There are several friendly insects which prey upon this Woolly Aphis. A very minute four-winged fly, *Alphelinus Mali*, is parasitic on it, and the larvæ of a small beetle belonging to the Lady Bird family, *Scymnus Cervacalis*, feeds on it.

Use Kerosene Emulsion for spraying while the trees are in leaf also.

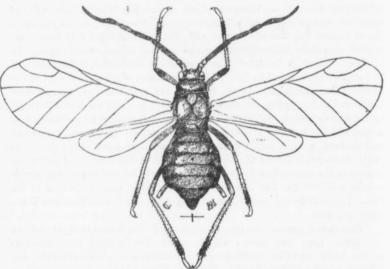
During the summer months those on the trees can easily be killed by touching them with a swab dipped in coal oil.

SOAP-FOR YOUNG TREES.

Two pounds of home-made soft soap to one and one-half gallons of water, poured around the roots of the nursery stock (young apple trees), destroy the Woolly Aphis, the earth being first cleared away from the trees. The roots of young apple trees should be dipped before planting.

PEACH TREE APHIS.

(Myzns Persicae).



This aphis begins to work upon the young leaves of the peach trees almost as soon as they burst from the bud, and continues throughout the greater part of the season unless swept off, as sometimes happens with surprising rapidity, by insect enemies. The perfect winged females are about one-eighth of an inch long, black, with the under side of the abdomen dull green; the wingless females rusty red, with the antennæ, legs and honey tubes greenish. The winged males are bright yellow, streaked with brown, with black honey tubes. Use the kerosene emulsion, spraying as in direction for the apple tree aphis.

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Winter eg

From an eg begin to burst, a differs from the tubes.

She gives be this method of property that the second generous winged (I growth in the year deserting the playmere they beging they multiply wing on an averagunder favorable day after birth, course of a summer thus, under favorable two or three more course of the sum of the s