FIUME DEVELOPMENTS ARE KEPT SECRET THROUGH CENSOR

Circulation Last Week
250,690
Daily Average, 41,781

The London Advertiser

LONDON, CANADA—THE HOME OF UNBROKEN PROSPERITY.

HOME EDITION
Weather—Fair and cool.

55TH YEAR. NO. 22504 | THE LONDON ADVERTISER, LONDON, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 17, 1919. 96 COLUMNS. | PRICE, TWO CENTS

RUMANIANS ARE WITHDRAWING FORCES FROM BUDAPEST

IRELAND'S CLAIM FOR HOME RULE MAY COME BEFORE LEAGUE OF NATIONS FOR FINAL ADJUSTMENT

President Wilson Gives His First Public Interpretation of How League of Nations Covenant Affects Ireland — Tells Why Ireland's Case Was Not Heard at the Peace Conference.

On Board President Wilson's Special, Sept. 17.—Setting forth publicly for the first time his interpretation of the league of nations covenant as it affects Ireland, President Wilson said in a statement today that the league would constitute a forum before which could be brought all claims for self-determination which are likely to affect the peace of the world.

"The covenant would not bind the United States to assist in putting down rebellion in any foreign country," he asserted, "nor would it limit the power of this country to recognize the independence of any people who seek to secure freedom."

He said Ireland's case was not heard at Versailles because it did not come within the jurisdiction of the peace conference.

The president's statement was in reply to a series of questions sent to him by the San Francisco labor council. It is understood that within a few days he will reply similarly to the questions put by other labor bodies regarding Shantung and the representation of the British dominions in the league assembly.

Questions and Answers.

The president's statement detailing the labor council's questions and his answers follow:

"1. Under the covenant does the nation obligate itself to assist any member of the league in putting down a rebellion of its subjects or conquered peoples?

"Answer—It does not.

"2. Under the covenant can this nation independently recognize a government whose people seek to achieve or have achieved their independence from a member of the league?

"Answer—The independent action of the government of the United States in a matter of this kind is in no way limited or affected by the covenant of the league of nations.

"3. Under the covenant are those subject nations or peoples only that that are mentioned in the peace treaty entitled to the right of self-determination, or does the league possess the right to accord a similar privilege to other subject nations or peoples?

"Answer—It is not possible for the peace delegates to act with regard to the self-determination of any territories except those which had belonged to the defeated empires; but in the covenant in the league of nations it has set up for the first time in Article 11 a forum to which all claims for self-determination which are likely to disturb the peace of the world or the good understanding between nations upon which the peace of the world depends can be brought.

"4. Why was the case of Ireland not heard at the peace conference? And what is your position on the subject of self-determination for Ireland?

Ireland's Case Outlined.

"Answer—The case of Ireland was not heard at the peace conference because the peace conference had no jurisdiction over any question of that sort, which did not affect territories which belonged to the defeated empires. My position on the subject of self-determination for Ireland is expressed in Article 11 of the covenant, in which I may say I was particular interested, because it seemed to me necessary for the peace and freedom of the world that a forum should be created to which all peoples could bring any matter which was likely to affect the peace and freedom of the world."

"CURRY" NAME OF CANADA'S GREAT LEADER

Sir Arthur's Name Has Been Mis-spelled Everywhere.

All through the war, newspapers the world over have misspelled the name of the commander of the Canadian corps. This was not known by anyone except the family and personal friends until just recently. On Tuesday, when the county of Middlesex presented Sir Arthur and his wife with a silver tea service which cost in the neighborhood of $500, it was noticed that on the gift his name was engraved "Curry." Some of those present thought that the engraver had made amistake, but when mention was made of the fact, they were assured that this was the correct spelling as his brother, John Curry, warden of the county, and the rest of the family spell it that way.

It was said that although war correspondents from almost every news service in Canada, the British Isles and the United States had spelled the name "Currie," Sir Arthur did not make a correction or even speak of the error.

