

Weather Forecast:
COLDER

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HOME
EDITION

AVIATOR SMASHES KRUPP WORKS

AVIATOR HITS KRUPP WORKS WITH BOMBS

According to Dispatch Received in London From The Hague.

Explosives Land On Buildings Devoted to Cannon Manufacture.

FLYER MAKES ESCAPE

Great Plant Is Germany's Most Famous War Implements Factory.

[Canadian Press.] London, Dec. 3.—2:35 p.m.—A foreign aircraft yesterday dropped bombs on the Krupp factory at Essen, Germany, the great plant at which are manufactured the famous German siege guns, as well as smaller arms and ammunition, according to a dispatch received today by the Exchange Telegraph Company from The Hague.

This message quotes a dispatch from Berlin to the effect that the bombs were dropped on the buildings devoted to the manufacture of cannon.

It is said that the aircraft escaped unharmed, and that the extent of the damage has not been ascertained.

HALF OF BUILDINGS
TRUCK BY EXPLOSIVES

[Canadian Press.] London, Dec. 3.—2:35 p.m.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company quotes a message from Berlin to the effect that the Krupp factory at Essen, Germany, was bombed yesterday by an aircraft. It is said that bombs were dropped from the aeroplane on the guns on half of the buildings. The aircraft escaped unharmed and the extent of the damage has not been ascertained.

SAYS ARMIES OF
ENEMY HELPLESS

French Colonel Ridicules Idea of a Hundred German Army Corps.

E ALLOWS FIFTY-EIGHT

Must Now Realize They Have Not Enough To Crush Europe.

[Canadian Press.] New York, Dec. 3.—A Paris cable to the Herald says: "Lieutenant-Colonel Rousset, in the Liberte this afternoon, ridicules the German assertion that there are one hundred army corps in the field."

"If it were true it would only make the Germans' failure the more striking; but the assertion is not true," says Lieut.-Col. Rousset. "The Germans have fourteen and a half corps opposing the Russians and forty-three and a half corps opposing the Franco-British forces."

"Both in the east and the west the Germans are helpless. On their eastern frontier they are fighting desperately to escape from the Russian grip, while in France and Belgium they are jammed into the trenches, whence every attempt at a sortie means heavy losses."

Instances Thrashing. "The latest instance is the thrashing they received yesterday south of Bismarck, while still further south the French drove them out of Vermeilles."

"The Germans," concludes Lieut.-Col. Rousset, "must now realize that they haven't sufficient forces to crush Europe."

KING GEORGE REPORTED
TO BE ON FIRING LINE



Advertiser Illustration.

[Canadian Press.] London, Dec. 3.—1:15 p.m.—King George of England, who has been visiting the British lines in Flanders, is reported to be on the firing line today, according to a telephone message received this afternoon by the Evening News from Calais.

EARLY-CLOSING ORDER
PASSED IN MANITOBA

Licenses and Clubs Asked To Sell No Liquor After 7 p.m.

[Canadian Press.] Winnipeg, Dec. 3.—An order-in-council has been passed by the provincial cabinet requesting licensed hotels and social clubs to discontinue the sale of intoxicating liquors on their premises after the hour of 7 o'clock in the evening throughout the Province of Manitoba. It is also requested that all wholesalers close at 6 o'clock in the evening. This order is to go into effect on December 10 of the present year.

NO AGREEMENT YET.

[Canadian Press.] Cleveland, O., Dec. 3.—The sub-committee of the miners and operators of the Eastern Ohio coalfield, where 15,000 miners have been on strike since April 1 last, adjourned at noon today, after failing to reach an agreement, and will report this disagreement to the joint conference at 2 o'clock.

Sidelights of the European War

INSPECTS NORWAY COAST

[London, Dec. 3.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Christiania, Norway, says that King Haakon goes to Trondheim today, where he will inspect the coast from Bergen, in order to inspect the measures taken for the defence of Norwegian neutrality.

TAKEN AS PRIZE

London, Monday, Nov. 30.—9:36 p.m.—(Delayed in transmission.)—Lloyd's Agency declared today that the Norwegian steamer Ran, which reached Liverpool yesterday (Sunday) from New York, has been taken into custody by the British authorities and is being held as a prize.

