

Western Annapolis Sentinel

SUCCESSOR TO THE BEAR RIVER TELEPHONE

VOL. 12

BRIDGETOWN, ANnapolis COUNTY, NOVA SCOTIA, APRIL 10, 1908.

NO 14

CURES Inside Ills

A sneeze—a sniff—a cold in the head—a cough. Serious trouble may result unless you recognize the symptoms and eradicate them at once. There's a sure remedy for inside ills—take it in time and save doctor's bills. A few drops of



Johnson's Anodyne Liniment

taken on sugar will work wonders. The first use makes a big improvement in your condition, whether you are suffering from a sore-throat, a cold, cough, croup, bronchitis, asthma or other disorders of the respiratory organs. For pain in the stomach, cramp, colic, cholera, morbus and diarrhoea, a few halts restful doses will bring relief and effect a speedy cure.

For outside aches and pains, cuts, bruises and lameness Johnson's Anodyne Liniment is invaluable. Always have a bottle within reach, both everywhere.

Guaranteed under Food and Drug Act, June 30, 1906.

15 and 30 cents a bottle.

J. S. JOHNSON & CO.
BOSTON, MASS.

Halifax & South Western Railway

| Accom. | Time Table | Accom. |
|-------------|-----------------|-------------|
| Mon. & Fri. | Jan. 20th, 1908 | Mon. & Fri. |
| Read down | St. John's | Read up |
| 11:30 | Millerton | 10:08 |
| 12:00 | Charlottetown | 10:38 |
| 12:18 | Bridgetown | 11:18 |
| 12:41 | Granville City | 11:50 |
| 12:59 | Granville City | 12:25 |
| 1:40 | Port Waikie | 12:55 |

CONNECTIONS AT MIDDLETON WITH ALL PORTS ON N. & S. W. RY. AND D. A. RY.

P. MOONEY
General Freight and Passenger Agent.
HALIFAX.

DOMINION ATLANTIC RAILWAY

Steamship Lines

St. John & Digby

AND

Boston via Yarmouth

"Land of Evangeline" Route.

On and after January 1st, 1908 the Steamship and Train Service on this Railway will be as follows (Sundays excepted):

FOR BRIDGETOWN.

Express from Halifax, ... 12:11 p. m.
Express from Yarmouth, ... 1:54 p. m.
Accom. from Richmond, ... 5:29 p. m.
Accom. from Annapolis, ... 7:20 p. m.

FOR GREAT RIVER.

Express from Halifax, ... 1:20 p. m.
Accom. from Annapolis, ... 8:45 a. m.
Express from Yarmouth, ... 12:43 p. m.
Accom. from Annapolis, ... 7:30 p. m.

Midland Division

Trains of the Midland Division leave Windsor daily, (except Sunday) for Truro at 7:40 a. m. and 5:35 p. m., 6:40 a. m. and 3:15 p. m., connecting at Truro with trains of the Intercolonial Railway, and at Windsor with express trains to and from Halifax and Yarmouth.

Boston Service

ROYAL MAIL S. S. BOSTON.

by far the finest and fastest steamer plying out of Boston, leave Yarmouth, N. S., Wednesday and Saturday, immediately on arrival of express train from Halifax, arriving in Boston next morning. Returning, leaves Long Wharf, Boston, Tuesday and Friday at 1:00 p. m.

St. JOHN and DIGBY

ROYAL MAIL S. S. YARMOUTH.

Daily Service (Sundays excepted.)
Leaves St. John, ... 7:45 a. m.
Arrives in Digby, ... 10:45 a. m.
Leaves Digby same day after arrival of express train from Halifax.

P. GIFFINS,
Kensville,
General Manager.

Arrangements were made to take a sunlight photograph at the bottom of the shaft of a mine 2,000 feet deep at Sombrero, in Mexico. The town is on the Tropic of Cancer, and the sun's rays at the meridian on June 21 fall vertically and illuminate the shaft brightly to its lowest depths. The sunlight lasts about three minutes, and then disappears for a year.

Maple Sugar and Syrup Must be Pure Products.

(Montreal Witness.)