SOLDIERS AND FAMILIES ARRIVE AT QUEBEC ON STEAMER SCANDINAVIAN

Quebec, Sept. 17.—The Scandinavian docked here at 10:30 o'clock last night. She carried a total of 1,283 passengers, comprised of 500 cabin and 783 third class passengers. The third-class passengers include 284 soldiers and 200 dependents. After the disembarkation of the third-class passengers today the Scandinavian will leave for Montreal.

RUMANIAN ARMY IS WITHDRAWING FROM BUDAPEST

Retirement Will Be Completed Within a Fortnight.

Budapest, Tuesday, Sept. 16.—The Rumanian army has begun to withdraw from Budapest, a steady movement of trains being in progress. It is believed that the retirement will be completed within a fortnight.

MEN CHARGED WITH ISSUING EXEMPTION CARDS NOT GUILTY

Quebec Judge Renders Decision In Interesting Cases.

Quebec, Sept. 17.—"The persons who paid sums of money to get exemption cards from the military service knew they were getting worthless cards, and they took the risk of their own freedom, and nothing in the testimony shows that the three accused, Omer Drouin, Romus Hansen and Arthur Dionne, did not plot and agree to defraud. So I declare this case closed and discharge from custody those three defendants, Drouin, Hansen and Dionne."

The foregoing, in effect, is the judgment of Judge Langelier in the long-drawn-out case in the Quebec police court.

Drouin, who is the son of a judge in the superior court at Quebec, had been charged by the federal authorities, along with Hansen, a former employee of the registrar at Quebec, and Dionne, a member of the provincial civil service, in the police court, nearly a year ago, with conspiracy to defraud in connection with the granting of military exemption certificates.

50 Prizes!

First Prize, $864

In All, $2,750 In Cash

Anybody can use cash, and use it every day in the year.

Today The Advertiser puts before you in an attractive form a chart containing a number of circles, and challenges you to count them. Further, The Advertiser agrees to pay those who make the best showing $2,750. This amount is all cash, with a known value, that cannot be discounted. No canvassing or soliciting is involved in this contest. Just a little patient, persevering work, plus accuracy, will put you in line to win one of the 50 prizes. Apparently it would be difficult almost not to win one.

EMPLOYER DECLARES THAT 44-HOUR WEEK CANNOT BE ACCEPTED

Woolen Manufacturer Says There Is No Assurance of a Limit.

STEEL WORKER DISAGREES

Maintains That the Employers Must Divide With Their Men.

Ottawa, Sept. 17.—Threats of strikes were deplored and a new warning from labor to employers issued before the national industrial conference by using the term "conscription of wealth" and threatening a strike to enforce the 8-hour day in all industries. There should have been more of a spirit of British fair play, he claimed. The conference was not called for that sort of thing.

J. A. Gillies, of Sydney, N. S., a delegate of the steel workers, disclaimed any attempt to force class legislation. No industry had yet been ruined by reducing hours of labor. Every dollar invested honestly was worthy of a proper interest, he declared, but the speeding up of labor to earn profits on air and water was not legal. Speaking of fair play he said: "It cannot be all one-sided. We must be fair with you, but you must also give us a little more of what you have been pleased to term profits in the past."

A plea for the lumbering, agriculture and other seasonal industries which would be handicapped by shorter hours was made by J. Fraser Gregory, St. John, N. B., and J. Thomson, Carleton Place, who said manufacturers would be more than willing to reduce hours where they could, but he held that labor should state specifically in what industry shorter hours were to be enforced.

Cannot Accept Proposal.

R. Thomson, Carleton Place, a woolen manufacturer, said that Miss Gutteridge of Vancouver, had spoken of the 44-hour week as a compromise offer. The manufacturers did not know what might be the ultimate demand, nor did they know that the labor organizations represented spoke for the whole of the labor in Canada.

