, Bemister, March, and some others. Much regret was felt and expressed at the absence of the Rev. C. Pedley, owing to continued indisposition. The proceedings were much enlivened by the singing, at interva's, of several Psalms, Hymns, &c., in an admirable manner, by a choir, young ladies and gentleman, several of the latter being members of the Association. Towards the close the National Anthem was sung with much effect.

The proceedings throughout were conducted with much harmony and good feeling, and the arrangements were all that could be wished. We must not omit to state that the room was tastefully decorated with evergreens and artificial flowers, by the Committee, aided by some of their lady friends.—*Newfoundland Express.*

United States.

HOW THEY HOLD COURT IN UTAH.—Indian Agent Humphrey, who has some fifteen thousand Indians under his care in Utah, some sixty miles from Salt Lake City, thus describes, in a letter to a friend in Lafayette, the imposing opening of a United States Court by our government officials:

The most imposing scene I have witnessed since my arrival here was the opening of the United States Court at Nephi, by his Honor, Chief Justice Eckels. Just imagine you see him ascending the judicial rostrum, with his usual amount of dignity, with a large Colt's revolver hung to his side, and take his seat.—Then the Marshal, P. K. Dalson, a long, dark-complexioned Virginian arose, with two revolvers swung to his side, and calls Court in the usual form, 'Hear ye! hear ye!' do. Then John E. Risley, a good looking young man, formerly of Sullivan county, Clerk of the Court, arises armed in the same style, and reads the minutes. The Court then calls the list of Attorneys; each, armed as before stated, arises and answers to his name. The jury are then called, every one of whom comes in with a revolver swinging to his side, and in this condition are instructed and sent to their room.

And after all this, their Court is a perfect farce, and their trials, but mockery of justice. The fault, however, is not in the officers of the Court, for they are faithful and fearless in the discharge of their duties. But the difficulty rests here; the jurors, the criminals and witnesses are all Mormons, and for this reason it is impossible to enforce the law. The truth is Brigham Young's word is law, and it is nonsense to undertake to do anything to the contrary.

Latest from Europe.

The Steamship *America* arrived from Liverpool on Monday morning. There is little intelligence beyond what will be found in our English letter. Latest telegrams are as follows:

FRANCE.—The Paris correspondent of the *Times* says that the difficulty with Rome still stands as it did months ago. The real difficulty lies in the persistent refusal of the Court of Rome to make any concession, to listen to any proposal, or to accept any compromise.

The *Herald's* correspondent states that the report of improved relations between the Pope and the Emperor is utterly untrue.

The Minister of Commerce, in reply to demands for preliminary inquiry respecting alterations in the customs tariff, shows that the Emperor had enlightened himself by consulting competent persons, and adds that "the new duties will not be definitely decided upon until after an enquiry, in which your opinions will be heard. Resume, therefore, your confidence, and be convinced that French industry, protected within just limits, is able to compete successfully with foreign producers"

ROME, Tuesday, Feb. 21.—An extraordinary commission of ten cardinals has been appointed to deliberate upon a reply to M. Thouvenel's despatch. Letters affirm that the Pope has received a communication from the King of Sardinia, demonstrating the impossibility of the retention of the Umbrian Marches by the Holy See, and proposing a treaty for their cession.—The negative reply of his holiness was couched in the strongest terms. The Pope declares himself ready to meet all emergencies.

CENTRAL ITALY.—MILAN, Friday, Feb. 24.—The King received to day a deputation of the Milanese clergy who presented an address to his Majesty. The King expressed satifaction with the sentiments in the address, and added that "at the moment political parties are endeavouring to disturb the conscience under the pretence that the temporal power of the Pope is endangered, I am pleased to receive the expression of the sentiments of the Milanese, which are just and prudent, and worthy of their ancient reputation. The clergy agree with me in acknowledging that it is of high importance that the spiritual authority does not interfere in political questions.

THE WAR IN MOROCCO.—Morocco news is to the 18th of February. The Moorish loss in the action of the 4th is estimated at 1000. Upon the defeat of the Moors the Arabs committed great excesses, and could not be restrained although sixteen were put to death on the spot.—Muley Abbas, with his defeated force was half way between Tetuan Tangiers. A steamer, freighted with bayonets, was seized and taken to Algesiras.

