DEFENCE HINTS AT INSANITY

Probable Line Indicated by the Examination in Jardine Murder Case.

PARENTS ON THE STAND

Witness Tells of Seeing Accused and Dead Girl on the Fair Grounds.

Goderich, April 12.—At the afternoon session of the Goderich murder trial cross-examination of Dra. Gallow showed the probable line of defence—insanity. Dr. Gallow, who made the post-mortem, first saw the body on Tuesday, Sept. 27. He described the wounds. Those on the brow and nose were made before death. The young women would live 20 minutes or a half-hour after these injuries were sustained. Death was from the wound in the throat. Grapes were found in the stomach, which had been eaten but a short time.

"Would you say these blows were made by a sane or an insane man?" asked Mr. Dancey.

"Oh, I couldn't tell. I should suppose any man who would commit such an act would be insane at the time," replied the doctor.

Afternoon Session.

When the case of the King against Edward Jardine, charged with the murder of Lizie Anderson last September, was resumed this afternoon, the dead girl's father returned to the stand, and his examination by Mr. Dancey for the defence was continued. The lawyer wos very sharp with the witness, but the old man stuck well to his direct testimony. The witness denied stoutly that he had to[illegible] anyone, as the lawyer intimated, that the body of his girl would be found in that part of the town.

'Did you know the body was there before it was found on Sunday?' the lawyer thundered, after asking him in great detail where and when he had searched for the child.

"No, sir," the father said, with great emphasis. "I never saw her alive or dead from Tuesday morning until Sunday."

Mr. Dancey questioned Mr. Anderson about the Italian boarder, Spataro, of whom the father had said he was a "perfect little gentleman." He asked Anderson if he had not tried to shield Spataro at the inquest, and the witness replying in the negative, he asked: 'Did he have a knife?'

"I never saw him with it," said Mr. Anderson.

The witness very warmly repudiated remarks he is reputed to have made to Constable Scott McMath about knowing "more than he dared know, and more than he had ever told them."

Willie Anderson followed his parents in the witness box, and, unlike his father, recalled a visit of Constable McMath to their house, and the incident of McMath taking a cane from Anderson, senior, when they were in the south end of the town.

Richard C. Postlethwaite, chief of police, interrogated the prisoner when he found him sitting on the bank of the lake. Jardine said he saw the girl at 8 o'clock in the chicken-house at the fair grounds, and that he went home about 8 o'clock, and had not been out of the house after that.

Mr. Dancey—You know why Jardine refused to come at first to Mr. Seager's office?

"He said he was lame."

"He claimed to be."

"Any way, he came?"

"After a good deal of persuasion."

"You walked up slowly, I suppose?"

"No, at a pretty good gait."

"Did he complain?"

"Yes."

"Said his back was sore?"

"No, he didn't say his back was sore."

The Crown's Examination.

County Crown Attorney Seager, to whom Jardine last fall made a statement describing his movements on the night of the crime, then took the box.

"I desire to intervene with a cross-examination of the witness in regard to this statement," said Mr. Dancey.

"Quite reasonable," the judge commented.

"Jardine was examined at that time on suspicion?" the prisoner's counsel inquired.

"No, he was not," said the witness. "I sent for others as well. As a matter of fact, I did not know at that time that anything had happened the girl, except that she had disappeared."

"You did not tell him that any statement might be used against him?"

"No, because we did not expect to have any charge against him."

Mr. Blackstock, resuming, asked: "Why did you decide to have him sign it, when you did not at first intend to?"

"I noticed toward the end that he seemed somewhat agitated."

The statement was then read, Mr. Dancey objecting. The feature of it is a detailed description of a strange man with whom Jardine claims to have seen Lizzie Anderson at the fair.

A Medical Witness.

Dr. W. F. Gallow first saw the body on Tuesday, Sept. 27. There was a three-inch gash on the throat, besides a small one about three-quarters of an inch in depth. There was also discoloration on the right forehead, running up to the hair. Just below the right eye was another discoloration. All appeared to have been caused at one time, including discoloration on the upper lip and right ear. These were from some kind of blow. The back of the left hand had the skin rubbed off, the glove being turned back over the fingers. Over the back and thighs were numerous abrasions. These were made after death, while the wounds on the brow and nose were made before death. The young woman would live 20 minutes or a half hour after these injuries were sustained. Death was from the wound in the throat. Grapes were found in the stomach, which had been eaten but a short time. The body was that of a fairly healthy girl. All the garments from the upper part of the body were soiled and bloodstained. All, with the exception of the skirt, were cut from the bottom upward. The girl was rather under stature for the age of 17.

