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ALEX. CORBET, Manager.

THE LOVELY GUARD,

NORMAN INNES,

Author of "The Surge of War" (London Magazine, Evesleigh Nash, 1908); "Parson Croft" (Evesleigh Nash, 1907).

(Continued.)
Such callousness, such officiousness took me aback; my mind could not grasp his object. Had I heard right or had my wits, led by want of sleep, at last given way beneath the shock of impending ruin?

Here before me was an officer of Her Majesty's Guard, who in an evening could prove himself a traitor, deny his own words, and then coolly confess himself a cheat, one who knew no shame in owning to the cozening of a woman.

"And," added he, as a shadow of his former uneasiness brooded on that handsome face, "since I have confessed so much to thee, I must claim thy silence on the matter. I have the word that no mention of this meeting will reach either of the ladies."

"Count von Wagon," said I coldly yet with what relief, "I accept thy statement and, in view of thy explanation, withdraw my charge and the expressions with which it was accompanied. As for what has befallen this night, I will strive to forget it; no word of our meeting shall pass my lips."

"I replied he as he bowed again. "And Captain von Lesly, in proof that no ill-felting lingers between us, and since I must quit Rohn upon the morrow, having that on my hands, that necessitates a hurried journey to Vienna, I would crave the honour of thy company for an hour upon the road."

Quit Rohn upon the morrow? I could scarce believe my ears. Mayhap it was the matter of the pearls that called him to the capital, whatever the cause, it mattered not to me so long as he left the castle.

Gladly I fell in with his request; that I could that I could have been out betimes. I have taken my leave of the ladies and am at your service. Six was the hour agreed on for our start, and accompanying von Wagon into the corridor, I gave my orders to the trooper on duty. For all my dislike, for all my jealousy of the Count, I gave him a cordial good-night, and with heart lighter than ever it had been since I entered the castle, I was asleep within five minutes of closing my door.

My head was heavy, my eyelids like lead, when the entry work me gave five upon the following morning. The morning was fresh with a light haze upon the mountains, when I, the Count and two Ervin, were at the door of the Salzburg road. Von Wagon had persuaded me to accompany him as far as Vornau, a haunt not more than ten miles from the castle. The highway runs from Rohn to Inzell and from this place my comrade assured me, by a path carried over the spur of the hills was shorter by two miles than the main road. He suggested that we should go by the narrow track that led through a few poor vineyards, into a forest of larch. The path gave promise of being a pleasant one, in contrast to the main road which I knew to be heavy with dust.

(To be Continued.)

If We Could Look at the Heart of a Pale-Faced Person!

Few people ever stop to consider what pallor to the countenance means. In the first place it indicates an absence from the blood of the rich, red, life-giving elements so requisite to health; and in the second place it indicates a weakened heart action. These two things act and react. If we could look at the heart of one of these pale-faced people, we would see it flabby, weak and palid. No wonder they are easily tired, get out of breath quickly, have palpitation, are nervous and downhearted. Their muscles are poor, their stomachs disordered, and their lives are seldom free from misery.

Let them take Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills; there is no remedy to equal them for making pale faces rosy, weak hearts and shaky nerves strong, flabby muscles firm, and infusing new hope and ambition into life.

Mr. W. J. Churchill, Lombardy, Ont., writes: "I was troubled for three years with a weak heart and nervousness. I could not sleep and ever so little food would distress me. I also had faint and dizzy spells, and was doctored with three dozen boxes of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. I feel as well as ever. I did. They are the best pills on earth."

Price 50 cents per box, or 3 for \$1.25 at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

PAN-ANGLICAN A WORLD CONGRESS

Four Thousand Tickets Have been Applied for and Delegates are Arriving in London

London, April 1.—To show the world-wide character of the Pan-Anglican Congress, the committee has decided that the chairman of the great Albert Hall meeting shall be archbishops and metropolitans. Accordingly, these meetings will be presided over by the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Archbishop of the West Indies, the Archbishop of Cape Town, the Archbishop of Sydney, the Bishop of Calcutta, and Bishop Tuttle, presiding Bishop of the Church in the United States.

It also has been resolved that the thanks-offering of men and women under the Bishop of Dorking's scheme must be confined to service abroad and not, as desired by the woman's committee, include women for trained service at home.

The delegate system is to be extended to the United Kingdom. At first it was resolved that room at the meetings could be found only for six delegates from dioceses outside of the United Kingdom, who are virtually honorary members of the Congress; to whom free tickets are given and hospitality offered during the Congress. It is now arranged that all dioceses within the British Isles are to have their six chosen representatives, but they will not be entitled to free tickets nor can they claim hospitality.