In the last battle the Spanish took 800 tents, several cannon, and effects. The Moors are described as savages, with bad arms, no artillery, and inefficient generals.

A PRINCE WORTH HAVING.—The *Times* publishes a letter from Athens, giving a beautiful incident in the recent visit of Prince Alfred to the King and Queen of Greece. The celebration of the Olympic Games (revived in December last, for the first time since the days of their suppression through the influence of Christianity), happened to be under way the very moment when the Prince reached Athens. Hearing of his unexpected arrival, the Committee of Management deferred the horse-race in the hippodrome—one of the most important parts of the festive occasion—from Monday until the succeeding Sunday, so that he might grace it with his presence. "But the son of the Queen of England had received a different education from the gentleman of the Committee, and answered positively and emphatically that 'he could not be present at the race on the holy day of the Lord,' and the Committee postponed it anew until the next Tuesday, when it took place." One of the Athenian papers mentions this circumstance under the heading of "A fine but useless Lesson," and adds that, with singular disregard for the wholesome instruction they might have drawn from Prince Alfred's reply, the Committee appointed the *foot-race* for a succeeding Sunday!

Well done for Prince Alfred! If in the course of time and the Providence of God he should come to the throne of Eng and, we trust that he will set as good an example.—*N. Y. Observer.*

Periodicals Received.

THE ECLECTIC MAGAZINE of Foreign Literature published by Mr. H. Bidwell, New York, and sold at Halifax by Mr. FULLER, has lately come to us with great regularity. The number for February contains engravings from portraits of Her Majesty the Queen and the Duke of Wellington: The ablest articles of the best British Reviews have been transferred to the pages of this Magazine.

BLACKWOOD for February has also been received and contains more than the usual quantum of really useful as well as interesting matter.

☞ The second Annual Report of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb has been received. Year by year the Institution increases in usefulness, and secures to itself larger means for conducting its operations. The report of the Secretary this year is very encouraging; that of the Principal is highly satisfactory; and the specimens of pupils composition forming an appendix to this pamphlet will prove an attractive portion of its contents.

In the year 1859, twenty-one male and thirteen female pupils attended the school.

THE LEGISLATURE resumed business on Monday. The Honorables the Attorney General, Provincial Secretary, and Financial Secretary, having all been returned by large majorities, took the oaths and their seats. The time thus far has we believe been chiefly occupied in forming Committees.

Wesleyan Conference Office.

LETTERS AND MONIES RECEIVED SINCE OUR LAST.

[The current volume is from No. 521 to 573].

Henry Henritcy (10s. for P.W.), Rev. J. B. Brownell (4s. 2d for P W. for Mr. Geo. Coles, 3s 4d. for ditto in adv for Capt. S. Maloney, new sub.—1s. 8d. for B.R.—price of A C. 6s 3d, Judson's Life ditto), John S. Smith (20s. for P.W.), Wm. Layton (5s for P W.), Rev. W. McCarty (No 1 Catechism 1s. per doz, No. 2, 3s. 6d.—tickets sent), Rev. E. Botterell (shall receive due consideration), Rev. T. M. Albrighton, Rev. W. Smithson (5s. for B R—55s. for P.W., for S. Sheffield 20s, R West 10s, William Baxter 5s., Andrew Weather 10s., Charles Northup 10s), Rev. F. W. Moore (20s. for P.W., for George Scott 5s., Jacob Mann 5s., S. Armstrong 10s), Rev. T. W. Smith (16s. 3d. for P.W., Alex. Porter 10s., E. Smith 6s. 3d.—3s. 9d. for B R—*that* has not been sent — that book is out of print — there ought to be no postage charged on Magazines in N B. now, the P. M. G. has remitted this), Rev. Jos. Hart (140s. for B R), Rev. G. S. Milligan (60s. for P W., for Jas. Downing 10s., Elijah Langill 10s., Simon Mattatal 10s., Thos Swan 10s., Jno. Hynds 20s.—the former 60s. was duly rec'd. viz: 15s. for B R —45s. for P.W., for S. Burns 5s., G. Johnston 10s., O. Langill 10s., E. McLeod 10s., A Shearer 10s), Rev J. S. Addy (15s for P.W., for Geo. Craig 10s. D. Richards 5s), Rev. R. Tweedy, Thomas Crow (20s. for P.W.)

