TWICE-A-WEEK.

Victoria Times.

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BAD TIME IN BULUWAYO

Natives of Matabeleland Rise in Revolt to Massacre the White Settlers.

Authorities Unable to Cope With the Difficulty—Official Forces Repulsed.

Supplies Short—Probable Political Aspect to be Placed on the Affair.

Cape Town, March 27.—Dispatches received from Buluwayo, Matabeleland, this morning indicate that the uprising in that part of the country is much more serious than the authorities admit. The telegram from the front yesterday merely outlined the revolt as that of a few natives in Inseza and Filebusi districts, to massacre some white settlers, and decided to dispatch a small force of volunteers to the scene of the disturbance.

But the dispatches to-day, however, show the disturbance to be widespread, and becoming more alarming as the time passes. An extensive uprising of the natives is now understood to have taken place, and the revolt is likely to spread to to other parts of South Africa. Settlers of Matabeleland are crowding into the towns and the latter are being placed in a state of defence. Volunteers are being enrolled everywhere, and provisions being collected; in short, all steps necessary are being taken to meet the most serious developments. Reinforcements of mounted police have already been sent to Buluwayo, Inseza and Gambo, and the Cape Rifles have received orders to prepare for active service. Supplies of ammunition for Maxim guns are being hurried to Buluwayo by Col. Napier, who is in charge of the government forces.

The natives are raiding farms, killing white settlers in the Matapo hills district. Rumor has it that over fifty people have ben slain. Frederick Carl[illegible]ons, a well known fighting explorer, who distinguished himself during the Matabele war, has been driven from his farm, and has sought safety in Buluwayo. He brought with him, however, three Indunas whom he arrested as a matter of precaution, and he asks that they be held as prisoners until the cattle from the Selous estate, raided by the natives, are restored.

In the meantime Selous is enrolling volunteers and will shortly start for the front at the head of a strong force of South African troops. In an interview, Selous is quoted as saying that the government must act quickly and effectively, otherwise the revolt will spread in all directions and the government will experience great difficulty in restoring order. A patrol of mounted police sent out from Buluwayo yesterday, had a sharp engagement with the natives, and although the official report says the troopers "retired in good order," unofficial advices have it that the police patrol lost several men killed and a number wounded and beat a hasty retreat, closely pursued by the Matabeles. A small detachment of volunteers, which also pushed forward yesterday to protect endangered settlers, has been compelled to halt and are now occupying a fortified position 25 miles from Buluwayo, awaiting reinforcements from Selous, which may be able to leave Buluwayo to-day. There are plenty of volunteeers, but the horses necessary to mount them and the arms and ammunition and supplies necessary to equip them, are not forthcoming as promptly as desired. The fact is the authorities have been caught unprepared for an outbreak and the usual detachments of mounted police have been drawn upon to provide troop service elsewhere.

The opinion is expressed here that the out break is an outcome of the Jameson raid, and the defeat inflicted by the Boers upon the British. The news has spread far and wide and is greatly exaggerated, and, coupled with the arming of the Boers from the Transvaal and the Orange Free State, as well as exodus of Boers from other parts of South Africa into the two republics, has excited the natives, who believe that the British are to be driven out of Sounn Africa. The Transvaal and Orange Free State are making common cause against Great Britain in which they are said to be secretly encouraged by German agents, who for some time past have been actively intriguing against everything British. Nobody believes that President Kruger will ever go to England, and close observers of the situation do not hesitate to express the opinion that the British government will soon have a nasty war on their hands. The Boers are daily becoming more and more defiant, and the question of demanding a large indemnity from Great Britain as a result of the Jameson raid is openly discussed. It is said that in the event of the refusal of Great Britain to pay the amount demanded the property of the Uitlanders who took part in the demonstration against the government of the Transvaal will be confiscated.

The governor of Cape Colony, Sir Hercules Robinson, telegraphs under yesterday's date, saying a courier from Shangani district has arrived at Buluwayo and reports that seven white men had been killed and wounded and four more are missing. The remaining whites of Shangani district, the courier reported, have fled from their farms and encamped in two lagers twenty miles apart. In official circles here it is believed the uprising in Matabeleland will be promptly quelled and the disturbance will not spread to any extent.