Mr. A. P. Murray, the sales manager of the Edwardsville Starch Company, Limited, probably the largest producer of corn, rice, wheat, and potato starches, glucose, and corn syrup, in this country writes to the Witness, giving his views on that phase of the maple industry that was discussed in these columns by Mr. J. A. Vaillancourt last week.

Mr. Murray pursues the subject to a logical and patriotic conclusion when he advocates, in the interest of the Canadian farmer who produces the maple sugar and maple syrup, and in the interest of Canada's reputation as the producer of a pure food product peculiar to her soil, regulations that will ensure the absolute reliability of this class of goods.

He deprecates the traffic in impure syrups that has been shown to be injurious to the industry as it is carried on by the farmers, but he passes, uncomplained, the harm and injury that some of the farmers themselves are doing to the reputations of the communities in which they live, and to the good name of Canadian maple products. What protection do these farmers deserve who boil chips of maple wood to give a proper flavor to a mixture of brown sugar, glucose and water, which they send to the market under the name of "maple syrup," or those who increase the weight of their cakes of sugar by deliberately mixing all sorts of grit and other impurities with the syrup while it is thickening?

Mr. Murray says: "I have very carefully noted your interesting article regarding maple products. Personally, as a Canadian, I feel very strongly that we ought to insist on maple syrup and maple sugar being absolutely pure. Being in the syrup business, I know that a great deal of maple syrup is not pure, and in many cases, it is a grave question whether it contains any sugar whatever."

"To protect our Canadian farmers, and the reputation of Canadian goods there cannot be too strict regulations made to guarantee that maple syrup and maple sugar is sold, will be absolutely pure. On the other hand, almost everyone connected with the grocery trade knows that a great deal of maple syrup is going into consumption that is very impure to say the least."

"We make what we frankly call a 'maple flavored' syrup. We make it out of the best maple syrup, but flavored with the very finest maple sugar we can buy, filtered and purified. This we have not pushed, but simply sold it where it was necessary to make an assorted confectionery to far off points, but we do not know of any such more satisfactory to the trade than a great many other so-called maple syrups on the market. On the other hand we have always felt that we should not compete against the farmer with his real maple syrup. I thought you would like to publish this as a more or less technical confirmation of Mr. Vaillancourt's very interesting report."

And it came to pass that after he had advertised his goods there came unto him great multitudes from all the regions around about, and did buy of him. And when his competitors saw it, they marvelled among themselves, saying: "How be it that this man is busy while we loaf idle about our doors?" And he spake unto them: "In this age of such and such a rustle, it is easier for a camel to enter into the eye of a needle than for a man to flourish without advertising."

Dr. F. S. Anderson

Graduate of the University of Maryland
PAINLESS EXTRACTION
By Gas and Local Anesthetics
Crown and Bridge Work a specialty
Office: Queen street, Bridgetown.
Hours: 9 to 5.

JUDSON H. MORSE,

Professor of Vocal and Instrumental Music
Will receive pupils in Bridgetown on Saturdays and Mondays of each week. Pupils prepared for college diplomas, and teaching.
Enquire of Dr. M. E. Armstrong.

J. B. Whitman

Land Surveyor,
BRIDGETOWN, N. S.

Arthur Horsfall DDS, D.M.D.

Dentist
Annapolis Royal, Bridgetown,
At Bridgetown, Mondays and Tuesdays of each week. Office of the late Dr. Primrose. Hours 1 to 5.

Leslie R. Fair

ARCHITECT
Aylesford, N. S.

J. M. OWEN

BARRISTER & NOTARY PUBLIC
Annapolis Royal
THURSDAY
Office in Butcher's Block
Opposite of the Nova Scotia Building Society
Hours at least 10 a.m. to 10 p.m.

J. H. HICKS & SON

Queen St., Bridgetown, Telephone 46
J. M. FULMER, Manager

J. J. RITCHIE, K.C.

Keith building, Halifax.
Mr. Ritchie will continue to attend the sittings of the Courts in the County. All communications from Annapolis clients addressed to him at Halifax will receive his personal attention.

O. S. MILLER

BARRISTER,
Real Estate Agent, etc.
SHAFFNER BUILDING,
BRIDGETOWN, N. S.
Prompt and satisfactory attention given to the collection of claims, and other professional business.