No medical preparation has ever been introduced to the public, which has realized such marked success as Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer. Where the Pain Killer has been offered for sale during a long term of years, and where its virtues are known and appreciated, it will be sure to restrain its enviable popularity; and that its sale will continue to increase as it finds its way to new markets, no intelligent person can doubt.

☞ We call the attention of our readers to the advertisement in another column to the following Testimonials: Further particulars given and orders received at the Wesleyan Book Room:—

From Geo Washbourne Morgan, Organist of Grace Church and Middle Dutch Reformed Church.

UNIVERSITY BUILDING, N. Y. July 10, 1858

Gentlemen,—The near approach to the *Pipe or Organ* tone attained by Messrs. S D & H W. Smith, in the voicing of their Melodeons, united with their prompt and reliable action, entitles them to the *first rank* among this class of instruments. I cheerfully recommend them to purchasers either for *Parlor, Hall, or Chapel* use.

GEO. WASHBOURNE MORGAN

From B. F. Baker, Professor in the Boston Musica Institute, Author, &c., &c., and Director of Music at the South Congregational Church.

BOSTON, Nov. 19th, 1857.

Gentlemen,—I confess to have entertained a prejudiece against Melodeons before having heard your instruments. But, by your new method of voicing, the monotonous, droning, buzzing sound, has been entirely cured, and in place of it a pure organ like tone substituted. The action is prompt, and the tuning is really perfect. If your Melodeons receive the patronage they merit, they must come into very general use.

With regard, truly yours,

B. F. BAKER

Messrs. S. D. & H. W. SMITH. 511 Washington Stre Boston.

From Rev. L. Smith.

HONOLULU, SANDWICH ISLANDS, Aug. 25 1856

Gentlemen,—I am happy to inform you that the Melodeon which you forwarded to my address remains "in good order and condition. We use it in our house of public worship, and every much pleased with it. The tones are very pleasant, much like those of an organ; and we do not regret the cost and charges of this coadjutor to aid us in singing praise to the Lord in his sanctuary. I shall take much pleasure in advising clergymen, as well as my friends and neighbors, to forward their orders for Melodeons whether to be used in churches or private parlors to you. Believe me, gentlemen,

Most truly yours, L. SMITH

Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been the means of restoring the drooping spirits of many mothers.

Commercial.

Halifax Markets

Corrected for the "Provincial Wesleyan" up to 10 o'clock, A. M. Wednesday, March 14.

Bread, Navy, per cwt.	17s 6d a 21s 5d
" Pilot, per bbl.	16s a 18s 9d
Beef, Prime Ca.	40s
" " Am	42s 6d
Butter, Canada,	10d a 1s
" N. S. per lb.	10d a 1s
Coffee, Laguyra, "	8½d a 9d
" Jamaica, "	9d
Flour. Am. sfi. per bbl.	30s g 32s 6d
" Can. sfi. "	32s 6d
" State. "	31s 3d a 32s 6d
" Rye "	25s -
Cornmeal "	22s 6d a 23s 9d
Indian Corn, per bush.	5s 6d
Molasses, Mus. per gal.	1s 6½d
" Clayed, "	1s 5d
Pork, prime, per bbl.	$16
" mess "	$19½
Sugar, Bright P. R.	45s
" Cuba	40s
Bar Iron, com. per cwt.	17s 6d
" refined "	15s 6d
Hoop "	20s
Sheet "	22s 6d
Nails, cut per keg	17s 6d a 22s 6d
" wrought per lb.	3½d a 6d
Leather, sole "	1s 4d a 1s 6d
Codfish, large	20s
" small	15s
Salmon, No. 1,	$20 a 20½
" 2,	19 a 19½
" 3,	16
Mackerel, No. 1,	18
" 2,	11 a 12
" 3,	6½ a 6¾
" " mess.	4½ a 5
Herrings No 1,	20s
Alewives,	20s
Haddock,	10s 6d a 11s
Coal, Sydney, per chal.	27s 6d
Firewood, per cord,	16s

Prices at the Farmers' Market, corrected up to 10 o'clock, A. M. Wednesday, March 14.