SCIENTIST IS PRISONER

Paris, Dec. 3.—Dr. Albert Calmette, the eminent scientist and director of the Pasteur Institute at Lille, who has been acting as one of the chiefs of the medical service of the army, has been missing for some time. It is now reported that he is a prisoner of war at Munster, Westphalia.

NEW METHOD HELPING

Paris, Dec. 3.—The method of bone grafting discovered by Dr. Alexis Carrel, of New York, and Dr. Victor Horsley, of London, is being taught to French army surgeons by Dr.

FLAYS KAISER

U. S. Consul at Hamilton, Free To Speak After Retiring, Scores German Militarism.

[Canadian Press.] Hamilton, Ont., Dec. 3.—Colonel J. H. Shepard, United States consul at Hamilton, who has retired after 17 years' service, speaking at a farewell dinner at the Hamilton Club last night, expressed his strong sympathy with the Allies, and declared that German militarism must be crushed forever. Colonel Shepard explained that until he retired from American Government service he was prevented from expressing any opinion on the war.

GERMAN SUBMARINES ARE BOTTLED UP AT ZEEBRUGGE

Naval Bombardment Destroys Plant For Opening Locks, Imprisoning Craft.

[Canadian Press.] New York, Dec. 3.—A special cable to the Herald, dated on the Belgian frontier Wednesday, says: "The land and naval bombardment of Zeebrugge, the cause of destruction of the electric plant which supplies power for the operation of the lock gates giving access to the maritime canal, with the result that they cannot be opened. The submarines, which are bottled up in the inner basin are bottled up."

The Germans are in a serious predicament, unless they are able to manipulate the lock gates, and Zeebrugge is useless. They must take their submarines piecemeal overland to Antwerp, and the delay in this matter may be disastrous to them.

PAY TRIBUTE TO COL. WIGLE

300 From Border City Here To Honor Eighteenth Battalion Commander.

REGIMENT IS PARADED

Corps Drawn Up For Inspection of Visiting Delegation.

[Canadian Press.] London, Dec. 3.—The correspondent of the Daily News telegraphs from Western Flanders: "I have just witnessed one of the most pathetic, but at the same time inspiring, homecomings of the war. It was the arrival on the Belgian soil of the Queen of the Belgians, the beautiful consort of the noblest king, the brave and indomitable people ever have had. The Queen, carrying in her beautiful features all the care which this devastating war has inflicted upon the Belgian people, came from England through France."

"When, dressed in black velvet and wearing a set of sable, she landed in France, the French and British military authorities rendered to her the fullest homage on the quay. She was received by French and Belgian officers, and automobiles were in readiness to convey the royal party to the Belgian headquarters."

"Nothing I have seen in this awful struggle has made more of an impression than the womanly figure of the Queen, bravely facing toward Belgian soil and her devastated Belgian home."

PRISONERS MUTINY; ARE SOON SUBDUED

Cold Steel Charge Quells Ardor of Germans at Lancaster, England.

[Canadian Press.] Lancaster, via London, Dec. 3.—8:11 a.m.—An attempt to escape, made last night, by a group of German prisoners of war, was quickly and efficiently suppressed by the guards, who charged the mob with fixed bayonets, wounding several.

The trouble arose from the indiscretion of a prisoner, who boasted to the other captives that he was about to be released. This angered his comrades, who attacked him. The guards intervened, but were overpowered.

The reserves were summoned, and when they reached the scene they found a thousand prisoners advancing, armed with bricks, sticks and stones. The reserves fixed bayonets, charged at the double and soon subdued the mutineers. The ringleaders were arrested and placed in solitary confinement. Only one man was seriously injured in the melee.

Guards. Mr. Wright is a son of G. W. Wright, who came here two years ago. His wound is in the foot and he expects to be back at the front in a short time.

KAISER TAKES COUNSEL

Berlin, Dec. 3, Via London.—2:55 p.m.—Emperor William yesterday had a conference at Breslau, in Silesia, with Archduke Frederick, commander-in-chief of the Austro-Hungarian army, according to a telegram received here today at general headquarters.