Cape Town, March 27.—Other advices received from Buluwayo to-day say there was great alarm there on Wednesday and Thursday, caused by a report which turned out to be false, brought into town at midnight, and saying the natives were only half a mile distant. Women and children were ordered to the court house and the men all armed for the defene of the town. Scouting parties were sent in all directions. Miners hurrying into Buluwayo report numerous native atrocities.

DOMINION CAPITAL.

Manitoba School Question Gives Way to General Legislation in the House.

British Columbia Members Discuss Northern Fisheries With the Minister.

Ottawa, March 27.—An artillery team will be sent to Shoeburyness this year.

Another day of relief from the school question and devotion to general legislation, enabled the commons yesterday to make good progress with the long list of public bills still on the order paper. There were two divisions during the afternoon. One resulted in the restoration of the bill to continue the charter to the Chignecto ship railway, and the other killed McMillan's bill to abolish the civil service superannuation system. Martin moved the second reading of the bill to amend the Northwest Territories representation act. He claimed that the present law regulating the preparation of the voters' lists for the territories was entirely in the hands of the enumerators appointed by the government and provided no means by which voters whose names had been left off the list could compel the enumerators to put them on. Martin's bill is to remedy this. The motion for the second reading carried. The supplementary estimates will probably be brought down on Monday. The bill, of which Mr. Daly gives notice, will entitle the Saskatchewan to a senatorship and Alberta to another member in the commons.

It is said that Macdowall, M. P., is going to get the new senatorship for Saskatchewan and that Daly is to be made lieut.-governor of the Northwest.

S. W. Johnson, of the Dominion Cold Storage Co., laid before the committee on agriculture this morning a scheme for establishing cold storage warehouses in different parts of Canada, and asked for a guarantee of four per cent. interest on three million dollars for ten years. The committee did not approve of the scheme.

Gen. Gascoigne's report on the Military College shows that the institution is mismanaged, and makes many important suggestions.

The government has received advices which show that Audley Coote, chief promoter of the Franco-American Pacific cable scheme, has met with severe rebuff in his negotiations with Hawaii in connection with the proposed American-Japanese cable. His application for exclusive cable landing privileges on the Hawaiian islands was refused. Mr. Coote then assured the Hawaiian government that sufficient capital had been secured in Japan to build at once, and he asked to be delegated to represent Hawaii at the closing of the contract with the Japanese principals on the basis of a different contract which he submitted. This proposition was also declined as beyond the power of the government to accept.

Correspondence regarding the Winnipeg negotiations was presented to the house yesterday. It shows that Hon. Mr. Greenway frankly stated that he did not see what practical result would be attained by the proposed visit of the Dominion ministers to Winnipeg.

The British Columbia members yesterday had a conference with Hon. Mr. Costigan, at which fishery matters were threshed out. The use of seines were conceded at Nootka Sound, Tofrin Inlet, Alert Bay, and Lowe Inlet, but the weekly close time at these points is extended to 60 hours. Elsewhere, however, it remains at 36 hours. The use of trap nets will not be allowed. Offal matter is to remain as at present, that is, the canners are to dispose of it. Two new hatcheries are to be established, one on the Skeena, the other on Hecate straits.

No one knows better than those who have used Carter's Little Liver Pills what relief they have given when taken for dyspepsia, dizziness, pain in the side, constipation and disordered stomach.

One Honest Man.

Dear Editor:—Please inform your readers that if written to confidentially I will mail in a sealed letter, particulars of a genuine, honest, home cure, by which I was permanently restored to health and manly vigor, after years of suffering from nervous debility, sexual weakness, night losses and weak shrunken parts. I was robbed and swindled by the quacks until I nearly lost faith in mankind, and thank heaven I am now well, vigorous and strong, and wish to make this certain means of cure known to all sufferers. I have nothing to sell, and want no money, but being a firm believer in the universal brotherhood of man, I am desirous of helping the unfortunate to regain their health and happiness. Perfect secrecy assured. Address with stamp. L. A. Edwards, Jarris, Ont.

SIR DONALD SPEAKS.

It is Peace He is After, Whether it Comes From Conservative or Liberal.

He Has Hopes of Reaching a Suitable Solution of the Vexed Question.