Oats, per bushel	2s
Oatmeal, per cwt.	13s
Fresh Beef, per cwt.	30s a 40s
Bacon, per lb.	6½d a 7d
Cheese, "	6½d a 7d
Calf-skins, "	7d
Yarn, "	2s 6d
Butter, fresh "	1s
Lamb, "	3½d a 4½d
Veal, "	3d a 4d
Turkey, "	8d
Ducks,	2s 6d a 2s 9d
Chickens,	2s a 2s 3d
Potatoes, per bushel	2s 6d
Eggs, per dozen	1s
Homespun Cloth (wool) per yard,	2s 6d
Do. (cotton and wool) "	1s 9d
Hay, per ton	£5 10s. a £6

WILLIAM NEWCOMB,
Clerk of Market.

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.—It is believed that there is no remedial agent before the public which has so rarely failed to give satisfaction as Ayer's Pills, prepared by Dr. Ayer, the well-known Chemist of Lowell, Mass. They are now in constant use in almost every town and village in *the old as well as in the new world*, and the reputation they have won is *unprecedented in the annals of medicine.* The secret of their success lies in the fact that the powerful *vegetable* substances of which they are wholly composed, are skilfully combined, the proportion of each adjusted by experiment and study, those substances in this combination being *powerful to cure those diseases which require a purgative medicine.* See advertisement in another column.

MORTON & COGSWELL, Agents, Halifax
Jan 11. 3m.

PERIODICALS FOR THE NEW-YEAR.

Cassell's Illustrated Almanack, 1860, 6d sterling
Illustrated London Almanac in colors
Morton's Free Counting-House Almanac
The Child's Educator, No 1
The Lady's Treasury, Paris and Volumes
Book of Household Mangement
Everybody's Journal—with all the popular London Journals may be had at the News Agency of G. E MORTON & Co., Halifax.

FOUSEL'S PANCLUM VITÆ !—This valuable compound was prepared by an eminent physician in France, and brought to its present state of perfection and usefulness after years of toil and research. It has been used in many of the prominent hospitals and received the approval of the most celebrated physicians abroad. No father should be without it, as many valuable lives may be saved by its timely use. For Consumptions, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Bleeding at the Lungs, and other Pulmonary Complaints, it is without a rival, and has every where met with distinguished success. It takes pre-eminent rank from its purity, its pleasant taste, and the smallness of the dose.

Patients who have not too long neglected their diseased pulmonary organs, may rest assured that the use of this medicine, when accompanied by careful attention to the easy directions, will effect a permanent cure

G. E. MORTON & CO. Sole Agents.

DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.—No medicine is more prompt in its action in case of Cholera, Cholera Morbus, &c., than Perry Davis' Pain Killer. It is the acknowledged antidote which seldom fails if applied in its early symptoms. No family should be without a bottle of it always on hand.

The stain on linen from the use of Pain Killer is easily removed by washing it in alcohol.

Davis' Pain Killer seems particularly efficacious in cholera morbus, bowel complaints, and other diseases to which the native of Burmah, from there unwhole one style of living are peculiary exposed. It is a valuable antidote to the poison of Centipedes, Scorpions, hornets, c

Rev. J Benjamin, late Missionary in Burmah. Sold by all druggists and all dealers in family medicines.

March 7 2 w.

ROMAN EYE BALSAM.—For Weak and inflamed Eyes,—Read the following testimony:

BINGHAMTON, January 7th, 1854.

Messrs. A. B & D. Sands—Gentleman: Your Roman Eye Balsam which I was recommended to use for my daughter's eyes, has acted on them like a charm. Her eyes, which had for several months, been very much swollen and inflamed, after a few weeks use of the Balsam, were perfectly cured and well as ever

Yours truly, M FOLEY

Prepared and sold by A. B. & D. SANDS, Druggists, 100 Fulton street, New York.—Sold also by G. E Morton & Co, Halifax.

During the conflagration of Canton caused by the bombardment of the British, the extensive medical warehouse of our countryman Dr. J. C AYER of Lowell (the depot of his Cherry Pectoral and Cathartic Pills, for China) was totally destroyed. He now makes a demand upon our government for indemnity from the loss of his property, and hence will grow another nut to crack with our oldest brother Johnny. Stick to it Doctor; and if our Government maintains our rights wherever your Pills are sold, we shall only be unprotected on tracts that are very barren.—[Reformer, Trenton, N. J.

March 14 4w.