Witness was unable to say whether the girl's person had been violated.

To Mr. Dancey, the witness said [illegible] decomposition of the body had set in.

"Would you say these blows were made by a sane or insane man?"

"Oh, I couldn't tell. I should suppose any man who would commit such an act would be insane at the time."

Mr. Blackstock—This insanity would not be operating while he was decoying a girl into a lonely place or making the arrangements?

"No."

Mr. Dancey—At the time he was committing the deed, would he understand the quality of his act?

Witness—Not for the moment.

"He would be bereft of his reason?"

"At the moment he was in this frenzy he would not stop to reason, I think."

Mr. Blackstock—This frenzy or passion does not differ from any other, except in its cause?

"No."

Spataro's Story.

Spataro, the Italian, who occupied rooms in the same house as the Andersons, considered that Lizzie was a good girl. He saw Ed. Jardine with the girl in the fair grounds at 3 o'clock on Sept. 26. He offered to give Lizzie a ride home, but when he tied up his horse she had disappeared. The witness swore that he was home at 30 o'clock and went immediately to bed.

Cross-examined, Spataro told of taking Lizzie Anderson out driving, always in the afternoon, except on one occasion when he took her up to church. He did not go walking with her alone at any time. Witness had never seen Jardine before he saw him with the girl at the fair grounds, and was not sure of his identity then, only that Wesley Anderson told him afterward that young man with a stick must be Jardine.

Spataro here contradicted statements of Wesley Anderson. The latter called him at 3 o'clock in the morning, alone, he said, to ask if he knew where Lizzie was.

Anderson did not shake him to wake him, nor was Willie present. His door was closed.

"How far away from you?" asked Mr. Blackstock, "was the man who was with Lizzie Anderson?"

"As far as you are from me."

"Where is that man now?"

"In the box there."

"You are sure, even without what Mr. Anderson told you?"

"Yes."

The following witnesses told of seeing Miss Anderson and Jardine at the fair grounds, and described their appearance with a varying degree of detail. These were Fred Glidden, of Colborne; Frank Glazier, of Dunlop, Miss Eliza Carrick, of Goderich, and Beryl Irwin and Bella McLeod, girl companions.

Nicholas Allin, the first witness called, who did not testify at the inquest, took the stand just before 6 o'clock. He told of a conversation with Jardine at the fair grounds, when the prisoner's injury was discussed, and at which time Jardine asked for and was given 25 cents.

William Brindley conducted a shooting gallery at the fair. Jardine was a patron on Tuesday afternoon and evening and was seen by the witness wrestling with another young fellow.

Mrs. Brindley, wife of the previous witness, had shaken hands with Jardine at the shooting gallery and described his dress in detail.

Mrs. Lizzie Salisbury, mother of Mrs. Brindley, fixed the time of seeing Jardine at the shooting gallery at about 8.30. Her statement that the prisoner wore a white collar at that time could not be shaken by counsel.

Rae Steele, from near Dungannon, sold canes on the fair grounds. He thought he saw Jardine between 8 and 9 o'clock, and had a distinct recollection of the check coat Jardine Anderson wore.

Neil McDonald saw Jardine between 7 and 8 o'clock. John Muir and a companion, Joseph Spain, noticed him at quite a[illegible] 8.30 or 8.45. Hugh McGuire, who, according to a witness at the inquest, wrestled with Jardine, was not asked anything about that.

Little Katherine McDonald, told Dr. Blackstock it was nearly 9 o'clock when she, with a companion, saw Jardine. Keen cross-examination by Mr. Dancey failed to shake her testimony, and Margaret Leonard, the companion, corroborated it.

Mrs. McDonald and Chassy McLean contributed nothing new.

The Expert Evidence.

To-morrow medical testimony will be to the fore, and Mr. Blackstock will make an effort to introduce the alleged confession made by Jardine in jail to Dr. Bruce Smith and Dr. Arthur Jukes Johnson, of Toronto. Should Chief Justice Falconbridge admit this statement it is known that L. E. Dancey, counsel for the prisoner, will call Dr. J. R. Whitely and Dr Herald, of Goderich, and Dr. Smith, of Bayfield, and it will be expert against expert. Should the statement not be admitted the remainder of the crown witnesses subpoenaed will be called.

