EARNING BIG MONEY, BROUGHT TO COURT FOR NON-SUPPORT

R. H. Burgess Must Pay Wife $10 Weekly.

Earning from $38 to $42 a week, and receiving $70 a month from the Government, Robert H. Burgess was charged with failing to support his wife and two children in police court today. He agreed to a court order to pay her $10 a week henceforth and the evidence was not taken.

Burgess' wife said that he had not given her any money for the past six weeks and that she had been living with friends. She said he had told her to return to England, but she had received a letter from his mother telling her not to come. Burgess claimed that he had sold his home, giving his wife all the proceeds of the sale and additional money, in order that she might return to England. He could not give her money for this purpose and for living expenses as well, he said. He asserted also that he was ill a great deal of the time.

There are two children in the case, one of whom is ill in a city hospital. The mother must support herself and them on $10 a week, as this is the maximum amount which the court can order her husband to pay.

TRUSSES

$1.50 to $10.00. We have Trusses to fit all needs. Our fitters are experts.

ANDERSON & NELLES, 258 Dundas St.

Cut shows one of our many lines.

HOW TO MAKE YOUR HAIR BEAUTIFUL

Ten Minutes' Home Treatment Works Wonders. Stops Falling Hair and Dandruff and Makes the Hair Soft, Brilliant, Lustrous and Fluffy.

Better than all the so-called "hair tonics" in the world is a simple, old-fashioned home recipe, consisting of plain Bay Rum, Lavona (de composee) and a little Menthol Crystals. These three mixed at home in a few minutes, work wonders with any scalp. Try it just one night and see. Get from your druggist 2 oz. Lavona, 6 oz. Bay Rum and ½ dram Menthol Crystals. Dissolve the Crystals in the Bay Rum and pour in 8-oz. bottle. Then add the Lavona, shake well, and let it stand for an hour before using. Apply it by putting a little of the mixture on a soft cloth. Draw this cloth slowly through the hair, taking just one small strand at a time. This cleanses the hair and scalp of dirt, dust and excessive oil and makes the hair delightfully soft, lustrous and fluffy. To stop the hair from falling and to make it grow again, rub the lotion briskly into the scalp with the finger tips or a medium stiff brush. Apply night and morning. A few days' use, and you will not find a single loose or straggling hair. They will be locked on your head as tight as a vise. Dandruff will disappear. You will find fine, downy, new hair sprouting up all over your scalp, and this new hair will grow with wonderful rapidity.

Any druggist can sell you the above. The prescription is very inexpensive, and we know of nothing so effective and certain in its result.—Advt. b

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W. H. TODD

SHOP OF FASHION-CRAFT

EXCLUSIVE MEN'S WEAR

Latest Arrival—Watson's Pure Wool Underwear. $4.50 a Suit and up

UNION EXPECTS WAGE DECISION AT ANY MOMENT

Street Railway Men Awaiting Word From Company On Question.

NO NEW DEVELOPMENTS

Executive Has Not Met Corporation Agents in Conference As Yet.

Announcement of the street railway's decision on wages is expected at any time. Notification whether the company will continue the present scale of wages or reduce them to the former level, it is believed, will be received not later than Saturday, November 1.

President Charles Currie of the street railway company has left the city. There was no further conference today between the company and members of the union. Manager C. B. King, John Colbert, president of the union, and W. J. Ashton, chairman of a union committee, all said there were no new developments today. Mr. Ashton expects that the company's decision on wages will be made at any moment.

Reduction of wages to the old scale has been considered possible as the result of the higher fare bylaw being quashed.

No meeting between the street railway company and the union executive has been held, President John Colbert of the union said last night. The union has received no communication from the company indicating that wages will be reduced, and therefore has no basis for calling a meeting on its own account.

Service on the city lines will not be reduced next month. The "runs" for November have been posted at the car barns, and they are practically the same as those of the present month.

YOUTHS CHOOSE TO BE TRIED BY JUDGE

Will Appear On Three Charges Monday.

Lawrence Flannigan and Ralph Gibson elected trial by a judge without a jury for the three offences with which they are charged, when they were arraigned before Judge Talbot Macbeth today. They pleaded guilty to the three charges, and the day of the trial has been slated for next Monday, November 3.