Holloway's Pills and Ointment—Villany at work.—As a precaution against being poisoned by vile counterfeits of these renowned preparations, see that on every leaf of the books of directions enclosing the boxes and pots, the words, "Holloway, New York and London," are impressed in the form of a water mark, distinguishable when the paper is held up to light. The aggregate of cures of indigestion, bowel complaint, fever and ague, remittent fever, eruptions ulcers, contusions, rheumatism, etc., achieved by these preparations during 1857, exceeds by one hundred per cent. that of any former year. The demand in this country has increased enormously during the same period.

MARBLE WORKS.

Monuments Grave Stones, Chimney Pieces Table and Counter Tops, Wash Boul Slabs Brackets Shelfs, &c. &

In the most approved styles, and reduced prices.

☞ ALSO—A choice collection of designs on hand for inspection.

Articles in above line sent by Rail Road without ny extra charge.

Spring Garden Road,
Near Queen Street.

January 18. 1y. J. H. MURPHY.

Marriages.

At Cape Tormentine, March 1st, by Rev. J. Snowball, Mr. Richard DOBSON, to Miss MARIA, daughter of Mr. Wm. Allen

By the same, and on the same day, Mr George COLPITTS to Miss MARY ISABELLA, eldest daughter of Mr Wm. Trenholm, of Point de Bute

At Falmouth, on the 3rd inst., by the Rev C Stewart, Mr. Elisha PORTER, to Miss Mercy AKINS, both of Falmouth.

On the 23rd Feby, by the Rev. J. S Addy, at White Point, Mr. John T. NICKERSON, of Bristol, to Miss Mary S. WEST, of White Point.

On the 10th inst, at Kempt Cottage, by Rev. Chas. Churchill, A M., Mr Jonathan SHOWERS, to Miss Mary McDULL, both of this city.

At Burrswa, on the 28th Feby., by the Rev. George S. Milligan, A. M, Mr. George LANGILL, of Point Bruley, to Miss Arabella MALAR, of Burrswa.

On the 7th inst, at Cornwallis, by the Rev. John Storrs, ROBERT WILLIAM, eldest son of Richard Starr, Esq, to SARAH ELIZABETH, eldest daughter of Mr. C. H. Belcher.

At Charlottetown, on the 15th ult. by Rev. George Sutherland, the Rev. Donald McNEIL, Free Church, Woodville, to Miss Mary SUTHERLAND, of New Glasgow, N.S.

At St. George's, Bermuda, Decr 22nd, by Rev W. T Cardy, Mr. Joseph M HAYWARD, to ISABELLA MARIA, daughter of the late James Till, Esq.

Deaths.

At Gaberouse Bay, Cape Breton, on the 23rd Feby AMELIA, wife of Mr. John Stacy, aged 20 years—"Blessed are the dead that die in the Lord"

At Falmouth, on the 21st ult, of Diphtheria, GEORGE FRANCIS, son of Wm and Hannah BURNHAM, aged 10 years

At Earltown, on the 23rd Jany, John HYSLOP, aged 36 years, leaving a widow and two children to mourn their irreparable loss. In life he was highly respected, and in death he is sincerely and deeply regretted. "The memory of the just is blessed"

Suddenly, on the 10th inst, Mr. James HUNT, formerly Drum Major of H. M. 38th Regiment, aged 49 years.

On the 9th inst, Mrs. Ruth STUCKEY, in the 69th year of her age.

At Cornwallis, JOHN, son of Wm. H. Armstrong, Oromocoo, N. B.

On the 9th inst., MARGARET, widow of the late Alex Wilson, in the 44th year of her age

At Falmouth, ELIZABETH, relict of the late Gould Northup, aged 95 years.

Shipping News.

PORT OF HALIFAX.

ARRIVED

THURSDAY, Mrach 8.

Schr Brilliant Star, Smith, LaHave.

FRIDAY, March 9.

Steamer Europa, Leitch, Boston.

SATURDAY, March.

Brigt Billow, Salter, New York.
Schrs Syrvia Young, Lunenburg.
Lunenburg Pekt, Westhaver, do.

SUNDAY, March 11.

Steamer America, Miller, Liverpool.
Brigs America, Ryan, Boston.
Victoria, Ellinger, Trinidad.

MONDAY, March 12.