Speaking on the school question Sir Donald A. Smith, one of the delegates, said there was nothing to hide, so far as the delegation from Ottawa was concerned. They had come to Manitoba for business pure and simple. There is no idea of coercion in their heads, they admit that they have a difficult problem to solve, but they have come to find a solution, for peace must be had. He entirely repudiated the idea of partizanship, and said he had come in the interests of the people of Canda, irrespective of any party. It matter not to him whether the government was a Liberal or a Conservative one; all he wanted was peace and harmony among all classes and races and creeds. Any narrowing movement would be suicidal to the growth and development of this splendid prairie, and for that reason, if for no other he hoped that a just and reasonable settlement would be arrived at. In regard to the prospects of an amicable adjustment of the existing differences he having full confidence in the sound common sense of the Winnipeggers and the people of Manitoba in general thought they were bright indeed, and felt confident that a peaceful solution will be arrived at.

On a question being put as to the way in which the people of Manitoba would accept the secularizing of their schools, he seemed to be in some perplexity as to an answer. Apparently he thought that such a course would not be at all well received, and would not prove a suitable solution of the difficulty. On being questioned as to whether or not the matter would be speedily settled, he merely called attention to the fact that an interval of eight days was allowed between the opening of the local legislature and the prorogation of the Dominion parliament.

NANAIMO NOTES.

Liberals and Campaign Work—Texada Island Mines.

Nanaimo, March 27.—A meeting of all prominent Liberals will be held in this city on Monday or Tuesday of next week for the purpose of drafting a programme for the approaching Dominion contest. So far the Liberal candidate has been doing good work, which promises to bear fruit, and this will be followed up by a system of vigorous canvassing.

Texada appears to have again been noticed by some of the moneyed men who are anxious to discover what the island offers in the way of gold prospects. Yesterday Messrs. A. R. Johnston, Captain John Irving, of Victoria, Dennis Harris and Theo. Lubbe, also of Victoria, left by steamer for Texada for the purpose of examining some of the deposits.

A public meeting was held at Parksville on Friday for the purpose of protesting against the road boss. Mr. J. Bryden was present and after a great deal of argument the meeting decided in favor of the present road boss, Mr. J. Craig.

THE NILE EXPEDITION.

France Does not Believe a Majority Vote Sufficient.

London, March 27.—In the house of commons to-day, the under secretary of state for foreign affairs, Mr. George N. Curzon, replying to a question regarding the failure of France to endorse the use of the Egyptian reserve fund for the purposes of the Nile expedition, said the French government does not consider a vote of the majority of the Egyptian debt commission to be sufficient warrnt for the use of that fund for the expenses of the expedition. Mr. Curzon added that none of the other powers had formally expressed an opinion. Referring to the action taken against the Egyptian debt commission at Cairo, Mr. Curzon remarked that certain French bondholders had summoned the commission to appear before the tribunals on April 13th.

Cairo, March 27.—The Egyptian debt commission paid the first installment from the reserve fund, amounting to £200,000 yesterday, of the money required for the expenses of the British-Egyptian expedition up the Nile.

HOPE ABANDONED.

The Sixty Entombed Miners Given Up For Dead.

Wellington, N. Z., March 27.—All hope of saving the sixty miners entomoed in the mine at Brunnerton yesterday by an explosion of fire damp, which killed five men outright, has been abandoned.

—All last winter Mr. George A. Mills of Lebanon, Conn., was badly afflicted with rheumatism. At times it was so severe that he could not stand up straight, but was drawn over on one side. "I tried different remedies without receiving relief," he says, "until about six months ago I bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. After using it for three days my rheumatism was gone and has not returned since." For sale by all druggists; Langley & Co., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

DUKE OF CAMBRIDGE.

Requests That the Vote for Extra Pension be Withdrawn.

London, March 27.—The first lord of the treasury, Mr. A. J. Balfour, stated in the house to-day that he had received a letter from the Duke of Cambridge, saying he would have accepted the extra pension proposed for him if it had been granted unanimously, but the Duke added as it was opposed by the late secretary of war, he could not allow the government to proceed in the matter.

DELAGOA BAY.

The Government Decline to Say if They Have Made a Purchase.

London, March 27.—Mr. George N. Curzon, asked in the house of commons to-day if there was any truth in the report that Great Britain had purchased Delagoa Bay with the whole strip of territory from Amatonga on the south, to the Chartered Company's territory on the north, at Limpopo river, constituting the eastern boundary, for the sum of £5,000,000, declined to reply, saying the government must insist upon a proper notification being given of such a question.