The three offences to which the young men have pleaded guilty are: Assault, with intent to steal, made upon Harry Harvey of Woodgreen; theft of automobile accessories valued at $200 from the garage of Dexter Dawdy of Tilbury, and the third crime, the theft of an automobile worth $450 from Alfred St. Louis of Windsor.

The boys' homes are in the London district, but they shared a room in a Detroit boardinghouse until about two weeks ago, when they left the American city on a journey through Western Ontario, during which period they committed the foregoing crimes, and it is alleged, a number of others of a similar nature. Flannigan is 18 years of age, and Gibson is his senior in age by four years.

BANK MANAGERS TO BECOME FARMERS' FINANCIAL ADVISERS

New Plan Being Tested Out in District.

SPECIAL DEPARTMENT

Will Deal Only With Rural Customers and Their Needs.

Believing that the rural communities are to play a bigger part in the future problems and finances of the country than has been their role in the past, and that on account of the general prosperity gained by them during the past few years, they must be given the same considerations by the financiers of the country that the industries in the towns and cities receive, the Merchants' Bank is instituting a new department that will devote all its attention to the problems of the farmer. The new venture is being watched with interest by other banks.

With headquarters for Ontario in London, work among the farmers of the province is to be started immediately. One man has been appointed to supervise the operations which will be carried on through the managers of the various branches in the towns and villages of the province. Many new branches will be established.

Financial Advisers.

One of the biggest of the problems facing the bank is the education of the farmers in problems of finance. For this purpose the manager of a rural bank will receive special instructions and training in the work. He will give advice on any question confronting the farmer in money matters, even if it will not directly affect the bank. All farmers will be invited to bring their troubles to the bank.

The operations will not be confined inside the bank buildings; A. A. Werlish who is superintendent of the rural service in this province, will travel from branch to branch, solving any problem that is too big for the local manager of that town. He will also give lectures to farmer meetings on the financial phases of farming.

Use Short Loans.

The farmers will be urged to make use of the short-loan system of the banks, which can be secured for one year or so, in order that they may be carried over from season to season. The majority at the present time when in need of money will place a mortgage on the farm which runs for five years.

This movement of the banks to get in closer touch with the farmers is an absolutely new departure, and is country-wide; two cities in the west will be headquarters for the prairie provinces and British Columbia; Montreal, the main office, will control Quebec and St. John, N. B., will be headquarters for the maritime provinces.

"The movement is being watched with interest by other institutions in the country and if it proves successful in all probability it will be carried on by all the banks," said Mr. Werlish when interviewed.

CAPT. EGBERT GARDINER WILL BE BURIED HERE

Capt. Egbert Gardiner, who was found dead in a hotel room in Cleveland on Tuesday morning, is a son of the late Dr. J. H. Gardiner of this city, and Mrs. Gardiner, now of Toronto.

Capt. Gardiner enlisted in the early part of the war with a medical corps and went overseas, where he served in France for almost two years. He returned to Canada and had spent some time here before going to the United States.

Word has been sent to his mother, who resides in Toronto, with her daughter, Mrs. Ernest Harris, and arrangements are being made for burial here in the family plot. The remains have not yet arrived in the city, but on their arrival here Mrs. Gardiner will come to London to complete arrangements.

The coroner in Cleveland, on viewing the remains of Capt. Gardiner, pronounced his death as due to natural causes.

Should Teachers Be Asked To Serve For Time, Not Knowing What Salaries Will Be Paid?

Principal Points Out That Increase Question Is Business of This Year's Board—Last Year's Board Set Present Schedule.

Arguments used by some against increasing of teachers' salaries for next year by this year's board of education are met by a school principal in the following letter to The Advertiser:

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

The report of the meeting of No. 1 committee of the board of education, concerning the request of the teachers for salary increases, cannot be passed over without comment. It has been said that the present board felt that it had neither the funds nor the right to pass on the question at this time. The teachers are asking for an increase, dating from January 1, 1920. How much money will that require out of the 1919 taxes? As to their right to pass on the question at this time, is it not the general practice for school boards all over Ontario to engage teachers at stated salaries for the coming year? Did not last year's London board, half of whom are on this year's board, adopt a salary schedule for this year?