He did not think labor could offer or the manufacturers could accept any such proposal put forward at this conference. The 50-hour week prevailed in many trades, and some even had less, and he feared that by granting the 44-hour week the manufacturers would

Continued on page 3.

BOARD WILL MOVE TO PREVENT AN ADVANCE IN PRICE OF MILK

Steps Will Be Taken at Once, Announces W. F. O'Connor.

Toronto, Sept. 17.—Announcement was made by W. F. O'Connor, vice-chairman of the board of commerce, prior to the resumed inquiry into the high cost of living this morning, that steps will be taken by the board to prevent an increase in the price of milk. This, he intimated, would extend from the producer to the consumer, and in this way higher prices, starting at the source of production, will be frustrated.

Representatives of Toronto packing concerns appeared before the board this morning, when investigation into provision prices was instituted. Principal attention was devoted to the price of hog products. Firms appearing before the board were the William Davies Company, Gunns, Swift Canadian Company, Harris Abattoir Company, Matthews-Blackwell and Puddy Bros. Representatives were called upon to submit statements showing the amount of provisions held in cold storage, and also statements of costs.

Lieut.-Col. W. L. Price appeared on behalf of the board of commerce, J. S. Lundy for the Ontario attorney-general, and J. S. Fairty for the city of Toronto.

CANADIAN OFFICERS AND FAMILIES SAIL ON STEAMER MEGANTIC

London, Sept. 16.—The Megantic sailed yesterday, carrying 800 Canadian officers and their families.

THE WEATHER

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

Following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night: Highest, 75; lowest, 52.

The official temperatures for the 12 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 61; lowest, 47.

TOMORROW—FAIR AND COOL.

Toronto, Sept. 17—8 a.m.

Forecasts.

Moderate to fresh northerly winds; fair and cool tonight and on Thursday; local frosts tonight in northern districts.

Temperatures.

The following were the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today:

Victoria	66	52	Cloudy
Calgary	[illegible]	42	Cloudy
Winnipeg	67	38	Clear
Parry Sound	70	40	Clear
Port Stanley	72	42	Cloudy
Buffalo	68	52	Cloudy
Toronto	74	50	Clear
Kingston	72	52	Fair
Ottawa	70	44	Cloudy
Montreal	66	42	Fair
Quebec	52	42	Cloudy
Father Point	56	42	Fair

Weather Notes.

Showers have occurred in Eastern Ontario, Quebec and the Maritime Provinces, while in other parts of the Dominion the weather has been fair.

A shallow trough of low pressure extends from the Gulf of St. Lawrence along the Atlantic coast, and a moderate area of high pressure covers Northern Ontario and the Great Lakes.

SQUARING ACCOUNTS

Advertiser Illustrations

The Frenzied Hun: "I'll take those peace terms out of YOU, anyway."—Sydney (Australia) Bulletin.

BURGLARS CLEAN DRUG STORE OUT OF FOUNTAIN PEN STOCK

Remove Also Some Cocaine, Raincoats, Stamps and Money —Force Entrance at Rear of Building.

Three hundred dollars' worth of goods, including fountain pens, cocaine, coats and stamps were stolen from Strong's drug store last night. Besides this, a small amount of money was taken from the cash register.

Every fountain pen in the store—about $250 worth—was taken. It is believed that the thieves were drug addicts, for in their search for dope, of which they stole about half an ounce, they disarranged much of the supply in the place. The coats were the property of the employees of the establishment.

Discovered by Manager.

Russell Magee, manager of the store, discovered the loss when he first came down to business this morning. It was immediately reported to the police, but late this afternoon no clue as to the identity of the robbers had been found.

It is believed that dope fiends are responsible for this crime, for last week thieves entered the offices of two Queen's avenue doctors, but failing to locate dope stole other goods. One doctor's place was entered on two consecutive nights. He lost some rugs and office fixtures. The other doctor discovered that he had been robbed of a bottle of whiskey.