HE GOT WHAT HE DESERVED.

Nebraska Women Will Not Stand Any Nonsense From Bad Men.

Bettrand, Neb., March 27.—R. H. Willey, ex-justice of the peace, and a prominent citizen, was publicly whipped by a mob of enraged women on the streets yesterday. He was accused of making indecent proposals to a young girl and was ordered to leave town. He was arranging to do so in the custody of a constable, when a crowd of women, led by the girl's mother, surrounded the officer and demand the prisoner. Revolvers were exhibited and threats made to use them. The officer complied and the prisoner was taken to the main street and given a terrible beating. Citizens finally put a stop to the work and the victim left town at once. Willey's family witnessed his punishment, which occurred in front of his residence.

THE BROAD DOMINION.

To-Day's News From the Cities East of the Mountains.

Toronto, March 28.—F. A. Forsythe, employed at the Toronto Bicycle works, was killed at Myrtle on the C. P. R. while attempting to board a freight train. He missed the car and fell be[illegible] the wheels.

Robert Osborne, whose skull was crushed by a crane handle at Bertram's engine works, is dead.

Montreal, March 26.—W. B. Davidson sues the government for $1925 for floral decorations supplied for Sir John Thompson's funeral. The government paid $900 and holds the charge was excessive.

Winnipeg, March 26.—Advices from Ottawa state that the census of Manitobo will be taken this year.

Lindsay, March 26.—The inquest on the body of James Agnew, who was shot here on March 17, was concluded last night. The jury found that Agnew came to his death by a revolver shot at the hands of John Carney.

ANNIE M'GRATH'S DEATH.

Another Theory as to the Cause of the Girl's Sad Ending.

Philadelphia, March 27.—Another theory has arisen in the attempt to solve the mystery of Annie McGrath's death. This is to the effect that the girl, being engaged to be married to a young man, whose real name has not yet appeared, attempted to sever her relations with Samuel P. Langdon. The latter threatened to reveal their intimacy if she did so, and she, fearing such disclosure, attempted to kill him and then commit suicide. This supposition is borne out by the statements made by Miss Addie Griffiths, a friend of Annie, who was with her the day before her death. She then told Miss Griffiths that Langdon was to meet her that night (Saturday), adding: "I'm not going to have anything more to do with him and I'll tell him so when I see him to-night. I won't keep his company any more."

On the same occasion Annie complained of toothache and, with Miss Griffiths, went to a Chestnut street drug store and asked for some chloroform. It was not sold to her and she said she could get it from a dental student whom she knew.

The statement of Bertha Stewart, the servant employed in the Girard avenue house, confirms the theory that a quarrel occurred between the couple on the day the girl died. Nothing definite concerning the use of poison in the case will be known until the chemist has made a report on his analysis of the girl's stomach, which will not be made for several days. A number of letters were taken by the detectives from Lang were taken by the detectives from Langdon's post office box and several of them were from a girl employed as typewriter in a coal company in Raleigh, N. C. These are couched in the most loving language.

An inquest will not be held until next week. Although enjoying the reputation of being a millionaire, the truth is Langdon has no tangible possessions, and never had. He merely made a pretence at being rich. The United Colliery Co., of which he is president, operates only on a small scale.

—The base of Ayer's Hair Vigor is a refined and delicate fluid, which does not soil or become rancid by exposure to the air, and which is as perfect a substitute for the oil supplied by nature in youth and health, as modern chemistry can produce.

WINNIPEG IS WRATHY

Citizens of the Prairie Province Capital Show Disapproval of Coercion

By Burning the Remedial Bill in Effigy—Popular Demonstration Last Light.

Trouble Narrowly Averted, Thank to the More Soberminded Part of the People.

Winnipeg, March 28.—Despite a heavy downpour of rain a monster outdoor demonstration was held here last night, as a protest against the remedial school bill now before the Dominion house. An immense procession, headed by a band, and accompanied by torchlights, marched through the principal streets to the parliament buildings, where a transparency labelled "The Remedial bill," was burnt amid the wildest enthusiasm. The crowd dispersed after giving three cheers for the Queen, Mr. Laurier, the Greenway government, Hon. Joseph Martin and Mr. Dalton McCarthy. The gathering was not instigated by the Greenway government, as all the civil servants had been notified by the attorney-general that they must take no part in the affair, but it proved conclusively that Manitoba will not be coerced without a struggle.