Brigt Boston, O'Brien, Boston

TUESDAY, March 13.

Schrs Telegraph, McNab, Newfd.
Medway Belle, Morine, Port Medway.

CLEARED.

March 5.—Barque Norval, Trefry, Liverpool; brig Velocity, Robinson, F W Indies; brigt Golden Rule, Patterson, P rto Rico; schrs Eleanor, Fanning, do; Luna O'Bryan, New York; Meteor, Nicholson, Boston

March 12—Oasis, Murphy, F W Indies; Wentworth, Davidson, New York.

MEMORANDA

Cork, Feb 15—Arrd Medium, Halifax.
Gravesend, Feb 23—Arrd H B Porter, Gowan, Parrsborough.
Ship Peerless, hence for Liverpool, had arrived at St Thomas, was re ported
Antwerp, Feb 13—Barque Saxon, Crosan, to sail for Boston 1st March.

RUBBERS! RUBBERS!!

AT THE

English & American Shoe Store.
GOREHAM & RICKARDS,

Have just received a large assortment of

Womens' Rubber Shoes,

Which they offer at

1s. 9d. per pair!

WHOLESALE & RETAIL
15 *DUKE STREET,*
One door below Dechiseau & Crow's.

Jan. 18.

CHEAP DRESSES,

—AND—

Dress Goods.

COMMERCE HOUSE,
No 40 Barrington Street,

WE have received per steamship, a lot of Sewed Muslin Goods, of very superior quality and new patterns in

Cambric and Muslin Collars,
Do do Sleeves,
Do do Setts Collars and Sleeves,
and other Needle Work

☞ Purchased as a Job Lot at a Large Discount, and now offered at one-half the usual cost.

Also—Chenille Head Dresses and Nets,
Fancy Brass Lawn Hkfs, and other Fancy Goods, at reduced prices

December 21. R. McMURRAY & CO.

PERFUME LAMPS,

A Handsome Parlor Ornament, diffusing a delicate odour through a room

Chemical Cabinets—10s to 12s 6d each, for the instructive amusement of youth.

Turco Sponge Gloves; 9d per pair, an excellent substitute for the sponge.

Cachou Aromatise; or, Smokers' Pills, 7½d and 9d per box; for removing offensive smell from the breath

Indelible Marking Ink; without preparation, 7½d and 1s 3d each; do. do. crimson with linen stretcher, a most convenient article, 1s 3d each do. do. with preparation in cases, 2s each, the old kind,—warranted good.

Pastiles; 4d a doz. and in boxes, 1s 3d; also Pastile Papers.

Respirators; invaluable for preventing cough &c.

Court Plaster; ten or twelve kinds.

Flesh Gloves, Belts, and Brushes.

Chamois Leathers.

India Rubber Gum Rings, and a good assortment of other India Rubber articles.

Ivory Gum Rings.

Smelling Bottles; from 7½d to 12s 6d each

Sponge—Turkey, Honey Comb, Carriage, and Bathing

Pomatums & Hair Preparations; Combs and Brushes, in great variety. For sale by

BROWN, BROTHERS & CO,
Successors to John Naylor,
25 Granville Street.

Feb 29

Valuable Property

FOR SALE.

CONSISTING of a new Building 30x40 feet, 2 stories high containing 1 Gray & Wods Frame, 1 Sash Sticking Machine of the best kind, which will stick various mouldings in the most perfect and expeditious manner, plane picketing, clap boards, &c; 1 Power, and 1 Foot Mortising Machine, 2 Boring Machines, 2 Lathes with fixtures for turning and boring Iron, and the Elliot Lathe which will turn 100 pieces of Chair stuff in an hour, 2 Tenon ng Machines Jig saw Circular Saw, &c

The Machine is propelled by a powerful Iron Water Wheel resting on an Iron Spider, the Shafts, Gear, Gate Slide &c, are Iron—the foundation is Rock the Dam stone and the whole establishment has been got up in the most thorough manner, and is calculated to be very durable and serviceable

There is also a Cutting Machine which has done a good business the past season. The stream is good—being a branch of the Ayle fond river—the Machinery in operation, and well calculated to do a profitable business. In connection with the above Property is a Lumber Shed, small House and barn young orchard of Grafted Fruit, &c. There is an establishment 1 of Mills with all the conveniences of obtaining Lumber within a few rods of the above Property.