Gang of Addicts.

From various sources it has been learned that there is a gang of drug addicts in the city, those who use cocaine and morphine. Citizens have reported that they saw two men in the vicinity of the old M. C. R. station "snuffing" dope. It is said also that there is a man in the city who is at the head of the gang, and who has been supplying them with drugs, which he received from unknown sources.

One of the doctors reported the breaking into his place to Sergeant of Detectives Thomas Nickle, but when the police station was called today the officers there denied knowledge of the theft.

Austria Expels All Persons Without Legal Residence In Order To Conserve Supplies

Vienna Populace Is Living From Hand to Mouth, With City Congested Beyond Description—Large Proportion of the Population Are Unemployed.

Vienna, Sunday, Sept. 14.—In an effort to cope with food and fuel conditions, the Austrian Government has just issued a decree expelling from the country all persons who do not claim a legal residence here. This decree, which becomes effective on September 20, will affect a large number of Galicians and many Hungarians remaining in Austria after they were ordered to leave the country some time ago. Notwithstanding this decree, the minister of finance has forbidden aliens to remove money from banks and thus thousands of people find themselves expelled within a few days and unable to secure their money. The Polish Government has entered a strong protest.

In the meantime, the city is living from hand to mouth. It is congested beyond description, there being a large idle population of the actually unemployed and "drifters" who gave up their work in other districts and came to this city.

The village of Mauer, a suburb, has expelled all non-residents, even Viennese being unable to remain there.

Classes British Profiteers With Rats and Vermin

Parliamentary Secretary Declares Government Bound To Stamp Them Out.

London, Sept. 16.—Charles McCurdy, parliamentary secretary to the food minister, declared yesterday that the Government classes the profiteers with rats and other vermin and is determined to stamp them out. Mr. McCurdy was speaking at the opening day of the administration of the new profiteering act, and alluded to the new Canadian statute dealing with a similar evil. Criticism against the English act is mainly on the ground that it will never scotch the big profiteer but merely render the small trader liable to espionage and prosecution. Meanwhile street markets are increasingly instituted in the crowded districts. Their establishment is frequently followed by a drop in prices at the neighboring shops. The lack of housing accommodation is certainly as vital a problem as profiteering. Houseless ex-soldiers at Newoprt, Monmouthshire, interrupted the borough council meeting protesting from the gallery. There were, they claimed, 600 homeless families in the town. Liverpool corporation is spending 22,000 pounds sterling in converting army huts into private dwellings. Other local authorities are also attracted by this temporary solution.

SUCCEEDS KNOX MAGEE.

Winnipeg, Sept. 17.—Yesterday afternoon the Winnipeg Telegram announced that Vernon Knowles, latterly news editor, assumes editorial and general direction of the Telegram, in succession to Knox Magee, resigned. He has been connected with the Telegram editorial staff in various capacities during the past seven years.

BRITISH ELECTORS ANXIOUSLY AWAIT PREMIER'S ADDRESS

Lloyd George's Announcement On Vital Issues Expected Tonight.

London, Sept. 17.—Premier Lloyd George's return to England last night from his vacation at Deauville, France, and a brief visit in Paris will be followed tonight by an address which will be delivered at the London City Temple and which, in view of the extreme political and economic unrest prevailing in the country, is awaited with keenest curiosity and interest.

Among the many topics which the public is eager to hear the premier discuss are the Russian tangle; Ireland; the reduction of national expenditures; industrial developments; the probable dissolution of Parliament and a general election. An election would be particularly welcomed, but it is doubtful if the premier will speak on that subject tonight, it being suggested that he will probably avoid controversial topics as far as possible. In view of the fact that the speech will be addressed to the international brotherhood congress, Mr. Lloyd George will confine himself mainly to elaborating his recent appeal to the nation to co-operate in the establishment of a new world order, leaving other matters for addresses he has promised to deliver elsewhere.

