CHIGNECTO POST AND BORDERER.

SACKVILLE, N. B., JAN. 22, 1885.

—The Peruvian Government has determined to adopt a strongly protective tariff.

—The question of Imperial Federation is attracting considerable attention at present.

—Bismarck proposes to treble the present duty on wheat from all countries excepting Russia.

—Turkey has despatched a force to Suakim for the avowed purpose of chastising Osman Digma.

—Moncton is to have five instead of three wards, to be named King, Queen, Prince, Victoria and Albert.

—The total amount of Dominion notes in circulation last month was $16,400,000; excess of specie, $3,544,000.

—It is proposed to establish a local bank at Truro, N. S. The promoters have applied for an act of incorporation.

—The dissatisfaction of Australia and New Zealand has brought the question of representing the colonies again into prominence.

—It is thought that the Nicaraguan Congress will reject the proposed treaty, even if it is accepted by the United States Senate.

—A revolution is in progress in five of the States of Colombia. Two cities have been captured by the rebels, but one of them has been retaken by the national troops.

—Our neighbors are trying to decide whether or not Jeff Davis is a traitor. But the answer is easy. He lost, therefore, he is a traitor. Had he won he would have been a patriot.

—The Egyptian government refuses to accede to the combined request of the Italian and English governments to cede to Italy the town of Massewah on the Red Sea coast of Egypt.

—The net earnings of the Canada Pacific Railway for September, October and November, 1884, foot up $805,651. And yet the croakers say that the company will not operate the road when it is finished.

—The aggregate yields of the corn, wheat, and oat crops of the United States for last year are the largest ever recorded, being respectively 1,795,000,000, 513,000,000, and 583,000,000, bushels.

—The unveiling of the statute of Sir George Cartier takes place on the 29th, immediately after the opening of Parliament. several of the cabinet ministers will speak. Sir John Macdonald will remove the veil.

—The Alms House deficit case was before the St. John Municipal Council on Tuesday, and a committee was appointed to effect a compromise. Great indignation is expressed at the attempt to burke investigation.

—Capt. Bedford Pim states that less than three miles of the Panama canal have been yet opened, at a cost of sixty-six million dollars, and that six thousand labourers could not complete the excavation in less than fifteen years.

—The foreign demand for lumber from British Columbia and Puget Sound is rapidly increasing, and already a large quantity is being annually shipped. Two mills alone on Puget Sound have orders from Australia for 25,000,000 feet.

—It is rumored in London that Mr. Gladstone will resign at the opening of Parliament and that Lord Hartigan will be entrusted with the task of reorganizing the Government. The resignation of the Premier in the present temper of the country would in all probability result in the overthrow of the Ministry. A Liberal Cabinet without Gladstone would be very like the play of Hamlet with the Prince of Denmark left out.

—It is stated that Sir Charles Tupper has ordered 10,000 copies of Dr. J. B. Hulbert's pamphlet, "Food Zones of Canada," for circulation in Great Britain. The book is free from exaggeration and shows conclusively by a process of solid reasoning that Canada possesses the best part of North America for grain producing purposes. The distribution of such a work in Europe cannot fail of being attended with good results by directing emigration to the Dominion.

—An important public meeting was held at Pictou last Thursday evening for the purpose of discussing Short Line matters. The meeting was addressed by the county members and others. Mr. McDougall briefly outlined the present situation. He said the subsidies voted to aid the Short Line are intact, and he believed that in the event of the Line not being completed by the present, or some other company, the Government will ask Parliament to authorize the payment of all arrears and the speedy completion of the work. The Government had done all it could to aid the company and could do nothing more until the sub-contractors are paid. He showed that the Government had fulfilled every pledge made and had done more than they promised. Mr. Tupper, M. P., made an able address, confirming Mr. McDougall's statements and proving the falseness of the charges brought against the Government in connection with the Short Line.

At the close of the meeting a telegram was read to the effect that Mr. Rathburn, of Deseronto, Ont., was likely to take over the charter, pay claims and complete the road.

THE EGYPTIAN MUDDLE.

