

that of children, had been subjected to much criticism, and could not be said to have proved very satisfactory.

Miss Moffatt moved that the Report be adopted, Mr. Abbott-Smith seconded the adoption of the Report and alluded with approval to the Society's new plan for organizing women's immigration throughout the Dominion.

The Rev. James Patterson spoke on the wide usefulness of the Society, taking in all creeds and nationalities, also to the benefit of selected parties being sent out under the care of Matrons, and as the Society was a Government institution it ought to receive the help and encouragement of the community.

Mrs. Cox spoke of the need of a branch of the Travellers Aid Society in Montreal and stated that while the Society undertakes to meet all women immigrants arriving by Canadian Steamers, it does not feel able to look after single women other than immigrants who pass through our Stations and who stand greatly in need of such help as is given by the Travellers Aid Society in the principal large cities of England and the United States.

At the conclusion of the Report, Sir William Hingston adverted to the spiritual as well as the material advantages the immigrants gained by their connection with such a home, and mentioned that every unmarried woman immigrant was a certain source of wealth to the country that was not to be despised from an economic point of view.

Mr. John Hoolihan, Dominion Government Immigration Agent, quoted a report sent to the Department of the Interior anent the Society's work, in which the said work was stated to be eminently satisfactory.

Miss Proctor spoke of the need of legislation for child immigration for the Province of Quebec as being very unsatisfactory, as in many cases the children were not looked after at all and suffered much hardship and cruelty. She wanted to see such children in this province enjoy the same protection from the law as those in Ontario.