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You will have to go a long way to find a person who has had an accident with a **Simplex** bowl. And what's more! A worn out

SIMPLEX LINK-BLADE SEPARATOR

is as scarce as hen's teeth. There are several reasons why this Separator has the reputation of being a "no break, no wear" machine.

The "**Simplex**" bowls are made of a very ductile grade of seamless steel tubing, that even if it were subjected to an extreme pressure would stretch, but would not fly to pieces. The spindles are made of a special grade of high carbon steel, heat treated, to increase their toughness.

There is no safer or stronger bowl than the low speed "**Simplex**" bowl, and this is a point that you should think about especially in these days of cheaply built, high bowl speed separators.

Our aim is to make a Cream Separator that is stronger than is actually necessary. When you buy a Separator buy a good one. The safest way is to get in touch with our nearest agent.

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WE WANT AGENTS FOR A FEW UNREPRESENTED DISTRICTS

Alberta Will Enter Pork Industry

The Province of Alberta is considering the advisability of embarking in the bacon industry. A provincial pork commission appointed some time ago has recently reported to the Legislature. Their recommendation is that the government equip and operate a packing plant of a minimum capacity of 300 per diem, whenever hog-growers give assurance of an annual supply of 50,000 hogs, the management to pay two-thirds of the hogs' value less debt, and the balance (minus expenses and one per cent a pound for paying back the original outlay by the government and interest), to be paid after a reasonable period for marketing. Shares would be allotted to patrons equal to one-quarter per cent for a sinking fund, and when the government indebtedness is paid off, the money would be used to pay interest on shares. Patrons would guarantee to give all hogs to the plant, under \$2 fine a hog if otherwise disposed of.

In view of this proposed move on the part of the Alberta Legislature, the question of sending a commission to Great Britain and Denmark takes on increasing importance. The Dames it is understood, owe much of their success in producing bacon to government direction of the packing plants. The proposed commission as suggested by Farm and Dairy could go thoroughly into this matter. Information secured upon this point would be of inestimable value. Alberta should the legislature decide to adopt the recommendations of the provincial pork commission. The Dominion Government would have the backing of the farmers throughout the Dominion in arranging and sending the proposed commission which would be of such vital concern to all.

Model Factories and Farms

"I would like to see model cheese factories and model farms established in every county in the province," said Mr. A. A. Ayer, of Montreal, the well-known cheese exporter, at the recent convention of the Eastern Ontario Dairyman's Association. "The decline in our dairy exports," said Mr. Ayer, "is due in part to the fact that we are not making the improvements that we should. We are not weeding out our poor milkers. Many farmers are still using scrub bulls and are buying too much milk feed when they should raise the feed on their own farms. I would like to see every cheese maker licensed and restrictions placed on the erection of factories in Ontario similar to those that have been adopted in Saskatchewan."

"Montreal has appointed inspectors to examine the quality of the milk sold in that city. Why should we allow factories to receive poor milk and to make it into cheese? We cannot make good cheese as long as poor milk is taken at the factories." Mr. Ayer thought that if there were model factories and farms in every county, that would serve as object lessons to the people in their respective sections, he believed that it would pay the counties of the province to bonus such buildings and farms. Although Mr. Ayer is rated as a wealthy man, and as one who has made a great success of his extensive business operations in Montreal, he stated that if he had his life to live over again, he would choose the life of a farmer as being the life which has, everything considered, the most advantages and the greatest freedom. "On the farm," said Mr. Ayer, "it is possible to get nearer to God and nearer to Nature than it is in the city." Mr. Ayer pointed out that there is a stability about the operations of the farm that is lacking in many business enterprises, the profits of which are largely determined by one's ability to forecast the turns the market is likely to take.

The Country Life Report

In addition to the passages in President Roosevelt's special message to congress with the report of the country life commission, which we quoted last week, the president says other things that are worth noting.

The president says: "To improve our system of agriculture seems to me the most urgent of the tasks which lie before us, but it cannot in my judgment be affected by measures which touch only the material and technical side of the subject. The whole business aspect of the farmer must also be taken into account. Such considerations led me to appoint the commission on country life. Our object should be to help develop in the country community the great ideals of community life, as well as of personal character. One of the most important adjuncts to this end must be the country church, and I invite your attention to what the commission says of the country church and of the need of an extension of such work as that of the Young Men's Christian Association in country communities. Let me lay special emphasis upon what the commission says on personal ideas and local leadership. Everything resolves itself at the end into the question of personality. The country government can do much for country life unless there is voluntary response in the personal ideas of the men and women who live in the country.

"In the development of character the home should be more important than the school or than society at large. The influence of the farmers and farmers' wives on their children becomes the factor of first importance in determining the attitude of the next generation toward farm life. The farmer should realize that the person who needs most consideration on the farm is his wife. If the woman shares her duty as housewife as home-keeper, or as the mother whose prime function is to bear and rear a sufficient number of healthy children, then she is not entitled to our regard, but if she does her duty she is more entitled to our regard even than the man who does his duty, and the man should show special consideration for her needs."

The country life commission, after emphasizing the need and demand for better roads, extension of rural free delivery of mail and a parcel post, says:

"There must be a vast enlargement of voluntary organized effort among farmers themselves. It is indispensable that farmers shall work together for their common interest and for the national welfare. If they do not do this no governmental activity or no legislation, no even better schools will greatly avail. The forces and institutions that make for morality and spiritual ideals among rural people must be energized. There must be not only a vast scheme of rural education, but a new kind of education adapted to the real needs of the farm people. The country schools are to be so reoriented that they shall educate their pupils in terms of the daily life. Opportunities for training toward the agricultural callings are to be multiplied and made broadly effective.

This means redoubled efforts for better country schools and a vastly increased interest in the welfare of country boys and girls on the part of those who pay the school taxes. Education by means of agriculture is to be a part of our regular public school work. Special agricultural schools are to be organized. There should be organized under government leadership a comprehensive plan for an exhaustive study of the conditions that surround the business of farming and the people who live in the country in order to take stock of our resources and to supply the farmer with knowledge."



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