Charles Francis, heir to the throne of a General von Hotzendorf, chief of the general staff, also were present.

Late Emperor William visited a military hospital at Breslau.

BIG CONTRACTS LET

Chicago, Dec. 3.—Purchasing agents of British and Russian closed contracts yesterday for automobile trucks and tools amounting to \$2,500,000. It was announced today. Three hundred 20-ton trucks and 100 five-ton trucks were ordered for each country. Buyers representing the British Government received a cablegram ordering several thousand shovels, buckets, picks and other trench-digging tools.

485 AT FORT HENRY

Kingston, Ont., Dec. 3.—There are now confined in Fort Henry 485 prisoners of war. Some of the prisoners have been put to work building up the roadway leading to the fort.

KINGSTON MAN WOUNDED

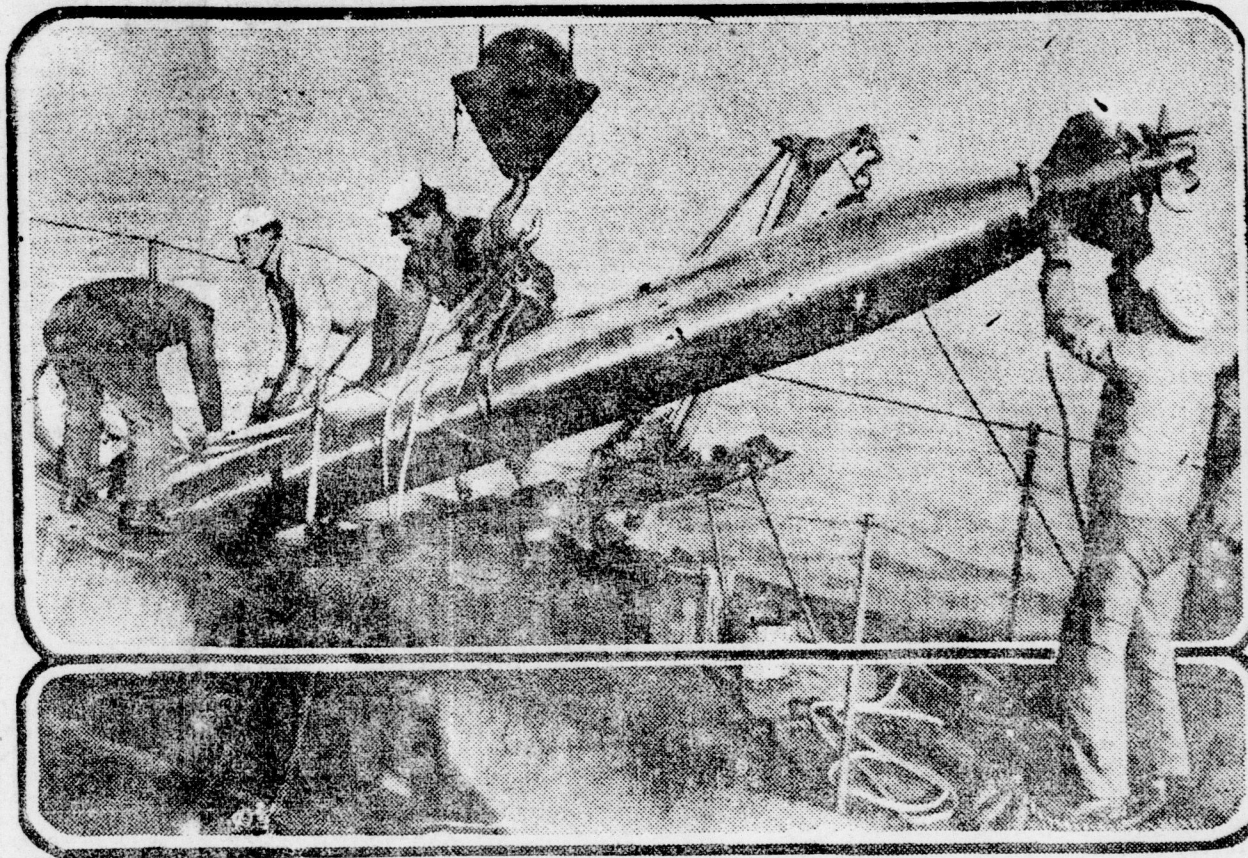
Kingston, Ont., Dec. 3.—Word has been received here that Percy Wright, who went to the front on the outbreak of war, has been wounded, and is in a hospital at Edinburgh. He was a reservist of the Eleventh Hussars, but was transferred to the Royal Horse

