alandoning the time-honoured and historical Church in which they were born and bred, "in order that they may tling themselves into the entanglements of the latest phase of American Sectarianism."

The Ottawa Times, speaking for itself no doubt echoes the sentiments of the Reformers.
"Anathema cannot and does not prevent scbism. It may be presumed that the Church's curse will cause the many to submit to the exercise of nummeries and flummeries against which the judgment of the few rebels, and which are a positive disgrace to modern Christianity. The many do submit. But people, uninfluenced by priesteraft sce that Protestant Churches are decorated; that there are candles lighted on the altars; that the services are intoned; that the choristers are surpliced; that the organ, not the congregation, groans the Amen; and that the sermon is slurred over as of no avail. Tlie ungodly inile. The carnest take another view, and see in these absurd ceremonies the begimning of that decay in Cluristianity which must assured!y result from such heathenish practices."
"A nathema! The word is'startling. One is inclined to ask if ecclesiastical malediction can ine possible in this age? Will not congregations in spite of such stupid cursings, reber and declare emphatically ly their acts that they will have a naked christianity, and insist upon teing permitted to join in that beautiful church service in which they have been brought up unadulterated by altar-cherubs, lighted candles gorgeously surpliced curates, or the weird howlings, which, in some churches, have taken the place of the reverend reading or repeating of prayer. There can be only one answer. These innorations introduced by "educated" cle:gymen will disgust congregations, and with congregations tl.e true remedy rests."
The new Temperance movement in the States, to wit the women's crusade against saloon keepers and frequenters has not yet crossed the lines. And we feel diṣ!msed to hope that, when it comes, as come it may, it will be in a slightly modified form. Perhars we are prudish, hit we fancy the people of Montreal have too much respect for the decencies of religion, as well as for their wives and daughters, to have any desire for the re-enactment of those scenes that aie daily furnishing pabulum for the sensational in the towns and villages of the neighbouring Republic. While taking exception to the means employed, the object contemplated has our entire sympaty. Ieaven speed the day when bar-rooms shall be abolished, and when drunkenness shall hide its head for very shame!
A notable event was the openizg of the Brogiklin Tabernacle for worship, which strikingly illustrates the rapid grow th and development of American churches and the enthusiasm of American church-goers. Five years ago Rev. De Witt Talmage was called from Philadelphia to Brooklyn by a Church that could bring together at a meeting for the purpose only nineteen members. They built a large church, which was destroyed by fire in December, 1872. The building which has just been opened is the largest Piotestant church in the

United States, seated for 4,600 , and will hold about 5,000 . The cost of this fine building was only $\$ 100,000$. On the day of dedication it was announced that there remained $\$ 35,000$ to be provided for. No sooner said than done! Then and there the money was subscribed, to be paid in four monthly instalments. The Pastor's name heading the list with $\$ 1,000$, and others doing likewise until the thing was done. Mr. Talmage belongs to the Dutch Reformed Church, but on this cccasion was assisted by brethren of otker denominations. Dr. Ives, a Methodist, put them up to paying off the debt. Henry Ward Beecher rejoiced to see that the shaking of the tree had brought down the golden fruit over their heads that day. "Debt on a church was the Deril's saddle, and be would not fail to ride in it. Therefure he should not think they were free until every cent was paid on this fair f:bric. It was worth it."

## LITERATURE.

Theggits on Grand and Important Scb-Jecrs.- The title of this beautiful little volume is a sufficient index to the subject matter of the nineteen practical discourses contained in it. Those who have seen and heard the Rev. A. Nelville of the U. P. Churh will prize this volume as a souvenir of an carnest and cloquent preacler, and the Diristian reader who, in the pertasal of these pages, first makes his acquantance, will find comfort and editication in the se srecimens of hispulpit alministrations, the careful revision and arrangement of which hare given employment to his declining years. It confirms one's faith in the efficacy of a prached Gospel to find one who for ", century ministered to others saying with the Author, when the shadow is lengthening " that the great truths which engage d his attention in early life are still his cwn chicf conforts in old age. The work is publislied by Messis. James Campbell \& Sun, Toronto, in their usual taste ful manner.

The Responsimlities of Yocig Men are earnestly and ally set forth in al semmon I reached to the (ilasecw foung Hen* Clyati.hi Aruciation, by the Rey. Jobn Marshall Lang, D.D., of the Barony Parish, and publised at the request of the Assuciation. The Gafl in the Far Wfst is the tinle of a lecture delivered by the Rev. Dr. Masson, of Edinburgh. tefore the Greenock Gaclic society, in which we find a trutlful and graphic account of what the lecturer saw and heard of his countrymen on the occasion of his recent visit to Canada. Both these reverend gentlemen have our thanks for their kind remen:brance of Canada and Canadians, and they may rest assured that this bare mention of their names will bring to the minds of many on this side the A tlantic very pleasing recollections of personal intercourse with them and of the good words spoken by them.

The Protestant is the name of a new monthly magazine published by F. E. Grafton, Montreal, at $\$ 1.50$ per annum, designed " to unite Protestants of all denominations in resisting the political aggressions of Ultramontane Romanism in Canada." The first numbers contain some very good articles.