Do you, Mr. Editor, or does the public, think it reasonable that the teachers of the city should continue to serve the city next year, probably for two or three months, before they know what remuneration they are to receive? Some of the teachers have a very painful recollection of the board of 1914 taking until March to settle the question, which they did by handing the principals the magnificent increase of $35 for the year. At the same time the annual increase to principals was lowered from $100 to $50, and has remained at the latter figure to the present year. During the four years of the war no change was made in the schedule of salaries of public school teachers, except a very slight readjustment, which affected less than 3 per cent of the teachers.

Does the public know that no principal of a public school in London receives $2,000; that some principals are teaching for as low as $1,400; that married men are teaching for as low as $1,000; that some women teachers receive only $600 per annum, and that as a result of these low salaries the city cannot command the services of the best teachers in Western Ontario?

This movement for increased salaries to teachers is continent-wide; Alberta and Winnipeg teachers are asking for a minimum of $1,200; Winnipeg already gives a minimum of $1,000.

The teachers of London may be driven to forming a union, as they have in some other places. In fact, at a meeting of representative teachers held this evening steps were taken looking towards the formation of a local union.

In conclusion, the writer believes that the public is fully prepared to meet the just claims of its teachers.

W. J. SNELGROVE,
Principal Lorne Avenue School.
London, Oct. 28, 1919.

HORSE NEEDS REST, NOT EXERCISE; ITS DRIVER FINED $10

Magistrate Warns Owner Against Repetition of Cruelty.

Michael Hayes, driver for the City Parcel Express, appeared again in police court today on a charge of driving a horse covered with sores. He was fined $10.

Magistrate A. H. M. Graydon personally examined the horse, and reported it to be in a terrible condition. The owner pleaded that he was merely exercising the horse. The magistrate pointed out that during the exercising process a trunk had been placed on the wagon and delivered in the city, making the exercise very much resemble the animal's ordinary work.

"This horse doesn't want exercise; it wants a rest," said the magistrate. "It has so many sores on its body that you can't put a harness on it without hurting it. You could buy a good horse for the amount you have paid in fines for driving this poor animal."

The magistrate threatened that if another attempt was made to use the horse, he would refused to try case, and would have the offenders indicted.

POULTRY EXHIBIT PROMISES TO BE MOST SUCCESSFUL

Over 1,600 Birds Entered At London Poultry Association's Show.

With over 1,600 entries, the London Poultry Association's Show, which opened at Queen's Park yesterday, promises to be one of the best ever held in London. Not only are the numbers there, but there is quality and to spare.

From huge turkeys and Plymouth Rock chickens down to almost minute bantams, with pigeons and rabbits to vary the monotony, all classes are on exhibition, and experts were present last night in scores discussing the fine points, which are not obvious to the amateur or to those to whom chickens are appreciated only when nicely roasted or fried.

Birds From Other Cities.

Birds have been brought to compete for the prizes from as far away as North Bay and other points north and east of Toronto, and few towns or townships in Western Ontario are without representatives.

At the time of going to press today the judges had not completed their work, but all awards will be made known tomorrow. The exhibit outdoes that of any previous year.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY ROLLING UP LARGE VICTORY BOND TOTAL

County headquarters of the Victory Loan reported last night that Monday's total had been swelled by $40,000 yesterday and that the people of East Middlesex had now bought Victory bonds totalling $93,900.

"This is very gratifying to us," stated Organizer G. E. Cork last night, "as the canvassers are not all out yet, for various reasons, and the roads, being in poor shape, have made it increasingly difficult for those who were on the job. Not only that, but there are some men who have not yet reported their sales.

"One canvasser, F. G. Fuller of London Township, wrote up several application yesterday, totalling $15,000, and it goes to show what a real hustler can do."

Reports from Strathroy last night showed that $25,000 worth of bonds had been bought in West Middlesex Monday, and a large total for Tuesday was expected.

