$(17\alpha$ - methyl[1,2,5]oxadiazolo[3',4':2,3]-5 α -androstan-17 β -ol): gestrinone; 4-hydroxytestosterone (4,17β-dihydroxyandrost-4-en-3one); mestanolone; mesterolone; metenolone; methandienone (17βhydroxy-17α-methylandrosta-1,4-dien-3-one); methandriol; methasterone (17β-hydroxy-2α, 17α-dimethyl-5α-androstan-3-one): methyldienolone (17β-hydroxy-17α-methylestra-4,9-dien-3-one); methyl-1-testosterone (17β-hydroxy-17α-methyl-5α-androst-1-en-3one); methylnortestosterone (17β-hydroxy-17α-methylestr-4-en-3one); methyltestosterone; metribolone (methyltrienolone, 17βhydroxy-17α-methylestra-4,9,11-trien-3-one); mibolerone; nandrolone; 19-norandrostenedione (estr-4-ene-3,17-dione); norboletone; norclostebol; norethandrolone; oxabolone; oxandrolone; oxymesterone; oxymetholone; prostanozol (17β-[(tetrahydropyran-2-yl)oxy]-1'H-pyrazolo[3,4:2,3]-5α- androstane); quinbolone; stanozolol; stenbolone; 1-testosterone (17β-hydroxy-5αandrost-1-en-3-one); tetrahydrogestrinone (17-hydroxy-18a-homo-19nor-17α-pregna-4,9,11-trien-3-one); trenbolone (17β-hydroxyestr-4,9,11-trien-3-one); and other substances with a similar chemical structure or similar biological effect(s).

(b) Endogenous** AAS when administered exogenously:

androstenediol (androst-5-ene-3 β ,17 β -diol); androstenedione (androst-4-ene-3,17- dione); dihydrotestosterone (17 β -hydroxy-5 α -androstan-3-one); prasterone (dehydroepiandrosterone, DHEA, 3 β -hydroxyandrost-5-en-17-one); testosterone;

and their metabolites and isomers, including but not limited to:

 5α -androstane- 3α , 17α -diol; 5α -androstane- 3α , 17β -diol; 5α -androstane- 3β , 17α -diol; 5α -androstane- 3β , 17α -diol; androst-4-ene- 3α , 17α -diol; androst-4-ene- 3α , 17α -diol; androst-5-ene- 3α , 17α -diol; androst-5-ene- 3α , 17α -diol; androst-6-ene- 6α , 17α -diol; 6-androstenediol (androst-6-ene- 6α , 17α -diol); 6-androstenedione (androst-6-ene- 6α , 17α -diol); 6-androstenedione (androst-6-ene- 6α , 17α -dione); 6-androstenedione; 6-androsterone; epitestosterone; etiocholanolone; 6-androsterone; 6-androstan-6-and

For purposes of this section:

"exogenous" refers to a substance which is not ordinarily capable of being produced by the body naturally.

"endogenous" refers to a substance which is capable of being produced by the body naturally.