The social side of the Congress is being rapidly perfected. Sir John and Lady Kennaway will give a reception in the Church Missionary Society house on June 30 to all women delegates attending the Congress, and the various societies and clubs are offering honorary membership for the time. About four thousand tickets have up to the present been applied for. A large number of delegates have already reached England.

DEATH SEEMED NEAR.

Three Doctors Baffled But Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Came to the Rescue.

Just a few months ago the home of Mr. J. H. Evans, N. B., was filled with sorrow. It seemed that death had claimed the life of their bright little son, a child of five years. The little one is no longer ill, but is now bright, active and happy. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have cured him. Concerning this illness and cure Mrs. Evans says: "At the age of six my little girl became very ill. Her health was failing, and she was losing weight. Three doctors treated her without benefit. She was terribly run down, and her blood was nothing but water. She dropped out. She would swell so that her clothes were much too small for her. Her legs were so weak she could not walk. To make her torture worse rheumatism set in. Her state was pitiable. Sometimes she would cry for the doctors to come, and for three months she could not walk a step. To touch her was to cause her the greatest agony. The doctors were baffled—they could do nothing for her and as a last resort we began the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. She took the pills several weeks when we saw there was a slight improvement. The improvement gradually became more marked and she was able to walk. I cannot speak too highly in favor of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, for I feel they saved my little girl's life."

Watery blood is the cause of over half the sickness which prevails today. To have health, strength and happiness, you must have rich, red blood. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills make this rich, red blood that is why they cure anemia, indigestion, loss of appetite, rheumatism, palpitation and all the ailments peculiar to growing girls and women. Sold by dealers in medicine or sent by mail at 25c a box or six boxes for \$2.50. From The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

FINE SCENIC PRODUCTION AT OPERA HOUSE TONIGHT

Myrtle-Harder Co. Will Present "Lost in the Alps"—Special Vaudeville Features.

Standing Room Only seems to be the slogan at the Opera House where the Myrtle-Harder Company is appearing in the second week of their engagement, and from all indications they will doubtless surpass their enormous business of last week.

Tonight and tomorrow night they will present their scenic play "Lost in the Alps." The scenes are laid in the Alpine mountains on the Russian frontier, the opening scene being a typical Swiss village gathering, wherein are depicted all the peasants in characteristic costumes, etc., enjoying the pleasures of a May-pole dance. Miss Myrtle is provided with a charming part, while Clara Evans, as "Hans," has the best part of the play in the entire repertoire. All the costumes and scenic effects are picturesque and correct to the minutest detail.

Of the vaudeville acts, which undergo a complete change, the Burg Sisters in Indian songs with special scenery, will be a distinct and novel feature. Chauncey Holand will be heard in new songs, and Bruce Morgan, Joe Kelley and other musical acts will also appear in different characterizations.

Conductor Peter D. Lefebvre, who was assigned in August (Me.) on Saturday last on the charge of smuggling arrived in the city yesterday. He declined to make any statement beyond that his trial had been deferred for several days.



TEST AT OUR EXPENSE. Mail this coupon with your name and address and 10c stamp for postage to the Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, and a very simple test of Zam-Buk will be made for you. ST. J. T. APRIL 1.

ZAM-BUK CURES
cuts, burns, chapped hands, cold sores, itch, chilblains, eczema, itching sores, pimples, boils, ringworm, piles, bad legs, infantile patches, rheumatism, sunburn, scalds, abrasions and all diseased, injured and irritated conditions of the skin. Obtainable of all druggists and stores, 50c, or post-paid upon receipt of price from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

ECZEMA AND CHIN

FESTERING SORES CURED BY ZAM-BUK.

In all walks of life Zam-Buk has found favor as the only pure and reliable healing balm. It is found in the home (for no mother would be without it), in the workshop and in the soldier's kit. Col. Sergt. Louis Elliott, 3rd Co. 46th Battalion, Peterboro, Ont., bears testimony to this, for he says: "Three months ago the lower part of my face, cheek and chin, broke out in small red pimples, which later festored and broke, forming nasty sores and dry scabs. The itching set up by these eruptions and sores was cruel and seemed far worse during the night. All kinds of soaps, washes and ointments were tried without relief. Finally I thought of Zam-Buk and straightway procured a box at the drug store. One night's application brought great relief from the intense itching, and as I kept on applying this balm daily the inflammation was soon drawn out, and in less than a week's time the sores were thoroughly healed and every scab banished, leaving my face perfectly clear and smooth, for which I was very grateful. Two years previous to this I first tested Zam-Buk for the prairie itch which I contracted thro' sleeping with a fellow-boarder. Three tins of Zam-Buk was then sufficient to check and clear it off my skin, while the fellow-boarder failed to use it, and in consequence was troubled all that winter. I have the utmost confidence in the merits of Zam-Buk."