The prisoner sat in a corner of the dock with his back against it all day, listening attentively to the examination of witnesses. As Chief Postlethwaite slipped the handcuffs on his wrists at the adjournment of court to take him back to jail Jardine smiled broadly at an acquaintance and departed after a talk with his lawyer.

Large plans of the fair grounds and the cellar of the vacant house where Lizzie Anderson's body was found were used during the day and turned in as exhibits in the case.

BURGLAR SENTENCED

William Chapman, of Toronto, Goes Down for Three Years.

[Canadian Press.]

St. Catharines, April 13.—William Chapman, a Toronto young man, arrested in company with his brother here for burglary, was this morning sentenced by Police Magistrate Campbell to three years in Kingston Penitentiary. He was wanted for similar charges in Gravenhurst, Toronto, Windsor and Peterboro.

FRIENDS WORRYING

Mexican Revolution Cause of Anxiety in Canadian Homes.

[Canada Press.]

Washington, April 13.—The Mexican revolution has caused anxiety in many a household in Canada and the United States, as is evinced by the number of telegrams received here inquiring for information concerning the whereabouts of friends in the affected territory.

The state department has had many such inquiries, and has attempted to furnish prompt replies. Dr. Vazquez Gomez, head of the confidential agency of the Mexican revolution in Washington, also has been beleaged with telegrams since the revolution started.

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Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

ALL CANADA FOR RECIPROCITY SAYS SIR FRANK NEWNES

Canadians Overwhelmingly Eager for the Trade Agreement, He Declares, After Studying the Question at Many Points.

[Canadian Press.]

New York, April 13. — Sir Frank Newnes, the English publisher, who was in New York today on his way homeward from a month's tour of Canada, found the people of the Dominion overwhelmingly eager for reciprocity, he says. He travelled from Montreal to Winnipeg, visiting the principal centres of population, with a view to ascertaining the sentiment of all classes on the proposed tariff agreement. He summed up his conclusions as follows on his arrival here:

"The Canadian Parliament is only awaiting the action of the American Congress to make the long-desired reciprocity between the Dominion and the United States a reality. So strong has the issue made the Laurier Government that I am convinced should Sir Wilfrid Laurier resign and go to the country on the question, he would be overwhelmingly re-elected.

Strongest in West.

"In the west I found the sentiment even stronger than in the east, with the exception of Winnipeg. In that city there is a feeling that with the present trade relations with the United States undisturbed, Winnipeg would soon be counted the world's greatest grain centre. Fear exists there that with the tariff taken off wheat the great flour plants at Minneapolis and St. Paul will continue to lead the world, and Winnipeg's development will be checked."

A True Bill Against Vanstone

Goderich, April 12.—A true bill was returned tonight against George Vanstone, charged with the murder of his 7-year-old son, Freddie, last December.

Vanstone continues cheerful in the county jail, apparently unconscious of his position. His counsel, M. G. Cameron, K.C., has intimated that there will be no defence.

William McEwan, a grand juror from Hensall, received word tonight of the death of a relative, and the judge excused him from further service as soon as the Vanstone indictment was presented.

8.8 MILLS NOW FOR SCHOOL RATE

But Chairman Eckert Hopes For a 22-Mill Tax Rate This Year.

ALL THE ESTIMATES IN

It Looks as Though Some Paring Will Be Done on the Figures Presented by Different Bodies.

The estimates of the various spending bodies are now in the hands of City Treasurer Bell and City Auditor Jewell, and the finance committee will make an effort to strike the tax rate tonight and on Saturday.

Of course, the estimates are higher than last year, but there will be the usual paring, and when the figures are cut down to ordinary size, Ald. Eckert expects to have no difficulty in reaching a 22-mill rate. The estimates are as follows:

	1911.	1910.
No. 1 Committee	$ 52,700.00	$ 50,234.85
No. 2 Committee	103,87.00	62,500.00
No. 3 Committee	98,041.42	93,981.25
Hospital Trust	8,500.00	28,500.00
Board of Health	4,250.00	2,880.00
Police Department	47,800.00	4,025.00
Public Library	12,000.00	104.00
Board of Education	209,081.29	196,551.45

$64,000 of Increase.

Roughly speaking, the spending bodies have asked for $64,000 more than last year. This is a considerable increase, and it is giving the finance committee some trouble in adjusting matters. This is almost 2¾ mills.