The latest advices concerning Egyptian affairs are of a decidedly startling nature. Advices to the effect that Turkey is about to take an active part in the war in Egypt have been received in England, and the unusual occurrence of a council meeting at the War Office last Sunday indicates that the Government believe the report is not without foundation. Great activity has been caused at Chatham, Portsmouth and Woolwich by orders received from the War Office, and another battalion of troops at Malta has been ordered to embark at once for Alexandria. Other troops are in readiness to start at a moment's notice, and there are abundant indications that the Government is fairly aroused at last and determined not to allow the "unspeakable Turk" to interfere in Egyptian affairs. The complications of the muddle are intensified by rumors that Russia has proposed a treaty with her old enemy, Turkey, and will furnish her with troops in case of need. Reports that Gen. Wolseley is mismanaging the Egyptian campaign are rife in England and there is evidently a strong feeling against the Government. The latest despatches complicate the whole business still further by the startling announcement that England will solve the question by assuming for a certain period the entire administration of Lower and Middle Egypt, with all the financial responsibilities, and give to Turkey the upper and equatorial divisions of the country with any port or ports on the Red Sea.

Unfair Trade Winds.

One of the most remarkable and significant cartoons that has been seen in *Punch* for many years appeared in the issue of the 20th December. It is from the pencil of Mr. Harry Furniss, who has attained a high standing through his parliamentary sketches, and its title, "Unfair trade winds," may be regarded as an indication of the prevailing British sentiment on the trade question. The cartoon represents a starving workman, gaunt and hollow-eyed, sitting in idle despair on the rock "competition," while close at hand his wife weeps over the cradle of her dead child. In the background are seen the closed factories with their smokeless chimneys, and the cause of all the misery is revealed in the unfair trade winds which are wafting to the shores of Britain foreign fleets laden with all manner of cheap goods, the product of protected industries in other countries. America, France, Russia, Austria, Turkey, Switzerland and Japan are all represented in the cargoes which the unfair trade winds are bringing over to compete with British products, while Germany, not content with supplying cheap goods, sends "Germans for clerks—live on nothing a year." In the van of the foreign fleets, with his steamer, is the middleman, who shouts to John Bull on the shore: "Never mind home trade when I've got these foreigners in tow," and the British merchant eagerly stretches out his hands for the cheap imported goods.

This eloquent and striking picture is an unmistakable sign that the British people are beginning to discover that free trade and free imports do not mean the same thing, and that trade which is only free on one side is not fair trade. It is significant of the tendency of the times that *Punch*, in spite of its Liberal sympathies, has come out in support of a policy which will not give foreigners an unfair advantage over British workmen and manufacturers.

Our Crown Lands.

The Fredericton *Farmer* published an interesting letter from Rev. M. F. Richard, Roman Catholic Priest at St. Louis, Kent Co., and founder of the Rogersville Settlement, on the subject of Crown Lands. The reverend gentleman emphatically denounces the regulations of the Province with relation to Free Grant districts, and contends that the settlers are unfairly treated and that their woodlands are despoiled by lumber speculators. He asserts that in Northumberland and Kent Counties, at least, it is impossible to obtain a lot of land that has not been already despoiled, and he charges that applicants for land have been kept waiting for months for a reply. On the subject of immigration he says:

Give me 100,000 acres of land, that I will select in Kent and Northumberland alone, and I will pledge myself to have them settled within three years and that without going out of the Province to obtain settlers, and without thousands of dollars from the exchequer. Let there be a few thousand dollars expended on the roads, and with a feasible, reasonable and humane treatment, the country will prosper with the sinew and bone of the children of the soil. Give our young men moral and substantial encouragement, half, nay, a quarter as much as is expended in favor of immigrants, and they will prove to be the very marrow of our national existence. I trust, then, that at the next meeting of the House at Fredericton, the present administration, which by the way is in *Liberal* hands, will alleviate the present grievances.

M. Richard's words are those of truth and soberness. The true policy of the Government is to open our good settlement lands, by the construction of roads, &c., to our own people. When they fail to settle them up, it will then be time enough to spend money in inducing immigration.

—Kent assessment for 1885:—

Wellington	$ 200 00
Harcourt	42 46
Dundas	205 00
St. Louis	300 00
Acadieville	40 00
Carleton	150 00
Richibucto	1,000 00
Weldford	400 00
St. Mary's	400 00
Total	$2,737 46

—Moncton Knitting Factory owes $17,000—assets $15,000.

Municipal Council.

County Council met on Tuesday at 2 p. m. All the councillors were present except Coun. Read. The roll was called by the Secretary, after which Coun. Kay was appointed Chairman. On motion of Coun. Smith, seconded by Coun. Mills, Coun. Amos Ogden was unanimously elected Warden.

After the chair had been taken by the Warden, the minutes of last meeting were read and approved.

The Warden then appointed the following committees:—

Public Accounts: Councillors Smith, Mills, Alward, Richard, Lowerison, Carter, Copp.