DASHING EXPLOIT OF ALLIES' AIRMAN SAID TO HAVE CAUSED DESTRUCTION AT ESSEN

THUNDER OF CANNON NEAR YPRES LINE

BELIEVED TO TELL OF TERRIFIC BATTLE

THE DEADLIEST WAR WEAPON



A torpedo sliding into its place in a submarine, ready to dart at a warship's side and bring death, perhaps, to nine hundred men.

"FRANCE AND RUSSIA THEY MATTER NOT!"

German Legislators Applaud Hollweg's Expressions of Hatred to Belgium and Her Defender—Says War Was "Forced Upon" Teuton Nation.

[Canadian Press.] Berlin, Dec. 3.—When Dr. Von Bethmann-Hollweg, the imperial chancellor, appeared today in the Reichstag, he spoke seriously and slowly, reading his prepared speech with careful emphasis. He eulogized the German military successes, said that much remained to be done, but that Germany would persist to her last breath in this war, which was forced upon the German nation.

One of the most important parts of Dr. Von Bethmann-Hollweg's address was his declaration of Belgium's guilt in this war, which was forced upon the German nation. In surrendering her neutrality, of which written proof, he said, had since come to light. These were not at Germany's disposal on August 4, he declared, although well known to British statesmen. This declaration caused prolonged applause.

BITTER AGAINST BRITAIN.

The final portion of the chancellor's speech was devoted to an indictment of British policy as being morally responsible for the war, although Russia was directly responsible, the chancellor said, by driving through a general mobilization. Long continued applause followed the close of his speech.

COURT APPEAL SEEMS LIKELY

Temperance Petition Seems Scheduled for the Law Courts.

THREATEN A MANDAMUS

"Drys" To Resort to Former, "Wets" to Latter Course of Action.

Assessment Commissioner Stephen Grant's report, as to the sufficiency or otherwise of the signatures on the license reduction petition, probably will be submitted to the board of control tomorrow. Mr. Grant stated today that he would not hear any more witnesses, and that he would confer with the city solicitor this afternoon as to the form his report should take. He hoped to have a final declaration ready by the morning.

Mr. Grant refused to commit himself as to the result of his investigations of the names on the petition, except to say that "the number of names below or above the number required will be very small. It is a very close thing."

On the other hand, the liquor men declare that, if a bylaw is submitted on an insufficiently signed petition, they will ask for an injunction to restrain the city from putting the bylaw into effect. They say their legal advisers declare that a license reduction bylaw has the same status as a bylaw for local option, and that it cannot be legal unless the petition asking for the vote to be taken was signed by ten per cent of those on the voters' list.

In any case, therefore, a report from Mr. Grant, that the petition is not sufficiently signed, is likely to result in litigation instituted by one party or the other.

NOTHING TO CAUSE CHANGE IN ITALY

Premier Intimates That Neutrality Is Likely To Be Maintained.

[Canadian Press.] London, Dec. 3.—4:16 p.m.—The Rome correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company reports that at the opening of the Italian Parliament today Premier Salandra stated that there was no new factor in the situation in the course of development at present, which would prompt Italy to alter her policy of neutrality.

EMINENT ARTIST DEAD.

[Canadian Press.] London, Dec. 3.—Henry William Banks Davis, the painter, died last night. He was born in 1833. Mr. Davis was a member of the fine arts jury at the Paris Universal Exposition at Paris in 1889, and served as president of the international jury of fine arts at Chicago in 1893.

London Thinks There Is More Activity Than Is Officially Stated.

FRENCH MAKE ADVANCES

Official Statements Report Artillery Attacks, But Little Change in Situation.