No. 1 committee is not likely to show any increase when the final estimates are struck. It forms a balancing committee, in truth, and as a result, its appropriation may be lowered or increased as the circumstances of the case will allow.

The board of works shows a very large increase. There are increases all along the line, although it is very probable that when the finance committee get through with them they will be somewhat lower. For instance, the sum of $45,000 is included in the estimates for street repairs and new roads. Last year about $25,000 was expended for this purpose. Under the new system of local improvement it will not be necessary to expend that money, and at least $25,000 will be cut off that amount.

There is another item of $3,500 for a public comfort station, and that, too, will be cut off. Other items will be lowered undoubtedly until the board of works expenditures are brought down very low.

Estimates Revised.

No. 3 committee have reduced their estimates to nearly rock-bottom. It is true that they might cut off $1,000 off the street lighting account, and $1,000 off the fire department account, but certainly no more. That would assist somewhat in keeping the rate down.

The board of health, the hospital trust, the public library board, and the police department have their estimates revised, and no further reduction can be expected from them. The hospital trust shows an increase of $5,000 over last year. Of this sum, $4,000 is for motors, etc., necessary to use Niagara power. The increase of $1,000 is due to the scarlet fever outbreak.

The board of education sprang a surprise. Assurances were made to the finance committee and others that the estimates would be practically the same as last year, but the increase of $10,000 approximately took the breath away from the finance minister.

Add to this $5,000 more for hospitals, and the large part of a mill on the rate is gone.

The board of education will not likely show much disposition to reduce their estimates to any extent, and consequently the finance committee cannot look for much relief in that quarter.

The School Rate.

The school rates this year will be about 8.8 mills on the dollar. Last year they were 8.3546 mills, showing a steady increase. In 1901 the rate was 6.75 mills on an assessment of $17,821,000. Now the assessment is run up to $27,485,906, and the rate is 8.8 mills.

The debenture expense will be $220,636.28 this year, as compared with $213,206.17 in 1910. This increase is due to the fact that sinking fund for the city hall issue must be provided, and also there is the natural increase.

However, the council will receive a considerable sum additional this year to meet the increased expenditure.

For instance, there is a surplus of $18,500 from last year's council. That will more than make up for the increases in hospital and educational expenditure.

Amount of Taxes.

If the tax rate is fixed at 22 mills, the taxes from the general rate will amount to approximately $589,600. When the rate was 23½ mills last year, the city received $599,250. If the rate this year were 23½ mills, the city would receive $639,800 for taxes alone.

However, there will be or should be a considerable reduction in the estimates, and the finance committee will be enabled to strike a 22-mill rate.

It can readily be seen that there is not much money left for making roads or improving the city after the uncontrollable expenditure is provided for. For instance, this year $486,000 will be expended on the board of education, the hospital trust, the public library board, and the debenture rate. That consumes all the taxes raised with the exception of $100,000 or thereabouts.

The receipts will be about the same as last year, not reckoning the general taxes. About $200,000 were received, all told, and it is anticipated that the same amount will be received this year.

"We thought we would have smooth sailing," said Ald. Eckert, chairman of the finance committee. "However, we will have to do some toll cutting to reach a 22-mill rate. It looked easy some time ago, but the estimates are increasing at a lively rate. I hope to strike that rate, and I am looking for the assistance of the other spending bodies in accomplishing that result."

METHODIST CHURCH AND "MIXED MARRIAGES"

General Conference Committee Takes Up Ne Temere Proclamation.

Toronto, April 13. — The Methodist Church will soon speak on the ne temere proclamation. At the meeting of the General Conference committee, held last Friday, the question was raised and discussed in all its bearings, and a large committee appointed to deal with the whole question, and to issue a statement explaining fully the position of the Canadian Methodist Church on the matter.

The committee is a very representative body. Among those serving on it are Rev. Dr. Carman, Rev. Dr. T. A. Moore, Rev. Dr. Chown, and Rev. Dr. W. H. Hinchs. Two or three prominent laymen are yet to be added.

Whatever the finding of this committee may be, it will be accepted as the position of the Methodist Church in the Dominion.