THREE PAY FINES

All Managed to Get Drunk by Various Means.

Three drunks who reached the inebriated condition by various means paid $10 each this morning. One was an Indian, who managed to get a fair-sized "kick" from a bottle of bay rum.

A veterinary surgeon was charged with having liquor in a place other than a private dwelling. His case was adjourned until Monday so that he might obtain counsel, and bail was allowed in the sum of $250.

OFFICERS ELECTED

Beaver Club, Girls in Training, Is Organized.

The Beaver Club of the Canadian Girls in Training was organized recently in Maitland Street Baptist Church. Officers elected were: General leader, Miss W. Freeman; president, Miss A. Littleton; vice-president, Miss H. Boyd; secretary, Miss E. Mantle; treasurer, Miss D. Keene; pianist, Miss M. Rowe; social leaders, Mrs. Rowe and Miss Tanton; physical culture, Miss G. Morgan. The club was divided into three groups, under the leaders, Misses Littleton, Mantle and Coughtry.

LOCAL NEWS

SENTENCE SUSPENDED.—Stealing several bicycles and reducing them to small bits was the cause of several small boys appearing in the juvenile court today. Sentence was suspended. One of the damaged bicycles was produced in court.

WRIT ISSUED.—A writ was issued on behalf of the Imperial Bank of this city from the county court office this morning to recover $216, the amount of a promissory note made by the defendant, Bert Longfield of Ingersoll, which was negotiated by the bank.

CHANGE OF SPEAKER.—At tonight's rally in the First Methodist Church, in aid of the forward movement, Rev. W. B. Carswell, bursar of Victoria College, will be the principal speaker in place of Rev. C. E. Manning, who is unable to be present.

MOTHERS' CLUB MEETING. — On Thursday evening the Lord Roberts' Mothers' Club will meet in the Lord Roberts school. An interesting program has been arranged. Dr. W. G. Hastie will show over 200 beautiful views of New Zealand. Several musical numbers are on the program.

TO ERECT TABLET.—At a meeting of Christ Church vestry held last night it was decided to proceed at once with the erection of the tablet in memory of the members of the church who have fallen in the great war. It will be posted on the north wall, and be in readiness for unveiling in a week or two. Assurance was given of active support towards the Dominion-wide forward movement. Circulars will be sent out to church members advising them of a budget canvass to be held shortly.

DEATHS AND FUNERALS

DEATH OF JOHN JONES.

John Jones, member of the building and contracting firm of Jones Bros., died on Tuesday at the family residence, 530 King street. Mr. Jones suffered injuries some months ago from a fall while building a house. His death was due to internal injuries.

Mr. Jones was a prominent businessman, having lived in this city for many years, and being in business for over 38 years. He is survived by his widow, two sons and two daughters, Fred and Wilbert Jones, of this city, and Mrs. Yeates of Montreal, and Mrs. C. Zwicker of this city. He is also survived by three brothers, William Thomas Jones and H. J. Jones of London, and Fred Jones of California.

The funeral will be held on Thursday afternoon from the family residence.

FUNERAL OF CORNELIUS COSSON

Cornelius Cosson was buried this morning in St. Peter's Cemetery. Requiem high mass was sung in St. Peter's Cathedral at 9 o'clock by Rev. Father Dignan. The man being a returned soldier was accorded full military honors. The casket was conveyed on a gun carriage, and the pallbearers were six members of the Canadian Garrison Regiment.

BURIED IN WOODLAND.

The funeral of Alfred Catt, the retired farmer, who died in this city yesterday, was held today. Interment was made in Woodland Cemetery.

FUNERAL OF MRS. JOHNSTON.

Mrs. Jemima Johnston was buried Tuesday afternoon in Woodland Cemetery. The funeral was held from the family residence, 791 King street, at 2:30 o'clock. Rev. G. Q. Warner conducted the services. The pallbearers were David and William McMillan, Peter McCallum, John Keyes, James Rodgers and Frank Cross.

DEATH OF MRS. DOYLE.

The death occurred suddenly Tuesday of Mrs. Lucy J. Doyle, in her 80th year, at her residence, 91 Wharncliffe road, South London.