The person who has been placed steward—by the Rich Donor of all good—over the Property above named is advanced in years, and in feeble health. It is there fore his desire to sell and devote it to the *Missionary cause.* Terms will be made easy if satisfactory security be given and interest punctually paid

For further particulars apply to Rev G. W. TUTTLE, Ayles ord.

February 15 1m.

DR. TUPPER

MAY be consulted Professionally, at his residence, near the Stone Chapel, in Granville Street.

February 15. 6m.

Leeches! Leeches!!

LEECHES! LEECHES! Just received and for sale by

BROWN, BROTHERS & CO,
25 Granville Street.

Feb 29.

New Advertisements.

☞ *Advertisements intended for this Paper should be sent in by 4 o'clock on Tuesday afternoon, at the latest.*

Railway Office.

HALIFAX, 12th March, 1860.

TENDERS will be received at this Office until THURSDAY, the 22nd MARCH, instant, for the Fencing, Upholdence and Repair of that portion of the Provincial Railway extending from the Depot at Richmond to the Bridge crossing the Sackville River at Bedford Basin, being about eight miles, to include all Sidings, Turnouts, Switches, Points, Bridges, Culverts, Road Crossings, and Cattle Guards for one year from the 1st day of April next.

This Department will furnish at Richmond all necessary chairs, keys, rails spikes, points, and switches required, but nothing else; and in addition to the amount named in the Tender, a further sum of Twenty Cents will be allowed and paid for every decayed and injured Sleeper removed and replaced by a new, sound, and suitable stick of like dimensions.

The work to be under the inspection of an officer of the Department appointed for that purpose. The Road to be kept in good repair and managed, so far as the repairers are concerned, under and in conformity with the printed rules and regulations of the Department, dated April 1859, and confirmed by the Governor and Council, June, 1859, now in force, and to be delivered up in as good condition as when received

Payments will be made monthly, reserving ten per cent till the expiration of the contract. The right will be reserved to the Department, if dissatisfied with the mode of management on the part of the Contractor, at any time to annul the contract and resume the upholdence, paying the Contractor a pro rata amount.

The names of two good sureties for the faithful fulfilment of the contract will be required to accompany each Tender.

The Department reserves to itself the right of refusing the owest Tender, if such a course shall be deemed advisable.

J. McCULLY.

March 14 1in

R. McMURRAY & CO.

HAVE to announce the arrival ex steamer AMERICA, of

9 8 Rich Chintz Prints,
" " Maldon do, (small patterns)
New Maganta Plaids at 5½ per yard.
5-4 Black COBURGS,
1000 White, Grey, and Unbleached Colored Hose; 1000 Spanish Brown Cotton Hose,
7 8 Scarlet Flannels, 7 8 Lancashire do.
One bale Heavy Grey Cottons, 1 bale White Shirtings, most approved makes, 1 bale White Sea Island FENTS, just the article for domestic use, &c, &c.

We offer the above together with the balance of our former stock at the very lowest remunerating prices. COMMERCE HOUSE,

40 Barrington St., opposite the Parade.

March 14. Pres Wit & Chr Mes.

BAZAAR.

THE Ladies of the Wesleyan Congregation of Bridgewater in the Lunenburg Circuit, propose holding a BAZAAR in the Autumn of 1860, in aid of the fund for the erection of a Wesleyan Church in their village. This enterprise possesses peculiar claims on the notice of the benevolent. The aid of kind friends throughout the Province is therefore earnestly requested.

Donations of money or articles for the Bazaar may be sent to James Starritt, Jr., Esq., Bridgewater, or to Mrs. Hart, Lunenburg.

March 14. 2m.

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA

INFINITELY SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS

FOR THE REMOVAL AND CURE OF

Scrofula, Mercurial Diseases, Rheumatism, Cutaneous Eruptions, Stubborn Ulcers, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Bronchitis, Lumbago, White Swellings, Salt Rheum, Hip Disease, Fever Sores, Female Complaints, Erysipelas, Loss of Appetite, Biles, General Debility.

AND AS A

Spring and Fall Purifier of the Blood.

It stands unrivalled.

Investigation and experiment have demonstrated that the blood contains the elements of the whole animal structure, fish and fibre, glands,