

**SOLUTION OF PARLIAMENT**

The country will learn with satisfaction that the Government have not only advised the immediate dissolution of the present Parliament, to be followed by an immediate appeal to the people. Its expediency will only be judged by those who dread being obliged to a second election. The only difference they have either participated in or conceded. No Ministry could spare a spark of self respect, could it not to have its acts and policy judged by Parliament so many of whose members were close to the Government. A scandal has been tolerated too long in which the Pacific Charter was put up in hand to the Pacific Railway contractors, asking for means to carry out their bills, while the Government, by controlling the vote, the course of legislation was thus but one sure method of influencing Parliament of the unclean character of the Government. The figures. That was to result in a whole nation to the electors of Canada, and we them an opportunity of electing honest and independent in place of trust and the weak. The propriety

adopted merely by calculations as to  
 majority the new Administration  
 has committed the serious blunder of  
 tonight. We have never doubted  
 might have pulled through a session  
 no other reason than for this  
 at they would have had the nose  
 at any moment a majority had  
 against them. The Ministry have  
 shown a due regard for the charac-  
 ter of the House, and of Parlia-  
 mentary legislation, by taking care  
 have determined upon they will  
 subject the country to the chance of  
 certain measures being disposed  
 of terror. The people can now send  
 they will to Ottawa to speak and  
 in their name, and can take what  
 states they like that their represen-  
 tatives shall be to be independent  
 agent.  
 far as the period of year selected  
 appeal to the country is concerned  
 would be more fitting than the pe-  
 The electors of all classes are  
 or less at leisure, and there is every  
 to suppose that even with the  
 that will not militate against the  
 be favourable for travel. And if as  
 of the corruptionist organs have  
 led, the Government would be liable  
 to present House to defeat at any  
 we can imagine nothing less in any  
 us than a brief and all but abortive  
 on, followed by a dissolution in  
 every way possible, and it is prob-  
 ably by another session be-  
 fore Christmas. It would have been  
 satisfactory if the Election Law could

Another general election. But notwithstanding Elections Act will induce the minds of all who endeavor to retain power by corrupt ends a sense of responsibility of consequences of proceedings, and we are satisfied means at the command of the Government will be exercised to prevent gross abuses by which their careers sought to advantage; them

The nominations will probably be haphazard, or as nearly so as possible absence of a law making that element compulsory. We strongly urge our friends to lose no time in coming to their arrangements, and perfecting whatever they may desire in the way of organization. Whoever entertained in 1872 have proved themselves entitled to the confidence of their constituents, we recommend the electors show their appreciation of their services by sending them a full disclosure of their duty during the trying exciting, although brief, interval now elapsed since the late General election, by sending them back again to

that victories are to be won without gun. The splendid results of the test that have occurred since Parliament has been dissolved make it plain that, no matter how much the Government, or any want of the most strenuous efforts for their attainment. A of the most solemn responsibility at present moment should nerve all Canadians for the impending struggle. Every constituency carrying in the poll will be asked to give or withhold its vote from the Government on the outchouch of Canada. Every vote in favour of the evil and pernicious Government represented by Sir John A. Macdonald, will lessen the effect of that protest it should be the determination of the people of the Dominion to vote in the election of 1897 for a Government that will be a clearer or more simple presented to any body of men than is offered to-day. It is hateful government to barter away a great trust to a few men who are ready to corrupt the electorate, and use for themselves a new lease of life? Can men who have been caught in the act of perpetrating a piece of iniquity as that of which Sir A. Macdonald was guilty in 1872, be trusted to administer the Government of this country with intelligence and honesty?

"But, if they have any  
 scientific security, answer  
 questions, do not for a moment  
 They had a right to expect to  
 be asked for their verdict, and  
 is no lover of his country who will  
 strive to render that verdict as  
 clear and unequivocal as possible.—