Mrs. Doyle had been a resident of London for the past sixteen years. She was married when sixteen years of age to Edward Skuse, and went to British Columbia, and was the first white woman there. She later married William Doyle, who died some years ago. During her stay in London Mrs. Doyle was a faithful member of the Askin Street Methodist Church. She is survived by one brother, Richard Sumner, of this city, and two daughters, Mrs. Hancock of Windsor, and Mrs. Nettie Marr of Ridgetown. Mrs. Doyle was a daughter of the late Captain L. Sumner.

The funeral will be held on Thursday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from her late residence to Woodland Cemetery. Rev. J. T. C. Morris will conduct the services.

DEATH OF MRS. McELROY.

Mrs. Helen McElroy, formerly of Toronto, died in this city today, following a long illness. Funeral arrangements have not been made.

DIED IN HOSPITAL.

Philip Morrison, an old resident of Stratford, died at a late hour yesterday in the Ontario Hospital. He is survived by one daughter, Mrs. F. Steinburg of this city, and one son, John, of Stratford.

The remains were forwarded to Stratford today for interment.

DEATH OF JOHN HARLEY.

John Harley, a resident of London for the past 25 years, died today at the home of his daughter, Mrs. T. J. Murphy, Hyman street, quite suddenly. He was born in Ireland, and for a great number of years lived in Strathroy.

The funeral will be held on Friday from 235 Hyman street to St. Peter's Cathedral, where requiem high mass will be sung at 9 o'clock. Interment will be made in St. Peter's Cemetery.

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HOT LUNCH SERVED AS DEMONSTRATION OF WHAT SHOULD BE

Teachers See What Can Be Done at School.

HEALTH DEMANDS THIS

Children Suffer Because of Miserable Meals Swallowed at Noon.

The demonstration of hot lunches such as might be served in rural schools was the feature of the morning session of the Women's Institute convention, held in the Normal School. As well as the three hundred delegates present, 200 Normal students were also served by the department of agriculture, the lunch consisting of hot chocolate, sandwiches, cake and a banana, all neatly tied up in oiled paper and served from boxes.

The demonstration was preceded by an address from A. H. Leake of Toronto, director of household science in rural schools.

"Forty-five per cent of our school children are educated in the rural schools, therefore the conditions there should be made the best possible. In the entire province there are 5,080 one-roomed schools into which the children come each day, having not had time for an adequate breakfast, and carrying a miserably cold lunch in their hands, to be eaten when running about a dirty school yard from dirty hands.

"We know now that many of the physical defects of children are caused by malnutrition, which in many cases in rural districts is due to the inadequate school lunch.

The Difference.

"Picture then, the model school, where certain of the boys and girls are delegated each day to attend to the preparation of hot soup; where paper or linen serviettes are placed on the desks, and the hands thoroughly washed before eating is begun. In such a school the work in the afternoon is much better and the health of the children is being preserved. At the same time domestic science is being taught in the rural schools.

"Rural education is a big thing, and should be a provincial problem. Education has become a passion with us in these days. But do we mean it, when we have to dig down in our pockets to bring about improvements. Already the hot lunch system is being successfully carried on in 100 schoo iln the province, and should be carried on everywhere. The main thing is to get the co-operation of the teachers, parents and trustees. The children are eager enough for it."

"Suitcase" Teacher.

Referring to the poor salaries of teachers and the resultant "suitcase" teacher, who leaves her field of work every week-end, Mr. Leake said:

"I should like some system to be devised whereby a teacher's salary would be increased according to the years which she spent in the same place. This would insure her interest in the community in which she worked."

Another interesting speaker of the morning was Miss A. H. Clayton of Listowel, an institute lecturer, who gave a broad outlook on the work of the organization by a recounting of some of her experiences in various parts of the country. She made a strong plea for better understanding between the people of the town and country, and urged the practice of thrift in every home, so as to meet the great war debt which is hanging over the heads of the world.

Pertinent Question.