The Tribune, referring to the matter last night, said: "However orderly it might be, at the present juncture, the time may come when it might not only be desirable but necessary to take strong ground in this attempt to deprive our province of its autonomy; but we rather think that the hour for forbearance is not yet past, and that we can afford to chafe a short time longer. Ther is no doubt that the conduct of the federal government has been most exasperating and we are not surprised at the popular anger and indignation that exists, but we would dislike to see any act committed or words utered which would tend to complicate matters at the present time. Neither would we like to see language used which would be personally offensive to the federal delegates now here. If anything is done it is to be ernestly hoped that moderation and good sense will characterize it. It appears to us that a mistake would be made in going further than to let the Dominion government know exactly how we feel on its conduct toward this province."

Trouble was narrowly averted as the crowd reached the parliament building. Dr. Orton, formerly member of parliament for Centre Wellington, stood in the gateway of the grounds with a rifle in his hand, declaring he would shot the first man who entered. His friends interfered and the crowd dispersed after cheers had been given. There was no attempt made at spech making.

Winnipeg, March 28.—The conference of the Dominion and Manitoba commissioners to effect a settlement, if possible, of the Manitoba school dispute, opened at the Hotel Manitoba yesterday morning. The commissioners were in session from 10:30 until the noon hour, when an adjournment was made till 5 o'clock. On reassembling at that hour, the commissioners remained in session but ten minutes and then adjourned till to-day. At ten o'clock no reporters or even secretaries were admitted to the conference room, which was guarded by a private from the cavalry school. It is understood that a proposal was submitted by the Dominion commissioners to Manitoba at the morning session, as immediately upon adjournment a meeting of the Manitoba ministers was held. Owing to Premier Greenway's absence a reply was not given, hence the brief session in the afternoon. Being interviewed after the cabinet meeting, Attorney-General Sifton said: "The meeting was a very pleasant one, but as to what was done I am not in a position to say. Some progress was made, but the real business of the conference will probably be entered into at a later session."

Many opinions in reference to the conference are given. Some held that the short morning session had settled the matter, while others were of the opinion that the meetings will be continued for a week. The majority seem to think the matter will be settled in a few sessions. It is unlikely that anything of an official nature will be given by the commissioners before they report to the government at Ottawa.

Archbishop Langevin attended the dinner given last night to the Manitoba and Dominion commissioners at Government House.

None But Ayer's at the World's Fair.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla enjoys the extraordinary distinction of having been the only blood purifier allowed on exhibit at the World's Fair, Chicago. Manufacturers of other sarsaparillas sought by every means to obtain a showing of their goods, but they were all turned away under the application of the rule forbidding the entry of patent medicines and nostrums. The decision of the World's Fair authorities in favor of Ayer's Sarsaparilla was in effect as follows: Ayer's Sarsaparilla is not a patent medicine. It does not belong to the list of nostrums. It is here on its merits."

BLOWN TO ATOMS.

Disastrous Explosion of a Magazine at Kiang, China.

San Francisco, March 28.—Three hundred Chinese were blown to atoms by the explosion of a magazine attached to the fort at Kiang in China on February 24th. The disaster, according to mail advices received by steamer, was the work of murderous soldiers who are preparing to join a secret society of rebels in an attach on an adjacent town, whether through carelessness or intention is not known.

'FRANCISCO'S STRANGLER.

Tries His Hand, But Unsuccessfully, on Another Unfortunate Woman.

San Francisco, March 27.—An attempt was made on Monday night to strangel Irene Phillips, a woman who lives in a lodging-house at 304 Sutter street. According to her story she and her sister were standing on Sutter street near Grant avenue, when Irene was accosted by a well-dressed, middle-aged man, who requested to see her for a few minutes. After a brief conversation they repaired to the woman's room. When inside, the stranger, so the woman claims, seized her by the throat and attempted to strangle her. According to the Phillips woman he is a smooth talker, and would pass for a clerk or well-to-do business man. She is satisfied that she will be able to recognize her assailant if he is arrested. From the manner in which the stranger attempted to strangle the Phillips woman Capt. Lees is morally certain that he is the man who murdered May McDermott and Bertha Paradis.

