

extensions of lines during
light and power.
Expenditure

\$2,837,096 37

ver by the Toronto Elec-
charged in other cities.

Medium Large
Users. Users.
Cts. Cts.
10. 8.
12. 7.2
8. 5.
8. 6.5
7.5 4.
9.6 6.
8. 7.
8.9 6.

8. 6 to 4
Medium Large
Users. Users.
Cts. Cts.
7.5 6.3
4.7 3.72
5.8 4.3
8.6 7.24
8.4 6.
7. 6.
7. 6.
4. 3.
6.66 5.5
6.4 4.6

ove Rates ... 16 per cent.

as, there is an essential and
manufacture of gas can be
carried in tanks, and sold at a
price, on the other hand,
fact necessitates an entirely
new use; the regularity or
these and many other con-
fair and equitable rate can
be of consumers, so that each
most difficult problem. To
of consumption could only
labor's light, and another be
fellows. To avoid this un-
manner as to provide against
the various classes of con-

from generators at Niagara
by the Directors of the Com-
vorable contract was entered
into, with a view to utilizing
Company. New installations
two Central Stations of the
be laid to establish connections
er. This machinery is of the
and the operation of it has
transmitting plant of the
in the most perfect manner
ensuring continuous service.
tract made with the Power
in a position to supply light
at a rate at least as low as can
Electric Commission of the
is practicable at the present

and others, who believe
over the rates to be charged
of what have come to be
several different proposi-
and has shown a willingness
manner. Three proposi-
pany; and devote the bal-
ance to time in the
case of the Consumers'

become partners in the
and to elect representa-
be agreed upon.
and assets of the Com-
pensate the shareholders

now in progress, and it is
h will prove equally advan-

ing the City Council to spend
distribution of electric energy
ful estimate has been made
mean to the Company.
of what this competition is
ably sure that the Council
ation, that the interests of
the working agreement with
rying upon a campaign of com-
ntial an economic waste, and
any years to come.

January 15th, 1908.

The Toronto Electric Light Company

Continued From Page 8.

Sir Henry Pellatt, President, Toronto Electric Light Company, Limited:
Dear Sir,—In response to your request that I make an estimate of the cost to the City of current delivered to consumers, under the proposed Civic power plan, based on the experience of other large distribution plants, I beg to give you herein my conclusions, after a very careful investigation into the subject.
You already have the estimate worked out on our own figures. I have, therefore, endeavored to secure information from companies operating in other large cities, but find in the majority of cases that this information is not made public.

I have succeeded, however, in securing the printed report of the Municipal Plant of the City of Glasgow, 1906, and a very comprehensive report issued by the Mayor of Detroit in September last, giving the findings of an electrical expert appointed by the City of Detroit to investigate and report on the operation, etc., of the Detroit Electric Light Companies.

In estimating operating expenses, etc., I have used the average of the showing in these two cities. This, I think, is more than fair to the Toronto proposition, as it places Toronto on the same plane as that attained after fifteen years of operation by the City of Glasgow, admitted to be the finest municipally-operated plant in the world, and with what is looked upon as one of the most up-to-date and best managed private plants on this continent—the Edison Illuminating Company of Detroit.

It is to be noted that, in both these cities, there is a complete monopoly of all the electric lighting and power business, while in Toronto the proposition is for a competitive plant.

My estimate is based on a maximum load of 10,000 H. P., which is the equivalent of 7460 K. W. It would, of course, be many years before the Toronto plant would secure this amount of load; meantime, the cost of distribution and operation would be higher than here shown.

I estimate the cost to the City of Toronto of current delivered at consumers' meters, based on a maximum load of 10,000 H. P., or 7460 K. W., paying for monthly peaks, but guaranteeing to pay for 75 per cent. of maximum demand. (This is the Hydro-Electric Commission's proposal.) As follows:

Interest and Sinking Fund on \$2,750,000 \$146,471 00
(As per Advertised Bylaw.)

7500 H. P. at \$17.75 \$133,125 00
(Hydro-Electric Contract 75 per cent. of 10,000 H. P.)

Estimate for monthly peaks exceeding minimum 11,833 00
..... 144,958 00

Operating and Administration, not including cost of Power, Taxes, etc.

Glasgow shows \$15.44 per K.W. of Max.
Detroit shows 15.84 per K.W. of Max.

Average \$15.64 x 7460 K. W. = 116,674 40

Insurance 13,750 00
(On 50 per cent. average valuation at 1 per cent.)

Taxes 24,750 00
(On 50 per cent. assessment at 18 mills.)

Depreciation at 4.834 per cent. 132,935 00
(Glasgow cannot be ascertained).
(Detroit shows 4.834 per cent. depreciation.)

Total \$579,538 40

Estimated sale of current in K. W. Hours:—
Glasgow shows 1,321 per K.W. of Maximum load.
Detroit shows 1,354 per K.W. of Maximum load.