[Canadian Press.] London, Dec. 3.—12 noon.—The increasing thunder of guns in the vicinity of Ypres and the arrival at Bruges of transports, bearing wounded men, lead to the conclusion in London that a greater degree of activity has prevailed in West Flanders than has been reported in the official communications.

All reports agree that in Northern Poland the battle is still undecided, and fiercely contested, with the Germans making desperate efforts to resume their forward movement in the direction of Warsaw.

From Petrograd comes the report that General Rennenkampf has been made the scapegoat on account of the coup which enabled the German forces to cut through the encircling Russian cordon. According to this report the dilatoriness of General Rennenkampf in bringing up reinforcements made the success of the German movement possible.

Contrary Views. Discouraging the campaign as a whole, a well-known Berlin military critic maintains that the long resistance and the unexpected recuperative powers of the Austrians, coupled with their losses in Poland, have deprived Russia of such a large portion of her first-line troops that her offensive power has been irretrievably impaired. On the other hand, observers in Petrograd expressed the opposite view, and they are contented that Grand Duke Nicholas will prove himself more than a match for the admitted resourcefulness of General von Hindenburg.

Russian forces are now reported to be within eight miles of Cracow, while the situation of Przemyśl, the only other Austrian stronghold left in Galicia, is declared to be desperate.

The anxiety in England over conditions in South Africa has been greatly relieved by the reported capture of the Boer leader, General Botha, the most formidable among the leaders of the South African rebellion.

FRENCH STATEMENT.

[Canadian Press.] Paris, Dec. 3.—2:55 p.m.—The French official report given out in Paris this afternoon says: "In Belgium there was a rather lively artillery fire directed against Nieuport, and to the south of Ypres."

"The inundations have extended to the south of Dixmude."

"From the Lys to the Somme there has been a violent bombardment, particularly at Aix-Neuville, to the west of Lens."

"There was quiet along the entire front from the Somme to the Aisne and in Champagne."

"In the Argonne several attacks of the enemy were repulsed and we made slight progress."

"In the Woëvre district the German artillery directed certain activity, but with insignificant results."

"In Lorraine and in the Vosges there is nothing important to report."

AUSTRIAN STATEMENT.

[Canadian Press.] Vienna, Dec. 3.—Via London, Dec. 3.—5:50 a.m.—An official communication issued here tonight says: "In West Galicia it was generally calm Tuesday. Russian night attacks in Northwest Wolbrom were repulsed."

"The fighting west of Nowo Rodomsko (Poland) and near Lodz is developing favorably."

"Before Przemyśl (Galicia), the Russian is under the influence of their last sorties, have remained passive. Several of the enemy's aviators have dropped bombs unsuccessfully."

"In the Carpathians there has been no decision reached in the fighting as yet."

NOTHING IMPORTANT.

[Canadian Press.] Berlin, via London, Dec. 3.—2:10 p.m.—Today's official statement was limited to the following brief announcement: "In neither theatre of war has anything of importance happened."

MAIL FOR BRITAIN

The next British mail will close today at 11 p.m.

THE WEATHER

Following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night: Highest, 53; lowest, 46. The official temperatures for the 12 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 47; lowest, 34.

TOMORROW—COLDER.

Toronto, Dec. 3.—8 a.m.

Today—Northerly winds; fair and a little colder.

Friday—Increasing northeast and east winds.

Temperatures.

The following were the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today:

Lowest. Weather.

Stations. High. Low. Weather.

Victoria. 48. 40. Cloudy.

Calgary. 28. 6. Snow.

Winnipeg. 16. 12. Cloudy.

Port Arthur. 20. 18. Cloudy.

Port St. Joseph. 20. 18. Cloudy.

Toronto. 44. 35. Cloudy.

Ottawa. 42. 35. Cloudy.

Montreal. 42. 35. Cloudy.

Quebec. 44. 35. Cloudy.

Father Point. 43. 34. Rain.

Pressure is quite high, this morning over the Great Lakes, and nowhere very low.

Showers have been general from Eastern Ontario to New Brunswick, while the weather continues moderately cold in the West.

ONLY 19
SHOPPING DAYS
UNTIL
CHRISTMAS!

Read the Ads.