"Is the future of our country to be mortgaged because of the extravagances of our people now?" she asked. "Are we making work a dignified thing or are we paying our respect to idle people, who say they do not have to work? When we talk of the high cost of living, are we actually practicing thrift to reduce it? Do we realize that only one in six of the population is a worker, and that the others are subsisting on his endeavor? Are we taking our manner and literature from the United States or are the French Canadians the only true Canadians, who have a distinctive individuality? Do the stories which we read, even the war ones, have to be about American soldiers when our boys were the greatest heroes? Are we going to be real Canadians or only an imitation of the people across the border?

"The institutes could do no better work than cultivate a taste in Canada for things Canadian."

Other Addresses.

Miss Chapman spoke briefly on the work of establishing girls' branches of the Women's Institutes, advocating a larger and broader social life in rural districts, where old and young alike would learn to play.

Mrs. Alfred Watt, founder of the institutes in England, laid additional emphasis on the fact that Canadian women should fight against being Americanized, which is the trend today.

Miss Sutherland of Toronto urged the importance of domestic science in rural schools, pointing out how sewing classes in the schools could be a centre for molding the taste of young girls in dress. She strongly criticized some of the present styles.

Quite a heated discussion was raised at the meeting over the appointment of women trustees to rural school boards. It was not a question whether there should be women on the board, but whether there should be one woman or three on the board of three representatives. The matter was left over until after the noon hour.

The following representatives were appointed to the Provincial Federation of Women's Institutes: Mrs. J. Patterson, Gadshill; Mrs. W. T. Mead of Blenheim, Mrs. J. C. Hawes of Thedford.

A committee to arrange for Western Ontario conventions and carry on the general business of this district was also appointed, consisting of the three provincial delegates, and Mrs. Phillips Mrs. Simms and Mrs. Wood of Kerwood, representing the three districts in Western Ontario, and Mrs. Geo. Edwards of Komoka and Mrs. Wilson, the latter two representing Middlesex County, in which the convention is held. Mrs. Edwards will be president, Mrs. Patterson, vice-president, and Mrs. Malcolm Gray, secretary-treasurer.

Continued From Page One

G. W. V. A.

ority of overseas men in Government employ, return of dependents, free medical treatment for widows and orphans, more adequate vocational training, education of the orphans and children of totally disabled soldiers, scientific consideration of the problem case, life insurance, unemployment insurance, aid to those whose education and training had been interrupted, extension of scientific research and development of natural resources and that of a dominion educational bureau, provision for the small tradesman, action on matter of homesteads held by aliens, housing, round table conference development of aviation. Defaulters under the M. S. A. refund of income tax imposed on Canadians serving in the imperial forces, and more adequate pensions.

"To our regret and disappointment the greater part of these recommendations have been ignored or only partially considered. Had these matters been dealt with in a statesmanlike manner the present Parliamentary committee would have been unnecessary and the unrest among returned men—the direct result of inaction and half-conceived measures—would have been prevented. Even after the Parliamentary committee met and the facts had been presented to them, its recommendations are apparently such that we are constrained to regard them as unsatisfactory, and we are, therefore, placing our resignations in your hands once more as a protest against inadequate measures of re-establishment of the man from the battlefields of Europe. Fraternally yours.

"(Signed) WM. D. TAIT.
R. B. MAXWELL.
DAVID LOUGHMAN."

Imported Footwear

We find to be much appreciated by those who insist on perfect fitting qualities. Rochester made Boots which we are showing this season will admit of the most critical scrutiny in that respect.

Priced at .. $15.00, $16.00, $18.00

Hubert Ashplant and Sons

VETERANS NOT LIKELY TO BE SATISFIED, IS EXECUTIVE'S OPINION

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, Oct. 29.—That the mountain has labored and brought forth a mouse is the opinion expressed by the G. W. V. A. executive in Ottawa this morning with regard to the report of the Calder committee on soldiers' civil re-establishment made public today. As a consequence of the inadequacy of the recommendations to meet the demands of the veterans, Messrs. Tait, Maxwell and Loughnan of the executive have tendered their resignations from the advisory positions which they have held on the repatriation committee of the Government. These resignations have been addressed through Mr. C. Grant MacNeill, secretary of the veterans, with an explanatory letter.