Zam-Buk

THEY WORE HATS BUT LITTLE ELSE

Members of the Haytian Army not particular about their Dress—Literally garbed in Shred and Patches

New York, April 1.—Among the passengers on the steamship Venetia, in from Porto Colombo, were several who had been in Port au Prince and other Haytian ports since the outbreak of the present revolution. They ridiculed the idea of any great damage being done by the revolutionists. The Venetia on her last trip to Hayti had a part of a cargo of arms, but they were taken possession of by the government.

"When we got into Jeremie several weeks ago," said one of the passengers "although there were 4,000 troops in the town, we a party of six Americans—were not allowed to land. The excuse was given that we might be emissaries sent by the fies of President Alexis to capture the island. Later we landed at Port au Prince and Miragoane, and saw a couple of thousand of the members of the army in each town.

"And such an army. Every man had a red hat, which he highly prized, and that was the extent of his uniform. Some had in addition a pair of trousers and no shirt, while others had a long shirt, but the trousers seemed to be missing. Others had some simple garment which reached from the waist about two feet towards the ground; but the hat was there. Fully one-third of the 'army' were unprovided with guns. Few had shoes.

"The military idea seemed to be for the opposite sides to go outside the town and count each other's men. The general who had the largest number claimed a victory without firing a shot, and all seemed to be satisfied. We left the island just before the executions took place, and so did not see the turmoil that followed that event."

It was the opinion of the Americans that the presence of foreign war vessels would prevent any damage being done to American or other interests, and that the present revolution would be like many others on the island—some bloodshed lots of talk, and then a period of rest.

MAY HAVE CELEBRATION HERE IN NOVEMBER

At a meeting of the Historical Society last night, Clarence Ward presiding, D. Russell Jack reported that the erection of the Champlain monument would probably begin soon, the difficulties having been satisfactorily settled. A. R. Stupp, M. P. P. for Queens was elected a member.

Attention was drawn to the fact that November 21 will be the 150th anniversary of the occupation of the St. John river by General Monkton. A committee was appointed to report on the matter of a celebration.

Archdeacon Raymond, the secretary of the society, proposes to visit London soon and he will investigate important records regarding the settlement of St. John by the Loyalists in 1783.

Jonas Howe called attention to the death of Howard D. Trueman of Westmoreland, who had done valuable work along the lines of the society. The paper of the evening dealt interestingly with the first election held in St. John in 1785, and included an account of the riot in which the Mallard house on the site now occupied by the Royal hotel was destroyed.

CANADA'S FORESTS HOW THEY SIZE UP

How Our Forest Areas Compare with the Great Forests of other Countries

According to Forest Service Circular 140 the world's principal ascertained forest areas are:

Country.	Acres.
Canada	800,000,000
Russia in Europe	575,000,000
Russia in Asia	350,000,000
British India	180,000,000
United States	160,000,000
Sweden	58,000,000
Japan	50,000,000
Finland	50,000,000
Germany	35,000,000
Romania	24,000,000
France	23,500,000
Hungary	23,000,000
Norway	20,000,000
Roumania	18,000,000
Spain	12,000,000
Italy	10,000,000

In addition there are the vast unascertained forests of Africa, China, Alaska and the Philippines (about 40,000,000 acres), and the smaller ones of Mexico, South Africa, Central America, Australasia and other lands.

The circular says: "The United States in attacking the problem of how best to use its great forests, is not in the position of a pioneer in the field. In the management of our national forests, government is putting into practice, in America and for Americans, principles tried and found correct, which will insure that all the people shall have the fullest and best use of all forest resources."

In variety combined with value our forests are without a parallel in the world. They produce timber adapted to the greatest variety of uses, so that, except to meet short-ages, importations of wood are unnecessary. Furthermore, transportation facilities enable us to make every forest region available. Thus, by specializing our forest management, each kind of forest may be made to yield the kind of material for which it is best adapted, and the wastes due to compulsory use of local supplies may be practically eliminated. Money spent on our national forests is money well invested. France and Germany together have state-owned forests of 14,500,000 acres, against our 160,000,000 acres of national forests; but, France and Germany spend on their forests \$11,000,000 a year and get from them in net returns \$80,000,000 a year, while the United States spends \$2,000,000 a year and secures a return of less than \$180,000.

Of the forests of Canada the circular says: "About one-third of the Dominion of Canada, nearly 800,000,000 acres, is classed as woodland, and the area of forest reserves is 200,000,000 acres. The proportion of merchantable timber is, however, in many sections small. Thus while the reserves of British Columbia, recently created, nominally cover 100,000,000 acres, it is believed that not more than one-third of this area has a growth of commercial timber."

