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KRUGER SUES FOR PEACE

President of Transvaal Cables the Terms Which He is Now Willing to Accept.

WERE REJECTED BY LORD SALISBURY

The Proposals Include Nothing More Than Was Offered Prior to the British Ultimatum—Krugers Unable to Prevent Retreat of Boers.

(Associated Press.)
London, March 9, 9:10 p.m.—It was learned late this afternoon that the peace terms which had been founded on fact, that President Kruger had appealed to Lord Salisbury for a cessation of hostilities, offering at length, by cable, the terms which he was willing to accept.
These, however, were not taken seriously, as they included practically nothing more than what the Transvaal government offered prior to the issuing of the British ultimatum.
Official circles here regarded the proposition as merely a ruse for the Boers to gain time, and did not consider that President Kruger was yet ready to consider the sweeping demands which Great Britain would make as reimbursement for the loss of life and great expenditure which he was willing to accept.
It was understood that President Kruger's advances had met with an emphatic rejection at the hands of Lord Salisbury, who was believed to have said that no such attempt to retain the independence of the Transvaal should be considered for a moment by the British government.

ANXIOUS FOR PEACE.

London, March 9.—From various quarters comes signs of the possibility of peace in South Africa being shortly within the bounds of practical politics.
All the dispatches from Lord Roberts's headquarters, including those of the commander-in-chief himself, indicate the lack of a guiding spirit among the Boers and individual demoralization, portending disintegration unless speedily stemmed.
Tired of Fighting.
The flight of the burghers from Poplar Grove, according to all accounts, was wholly unspontaneous.
A Times dispatch from Poplar Grove, dated yesterday's date, goes so far as to assert that the Boer route is complete, that the submission of the Free State is being demanded by the burghers from their unwilling president, and it is expected that his submission will be made within a week.
The correspondents add: "Probably the Boers' wisest course was fight, but it was not undignified, and is certain to induce leniency at Bloemfontein."
There is a growing outcry against any further identification of the Free State with the Transvaal's interests.

TO JOIN FIRST CONTINGENT.

Ottawa, March 8.—The government received a cable from the war office this afternoon accepting 100 men to recruit the first Canadian contingent. It was suggested by Canada to send 200, but only one per cent. of the regiment was accepted. They will go forward with the Monterey, which carries Strathcona's Horse. Capt. Carpenter, London school, will go with them.
Another cable says that Capt. Grant, 48th Highlanders, Toronto, and Private Irwin, Quebec, are seriously ill with enteric fever.
Recruiting Opened To-Day.
Montreal, March 9.—The recruiting of 125 officers and men to take the places of Canadian members of the first contingent who have died from disease, killed or wounded in South Africa, began to-day. Recruiting stations are confined to Eastern Canada. No difficulty is expected in obtaining recruits, as applications are pouring in.
Anxious to Fight.
Toronto, March 9.—Jos. Welch, a boy of 14 years, of Clinton, Ont., who left that place with the intention of joining Strathcona's Horse as a bugler at Montreal, has been stopped here and sent home at the instance of his parents. Welch had a school-bag full of sandwiches slung by his side and was ready to stand a long siege.
Capt. Mason Improving.
Toronto, March 9.—Capt. Mason, the Canadian who was wounded in the battle of Paardeberg, has cabled his father here that the wound is in his left shoulder, the bone being slightly injured. He hopes to be able to regain his regiment in a fortnight or so.
The Montreal Demonstration.
Montreal, March 9.—Despite the effort of Mayor Prefontaine and Principal Peterson of McGill University, to have

the students of Laval join the former in the demonstration to the Strathcona Horse, the latter have positively refused to be identified in any way with the demonstration.
"Bogus News."
Berlin, March 9.—Dr. Leyds, the Transvaal diplomatic agent, has issued a protest from Brussels against "bogus news" purporting to emanate from him. He singles out a prominent Berlin paper as an offender.
The Bordeaux Riots.
Paris, March 9.—M. Delcasse, minister of foreign affairs, is said to have written a letter to Sir Edmund J. Monson, the British ambassador, expressing deep regret at the Bordeaux disturbances on Wednesday, and promising that the necessary measures will be taken to punish the offenders and to prevent a repetition of such an incident.
The War Loan.
London, March 9.—The bankers of London met the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, at the Bank of England this afternoon, to discuss the terms of the war loan which will be advertised to-morrow.
London, March 9, 6:06 p.m.—The amount of the new war loan will be £30,000,000. The interest will be at 2 1/2 per cent., and the bonds will be redeemable at par May 5th, 1910. The issue price is £98 10s.