QUEBEC G. W. V. A. IS OPPOSED TO DEMAND FOR $2,000 GRATUITY

Quebec, Sept. 17.—The Quebec branch of the G. W. V. A. went on record here yesterday as being opposed to the demand for a $2,000 bonus from the Federal Government.

FIUME SITUATION IS STILL IN CONTROL OF POET D'ANNUNZIO

Insurgent Italian Troops in Charge At All Points.

STRICT CENSORSHIP

British and American Contingents Jeered As They Left.

Geneva, Sept. 17.—Gabriele D'Annunzio is still master of the situation at Fiume, of which he took possession recently at the head of insurgent Italian forces, refusing to obey the Italian Government's order to return with his troops, according to advices which have reached here despite the extreme rigor of the censorship which has been set up regarding the Fiume developments. The British and American contingents in the city were jeered and hissed by the population as they marched to their warships, the advices state, but embarked safely on their vessels without further incident. The French contingent is said to have remained in Fiume, barricaded in its barracks.

D'ANNUNZIO AND HIS FOLLOWERS ACTUATED BY NOBLE IMPULSE

Republican Party of Italy Passes Resolution of Sympathy.

Rome, Tuesday, Sept. 16.—The Republican party has passed the following resolution relative to Capt. D'Annunzio's coup at Fiume:

"The temporary liberators of Fiume were carried away by noble impulse rather than political calculation. They thus deserve the sympathy of the nation, although it is an illusion to consider the accomplished fact of the occupation of Fiume as final."

FIUME HAPPENINGS CLOUDED BY VEIL DRAWN BY CENSOR

London, Sept. 17.—Fiume has been isolated from the world by the Italian Government, which is apparently taking steps to meet the situation that has arisen through the action of Capt. Gabriele D'Annunzio in forcibly taking possession of the city and forcing allied and Jugo-Slav forces to leave. The veil of the censorship was drawn yesterday, and since that time little has been learned of events in the city.

Investigation of the incident has shown, according to advices, that the plan to seize Fiume originated in Venice, the prefect of which city is said to have been involved. Artillery forces in Venice, which were preparing to join the D'Annunzio forces in Fiume, are reported to have been induced to return to their barracks. The prefect has been dismissed from office. The Jugo-Slav peace delegation in Paris has issued a statement indicating that Italian regular troops are moving on the city. The Italian battleship, Dante Alighieri is said to have been damaged by her crew, and has been unable to leave the port of Fiume. British French and American detachments which were in the city at the time of D'Annunzio's coup are reported to have boarded ships and departed.

ITALIAN ADMIRAL ILLEGALLY DETAINED ON TRIP TO FIUME

Paris, Sept. 17.—Latest official advices report the situation at Fiume, forcibly taken possession of by Italian insurgents under Gabriele D'Annunzio last week, as without material change. The necessary measures, it is stated, have been taken to prevent all communication with the city government from the outside as was learned from unofficial sources yesterday.

Of the Italian sailors who landed in Fiume only 100 remained in the city at the last advices, the others having rejoined their ships, the official advices state. It is announced, however, that Rear Admiral Casamova, who landed yesterday in an attempt to restore order, has been "illegally detained" on shore.

Gen. Badoglio, who was sent by the Government to Fiume to handle the situation, has issued a proclamation to the troops, inviting them to remain faithful to discipline. His proclamation denounces the volunteers as men "who abandoned their posts and went to Fiume, creating a state of things which cannot be approved or tolerated."

SUPREME COUNCIL APPROVES OF TREATY FOR BULGARIANS

Paris, Sept. 17.—The supreme council has definitely adopted the Bulgarian treaty which will be delivered to the Bulgarian plenipotentiaries Friday morning.

The presentation of the document will be without ceremony.

What's Doing Tonight?

THEATRES.

Majestic—Dorothy Gish, in "Nobody Home," and vaudeville.