Finance: Couns. Palmer, Kay, Richard, Gallagher.

County Lands: Couns. Mills, Lowerison, Gallant, Richard, Lutes, Burke.

County Buildings and Supplies for Court House: Messrs. A. E. Oulton and R. A. Chapman, Coun. Carter, Warden Ogden.

On motion, A. E. Oulton was elected Clerk of the Council for ensuing year.

The Committee on Public Buildings and Court House Supplies reported that the offer made by J. & J. Taylor was the lowest received for a safe door, and they had accordingly ordered an iron door from that firm. The cost of the door, delivered at Dorchester, was $51.00. The cost of putting up and other repairs was $10, making a total of $61.00.

The committee on Public Lands reported that having been authorized to sell Lots 5, 6, 8, and 11, to lease lots 12, 13, 14 and 15, they had duly advertised said lots and offered them by Public Auction. Lot No. 5, known as the Hickman Lot, was sold to Joseph Hickman at $361. Terms: 20 per cent. down, half the balance at six months and the remainder at twelve months, with interest.

Lot No. 11 was sold on same terms to George Chandler, for $361.

Lot No. 6, W. F. Wilbur's shop and house was offered at the upset price of $75, but received no bid.

Lot 8, known as the Peck lot, was put up at $75, but there was no bid.

Lot No. 12, known as the Emmerson lot, was leased to H. R. Emmerson for twenty years at $12 per annum.

Lot 13 was leased to Joseph Hickman for the same term $8 25 per annum.

Lot 14, was leased to J. B. Peck, former lessee, at $2.50 per year.

Lot 15, Rink, not leased.

Lot 16 leased to E. C. Palmer for twenty years at $8 per annum.

The Secretary reported that he had collected on the above sales the sum of $451.32. Amount remaining unpaid $288.88.

The committee on Public Building reported that, owing to the old furnace being much more broken than they expected, and the other furnace having given out entirely, they have placed hard coal base burner stoves in the Court Room and Council Room, which will be much cheaper and they believe will give general satisfaction. Finding the drain from the cellar unnecessary after the removal of the furnaces they had not carried out that part of their orders. They had placed new sashes in the jail wherever necessary, and had put double windows in the Court Room and Judges' room. They had also put supports in the Council room, as ordered.

It was stated that only one magistrate in the county had made a return of the fines and convictions before him. The Secretary was instructed to take legal proceedings if the rturns are not made immediately.

On Wednesday the Council was occupied with committee work. It was brought up before the Board that the Bank here before advancing further funds to the Municipality required security.

Counciller Mills, in an eloquent speech, cast back the imputation that this county is likely to become bankrupt or repudiate honest debts. He said the Bank of New Brunswick was never afraid to advance money, and they had better go back to that Bank.

The Montreal Demonstration.

Full reports of the reception of Sir John Macdonald, last week, by the citizens of Montreal, in celebration of his seventieth birthday and the fortieth anniversary of his entrance into public life, show that it was the most magnificent ovation ever tendered a public man. The enthusiasm of the people knew no bounds, and from every part of the city they poured forth to greet the Chieftain and do him honor. Never before did the commercial capital witness such eager and excited crowds, such a large and brilliant torch light procession, such gorgeous fireworks, and such remarkable unanimity of feeling. The Drill Hall, where the address was presented, is capable of holding nearly ten thousand spectators, and was filled to overflowing, while the platform was thronged with the representative men of the city. The banquet at the Windsor Hotel on Tuesday evening was a fitting ending to the great demonstration. It was an unqualified success in every particular, while in its representative character and in regard to the number and enthusiasm of those present, its like has never been seen in Canada. The Premier's speech was an able effort worthy of the occasion, and the same may be said of the addresses by Sir Leonard Tilley, Sir Hector Langevin and others. Altogether the Montreal demonstration was a grand success, and many days will pass before its like will be seen again.

COLORLESS AND COLD.—A young girl deeply regretted that she was so colorless and cold. Her face was too white, and her hands and feet felt as though the blood did not circulate. After one bottle of Hop Bitters had been taken she was the rosiest and healthiest girl in the town, with a vivacity and cheerfulness of mind gratifying to her friends.

Westmorland Circuit.

On Thursday Milner vs. Ogsett, relating to the ownership of a spring of water at Westcock, was settled, each party paying his own costs, and the plaintiff abandoning all claims to exclusive possession, and the effect of the trial is to vest it in the public. An effort was made to get the Municipal Council to contest the right of the public to it, but it declined to have anything to do with lawsuits. This may have been a wise course, but it is a question how far the Council ought to go to indemnify for the costs of sustaining the common rights by private parties.