Neither the proposals of the gratuities association or those of the G. W. V. A. with regard to gratuities have been met by the parliamentary committee. There are to be no further gratuities it is evident, however, that a total expenditure of about forty millions will be required in connection with the proposal to provide for the needy during the coming winter, to make up the difference in gratuities, to returned men who have served with the imperial and to reimburse dependents who had their own expenses back home, the gratuity proposal of Comrade Flynn on the other hand, the committee stated, would have cost a billion dollars.

Members of the Dominion executive declare that the recommendations will not satisfy and will not allay the unrest among the returned men. Nor will they put an end to the present agitation in the adoption of the recommendations they say that the Government will simply "lay up trouble for itself in the future." The report will come before the House just as soon as the Grand Trunk bill has been disposed of, and it is expected that it will pay with a fair degree of unanimity though certain of the soldier members are bound to offer considerable opposition.

COMMITTEE CONSIDERS RETURNED MEN WERE TREATED GENEROUSLY

Ottawa, Oct. 29.—In declining to accede to the gratuity proposals of John Harry Flynn, and in giving a negative answer to the request of the Great War Veterans' Association for money grants to ex-members of the forces, based upon length and place of service, the special committee of Parliament which dealt with the matter, in its report says:

Parliament freely and unanimously made provision for the payment of gratuities to every returned man to tide him over from three to six months after his return. It is now ascertained that the total cost of those gratuities will approximate $153,000,000, which, at 5 per cent, involves an annual interest charge of $6,750,000. "No other nation," comments the report, "has treated its returned soldiers so generously in this respect."

The report deals with moneys advanced for land settlement, the department of soldiers' civil re-establishment and proceeds: "Summing up the whole situation, your committee are convinced that as regards the problem of re-establishment generally, the Canadian people and their representatives in Parliament, as well as the Government, have always shown an earnest desire to meet any real need that has arisen, or may exist. Parliament heretofore has not been parsimonious in voting money whenever and wherever the expenditures were shown to be necessary.

Self-Confidence Needed.

"Frequently, however, the opinion was expressed in Parliament that the greatest care should be taken to avoid any action that would tend to deprive the soldier of his self-reliance and self-respect. It was thought to be against the best interests of the soldiers themselves that they should rely unduly upon the state in the period following discharge. Your committee concur in these views. After hearing all the evidence they agree that the best policy toward the soldier is to surround him with conditions that will tend to strengthen his self-confidence and self-reliance.

"As to the general character of the work, as now carried on by the several departments of Government concerned with the various problems of repatriation and re-establishment, your committee cannot speak too highly. The executive and administrative officers who appeared before the committee to give evidence showed a knowledge and appreciation of their work that was commendable in every instance. The committee was struck with the nature of the work carried on, the ramifications of the same. The general efficiency of the administrative machinery established with the spirit that prevailed in every branch of the service and the general results secured. In stating this the committee does not wish it to be understood that mistakes have not been made and that there is no room for improvement. The inquiry held is bound to lead to remedies of defects in administration and otherwise. At the same time your committee feels called upon to report that the evidence has been a revelation of the character and extent of the work carried on. This particularly applies to the department of soldiers' civil re-establishment, which has undertaken a work that is little understood and appreciated by Parliament, the people of Canada and by many of the soldiers themselves. The work of the soldier-settlement board is equally commendable. The evidence clearly indicates that the board on one hand has a clear grasp of its work, and on the other that it has taken every reasonable precaution to protect the best interests of the returned men themselves, as well as the interests of the state.

From the evidence adduced and from official statements submitted by the several departments concerned, the committee finds that the total expenditure for pensions and various forms of re-establishment work to March 31, 1920, will amount approximately to $314,568,726.62, not including any part of the cost of demobilization.

Pensions Not Included.

This latter figure does not include a sum approximately $30,000,000 which must be expended annually on pensions.

The total amount expended or to be hereafter expended for re-establishment work now carried on amounts to $491,540,623.50, together with $30,000,000 annually for pensions. If from these figures are deducted amounts paid for pensions and expenditures and loans under the soldier settlement act, there remains a total of $263,004,124.76 for other classes of benefits.