The state of Wurtemberg, Germany, spends yearly \$2.05 an acre on its forests, and secures a yearly net revenue of \$6.00 an acre. France spends 95 cents and earns \$1.75 an acre. The United States spends 600 cents and receives .00066 cents an acre.

FORMER KENT COUNTY MILLMAN DIES IN YUKON

(Special to The Telegraph.)
Moncton, March 31.—Bowen Smith, a former well known resident of Kent county, died very suddenly in the Yukon on March 3. He formerly resided at Notre Dame, Kent county, where he ran a mill, being associated with James Barnes. His death was due to heart failure, word to this effect being received today by his son-in-law, Charles Lockhart, millman of Notre Dame. Deceased was about seventy-five years of age, and his wife and one son survive him in the Yukon. Mrs. Charles Lockhart, of Notre Dame, is a daughter. Deceased went to the Yukon about eight years ago.

MILLOWNERS TALK OF KEEPING MILLS IDLE

Market Conditions and Labor Question the Principal Factors Tending Towards This.

St. John mill owners are talking of allowing their plants to remain idle rather than start saving under conditions now existing. The manufacturers have talked over the situation and are reported agreed on this course.

The principal reasons are the market conditions and the labor question. Scarcity of source logs for some time is also a factor, but not of such moment as the other two. The market both in Great Britain and the United States is bad and there is no prospect of brightening conditions. To pay the wages which were current last season, under present market conditions would mean that the owners could not come out square, and one said last night that even with lower wages they might not make things pay.

Last year the men received practically 10 per cent increase. This year it was this increase must be abandoned. The Jordan mill is down because of this. Cushing's men have returned to work at the reduced scale. In the Stetson-Cutler mill, Pleasant Point, the regular mill workmen were willing to accept the reduced rate but the single sawyers and burchers refused and the mill is down.

Reviewing the situation last night, a lumber manufacturer said that the owners felt it was of no avail to start up under present conditions as it meant they could not come out even, and that all the lumber manufacturers were of this mind.

DUNSMUIR EN ROUTE TO ENGLAND, DENIES HE WILL RESIGN OFFICE

Montreal, March 31.—(Special.)—Lieut. Governor Dunsmuir, of British Columbia, passed through here today on his way to England. When seen in regard to the rumor that he was to resign his office he gave a most emphatic denial to the report. He also denied in no uncertain terms the rumor that he was to sell his mines to an English syndicate.

SHIPPING

PORT OF ST. JOHN.

Strm Oceano, 1,172, Buchanan, for Halifax and West Indies, Wm Thomson & Co, general cargo.
Schr H R. Emerson, 88, Hendy, for Hopewell Cape, master.
Coastwise—Strm Aurora, Ingersoll, Campbell; Tug Lord Kitchener, Kingston, Lunenburg; schr R P S. Baird, Wolfville, Tug Springhill, Cook, Parrsboro, with large No. 4.

CANADIAN PORTS.

St. George, N. B., March 26—Cld, schr Belle O'Neill (Am), Coffin, Norwalk, Conn.
Lunenburg, March 26—Cld, schr Maple Leaf, Aramburg, New York.
Halifax, Mar 31—Ardr, strms Senator (Nor), Jamaica; Rosalind, St. John's (Nfld.); schr Hugh John, Barbados; Gloucester.
Sld—Strm Rosalind, New York; Montrose, London.
Cld—Strm Kilkeel, Port Hastings (C B).
St. Stephen, March 31—Ardr, strm Beatrice, Port Morten (N S).

BRITISH PORTS.

Cape Town, Mar 29—Ardr, strm Bendu, St. John.
Greenock, Mar 31—Sld, strm Lady Sybil, Halifax.

JERSEY PORTS.

Boston, Mar 31—Ardr, schr Stella Maude, Stamford, Connecticut, (loads for Nova Scotia).
Sld—Strm Boston, Yarmouth.
Cld—Schr Albertus, Halifax; Temperance Bell, St. John.

New York, Mar 31—Cld, strms Majestic, Southampton; Manchester, Shipper, St. John; Mauretanian, Liverpool.
Portland, Mar 31—Ardr, Schr Berner, St. John for New York.
Vineyard Haven, Mar 31—Ardr and Schr Ruth Robinson, Port Reading for Salem; Marguerite, Turk's Island for St. John.

PROPOSED RAILWAY FROM CONNORS TO CHAUDIERE JUNCTION

Ottawa, March 31.—President Michaud's railway bill for a line from Chaudiere Junction to Connors, on the Temiscouata railway, passed the railway committee today.

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