

## T. EATON CO. LIMITED

190 Yonge St. Canada's Greatest Store. Toronto.  
YONGE AND QUEEN STREETS, December 21, 1896

## The Focus Of The Year.

Time presses. Christmas will be here before you know it, and yet thousands of people will wait till Thursday to do their shopping. It's so every year, and this week will be no exception. We can accommodate more customers in early morning, but everybody won't come before noon, no matter what we say, and everybody won't shop to-day, no matter what we offer.

In all the years of steadily increasing business we've never known such trade as now. On every floor the crowds of holiday shoppers make quick service necessary and through the aisles all day long. Enlarged facilities and greatly improved service give us a big advantage over last year, but the jam seems as great as ever. Business comes these days without advertising, but suggestions are always welcome at Christmas-time, and we gladly pay the printer good money to help you find just what you want.

Shop early and choose quickly. Remember, there's no time to lose. In spite of the crowds, plenty of goods remain, and under no circumstances shall we put up prices. Among the hosts of things suitable for gifts these will be in big demand:

## For Men

Pair Slippers.  
Pair Dog Skin Gloves.  
Fur Cap.  
Dress Hat.  
Fur Driving Gloves.  
An Easy Chair.  
Set of Standard Books.  
Paper Cutter.  
Cuff Buttons.  
Ink Well.  
Letter File.  
Smoking Set.  
Collar or Cuff Box.  
Pen Knife.  
Safety Razor.  
Fountain Pen.  
Folding Scissors.  
Fancy Button Hook.  
Leather Dressing Case.  
Pocket-book.  
Cigar Case.  
English Travelling Bag.  
Hair Brush.  
Valise, fitted.  
Fancy Soap.  
Rich Necktie.  
Silk Handkerchiefs.  
House Coat.  
Bath Robe.  
Shaving Mirror.  
Celluloid Toilet Set.  
Waterproof Coat.  
Cardigan Jacket.  
Fancy Suspenders.  
Shaving Set.  
Watch Charm or Locket.  
Watch Chain.  
Cane.  
Silk Umbrella.  
Underwear, white or colored.  
Corduroy Vest.  
Stylish Scarf Pins.  
Silk Muffler.  
Writing Desk.  
Book Case.  
Napkin Ring.  
Opera Glasses.  
Sterling Silver Match Box.  
Solid Gold Watch.  
Right Robe, cotton or woolen.  
Chambers' Encyclopedia.  
Set of Thackeray's Novels.  
Complete Works of Dickens.  
Waverley Novels.  
Shaving Stand.  
Fancy Calendar.  
Gold Pen and Pencil.  
Military Brushes.  
Bill Book.  
Fine Hosiery.  
Dress Suit.  
Shirt Studs.  
Solid Gold Cuff Links.  
Whisk Holder.  
Writing Case.  
Shaving Brush.  
Mucilage Bottle.  
Memorandum Books.

## For Women

Pair Kid Gloves.  
Fur Muff.  
Hudson Seal Scarf.  
Glove Wrapper.  
Silk Waist.  
Silk Hood.  
Bit of Cut Glass.  
Table Cover.  
Fortifier or Curtains.  
Oriental Rug.  
Onyx Table.  
Handsome Lamp.  
Set Plated Spoons.  
Carving Set.  
After-Dinner Coffee.  
Rocking Chair.  
Writing Desk.  
Volume of Poems.  
Pair Fancy Slippers.  
Pretty Calendar.  
Carpet Sweeper.  
Mackintosh.  
Walking Jacket.  
Manicure Set.  
Scissors.  
Handkerchief Box.  
Glove or Puff Box.  
Travelling Instand.  
Diary.  
Address Book.  
Fancy Ink Well.  
Silk Garters.  
Fancy Work Box.  
Shoe Fly Rocking Horse.  
Fancy Pin Cushion.  
Silver Thimble.  
Fancy Hair Pin.  
Fancy Comb.

## For Women

Needle Case.  
Hand Mirror.  
Triple Mirror.  
Fan.  
Shopping Bag.  
Pocket Book.  
Photo Frame.  
Photograph Album.  
Grip or Satchel.  
Fancy Atomizer.  
Writing Folio.  
Puff Box.  
Bottle of Perfumery.  
Handkerchiefs.  
A Dress Pattern.  
Basket of Flowers.  
Lace Tidy.  
Fancy Pin Cushion.  
Embroidered Apron.  
Silk Skirt.  
Boat and Corollaries.  
Silver Bracelets.  
Music Roll.  
Rings, Plain and Jewelled.  
Lockets and Neck Chains.  
Silver Thimble.  
Fur Ruff.  
Fur Cape.  
Opera Glasses.  
Fancy Work Basket.  
Tote Bag.  
Muslin Skirt.  
Hymnal or Prayer Book.  
Pillow Sham.  
Dozen Napkins.  
Fancy Table Cover.  
Silk Mantel Drapes.  
Hosiery Slippers.  
Framed Etching.  
Fancy Vase.  
Jewel Case.  
Nut or Orange Set.  
Pretty Needle Cases.  
Ostrich Feather Fan.  
Fur Lined Cape.  
Eldorado Dressing Jacket.  
Black Silk Hose.  
Powder Boxes.  
Book Marks, sterling silver.  
Milk Holders.