On Saturday Horsman vs. Lutz, a Moncton slander case, was tried. Lutz was alleged to have stated Horsman had stolen his potatoes and other articles. Lutz denied the soft impeachment, and Horsman could not prove his contention in direct terms, though the conversations showed that Lutz had "suspicioned" him. Verdict for Lutz. Smith for Horsman; Wells for Lutz.

Knapp vs. Buck, Hanington vs. F. Gould, Hanington vs. LeBlanc, Hanington vs. A. Gould, and Merrill vs. Wry were settled.

On Monday John L. Harris and Christopher P. Harris vs. Shepherd Somers was called on for trial. Hanington, Q. C., and Atkinson for plaintiffs, Emerson and Smith for defendant. This is an action on a promissory note made by Somers in favor of J. & C. Harris for $443.50. After the parties had opened to the jury in this action the parties settled and the jury were discharged. This was the case in which Mr. Wood, M. P., was to be pulverized politically, and on which more than one editorial has been written.

The next case, Wm. F. Lawrence vs. James Powell, for returning a wrong copy of a case which was tried before Powell who is a Justice of the Peace. The case is still going on.

Estabrooks vs. Towse.

The Supreme Court, on 10th inst., delivered judgment, refusing to grant a new trial. This has been a long spun-out case. It was an action of ejectment for 260 acres of bog at Upper Sackville. At the first trial in 1881 the Chief Justice directed the Jury to find for the plaintiff, on the ground that the defendant had failed to prove adverse possession for 20 years, and he had no question of fact to leave to them. The Jury thought otherwise and brought in a verdict for the *defendant*, to the astonishment of the Judge. The Court promptly granted a new trial. The second trial took place in 1882, before Justice King. The plaintiff relied on the grant of the land from the Crown to the late Moses Herritt and the demises from him. The witnesses called merely proved the demises and the acts of trespass. The defence again set up adverse possession. The leading witnesses to prove it were Mr. C. G. Palmer, Hon. A. E. Botsford, John Fawcett, Esq., and others, who testified to acts of possession. An agreement was finally made by the attornies that a verdict for defendant should be entered, and if the Court above found the evidence produced operated in law to sustain the contention of adverse possession, the verdict should stand; otherwise a verdict to be entered for plaintiff. A majority of the court finally decided that the verdict should stand. A contrary judgment would have been a surprise, as what it was to be, was semi-officially announced here exactly a year in advance of its official delivery from the Bench. It is understood the plaintiff intends to appeal to the Supreme Court of Canada, one ground being that Judge Palmer, a brother of Mr. C. G Palmer, took a leading part in making the judgment, whereas he was not present at either of the trials or at the argument of the plaintiff's case, and the plaintiff believes his case was thereby, to use a nautical, rather than a legal phrase, scuttled. —COM.

The Temperance Warfare.

—A Scott Act agitation has been commenced in the city of Quebec.

—The saloon keepers in the county of Carleton have held a meeting to make arrangements for opposing the Scott Act on the 29th.

—A meeting of the Westmorland County Prohibitory Alliance will be held at Moncton next Monday to consider the advisability of appealing to Ottawa against the mandamus for recount.

—The Scott Act was adopted on Thursday in the counties of Kent, Lanark and Lennox, Ontario, and Brome, Quebec, by the following majorities: Kent, 2,015; Lanark, 412; Lennox, 8; Brome, 547.

—There were two prosecutions under the Scott Act at Spring Hill last week. Both parties were convicted and fined $50 or 60 days. Owing to the notoriously bad condition of the country goal at Amherst they chose the 60 days.

—Mr. Snowball's timber circular for 1884 states the shipments of deals from this Province to transatlantic ports have been as follows:

	Sup. Feet.
1882	376,864,000
1883	411,479,448
1884	331,515,893

From Nova Scotia:

	Sup. Feet.
1882	85,722,000
1883	77,918,000
1884	69,159,000

—Two full-page illustrations of Mr. Howells's article on "A Florentine Mosaic," in the next number of *The Century*, are said to be quite remarkable reproductions by the wood-engraver of etchings. Mr. Pennell, the artist, was sent to Italy by the publishers of *The Century* to illustrate Mr. Howells's series on Italian cities, of which this is the first paper.