London, March 9.—Reports from South Africa tend to confirm a state of disorganization of the Boer force of the Transvaal as well as of the Free State. The general impression is that the further progress of the British to Bloemfontein will not be opposed.
A great amount of Boer ammunition has been destroyed. This included several boxes of explosive bullets on the outside of which the Boers had marked, "Manufactured for the British government."
The Daily News correspondent at Poplar Grove says: "The Boers were seized with panic, thus spoiling the whole plan which had been beautifully contrived to destroy them. As the Sixth Division emerged from a hidden position and appeared on the crest with the mounted infantry in skirmishing order the Boers thought the whole earth was
Covered With Soldiers,
in their front and rear and flanks. They did not wait to voice their suppositions but fled, seized apparently with dread that they might share the fate of Cronje."
The Berlin correspondent of the Daily Mail says: "I learn that there is disension between President Kruger and Gen. Joubert, and that the latter has resigned. Possibly President Kruger will assume the chief command. General Schalkberg and other commanders are also likely to resign for similar reasons, and because President Kruger ignored their advice to make peace overtures."
The following special from Pretoria, dated Thursday, March 3rd, via Lorenzo Marquez, which had been censored by the Boer government, appears in the Daily Mail:
"Conversations I have had with the highest statesmen show that the Boers want some arrangement. They say that if England is waging war of conquest, they
Will Fight to a Finish,
otherwise, they believe that a plain statement of British intentions will be the basis of negotiations, now that England's prestige is repaired. Presidents Kruger and Steyn conferred Monday on the incorporation of the above representations in a cablegram to Lord Salisbury. The preservation of the independence of the two republics is a sine qua non."
Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, Chancellor of the Exchequer, when explaining to the bankers the terms of the new loan gave them the intimation that the government considered the end of the war near. Since the estimates were prepared, he said, "events have taken place that have changed the situation and probably not all the money will be required."
Whatever the government may intend, unofficial opinion seems everywhere to think that the Boer power is collapsing. The Eighth Division has been under orders to embark for several weeks, but these orders so far as artillery is concerned.
Have Been Recalled.
Lord Roberts having reported that no more artillery is necessary. This is the first pause in reinforcements since the war began. Sir Redvers Buller, second in command in the field, and Lord Wolseley, are understood to consider that no more artillery is needed. Lord Roberts has altogether 542 guns, including siege pieces.
It is quite clear that Gen. Buller will not try anything large in the future, as he is to lose Sir Charles Warren and the latter's 10,000 men, who have been ordered to join Lord Roberts.
It is the expectation of the war office that Lord Roberts, notwithstanding the necessity of garrisoning his depots, will be able to operate a constantly increasing force until by the time the Transvaal frontier is reached he will have 70,000 men.
There is a rumor this morning that Col. Baden-Powell had been relieved, but this cannot be traced to any reliable basis.
London, March 10.—The only important change in the general situation in South Africa indicated by the news received up to noon to-day is that Gen. Buller is again on the move.
Boer Position Threatened.
The news comes in a dispatch from the Boer camp at Biggarsberg dated Thursday, saying: "Twelve thousand British are threatening the Boer position from the direction of Helpmakaar, while a party of British scouts was encountered at Waschbank on March 8th."
This force was probably Gen. Hunter's

division, and it is considered quite possible that an attempt may be made to traverse the neck of Zululand into the Transvaal, thus effecting the double purpose of outflanking the Boers at Biggarsberg and threatening Vryheid and Utrecht. The Boers are reported to be at Biggarsberg in considerable numbers, but it is said they are already sending their stores to the rear.
Joubert Leaves the Field.
Gen. Joubert appears to have left active service to take charge of the war office at Pretoria. Lorenzo Marquez stories attribute his action partly to the alleged fact that he has lost both control over and confidence in the burghers, and partly to his wish to push the preparation for the siege which was supposed to be being made at the capital.
Nearing Bloemfontein.
Lord Roberts has not reported up to this hour to-day, but the military authorities are of the opinion that Gen. Buller must be nearing Bloemfontein.
In some quarters Gen. French is credited with the design to corral both Presidents whose exact whereabouts, however, are difficult to ascertain at this distance.
Mafeking.
The war office is unable to confirm the rumors of the relief of Mafeking, but the trend of belief is that the relief will be effected within a few days.

ALASKAN BOUNDARY
Still Forms the Subject of Discussion Between Governments of Britain and the United States.
(Associated Press.)
New York, March 10.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: "Although no effort is being made to press negotiations for the permanent demarcation of the Alaskan boundary, it is said to-day that a discussion of the subject is in progress between the United States and Great Britain. In answer to the British for the establishment of a boundary at a point which would give England control, practically, of the Lynn Canal, Secretary Hay recently sent an exhaustive memorandum which, in the opinion of American officials, clearly refutes the British claim and shows conclusively that the waterway belongs to the United States."
"The British government has not answered this communication."
"There is no doubt in the minds of officials that the loyalty of Canada to Great Britain will cause the London government to be more insistent of the claims of the Dominion. The United States, however, holds that Lynn Canal is its property and the President has no intention of relinquishing it."
"The ultimate determination of the controversy will probably be reached by arbitration, the character of which will be a stumbling block in the negotiations."

BOERS REPORT FIGHTING.
Pretoria, Friday.—The president has returned from Bloemfontein.
General Joubert is expected here shortly. Fighting commenced in the direction of Helpmakaar this morning.
Boer Headquarters, Biggarsberg, Friday.—Shots were exchanged this morning near Helpmakaar with a small body of British, who retired hastily.
Scouts report that the British main advance is coming from Ladysmith toward Sunday River.