Following a lecture on "Jesuitism," the audience of the First Avenue Baptist Church passed the following resolution:

"That this meeting emphatically utters its protest against the application of the ne temere decree in this Dominion, and calls for its immediate withdrawal for the following reasons:

"1. That whereas many homes are being wrecked through the application of the papal decree called 'ne temere;'

"2. That whereas the home is the cradle of the nation, and that uniform obligations to its laws are desirable;

"3. That it is detrimental to the building of national life in Canada;

"4. That the said decree seeks to avoid and nullify the laws of Canada in regard to certain marriages, and that we petition for a complete separation of church and state, and the throwing off of the old French laws which now bind Quebec, and of which the ne temere is one."

MANGLED BY RADIAL

Eight-Year-Old Preston Lad Killed While Crossing Street.

Preston, Ont., April 13. — A fatal accident occurred yesterday afternoon on the corner of Church and King streets at the postoffice. Willie Wagner, aged 8 years, son of W. H. Wagner, furniture dealer, was crossing the streets, when he was caught by a car on the G. H. and H. Railway, and so badly injured that he died before he could be extricated.

THROUGH ALL THE COURTS

Man Injured Four Years Ago Finally Compromises His Action.

Montreal, Que., April 13. — After circulating through the Canadian courts, from the superior to the supreme, during the past four years, and figuring in a number of side issues, the famous case of Demetrius Karovokiris against the Canadian Rubber Company was today settled out of court, the company paying Karovokiris $2,500, with the understanding that each side should pay their own costs. These during the long years of waiting and frequent appearances in court will be heavy.

It was in 1907 that the case started, when Karovokiris entered suit against the Canadian Rubber Company for $7,000 damages. He lost an arm while operating a grinding machine at the company's factory, which was used for reclaiming old rubber. While feeding the machine a big piece of stuff got caught, and the Greek tried to pull it out, with the result that his hand got caught in the mechanism and his arm was ground off.

Shiloh's Cure
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. 25 cents.

Is Baby Teething?
Strong's Carminative is needed then. It's an aid to teething—aids by relieving the pain and keeping down inflammation in the gums. It's a splendid baby medicine, good for relieving colicky conditions, diarrhoea, dysentery, cholera infantum, etc. It's perfectly safe—physicians indorse it.
PRICE—25 CENTS.
Strong's Drug Store
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MAIL YOUR ORDERS—Our well-organized Mail Order Service will serve you promptly. We guarantee satisfaction.

BORDEN EVADES POINTED QUERY

Refuses to Say Whether He Favors Increase in Preference.

FEW CHANGES IN TARIFF

Hon. Mr. Fielding Says Preference Will Not Be Increased to Fifty Per Cent.

Ottawa, April 13.—In the Commons yesterday, Hon. Mr. Fielding, in reply to Mr. R. L. Borden, that if there are any changes in the customs tariff, they will be small, and that the changes will not include an increase in the British preference up to fifty per cent.

Referring to the statement of Mr. Nesbitt, of North Oxford, that he had the authority of the Premier for stating that there would be no more changes in the tariff and that the Government had gone as far in the interests of the farmer as they would go, Mr. Borden observed that Sir Wilfrid Laurier indorsed the utterance.

Quoting resolutions by various branches of the Grain Growers' Association, which demanded an increase of the British preference to 50 per cent, Mr. Borden said that in view of all these statements there was some surprise at the absence of any reference to the British preference in the budget speech. He asked, therefore, for a definite pronouncement as to whether it was the intention to increase the British preference and to what extent. Also whether in view of the reciprocity agreement it was the intention of the Government to introduce any tariff changes this session and especially any tariff changes affecting the preference.

Mr. Nesbitt asked Mr. Borden if he was in favor of an increase of the British preference.

Borden Evasive.

The leader of the Opposition replied that when he and his friends were upon the treasury benches they would give a much more definite reply than he expected to get from the present Government.

Mr. Fielding said the intimation of Mr. Borden that he was not obliged to make any statement of policy would be interesting to those who believed that those who criticized should have an alternative policy.

"It has been intimated by many opponents of this agreement," said the Minister of Finance, "that in making it the Government had taken a step which would prevent them from increasing the British preference. It was indicated especially perhaps in England that an offer of imperial preference was likely to be made to us and that this agreement would prevent us from accepting it. Consequently I have from time to time denied that there is anything in this agreement to prevent us from increasing the preference if we desire to do it.