SPAIN AND THE U. S.

Animosity Increased—A Bloodthirsty Spanish Editorial.

Madrid, March 28.—The speech of Senator Mills in the United States senate, is considered a fresh insult to Spain, and has revived the animosity in an extreme degree. Fifty thousand soldiers paraded yesterday.

New York, March 28.—A copy of La Atalya newspaper, Santander, Spain, has been received in this city. One of its leading editorials reads: "Extermination is the only solution of the war in Cuba. Let North America's hypocritical defenders of the Cuban insurgents say what they wish, let America do as it likes, the moment has arrived for showing ourselves cruel and inflexible, and bloody, if necessary. Let it cost what it may, public opinion in the whole country demands that the rebellion should be drowned in lakes of blood. Do not let one subject live; let them know that he country belongs to us. If we require for the foundation of future peace heaps of sacrificed flesh, let us build those foundations quickly."

Prompt relief in sick headache, dizziness, nausea, constipation, pain in the side, constipation, guaranteed to those using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One a dose. Small price. Small dose. Small pill.

REAPING DURRANT HARVEST.

Californians are Not Happy Now Without a Church Scandal.

Fresno, Cal., March 27.—The people of Fresno were put in a state of warm indignation by the publication in the morning republican yesterday, of an article denouncing Rev. I. T. Johnson, travelling evangelist, who has been holding meetings in the Methodist church for some few weeks past, for having repeated from the pupit a statement which he claimed had been made to him, that the majority of the girls of this city were ruined before they reached the age of 14 years. The paper also contained an interview with the preacher in which he admitted and repeated the statement, but declined to give the source of his information. A meeting of business men was held to consider the matter, and also to call a mass meeting to express indignation of the community. A meeting of the church trustees was also held, the latter being in session but a short time when request was made for their attendance at the conference of business which was complied with at once. Consequently no decision was reached by the officials. Johnson was called before the meeting and made to sign a retraction and apolizge.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Book

Send 12 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers to Lever Bros., Ltd., 23 Scott St., Toronto, who will send post-paid a paper-bound book, 160 pages. For 6 "Lifebuoy" Carbolic Soap wrappers, a similar book will be sent. This is a special opportunity to obtain good reading. Send your name and address written carefully. Remember "Sunlight" sells at six cents per twin-bar, and "Lifebuoy" at 6 cents. One cent postage will bring your wrappers by leaving the ends open.

FATAL SMASHUP.

Bodies of Tramps Found in an Eastern Railway Wreck.

North Judson, Ind., March 27.—A train on the Indiana, Illinois and Iowa railroad, loaded with grain and dressed beef, was wrecked near Toto last night. The Pan Handle wrecking train, in clearing the track, found the dead bodies of four unknown men in a car of oats, where they evidently died from suffocation. None of the bodies were identified.

Little Rock, Ark., March 27.—A telephone messages report the town of Bentona, Ark., on fire, with prospects of being wiped out. The town is a place of about a thousand inhabitants, and without a fire department.

Port Royals, March 27.—The Indiana was safely docked this morning just after the tide began to ebb. There was an abundance of water in the dock, the depth measuring 26 feet, while the Indiana drew but 24 feet. Everything connected with the docking worked beautifully.

Chicago, March 28.—It has been ascertained from the books of the Northwestern Railway company, that the box containing the corpse which was sold at the unclaimed freight shed by auction, was shipped from Salt Lake City, February 8th, 1896.

—Simeon S. Hartman, of Tunnelton, West Va., has been subject to attacks of colic about once a year, and would have to call a doctor and then suffer for about twelve hours as much as some do when they die. He was taken recently just the same as at other times, and concluded to try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. He says: "I took one dose of it and it gave me relief in five minutes. That is more than anything has ever done for me.' For sale by all druggists; Langley & Co., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

Patient—I am so much better to-day, doctor, I really feel as if I could stand almost anything.

Doctor—Ah, glad to hear it. Permit me to present my bill. (Patient has a relapse.)

ROYAL Baking Powder.

Highest of all in leavening strength.—U. S. Government Report.