of abdominal feet are fully formed in this stage, and are used by the larvæ when walking. Thoracic feet blackish at tips; abdominal feet shaded with black towards base. The larvæ do not change during this stage, and remain the same colour as just after moulting. They still have the habit of assuming the sphinx-like attitude.

On the 23rd May some specimens were swollen, and by the 25th all but four had moulted. These passed the third moult soon afterwards.

Stage IV.—Length, 17 mm. Head 1.5 to 1.6 mm. wide, very slightly bilobed. The larvæ in this stage do not show any difference from the last stage. The markings are exactly the same, no change whatever could be detected. The dorsal area is perhaps a little darker than in Stage III.

On the 27th May four specimens were swollen, and these had moulted by the morning of the 28th. The remaining larvæ moulted during the next two days.

Stage V.—Length, 21 mm. Head 2.0 to 2.2 mm. wide. In this stage also the larvæ do not show any material difference from Stage III. The whole dorsal surface is rather darker, and, in consequence, the black band on the sides does not appear so conspicuous. The whole skin above the spiracles is a dull-grayish green, finely mottled with black. The lateral stripe is fainter than before. The centre of the spiracle is pale orange in this stage, but ringed, as before, with black.

On the 31st May two larvæ passed the fifth moult, and the remaining specimens within the next few days.

Stage VI.—Length, 27 mm. The larvæ in this stage are very different from the last three stages. Head 3.1 to 3.4 mm. wide, brownish, very slightly bilobed, shiny; almost the whole upper surface of each cheek consists of one large, black, elongated spot. Between the two large spots the face is darker brown than the lower front of head, and is reticulated with the same colour. On the lower front and sides there are also some darker brown blotches; ocelli black; sette pale and slender; at base of each hair there is a small dark brown spot. The head in the last three stages becomes darker with each moult. Body cylindrical; dorsal and lateral stripes, as well as the black band between lateral stripe and spiracles, are very faint now, the dorsal stripe being the most perceptible. The whole skin above the spiracles is now one mass of beautiful, small, wavy, black dashes, spots and blotches, the skin itself being of a dull yellowish gray, a pale reddish brown, or a dull grayish