## For Children

Illustrated Book.  
Christmas Cards.  
Rocker.  
Leather Leggings.  
2-Price Fur Set.  
Gold Ring.  
Decorated Note Paper.  
School Bag.  
School Companion.  
Box Paints.  
Folios.  
Transparent Slate.  
Scrap Book.  
Stamp Album.  
Autograph Album.  
Pencil Sharpener.  
Fancy Work Box.  
Box of Perfumery.  
Fancy Purse.  
Fancy Writing Folio.  
Drinking Cup.  
Scotch Fan.  
Handkerchiefs.  
Doll or Game.  
Tricycle.  
Football.  
Mechanical Toy.  
Music Maker.  
Chatanooga Blackboard.  
Pail Skates.  
Boys' Overcoat.  
Child's Cloak.  
Gloves and Mittens.  
Sled, nicely painted.  
Dolls Carriages.  
Silver Cup and Mug.  
Tool Chests, for boys.  
Wash Set, for girls.  
Fur Hat.  
Bagatelle Board.  
Dolls Tea Set.  
Box of Candy.  
Child's Knife and Fork.  
Refrigerator and Coats.  
Nickel Watch.  
Napkin Ring.  
Fancy Stick Pin.  
Postage Stamp Album.  
Music Boxes.  
Drawing Slate.  
Shoe Fly Rocking Horse.  
Express Wagon.  
Pencil Case.  
Nickel Watch.  
Magic Lantern.

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190 YONGE ST., TORONTO.

## THE TORONTO WORLD

ONE CENT MORNING PAPER.  
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## CANADA'S OPPORTUNITY.

No uncertainty surrounds the future of Canada's tariff policy. Conditions under our control and conditions beyond our control unite in shaping that policy along the same lines. The policy of the United States is driving us closer and closer every day towards Great Britain. That is the policy we desire to go. A new fiscal policy is rapidly coming to the front in Great Britain. That policy will attract Canada and the other colonies towards Great Britain. That is the point towards which we desire to be attracted. The United States is driving us, England is inviting us, towards the goal that we ourselves have voluntarily decided to make for. The Globe admits that the fiscal policy of the United States is based on the supposition that Canada can be stamped into annexation. We ourselves know how egregiously mistaken they are. Still, they entertain the delusion, and it is useless on our part to attempt to convince them that this policy has an exactly contrary effect to what they imagine. In 1894 and 1895 Canada exported to the United States exceeded those to Great Britain. In 1896 our exports to the former were \$29,750,000, while to the latter they amounted to \$66,889,233. If our neighbors were not deluded they would be convinced by these figures of the rapidity with which we are being annexed to Great Britain.

But what is more interesting to Canada is the new policy that is under the process of evolution in Great Britain. Let us make no mistake about it. Great Britain is now seriously studying protection. Within five years Cullenism will be discarded in Great Britain and Protection will be the dominant policy. The theory that England's one-time prosperity was due to free trade is shown to be a fallacy. Lord Marnham and others of the new school show conclusively that England's prosperity was dependent in no way upon free imports; that she became the greatest manufacturing nation of the world not by reason of her free trade policy, but in spite of that policy. During the last 25 years the pernicious effects of free trade in Great Britain have been accumulating. The havoc caused by the free trade delusion has now reached the dimensions of a national calamity. Let us quote from Lord Marnham's recent letters to the Cobden Club to show how rapidly the free trade delusion is ruining the industries of Great Britain. He writes:

"But what are the facts? Agriculture, which should be and is the mainstay of every country, is in a state of collapse. The iron industry, which next to land has always been considered one of the best and safest of British industries, is in a state of rapid decay. In 1882 we were supreme, the ironmasters of the world; our production of pig iron was \$5,850,000 tons, in 1894 it was \$7,327,342 tons; in 1894 our export of iron and steel manufactured was \$21,190,000, in 1894 it was \$21,490,000, and in 1894 it had fallen to \$18,687,763. And now America is supreme; they have gone far ahead of us—and this is all with Protection. Then, again, in cutting in 1894, 'made in Germany' cost \$2704.100; in the same year made in the United Kingdom \$1,834.440. We were the supreme chery. We were in 1882, we then exported \$2,107,123. It is perfectly distressing to find that the iron trade is being destroyed by free imports. It is true that for the moment the iron trade is fairly busy, chiefly owing to war shipbuilding. And now we come to cotton; there we are supreme. But neither Protection nor anything else will save it from a great collapse at no distant day. Even now the figures are not satisfactory, as in the last year the yarn and cloth \$7,124,247, and in 1894 only \$6,554,589. Coming events cast their shadows before them. Just as we take note of the change in the American tariff, but here again the figures show distinctly how very seriously we are being beaten both in the home and also in the foreign market. In 1874 we exported wool manufactures of cloth and yarn \$28,899,025 and in 1894 \$18,758,946; and we imported in 1894, what our woolen goods should cause, no less than \$21,000,000 from foreign countries. All this is very deplorable, and the situation is such that, if we do not look at it, we are in a fiscal system it means nothing but ruin. 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