"As the time I introduced the agreement, I said that it might be necessary to make some changes. I repeat that statement today. But let me say at once that if such changes are made they will be in small matters and they will not include an increase in the preference to 50 per cent. The farmers have asked for free agricultural implements. We have told them frankly that we cannot grant them that, and we are going to persuade them that that is not in the best interests of the country at present. They have asked for an increase in the preference to 50 per cent, and we are going to tell them frankly that we cannot make that change, that the manufactures of Canada cannot be carried on if that change is made. We are going to say to them that by bringing in this agreement we are meeting their demands to a large extent, and we are going to ask them not to press that matter, because it would be a disturbing influence, while reciprocity will have no disturbing influence, but will work for the general advantage of Canada."

Mr. Claude MacDonell, South Toronto, drew the attention of the Minister of Justice to the challenge of Mr. Armstrong, the defeated Conservative candidate in North York, to the Government, in view of Sir Alan Aylesworth's impending retirement from public life, to open the constituency at once so as to test the feeling of a rural constituency regarding the reciprocity agreement. Mr. MacDonell added that if this was done he would be glad to open his constituency, so that there would be a test simultaneously in the city and the country.

Mr. Fielding said that they on the Government side were not so anxious to get rid of the Minister of Justice as were the Opposition. They still hoped that Sir Alan Aylesworth would reconsider his decision to retire.

The Minister of Justice said if there was anything would cause him to alter his decision it would be the reciprocity agreement. He approved of it with both hands. As to the challenge of Mr. Armstrong, he said he was not disturbed. He had often noticed in his experience with convicts that they were always in favor of a new trial. The honorable gentlemen opposite were in the same position. They had been tried by the country and found wanting.

The House today adjourned until next Wednesday.

FEAR THE HOOKWORM

Edmonton M. H. O. Thinks a Negro May Bring It Into Canada.

[Canadian Press.]

Edmonton, Alta., April 13.—Health officer Whitelaw declared today that there was danger of the negro immigrants in the Southern States bringing the hookworm into Canada. This disease was brought into Southern States by the negroes from Africa, and some time ago J. D. Rockefeller gave $1,000,000 to combat it. It grows to alarming proportions in humid climates, and while Dr. Whitelaw says cold Northern Canada will prevent its spreading to any serious degree the danger of a plague, nevertheless, exists with the coming of the negro.

Hon. Frank Oliver, minister of the interior, will have his attention called to the matter.

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Mop Cloths	20¢ up	Aluminum, tin	15¢
Tack Lifters	5¢, 10¢	Paint Brushes	5¢ up
Tack Hammers	10¢		
Picture Wire, pkg.	5¢		
Oilcloth Binding.			
Screw Drivers	10¢ up		
Brass Head Tacks, pkg.	5¢		

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FRENCH FLYER SAILS FROM LONDON TO PARIS

Prier "Aeroplanes" the 290 Miles Without a Stop.

Paris, April 13.—Aviator Prier yesterday flew from London to Issey Les Moulin, near here, 290 miles, without a stop.

Prier's flight was a record one. His is the seventh flight between England and France, but the first between the capitals. Prier was half blind when he landed because he wore no goggles. He is 25 years old, a Frenchman, and was one of Bleriot's assistants.

The machine used in the record-breaking flight was the Bleriot monoplane used by Leblanc in Le Matin's eastern circuit race.

BLACK HAND BOMBS JAR CHICAGO FOLK

Several Persons Injured and Hundreds of Windows Broken.

[Canadian Press.]

Chicago, Ills., April 13.—Hundreds of houses were shaken about midnight when a nitro-glycerine bomb was set off, supposedly by Black Hand agents, on the porch of a house at 853 Ewing street.

One of the central points of panic was Hull House, only a few hundred feet distant from the explosion.

The explosion was so loud that it was heard for a radius of two miles, while hundreds of windows were broken. One of the features of the explosion was the ringing in of a false alarm a mile from the scene.

The police believe that the bomb-thrower had an accomplice, who turned in this alarm in order to divert the attention of the police and fire department.

No one was killed in the house, which was badly damaged, but several persons within a short distance were slightly injured.

INFORMATION LAID AGAINST THE C. P. R.

Charged With Negligence in Connection With Fatal Accident at Thamesford.

[Canadian Press.]

Woodstock, Ont., April 12. — Information has been laid by the crown against the C. P. R., the charge being that they, by neglecting to protect their yards at Thamesford, thereby caused the death of Brakeman R. L. Lane, in an accident, which occurred there on Jan. 30.

Lane was found in the wreckage, burned to a cinder, after one freight had run into a stationary freight and set it on fire. Conductor Fitzgerald was charged with causing his death by not having the train flagged, but was acquitted.

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