Patricia—Tom Mix, in "The Coming of the Law," and vaudeville.

Grand—Emmy Wehlen, in "A Favor to a Friend," and vaudeville.

OTHER EVENTS.

King Solomon Preceptory, Royal Black Knights of Ireland—Meets 7:45 p.m. .....

Ruth Chapter, 26, Order of Eastern Star—Meets at 8 o'clock in K. of P. Hall, Dundas street.

MINISTERS MUST LEAD IN LAST ASSAULT UPON STRONGHOLD OF LIQUOR INTERESTS IN ONTARIO

Alliance Discusses Campaign in Favor of Prohibition and Suggests That Boys Could Assist Considerably — Will Try To Educate Voters On Marking of the Ballot.

"Just imagine that the liquor traffic is the Hindenburg line, and this is our last and greatest onslaught and we must win. We ministers must lead the attack, although owing to so many being away the entire summer we are not able to get as good a start as we would have liked," said Rev. T. D. McCullough, at the first fall meeting of the Ministerial Alliance, held this morning in the Y. M. C. A.

Rev. T. D. McCullough and Rev. Captain N. Omond, the latter recently returned from overseas, and a native of London, gave suggestions to the attending clerics as to the best way to present before the various congregations how they must vote in the coming referendum. Mr. McCullough said that he knew that the Methodist ministers had been preaching upon the subject, but had not seen the Presbyterians working desperately hard. Rev. D. C. MacGregor, the president, remarked: "We are solid anyway and the Mthodists have been a little more lucky in getting into print."

Got Names Added.

Rev. T. D. McCullough stated that through untiring efforts of the various committees canvassing the voting lists, over 1,000 names had been added to the list, some, of course, which were in favor of prohibition and some against. "It requires united effort on the part of everyone who aims for prohibition, and there is a feeling that prohibition will sweep the country. We should not bank on this, we may get a surprise at the polls. The boy power in the city could do a great deal to lighten the burden of the committees in distributing circulars showing the people the way to vote and why they should vote this way. Enough of these have been printed," said Mr. McCullough, "that one may be put into each home. The ladies of the church, who will work for temperance can visit in the homes and instruct women who have never before voted, how to vote and how easy it is for them to destroy the ballot by putting other markings that the "X" in which column she wishes to vote. Just telling people to put four 'No's' is not enough, it must be explained thoroughly to them, and the minister in the pulpit has the power to instruct the members of his congregation to do this."

Suggests Meetings.

Mass meetings were suggested by Rev. Byron Snell as a means of getting in touch with people who never went

Continued from page 3.

MANY SCUTTLED WARSHIPS RAISED AT SCAPA FLOW

Washington, Sept. 16. — Acting Secretary of State Phillips today received a dispatch from London stating that as a result of the efforts to raise the German ships scuttled at Scapa Flow, the battleship Baden, the cruisers Frankfort, Nuremberg, and Emden, and fifteen destroyers have been floated, and three other destroyers probably will be raised.

LADY FOSTER DIES THIS MORNING AT HER HOME IN OTTAWA

Ottawa, Sept. 16.—Lady Foster, wife of Sir George Foster, minister of trade and commerce for Canada, died this morning at the family residence, 125 Somerset street, following an illness of several months. Sir George Foster returned early from the peace conference at Paris because of her condition.

Besides her husband, Lady Foster leaves one son by her first marriage, A. M. Chisholm of Windmere, B. C., who, with his wife, has been in Ottawa for several months during the period of Lady Foster's severe illness. Two brothers, Milton and Charles Davis of Chicago, also survive. Lady Foster was born near Hamilton, Ont., the eldest daughter of the late Milton Davis of that district. On July 2, 1889, she was married to Sir George Foster. Interment will be made in Ottawa.