Average 1,337½ x 7460 K.W. = 9,997,750 K.W. hours.

On the basis of the showing of Glasgow and Detroit, and the price to be paid to the Hydro-Electric Commission for power, as given above, the

AVERAGE COST TO THE CITY OF TORONTO
per K. W. hour (delivered to customers) would be 5 4-5 cents
While the average price received by the

TORONTO ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY during
1907 per K.W. hour (delivered to customers) was 5 2-5 cents
I have given the City proposition the benefit of many doubts, and am of opinion that their schedule of prices must average considerably higher than 6 cents, unless they are to operate at a loss and make the deficiency up out of the general taxes. As you are aware, our prices can and will very shortly be reduced, so that our Company need not fear the competition of a City plant if it is operated on a commercial basis.

I have had the figures and findings in the above estimate carefully gone over by an electrical expert and an expert accountant.

All of which is respectfully submitted. W. A. MARTIN.

The Year's Accounts.
The accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1907, are submitted with this report. The gross revenue for the year was \$1,039,716.42, and the operating expenses \$651,925.57, leaving \$387,790.85 as the net profits for the year. This enabled the Board to pay a dividend of 8 per cent., amounting to \$245,503.39, and to carry forward a balance for the year of \$142,287.46. The sum of \$150,000.00 has been transferred from the Profit and Loss Account to the Reserve, which now amounts to \$650,000.00. During the year many new customers for power and light have been entered on the books, bringing the total number up to 9109 at the close of the year. The Auditor's Report is attached to the accounts.

Election of Directors.
The following Shareholders were elected Directors: Sir Henry Pellatt, W. D. Matthews, Hugh Blair, W. R. Brock, Hon. Geo. A. Cox, H. P. Dwight, Hon. Robert Jaffray, S. F. McKinnon, Frederic Nicholls, Samuel Trees, Thos. Walmsley.

At a subsequent meeting of the Board of Directors, Sir Henry Pellatt was re-elected President, and W. D. Matthews, Vice-President.

SIXTH WARD CONSERVATIVES
C. R. McKeown, M. L. A., and Others
Address the Meeting.

The northwest branch of the Sixth Ward Conservative Association held its regular monthly meeting in Sheraton Hall last night.

C. R. McKeown, K.C., M.L.A., of Orangeville, the chief speaker, opened his remarks with a comparison of the position occupied by the party on the eve of the approaching election to former occasions. The country should judge and support the present government on its past three years' career.

G. R. Geary congratulated the association in seeking representation in the central organization. He referred to the spoils system, and believed that the government was justified in dismissing servants who had taken part in opposition political work.

As to the new leader of the opposition, he failed to see where he had

shown any evidence of being a statesman, but believed that he had ability to make a noise. The government had kept its promise in abolishing the numbered ballot, and in other important state matters.

Hon. Thomas Crawford, M.L.A., Ald. McGhie, and Mr. Birmingham delivered short addresses.

Must Have an Escort.
Miss Crow, a lady of means, who has been ill at Grace Hospital, and who is now convalescent, was taken to the Union Station yesterday. She desired to go to a sanitarium in Pittsburgh, Pa., but the United States Immigration inspector advised her not to attempt the trip until she had someone with her, as otherwise she would be turned back at the frontier.

The advice was accepted.

Views of the unemployed being entertained and fed by the Yonge-street mission. See The Sunday World.

NEEDN'T BE AFRAID SHAREHOLDERS' TOLD

Annual Meeting of Toronto Electric Light Co.—Prospects of Civic Competition.

The annual meeting of the Toronto Electric Light Co. was held yesterday. A full statement of the reports submitted is given elsewhere in this paper.

The attendance was about fifty, and the president, Sir Henry Pellatt, presided.

During the meeting the vice-president, W. D. Matthews, said he had been assured on what he considered excellent authority that whereas the average cost of the current furnished by the Toronto Electric Light Co. was 5.2 cents per kilowatt hour, the best figure which could be expected under any circumstances was expected under the arrangement with the hydro-electric commission would not be less than 6 cents per kilowatt hour, and would probably be more.

He commented on the alleged unfairness of the treatment of the light shareholders were receiving at the hands of the city council and the Ontario Government. He also argued that if the city had to enter into a contract with the hydro-electric commission, the city would be repaying of the capital invested in the distributing plant and also in the transmission lines, and would be repaying by statute thirty years—that the rates to be charged in order to provide for a sinking fund would have to be very much higher than those charged now by the Electric Light Company, which did not anticipate repaying its capital stock out of earnings for any future date.

Mr. Hamilton, a shareholder, was informed that the "watered stock" issue of 1881 amounted to \$4,000. The president informed another one that the city would be unable to build any sort of a plant in less than three or four years—and all that time we would be going ahead, too, so they would never catch up," he added.