O. T. DANIELS

BARRISTER,
NOTARY PUBLIC, Etc.
UNION BANK BUILDING.
Head of Queen St., Bridgetown.
Money to loan on first-class Real Estate.

The Sabean Family of Annapolis County

The first one of the name who came to America was William Sabin, who was at Rehoboth, Mass., in 1643 when the town was organized. He was a man of culture, means and influence, and a leading man in all public affairs. The Rev. Anson Titus, historian and genealogist, writes in his Sabin, thinks he was a French Protestant refugee in England; see his article in the New England Historical and Genealogical Register, Vol. XXXVI (Jan., 1882) page 52, but the writer doubts this, because the name was known in England for generations before he came over, borne by families whose origin was Norman. One small, but important branch of the family of which Hon. Lorenzo Sabine, the author, was a descendant, added on a to the name, making it Sabine and sometimes it is found on Church and town records Sabien and Sabens, but the Nova Scotia branch alone spell it Sabean. William Sabin was married twice and had twelve children, four of which were boys. His second wife, who was Martha Allen of Medford, Mass. His eleventh child, born January 21st 1657, was named Jeremiah, which continued to be a family name in the New England Provinces for some generations. The names Benjamin and Timothy were also common names in the early generations in the old Provinces, and in the Nova Scotia Branch.

JEREMIAH SABEAN, SENR.

It is supposed that this man was a son of a Jeremiah, who was a son of Benjamin, fourth child and third son of William, as stated in Wilson's History of Digby County, but this has been disproved, and his line of descent from William is as yet not certainly known. He is still undoubted among several families of his time. There was one, Jeremiah (5), born at Berwick, Maine, about 1732, son of Jeremiah (4) born at Rehoboth, who, aged 21, married in 1751 Mary (Abbott) widow of Josiah Goodrich, son of Israel (3), son of Samuel (2), eldest son of William (1), but it would almost seem that he would be too young to be identical with the one who came to Nova Scotia, unless some of the descendants of the latter are much mistaken in the age of their ancestor. But the eldest two sisters of Jeremiah (5) were Mary and Sarah, and those were the names given by Jeremiah, Senr., of Nova Scotia to his first two daughters, and Mr. Titus thinks he was the same man. The mother of Jeremiah (5) was Mary Orono, daughter of Jeremiah, Senr., of Nova Scotia married Susanna (Lalby), whose ancestor was a French Protestant. According to Wilson "he came to Annapolis, Yarmouth county in 1762. Later, in company with Borden Thurber, Jonathan Strickland, Moses Morrill, and Robert Morrill, he sought out St. Mary's Bay, and conformed to settle at the mouth of the Sissiboo River. He settled first on West side, and in 1765 moved to a lot on the East side, where his daughter, Deidamia, was it is supposed the first white child born in Yarmouth. The locality where he settled, and where some of his descendants still live is known as Sabentown. Here he lived till he was an old man, and he and his wife were considered a worthy couple. They and their son Benjamin were the first adherents of the Baptist church in Sissiboo, (Yarmouth), and the whole family were much respected. See Wilson's History, p. 114. At length his oldest son, Jeremiah removed to Wilmot and took his aged parents with him shortly after the beginning of the 19th century. The only tradition as to the date that the writer can find is that this removal was about 1808, and that he was so infirm from old age that he had to be carried up from the vessel to his son's house, and that he died soon afterwards aged 98 or 99 and that his widow died a year later. The writer, however, from the dates of certain deeds of his son is of the opinion that the removal did not take place so early, and that he died some where between January 27th, 1812 and September 6th, 1815, because his son Jeremiah styles himself junior in a deed of the former date, but not in a deed of the latter date. According to Wilson the following is a list of his children, but the writer suspects that there was another daughter missed by Wilson, and that their order may not be entirely correct, although

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure
The only baking powder made with Royal Grape Cream of Tartar
No Alum, No Lime Phosphate

Correspondence

PORT LORNE.

Mr. Frank Starratt arrived home from sea on Saturday last.

Mr. Freeman Beardsley and little daughter, Lizzie, arrived home on Tuesday last, having spent the past week in Bridgetown, the guest of Mrs. E. C. Hall.

Capt. S. M. Beardsley spent a few days at home recently.