Fruit Allowed To Rot Because Sugar Is Not Procurable

The Former Winnipeg Mayor Makes Serious Charge of Sugar Exportations.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Winnipeg, Sept. 16.—Charges that sugar is still being sent out of Canada by shiploads while carloads of Western Ontario fruit are rotting in the west because a limited supply can be obtained only by "begging and paying exorbitant prices" are made by A. MacDonald, former mayor, in public statement to the city council today.

"Something must be done at once," Mr. MacDonald declared. He asserts that the board of commerce seems to have started too late, and "at the wrong end."

"We have to beg and pay exorbitant prices for the few cars which we get, not because sugar is scarce, on the contrary, it is being shipped out of the country not by car or train loads but by ship loads.

"There are carloads of the finest fruits ever grown being sold for less than cost to producer and large quantities allowed to go to waste for want of sugar," he continued.

STEEL STRIKE WILL BE CALLED SEPT. 22 UNLESS GARY ACTS

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 17.—John Fitzpatrick, chairman of the national committee for organizing iron and steel workers, who arrived here today from Cleveland, told newspapermen that unless a last minute telegram was received from Elbert H. Gary, chairman of the United States Steel Corporation, the strike of iron and steel workers would go into effect on September 22.

PRESERVES TIP OVER, SCALDING LITTLE PETERS BOY TO DEATH

Child Lived Only Few Hours After the Terrible Accident.

Little Billy John Peters, the 2-months-old son of Mr. and Mrs. John Peters, Piccadilly street, died last night from scalding.

The little fellow was crawling around the kitchen floor while his mother was preserving peaches, and the preserving kettle, which was not on the stove properly, tipped over, the contents scalding the baby, who was near the stove. He only lived a few hours following the accident. The funeral will be held on Thursday afternoon from the family residence to Woodland Cemetery.

PUBLISHERS THREATEN TO SUSPEND UNLESS DEMANDS MODIFIED

152 Periodicals Would Be Affected If Action Is Taken By Owners.

New York, Sept. 17.—Publishers of 152 periodicals having headquarters in this city, have decided to suspend publication if striking printers do not modify their demands, while owners of three magazines with a combined national circulation running into the millions, are considering moving their plants west "to free themselves from the radicalism of local labor unions," according to a statement issued last night by John Adams Thayer, secretary of the New York Publishers' Association.

Demands of the local unions are said to include a 44-hour week, an increase of $14 a week in all present scales, and double and triple time for overtime. The publishers claim it will cost $144.70 in labor to do in New York what it costs $100 to do in Chicago, if the demands are granted.

PRINTERS AGREE TO SUBMIT DEMANDS TO ARBITRATION BOARD

New York, Sept. 17.—Officials of "Big Six," the local union of printers, whose demands for an increase of $14 a week in all present scales in book and job offices, and the establishment by October 1 of a 44-hour week, have been met by a threat on the part of the 127 New York periodical publishers to suspend publication or to move their plants to western cities, where they will be free of labor "radicalism," announced today their willingness to arbitrate the question of higher pay. They declared they were determined, however, to insist on their demand for shorter hours, refusal of which would mean a strike.

As evidence of their determination to press their demands, printers pointed out that a 10 per cent assessment, amounting to $40,000 a week, was being collected from the men for a strike fund.

UKRAINIANS COMPLAIN THAT DENIKINE'S ARMY ATTACKED THEIR FORCES

Protest Is Made To Peace Conference By President of Delegation.

Paris, Sept. 17.—The president of the Ukrainian delegation to the peace conference has written to M. Clemenceau, president of the conference, protesting against attacks by Gen. Denikine's volunteers upon the Ukrainian army, which was in pursuit of Bolshevik forces fleeing after the recent capture of Kiev. The letter says that Gen. Denikine is "making use of entente assistance which was intended to enable him to fight the Bolsheviki, to penetrate Ukrainian territory with the object of re-establishment of the Russian Empire." It also declares that the attack on the Ukrainian army permitted the fleeing Bolsheviki to make their escape.