Henry O'Brien, K.C., observed that the city would have to pass another bylaw to enable it to go into the electric light business at all, and Sir Henry said, "Yes, and that is the question I guess we will take a chance on that."

It was stated that the local plant is now being two-thirds operated by Niagara power, and that there had been no loss in making the change from steam power.

LIABLE TO 1461 YEARS.

So Claims States Attorney in Otto Hugo Case.

BERLIN, Feb. 11.—"The accused has incurred fines amounting to \$20,000, or, in default, 1461 years and two months imprisonment," declared the state's attorney in the criminal division of the Berlin County Court, in the case against Otto Hugo, a German.

Law of August, 1904, prohibiting the sale of non-Prussian lottery tickets within Prussian territory.

The court, however, decided that the circulars had all been issued in two days and thus technically only two of the offences committed, a fine, or, in default, 100 days imprisonment, would be the defendant's lot.

The state's attorney entered an objection to the court's reading of the law.

WEST ELGIN LIBERALS.

Peter Stalker Elected President—Resolutions of Confidence.

DUTTON, Feb. 11.—The annual meeting of the Liberals of West Elgin was held in the town hall, Dutton, this afternoon.

The following officers were elected: President, Peter Stalker, Alderbrook; vice-president, Charles Hellett, Southwell; secretary, George Colman, Dutton; chairman, Alderbrook, Malcolm McNichol; Rodney, Dr. S. M. Dorland; West Lorne, Dr. Webster; Dunwich, Douglas Blue; Dutton, D. Black; Southwell, G. King; St. Thomas, E. A. Horton.

The matter of calling a convention was referred to the executive committee.

Resolutions expressing confidence in Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Hon. A. G. MacKay were unanimously carried.

TURKEY WITHDRAWS TROOPS

War Cloud Dispersed by Turn of Events.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 11.—The withdrawal of Turkish troops from the Russian territory to the west of Tauris, as well as the more conciliatory spirit shown at Constantinople, is regarded here as a favorable omen for the present, of taking further precautionary measures on the Turkish and Persian frontiers, and it is probable that the despatch of troops from the interior of Russia to the Caucasus will be abandoned pending further developments.

OBITUARY.

John G. Baldwin.

PORT DALHOUSIE, Feb. 11.—John G. Baldwin, a pattern maker employed by the Maple Leaf Rubber Co., cut his hand on Friday last at his work and blood poison setting in, died to-day. He was choir master of the Presbyterian Church here, but a resident of Hartford, Conn., where he leaves a wife and one child.

Orlando G. Johnston.

KINGSTON, Feb. 11.—Orlando G. Johnston, a well-known journalist, died during the night, after a long and painful illness, from cancer. He was a native of England and about 60 years of age.

Mrs. William Watson.

WOODSTOCK, Feb. 11.—(Special.)—Mrs. William Watson, mother of Mrs. Rev. G. H. Cobdick, aged 67 years, died this morning.

James Carruthers.

Campbellford, Feb. 11.—Death occurred very suddenly to James Carruthers, electrician.

800 WANT WORK.

There were more than 800 applicants for work at the civil labor bureau yesterday.

C. N. SMITH ON COBALT DOESN'T MAKE A CHARGE

Premier Asks a Question During Soo Member's Address—Harcourt on Technical Education.

Richard Harcourt usurped C. N. Smith's prerogative of continuing the debate on the address in the legislature yesterday. After complimenting Messrs. McKeown and Donovan, he said he desired to make a suggestion, and to deliver a critical speech, and to confine his remarks to one paragraph in his speech from the throne.

He suggested that a sum of money be appropriated for a distinctly new educational force. His plea was not for technical education broadly, but for one phase of it. No one had ever heard him carp about the expenditure of money for educational purposes, and he thought that the higher technical education would be sufficiently cared for. He desired to plead for industrial or vocational education, which would be the actual worker into closer contact with educational forces. There were no pathways, no bases, no trails, in the province to-day for those who labored with the hand. Greater capacity for the worker at his trade, greater happiness in his home was the object he had in view.

Industrial Schools Elsewhere.

Mr. Harcourt took up the question of industrial schools as existing in Massachusetts, France, Germany and elsewhere. He instanced the fact that Switzerland, with her tiny population, fostered by adequate education in her industrial schools, was able to compete in hydro-electric machinery with America, and with turbine wheels of Swiss manufacture at Niagara.

He hoped the federal government would see to it that in the matter of technical education they did their whole duty. The domestic exports of the country would increase five times over the amount of any grant the federal government would give for the purpose. He admitted that all he had said might equally well have been said when he was in the seat of the minister of education. He had tried then to blaze a trail, and made some small beginning, which he would be glad to follow.