Mr. Patterson Foster left for Lynn, Mass., on Saturday last.

Mr. Arthur Neaves left for St. John last week to join the sch. Lacombe, as steward.

An ice cream social was held in the hall on Tuesday the 24th, by the W. S. C. for the benefit of the church, the sum of \$8.25 was realized.

Mr. Walter Phinney left for his home in Lynn, Mass., on Wednesday last.

NORTH WILLIAMSTON.

Rev. C. H. Haverstock will preach here on the 12th instead of the 19th of this month.

Mr. Robert Gibson of Dalhousie spent a few days with his sister, Mrs. O. DeLaney during the first part of this week.

Mrs. A. R. Kierstead left on Monday for N. B., where she intends to spend two weeks with friends there before leaving for British Columbia.

Mr. Sampson of Boston, Mass. visited his aunt, Mrs. John Moore last Wednesday.

The pie social which was held on Tuesday evening proved a grand success. The sum of \$18 being realized. We extend many thanks to those who came from a distance and assisted so benevolently.

WEST INGLISVILLE.

Services in the Baptist church, Sunday at 3 o'clock.

Mrs. Ida Banks has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Horace Reid at Bridgetown.

Mr. John Batt, who has been seriously ill for several weeks, we are glad to report, is convalescent.

Mr. Morse Darling recently visited friends in Bridgetown.

Miss Blanche Best recently visited her parents in Bentville.

Avard Leonard was suddenly called to Kingston to visit his mother, who is seriously ill.

Mrs. Ida Smith is still on the sick list.

Mr. and Mrs. George Banks have been spending a few days with their son, Mr. Charles Banks at Paradise.

Seventy pounds worth of coin is dropped in London daily.

Nova Scotia Coal Market

Nova Scotia is the best market for Nova Scotia's coal. This is indicated by the figures for the last month's report. According to the report the amounts of provincial coal sold in the different markets were as follows—Nova Scotia (by land) 1,754,229 (by sea) 288,150—total 1,542,419 tons; Quebec, 1,700, 920; United States, 616, 312; New Brunswick, 427,128; Newfoundland, 146,902; P. E. Island, 77, 493; Mexico, 1,361; West Indies, 2,598; other countries, 12,483; bunker 204,572.

The bulk of the United States and Newfoundland and all the Mexican shipments were from Cape Breton county, as well as all the bunker coal. The St. Lawrence shipments from Cape Breton totalled 1,388,928 and the Nova Scotia sales amounted to 1,195, 201 tons.

SPRINGFIELD.

The Easter Concert by the Baptist S. S. will be given in the church on Sunday evening (Apr. 12th). A good programme is being prepared and we feel sure it will be well worth a silver collection.

We are very glad to report that Mrs. Jacob Roop, who recently passed through a serious operation in the Victoria General Hospital is improving rapidly and expected home this week.

Mrs. Will Bent of Liverpool and her mother, Mrs. McAllan of New Germany were guests of Mrs. and Mr. J. F. Bent during last week.

Mr. Wm. Darling spent the 7th in Middleton.

Mr. J. F. Bent is spending a few days in Liverpool, the guest of his son, W. A. Bent.

Miss Alma Wilson left for Kingston this week to assist in nursing her father, Mr. Timothy Wilson, who is ill at the home of his daughter, Mrs. John Cropley.

MINDARD'S LINIMENT

CURES BURNS, ETC.

It was indeed a beautiful night. The gentle zephyrs played musically amid the delicate fronds of the turnip tops, and wafted from far distant fields the subtle perfume of the luscious onion, and the fragrance of decaying cabbage. "Betsy," he whispered, as they sat together on the fence surrounding Mrs. Filigan's pig-sty, "how beautiful you be! I don't think of it Betsy!" When we married us will have a pig of our own! Think of that, Betsy!"

"Jan," she whispered, a note of resentment in her voice, "what do I care for pigs? I shan't want no pig when I've got you."

There all was silent once more save for the musical rattle of the zephyrs already mentioned.—Punch.

Consumption is less deadly than it used to be. Certain relief and usually complete recovery will result from the following treatment:

Hope, rest, fresh air, and—**Scott's Emulsion.**

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND \$1.00.



(Continued on page 4.)