BRITAIN'S TERMS.
No Intention of Perpetuating the Political and Military Independence of the Republics.
London, March 10.—The Standard, which is in closer touch with the policy of the government than any other ministerial organ, says this morning: "We have reason to believe that an authoritative statement will be made soon by the government re-affirming the impossibility of conceding to any terms to the Boer republics which would involve a perpetuation of the political and military independence that led to the present costly conflict."
The Morning Post's correspondent, telegraphing from Poplar Grove, says: "President Kruger shed tears at his ineffectual attempt to rally the Boers, who were paralyzed by Lord Roberts's masterly tactics. They were too demoralized

THE KENTUCKY DEADLOCK.
Republicans Appeal From the Decision of Judge Fields.
(Associated Press.)
Louisville, Ky., March 10.—The decision sustaining the contention of the Democrats that the legislature is the tribunal for the determination of contests for the office of governor and lieutenant-governor was handed down in the circuit court this morning by Judge Fields. The Republicans will appeal the case to the state court of appeals, and if the decision there is against them, will try to get a hearing before the United States Supreme court.

THE QUEEN'S RECEPTION.
London Papers Say Yesterday's Demonstration Were Without Precedent.
(Associated Press.)
London, March 9.—Editorials in the morning papers admit that yesterday's demonstrations were quite without precedent and they teem with patriotic expressions of gratification at the Queen's opportune and tactful contribution toward the unity of the Empire.
The Times says the Queen has had many royal greetings, but it is doubtful whether the spontaneous and exuberant enthusiasm of yesterday have ever been equalled.
Commenting upon the Queen's visit to Ireland and the speech of John Redmond in the House of Commons, the Times says: "Redmond performed his difficult task with excellent judgment and tact."
The Daily News, which describes the demonstration as an "improvised jubilee, in some ways even more impressive than the Diamond Jubilee," says its significance is beyond question. Nor can it be doubted that Her Majesty's visit to Ireland will also be a great success. Mr. Redmond's remarks in the House were well conceived and well expressed."
The Telegraph says: "The demonstration has never been equalled by any other nation. Even the Queen herself has never known a demonstration of love and loyalty so deep, so poignant, so inexpressible in solicitude and tenderness, so touching and so thrilling. The bonds between the Empire and the Queen to-day are those of living, breathing, chivalrous devotion."
Another visit to the City.
London, March 9.—The Queen, accompanied by the Princess of Wales and Princess Henry of Battenberg, drove through the west end this afternoon. There were great assemblages everywhere along the route, and they cheered Her Majesty unceasingly. The bells of St. Margaret's pealed, and the members of the House of Commons cheered vociferously as the Queen passed Westminster at 5:03 o'clock.

AMALGAMATED SOCIALISTS.
(Associated Press.)
Indianapolis, Ind., March 9.—Eugene V. Debs, who declined last night the nomination for president by the Amalgamated Socialists, consented to-day to accept. Joe Harshman will be nominated for vice-president.

The Ameer and Britain

The Reason Why Russia Fears to Advance Through Afghanistan.

A War Would Lead to a General Rising of All Islam.

Ameer Willing to Send Troops to Aid the British in Africa.

(Associated Press.)
London, March 9, 5:42 p.m.—The Ameer of Afghanistan has authorized his agent in London to publish the following statement of policy of Afghanistan towards Great Britain and Russia. After saying that he had devoted much anxious thought to the possibility of Russia taking advantage of the Transvaal war to advance through Afghanistan on India, His Highness adds:

"I have come to the conclusion that Russia feared Afghanistan, as a war with the Afghans would mean a general rising of all Islam, which would spread through Russian-Asia. Russia had not troops enough to combat such a rising. Her hold on the Mussulman countries she has conquered, is insecure. They hate her, and with ten times her power Russia could not fight Afghanistan and India successfully. The Afghans prefer death to slavery, and their women and children being taken by the Russians."
After saying he is willing to send numerous troops to help Great Britain in the Transvaal, but adding that the Afghans are unaccustomed to the sea, the Ameer says: "But England's troubles are always my troubles, their strength is my strength, and her weakness is my weakness. England must remember that I am always ready to fight for her on land, here or in India."

The Ameer writes a letter from the Indian government reminding him that he had been faithful for twenty years, and advising retrenchment in the purchase of arms, as otherwise parliament might become suspicious. He takes strong exception to such suspicions, saying it was necessary to keep the country strong enough to resist a Russian advance.
The Ameer concluded by likening the British parliament to Cabul Turkish baths, which reverberated with a babel of calls for towels, soap, etc., and loud voiced conversation until the meaning of individual words and even the words themselves became lost in the confusion of sounds and only increased the general uproar.

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NOTE.—Avoid baking powders made from alum. They look like pure powders, and may raise the cakes, but alum is a poison and no one can eat food mixed with it without injury to health.

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