IF you you are troubled with Impure Blood then use Estey's Iron and Quinine Tonic it will in a short time so cleanse the blood and soothe the nerves as to make life enjoyable and happy. Try it. For sale by all druggists.

Personal and Political.

—Edmond About, the eminent French writer, is dead.

—The United States Senate has placed General Grant on the retired list with the rank and full pay of General-in-Chief.

—The Lord Lieutenant has forbidden the circulation of the *United Irishman*, O'Denovan Rossa's paper, in Ireland.

—The application for a mandamus to restore Professor Wilson to the chair of classics at Kings college will be argued on Saturday.

—The Queen will not visit Cannes this winter, but will go to Germany in the middle of March and remain abroad for about three weeks.

—The Duke of Edinburgh will shortly publish a collection of poems, dedicated to the Duchess, entitled "Love Songs of a Violinist."

—Dr. A. B. Walker, the colored lawyer of St. John, has gone west on a lecturing tour. His topic is "the death of our civilization."

—Sir Charles Tupper has been authorized to thank Mr. Millais, on behalf of the Dominion Government, for the gift of the Marquis of Lorne's portrait to the Canadian National Grllery.

—His Excellency having declined to interfere with the death sentence passed on Rogers, a convict in the New Westminister, B. C., penitentiary for murdering a fellow-prisoner, he will be hanged on the 28 inst.

Local History.

The Pioneers of Westmorland was the subject of a lecture delivered at Moncton, on 16th, by Judge Botsford. A very full report appears in the *Times*. The Judge has exhibited a good deal of research into the history of Westmorland—a subject of interest to the present generation—the importance of which, must ever deepen with the lapse of time. Such efforts as are made by Judge Botsford and others to awaken the people to the necessity of preserving old family records as well as the old traditions of persons and places, will we hope be productive the results intended. The learned Judge locates Beau Bassin at Fort Lawrence. In this we apprehend he is in error. The ancient name of Fort Lawrence was Mesagusepe. Beau Bassin was the ancient name for Cumberland Basin, though Champlain called it La Baie de Genes. Beau Bassin was perhaps given it by Biencourt and the priest Biard, whe leaving Port Royal in a shallop in August 1612, uisited it and in their records expressed the greatest delight with the appearance of the country. Frontenac made a seignory of Chignecto and granted it to Michel Le Neuf, Sieur de Valliere, who seems to have added de Beaubassin to his title, and as he and his followers lived at Isle de Valliere, new known as Tonge's Island, situated a mile eastward of Fort Cumberland, and as he conducted there, as Governor of Acadia, the administration of the affairs of the Province, the Judge seems correct in his assumption that Westmorland has been settled with Europeans for over two centuries. La Valliere's settlement at Tonge's Island became known as Beau Bassin. In 1686 it had a population of 20 families or 120 persons. The writer of this possesses a seemingly accurate census containing even the names of the inhabitants taken by the Jesuit fathers exactly 200 years ago, as well as an inventory of their possessions. M.

THE proprietor of Philoderma claims that no preparation that was ever introduced has the same curative properties that it has. Persons who have been troubled more or less every winter with chapped hands and sore lips, say that one application of Philoderma cures them every time.

A Wide Spread Evil.

The great source of consumption and of ugly sores is scrofula in the blood. Burdock Blood Bitters purify the entire system and cure scrofula, as well as the more common blood humors.

Perfect Eye-Sight!

A Golden Opportunity for making Uncles, Aunts, and Grand Parents

Happy for the Year 1885.

CHRISTMAS 1884. NEW YEAR 1885.

A PAIR OF

Laurance's Pebble Spectacles

In Gold, Silver or Steel as a

Christmas Gift!

N. B.—Glasses of every Description, on hand, to fit difficult Eye-Sights.

C. A. BLACK,

Medical Hall, Amherst, N. S.

dec10

FERRY'S ★ Seed ANNUAL FOR 1885 INVALUABLE TO ALL! Will be mailed FREE to all applicants and to customers of last year without ordering it. It contains illustrations, prices, descriptions and directions for planting all Vegetable and Flower SEEDS, BULBS, etc. D. M. FERRY & CO. WINDSOR, Ontario. DETROIT, Michigan.

Prime Coal!

THE subscribers have fresh mined Coal at the Milner Mine, River Hebert, for sale. The Coal we guarantee is

Equal to the Best in Nova Scotia,

and, having a quantity mined, no person sending will be disappointed in not getting it.

ALEX. DEWAR & McALONEY.

