

CARD-EXERCISE XXXIX.

Laburnum-Leaf, slightly Conventionalised.

Draw a vertical line, forming the petiole of the leaf and the midrib of the central leaflet. Divide this line into four equal parts. Make the midribs of the right and left leaflets about two-thirds as long as the midribs of the central leaflet. The breadth of each leaflet is a little less than one-half of its length. The margin is entire. This is a compound leaf, each leaflet elliptical; general outline of the whole triangular.



CARD-EXERCISE XL.

Rose-Leaf, slightly Conventionalised.

Draw a vertical line for the rachis, and mark the points of junction made by the leaflets with it. Draw the midribs of the leaflets, and finish. Each leaflet is elliptical: the whole leaf, in its general outline, might be called the same. This is a compound leaf, which is quite a different thing from a lobed leaf. Sometimes, however, it is no easy matter to distinguish one from the other.