T. W. McGarry (South Renfrew) twitted Mr. Harcourt with having spent four hours last year in finding fault with the government, while this year he spent on hour giving them good advice. The present minister of education was at present trying to do what Mr. Harcourt should have done years ago. There was a weak spot in the armor of the province, and it was in the matter of technical education. He invited the opposition members to express themselves on this point, and raised the question of the side of the province would preserve the rights of the province under the B.N.A. Act intact.

C. N. Smith in the Ring.

C. N. Smith (Saint Ste. Marie) mortified on the brevity of life, and the necessity of doing the best that he could in the time at his disposal. He described the government stealing the clothes of the opposition was very well done, and he would be back in the opposition members were a new suit the day after. They did not deal in small politics, but in large affairs, he asserted.

Mr. McGarry was still further reduced at the next election.

Mr. C. N. Smith in the Ring.

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DR. WOODS' NORWAY PINE SYRUP

Contains all the wonderful lung-healing virtues of the Norway pine tree and cures Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis and all Throat and Lung Troubles.

Do Not Accept Dangerous Substitutes

There is nothing "just as good" as Dr. Wood's. Put up in a yellow wrapper; three pine trees the trade mark; the price is 25 cents.

COLD SETTLED ON THE LUNGS

Mrs. Irwin Bennett, Parrsboro, N.S., writes: "I feel it my duty to write a few words in praise of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. I took a bad cold, which settled on my lungs, and made it almost impossible to breathe at times. I coughed constantly and could not sleep at nights. A friend told me how Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup had helped her, so I procured some, and before I had taken one bottle my cough was gone and I could lie down and sleep at night."

MOVING PICTURE TRUST HAS THE WHOLE BUSINESS

Organized in Buffalo With \$8,000,000 Capital—Controls Manufacture and Rental.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 11.—The legal wars which Thomas Edison, the inventor, has participated in with moving picture machine manufacturers and dealers, for the past nine years, have been settled thru the formation in Buffalo on Saturday of an \$8,000,000 combination to control the entire moving picture business of the world. The moving picture business of the country which this combination controls represents an investment, it is said, of \$50,000,000, with 4200 show places. Those in the combination are: Thomas Edison of Orange, N.J.; Selig & Co. and Kalem of Chicago; Essanay and the Vitaphone Company of New York; Pathé & Méliès, French manufacturers, and S. Lubin of this city. Edison will receive from the combination \$200,000 a year royalty, in return for which he is to permit no other concerns to use any of his patents, without which films cannot be made. The manufacturers claim the combination is justified in "that Edison patents manufacture of pictures are helpless, and it was necessary to protect the investments."

Not only will the concern control the manufacture of the films, but the rental departments under a general agreement will not be permitted to rent films except at the rate of \$5 per week for a change of three films and will not be permitted to sell any films outright.

The combination will demand that operators of moving picture machines have a license and where the laws do not cover this point, the manufacturers will compel an observation of this phase of the business by refusing to sell where unlicensed operators are employed.

TEN FIREMEN INJURED WHEN AN AUTO EXPLODES.

CHICAGO, Feb. 11.—Ten firemen were injured, one probably fatally, by the explosion of a gasoline tank of an automobile while fighting a fire in a garage at 4756 Grand Boulevard to-day.

The men were on a ladder almost directly over the automobile.

G.G.B.G. Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the officers of the G.G.B.G. was held at the Grand Hotel, Chicago, to-day. The meeting was held yesterday, the commanding officer, Lieut.-Col. W. Hamilton Merritt, presiding. The reports submitted showed that the regiment was in a satisfactory financial condition. The following committee were elected for 1908: Regimental-Majors Fleming and Thompson, Capt. Smith.

Band-Major Cameron, Capt. Taylor and Lieut. McColl.

Mess-Major Piper, Lieuts. Keefe and Campbell.

Band-Major Fleming, Lieuts. Gordon, McColl and McCormick.

Sports—Capt. Smith, Lieuts. Keefe, Gordon, Lennox, Newbery and Campbell.

Auditors—Major Roche and Lieut. Ansley.

Arm Caught in Shaft.

TWEED, Feb. 11.—Peter Windower, belt repairer at the Marlbank Cement works, near here, had his arm caught in the coal belt and crushed to a jelly, and he was held in position with the belt grinding over his arm for perhaps half an hour until his fellow-workmen discovered the accident.

Tweed Afraid of Powder.

TWEED, Feb. 11.—At a citizens' mass meeting it was decided to negotiate with the Ontario Powder Company, where an explosion recently occurred, either to secure its removal or to get assurances of future protection.

Saved Cattle, Boy Burned.

OXFORD, Feb. 11.—While his barn was being cremated in a burning barn at Pleasant Grove, the father and a number of neighbors were risking their lives to save the horses and cows, which could not get out of the stable.

Will Go to See the General.