River Hebert, Jan. 20, 1885. 1m

FREE A Book of 160 pages on Courtship, sent free by the Union Pub. Co., Newark, N.J. Send 3c. for postage. LOVE

New Advertisements.

TEA! TEA!

Per Steamship "Newcastle City" from London:

65 Chests Congou Tea,

10 20-lbs. Caddies Tea,

Choice Quality—Wholesale or Retail.

Very Rare Bargains.

dec3 J. L. BLACK.

Iron, Steel and Chain.

IN STORE:

20 Tons Londonderry Iron,

ASSORTED SIZES.

5 Tons Sled and Sleigh Shoe Steel,

ALL SIZES IN USE.

2000 Lbs. Short Link Chain,

1-4, 5-16 AND 3-8 INCH.

nov26 J. L. BLACK.

Fur Goods!

GENT'S COOK COATS,

Gent's Bl'k Russian Bear Coats,

Buffalo Robes

Lined and Trimmed,

Japan Wolf Robes,

Very Fine Quality and Cheap.

nov19 J. L. BLACK.

CAPS! CAPS!

Gents', Youths' and Boys'

FUR CAPS

In Large Variety. A Large Stock of

Knit and Cloth Caps,

Viz: "Alma," "Lord Lorne," "Havelock," "Dominion," "Polar," &c.

—ALSO—

Ladies' and Misses' Muffs,

Capes, Caps & Fur Trimmings.

nov19 J. L. BLACK.

Ladies' Mantle Cloths.

A VERY EXTENSIVE STOCK OF

Ladies' Ulsters & Mantle Cloths,

Well worthy of an Inspection.

For Sale Very Low.

nov19 J. L. BLACK.

Flour and Oat Meal!

Now in Store and on the Line:

125 Bbls. Gold Coin,—best Patent,

125 do Eurheka,

125 do Superior Extra.

ALSO: ONE CAR

Low Grade Flour & Oat Meal,

Prices, $3.50 fo $6.00, Retail.

nov19 J. L. BLACK.

Fall & Winter Stock

IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

WE are now completing our Stock and can serve our numerous customers with nearly if not all they may desire to purchase in

FANCY GOODS,

GENERAL DRY GOODS,

CARPETS AND OIL-CLOTHS,

FURNISHING GOODS,

Woodware, Furniture, Hardware,

CLOTHING, CLOTHS,

SHOES, RUBBERS,

OVER-SHOES, &c.

aug22 J. L. BLACK.

Tweeds and Suitings.

JUST RECEIVED:

50 Pcs. Tweeds and Suitings,

In Large Variety of Patterns.

8 Pcs. Read & Sons' Homespuns.

oct22 J. L. BLACK.

Tobacco. Tobacco.

JUST RECEIVED:

65—BOXES AND CADDIES—65

Direct from Manufactory.

Wholesale and Retail, Very Cheap.

oct22 J. L. BLACK.

Codfish! Codfish!

20 QUINTALS

Hard & Dry Large Codfish

FOR SALE CAEAP BY

sept18 J. L. BLACK.

KEROSENE OIL.

Per Schr. "Alaska," from New York:

100 Casks Best Am. Refined Oil,

For Sale Low—Wholesale or Retail.

sept18 J. L. BLACK.

New Advertisements.

FANCY SALE!

THE Young Ladies' Sewing Circle, in connection with Salem Baptist Sabbath School, will hold a Sale of Fancy Articles, at CHIGNECTO HALL, on

Thursday, the 29th Instant.

Sale to begin at 4 o'clock P. M. Tea served at 6 o'clock.

Ice Creams, Rebecca at the Well, and many other Delicacies provided.

Children's Table with articles from 5c. to 25c.

jan21 BY ORDER OF COMMITTEE.

DONATION.

THE friends of the Rev. D. G. Macdonald are invited to meet at the Parsonage on TUESDAY EVENING NEXT, at 5.30 o'clock, for the purpose of making him a Donation. Tea will be provided.

JOHN BELL,
SANFORD BARNES, } Com'tee.
ELISHA TINGLEY,

Sackville, Jan. 21, 1885.

Soda, Rice, &c.

JUST RECEIVED:

100 KEGS SODA, Best Quality;
100 Bags RICE;
1 Cask ARNOLD'S INK;
1 Cask ALUM;
1 Bale SENNA;
1 Bale CLOVES;
2 Cases NUTMEGS.

GEO. S. DeFOREST,
13 South Wharf,
jan21 ST. JOHN, N. B.