The financial position of Canada is next considered, and the opinion is expressed that as there is little likelihood of the Dominion being able to borrow the large sums needed to carry out the proposed gratuity schemes, or any large portion of it, in either Great Britain or the United States, it must be raised in the Dominion.

On this the report says:

Would Demoralize Market.

"An attempt to borrow several hundred millions of dollars in addition to the amount now required to be raised by the coming Victory Loan would demoralize the market for our securities, greatly injure our credit both in Canada and abroad, and undoubtedly prejudice the successful flotation of the Victory Loan itself. Your committee are clearly of the view that the sums of money suggested cannot be raised by borrowing, as the financial resources of the Dominion are not more than adequate to provide the very large commitments already made, and required for the future needs of the country. Any attempt to raise the amounts suggested beyond these requirements would injuriously affect the credit of Canada and bring about conditions seriously affecting the welfare of all sections of the community, including the returned soldiers themselves."

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MAN WORKING

strictly adhered to it yesterday while "working" one of the city's largest factories. Approaching a man who was at work on a noisy buzz-saw, he talked over the man's shoulder for about ten minutes without any visible effect. Then, realizing that the man was deaf, he wrote upon a piece of paper the words "Selling Victory bonds—buy a $1,000." The workman read it and, nodding his head to signify his willingness, stopped work for a moment to sign the agreement.

"My! I wish I had written $10,000 instead of the $1,000 on the paper," said Mr. Hessian, in recounting the story this morning.

Youth Leads.

Maurice Abbott and A. R. Bryant, working as a team in the industrial division, successfully canvassed C. H. Jones' wholesale jewelry establishment yesterday. The work proceeded slowly, however, until they approached George Goring, of 109 Briscoe street, the company's youngest employee. George, who has a bank account of his own, commenced by buying a bond of his own, and then organized the plant for the Victory Loan workers, and the majority of the men followed his example.

The employees of the Murray Shoe Company won the second honor banner of the city yesterday through the efforts of George Copeland, the industrial organization captain, and Capt. French. They broke last year's record, the team securing 77 applications for $12,600.

A Lucky Number.

W. J. Gray, who has thirteen applications to his credit in two days' work, has found good fortune in the unlucky number, for this morning he was the leading salesman, having obtained subscriptions amounting to $8,800.

One of the returned men on the Victory Loan force, S. B. Atkinson, is reported to have obtained splendid results from his work. One of his applications yesterday amounted to $6,000. Other salesmen who had a good day on Tuesday are W. Pryne, C. V. Lang, L. A. Rapley, A. J. McGeoghin and P. Pocock Jun., whose applications included amounts of $2,000, $400, $200 and several $100 and $50 bonds.

Many people of the city are desirous to be in the campaign early and are visiting the headquarters' office to buy their bonds from Harry Bapty's department. The organization leaders stated today that the people need not personally apply at the headquarters, because the whole city is to be thoroughly canvassed and everyone will be ultimately reached in the coming three weeks.

Forms Missing.

Great consternation was caused last evening when the large consignment of application forms was not delivered, as there was not one form left in either the city or county departments to meet this morning's demand. Telegraph and telephone wires were made hot for a while, with the result that the strayed consignment was delivered early this morning.

G. H. Wood, the chairman of the provincial organization, sent the following telegram from Toronto last evening to J. A. Clarke, the organizer here:

"Accept for yourself and A. L. Anderson, and also convey to Chairman Reid, our heartiest congratulations on the magnificent returns just received. This helps to boost Ontario's total for the second day to over $13,000,000."

"Say it with Flowers"

On Thursdays

We have selected Thursday for the mid-week Flower Day.

A special Flower offering will be made every Thursday during the coming fall and winter.

Watch for them in Wednesday's papers. Flowers are the outward sign of beautiful culture and good breeding.

They add a note of refinement to the costume. Therefore, tomorrow's Flower Special,

Milady's Corsage

Our $2.00 Special Is Adorable

Our $4.00 Special Is Irresistible

DICK'S FLOWER SHOP London, Ont.

"Say it with Flowers"

On Thursdays