1884. FALL & WINTER. 1885.

CUSTOM

Clothing. Clothing.

The public are reminded that our

Stock of Cloths

For the Fall and Winter trade is large and being constantly added to, and we are prepared to give the utmost satisfaction to customers.

Latest American Fashions from New York every month. Please call and inspect Stock.

oct22 J. F. ALLISON.

Ready-Made Clothing!

FALL STOCK OF

Over-Coats, Reefers, Men and Boys' Suits,

All Marked at Lowest Figures.

oct22 J. F. ALLISON.

GENTLEMEN'S

Furnishing Goods!

LINEN COLLARS and CUFFS;
White and Regatta Shirts;
Silk Scarfs and Neckties;
Immense Stock Silk Handkerchiefs;
Woolen Gloves, Woolen Socks;
Silk and Cashmere Mufflers;
Umbrellas, &c.

FOR SALE AT LOWEST PRICES.

oct22 J. F. ALLISON.

FLANNELS!

FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Grey, Scarlet and White Flannels,

For Sale as Low as any in Town.

oct22 J. F. ALLISON.

Groceries. Groceries.

Fresh and Cheap!

OUR Stock of GROCERIES will always be found complete with Pure, Fresh Goods, at as low prices as any in the trade. Call and see for yourselves.

WANTED—Butter, Eggs, Wool, Cheese, Poultry, &c., for which market prices will be paid.

oct22 J. F. ALLISON.

TENDERS.

TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, at Ottawa, and endorsed "Tender for Telegraph Poles," will be received up to the 30th January next, for the supply of 1,000 Telegraph Poles, delivered on such wharf as may be designated at Halifax or St. John, N. B., on or before the 1st May next.

The poles must be straight and perfectly sound, of hackmatack or cedar, 20 feet long, 6 inches diameter at the top, and 9 inches diameter at 5 feet from the butt, and with the bark taken off except for 5 feet at the butts. They must pass proper inspection.

Persons tendering must specify whether the poles they offer are of cedar or of hackmatack, as well as the place of delivery.

WM. SMITH,
Deputy Minister of Marine.

Department of Marine,
Ottawa, 23rd December, 1884. 1i

Watches, Jewellery, &c.

JUST opened at T. H. GRIFFIN'S, next door to Lamy's Hotel, a very large Assortment of Fine Goods in LADIES' and GENTS' GOLD WATCHES, GUARDS and VEST CHAINS; Fine Gold Wedding Rings in Flat Band and Half-Round; also Engagement Rings of latest design; Fine Gold Sets, Necklets, Lockets, Bracelets, Ear-Rings, Bar-Pins, Gold Spectacles, Eye Glasses, Gold Pens and Pencils.

A Large Stock of Silverware

suitable for Wedding Presents. Best lines of low-priced AMERICAN CLOCKS and TIME PIECES. This is the Finest Stock in this line ever shown in Amherst. No misrepresentation. Every Article Guaranteed as represented, and at very close prices. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry cleaned and repaired.

THEO. H. GRIFFIN,
AMHERST, N. S., May 19, 1884. 1y

AT THE "STANDARD" Music House, AMHERST, N. S., is where you can get supplied with the Noted "Opera" *Piano*, also the *Leading* American and Canadian Organs of the day, including the "Dyer & Hughes," "Stirling," "Doherty," "Royal" and others. Also the "DAVIS" (Vertical feed) SEWING MACHINE, of Watertown, N. Y., which is a mystery of the age. No basting required in any cloth; no breaking of needles or thread; has so little machinery in it that it will last a life-time, and it will run with a single thread for a belt and sew through leather and four ply of TAPESTRY CARPET. It got *Highest Praise* and also an HONOR CERTIFICATE by the judges at the late Exhibition here. Do not fail to write or give me a call before purchasing anything in the above line, as my Motto is "Best Goods, Lowest Price, Easiest Terms and Fastest Sales." *All fully warranted.* All information regarding Prices, &c., &c., on your own term promptly given. *Music Books and Stools.*

oct15 C. E. FREEMAN.

Berkshire Boar.

THE subscriber has a Thoroughbred Berkshire Boar.

JAMES R. AYER.

Sackville, Jan. 14, 1885. 2i

New Advertisements.

CLEARANCE SALE.

DURING STOCK-TAKING, and to make room for Spring Goods, I will sell at a SLIGHT ADVANCE ON COST the following Goods:

$500

Worth of Men's, Women's and Children's Boots, Shoes, Slippers & Over-Shoes.
$200 worth of Men's, Women's and Children's Fur, Plush and Cloth Caps.
$100 worth of Men's, Women's and Children's Kid and Cloth Gloves.
A lot of Silks, Satins, Ribbons, Black and White Laces, Black and White Nets, Veilings, Hamburgs, Scarfs and Clouds, Wool Shawls, &c.

Fine White Wool Blankets, Grey Blankets, Comfortables, Horse Rugs, Sleigh Bells, Whips, Cross-Cut Saws, and a lot of Shelf Hardware, at Cost.

Good Assortment Glassware and Crockery.

Always in Stock: a good Assortment of Shelf Groceries, Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Oil, Flour, Corn Meal, Oat Meal, Buckwheat Meal, Spices, &c., which will be sold very Low for Cash.

M. R. DOBSON,

Next Door to Weldon House,

jan21tf DORCHESTER.

Welcome News!

Extraordinary Value!

GOODS CHEAPER THAN EVER!

A LOT of Misses' and Children's Moscow Beaver Hats at 25c., worth 75c;
Fur-Lined Circulars at $7, worth $10;
Fur Trimmings at 5c., worth 20c.;
Children's and Misses' Wool Mitts, at half price;
Ladies' Mantles (great bargains), at half price;
Ladies', Misses' and Children's French Wool Hose, at half price;
Ladies' Lined Kid Mitts and Gloves, at half price;
New Ulster and Mantle Cloths, at special reduced prices;
New Market Cloth, in Brown and Green, at reduced prices;
New Brocaded Mantle Cloth, at reduced prices;
New Feather Trimmings, in Black and Colors, at reduced prices;
White, Grey, Scarlet and Blue All-Wool Flannels, at reduced prices;

DRESS GOODS

In all the Fashionable Shades and Makes, at special reduced prices.

nov19 GEO. E. FORD.

Wool Goods, &c.

IT would be impossible to enumerate our Large Stock, but it will be found replete with the Newest Goods:

Ladies' Berlin Shawls and Sacques, Scarfs, Breakfast Shawls, Clouds, Jackets with and without Sleeves, Wool Caps, Children's Dresses and Under-Dresses, Jerseys, Wool Gloves, &c.

American and Canadian Over-Shoes, &c.

We have in Stock: Ladies', Gentlemen's, Misses' and Children's Over-Shoes and Rubbers; our Ladies' High-Cut GAITERS are the best in the market.

dec10 GEO. E. FORD.

Apples. Apples.

ON HAND:

150 Bbls. Choice Winter Apples,

Bishop Pippins, Ribston Pippins, Nonpareils, Greenings, Northern Spy, Baldwins, Russetts, Spitzenbergs, &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

nov26 GEO. E. FORD.

Custom Tailoring!

WE HAVE just opened some NEW CLOTHS, with Stock on hand makes a very complete Assortment which we are prepared to make at greatly reduced prices. Special inducements to cash customers.

jan14 GEO. E. FORD.

Robes! Robes!

Light, Dark Grey and Black Japanese Robes

With Handsome Linings. Cheapest in the market.

dec10 GEO. E. FORD.

Flour! Flour!

In Store and at Depot:

125 BBLS. Goldies' Peoples Choice Patent;
250 Bbls. Anchor Choice Patent;
1000 " Elmira Choice Patent;
500 " Tea Rose Superior.

To Arrive. On Way:

250 Bbls. Goldies' Peoples Choice Pat't;
250 " Elmira Choice Patent.

All for sale very low by car load or small lots.

Quotations cheerfully given by wire or letter on application.

A. J. BABANG & CO.

Moncton, Dec. 16, 1884.

Molasses, Sugar, &c.

1 CAR LOAD Choice Barbadoes Molasses;
90 Bbls. Halifax Refined Sugar;
150 " Moncton Refined Sugar;
50 Tubs Choice Leaf Lard;
50 Boxes Evaporated Apples.

A. J. BABANG & CO.

dec16 MONCTON, N. B.

Special Notice!

ALL PERSONS indebted to the firm of COPP & McLEOD (recently dissolved) will please notice that all amounts not settled, by payment or otherwise, by the FIRST OF MARCH next, will be placed in legal hands for collection.

J. H. COPP.

Port Elgin, Jan. 14, 1885.

Apples. Apples.

In Store and for Sale at Lowest Rates:

150 Barrels Choice Winter Apples.

dec17 tf JAMES R. AYER.

PHILODERMA.