



These Are the Days of Weather Uncertainty.

When a man leaves his home in the morning he is not sure whether it may be WET or COLD before he returns at night, and the wise man will carry a Raincoat or a medium weight Topper. We have a splendid showing of both styles, and a price range as varied as the patterns from \$5.00 up to \$30.00. We are showing a Slip-on Combination Coat at \$15.00—that's selling freely and is worth your while to see.

We take care of BIG MEN, TALL MEN, SMALL MEN, and ALL MEN in a way that will bring them back to see us again. Be sure and see our big selling Raincoat at \$8.50—it's a wonder.

OAK HALL CLOTHIERS

"THE LUCKY CORNER"

J. C. COOMBS, Manager.

Store Open Till 10 Saturday Night.

ANGLO-FRENCH LOAN POLICEMAN SAVES NEARLY ASSURED GIRL FROM FLAMES

Commission Makes Great Headway With Arrangements at New York.

TO PAY FIVE PER CENT.

Attempt Will Be Made to Secure Flat for Whole Floation.

(Continued from Page 1).

sincere in their expressions of willingness to do so.

The billion dollar loan probably will be divided into two and possibly four separate series of equal amounts.

Five Per Cent. Interest.

Bonds upon which the loan will be granted will bear not less than five per cent. interest and will be payable in dollars free from British income tax requirements.

An attempt will be made to sell the bonds at par in case the interest rate should be five per cent.

Members of the commission fully believe that such bonds could be disposed of at par, but American bankers have their doubts on this score.

Germans Against Loans.

Opposition to the flotation of the loan is country-wide among Americans of German sympathies or parentage, but has strengthened other bankers in their determination to aid in floating the loan in the opinion of the commission's friends, and has not seriously impeded the task.

The bonds are to be payable in either five or ten years. Possibly one series will mature in five and the other in ten years. This has not been decided.

Many American bankers have pledged themselves to take part of the loan, it was said today.

WOMEN'S HOME GUARD GAINED MANY RECRUITS.

A recruiting drive for the Canadian Women's Home Guard was held at Dundas Heights last evening, a large number of applicants enlisting for the different detachments.

During the evening an excellent program of vocal and instrumental music was rendered by the following: Miss Irene Humber, author of the patriotic song "We're From Canada"; J. M. Dawson, cornet soloist; Mrs. Layton and others.

Drills will be held tomorrow evening and all members of the Women's Home Guard are expected to be present.

HAMILTON NEWS

HAMILTON REGIMENT REACHES FIRING LINE

Nineteenth in Command of Col. John J. McLaren, is in Trenches.

FRENZIED FINANCING

Reeve Bertram Declares County Councillors Spend Money Recklessly.

By a Staff Reporter.

HAMILTON, Thursday, Sept. 16.—Mrs. McLaren, wife of Lieut.-Col. John J. McLaren of this city, who is commanding the 19th Overseas Battalion of the Canadian contingent, received a cable yesterday afternoon announcing that the battalion had reached France and would shortly see action in the trenches. The cable was sent from Boulogne.

Reeve Bertram yesterday lectured the county councillors in his financing and said that unless something was done the council would next month face an overdraft exceeding that of last year's by \$30,000.

"It seems to me that some of the councillors simply spend money without considering where it comes from. There is some reckless financing," said the Reeve. "That \$80,000 extra overdraft would take a mill and a half to pay off."

The remarks were made during the discussion of Councilor Dickenson's resolution for an extra expenditure of \$10,000 on the roads.

The motion was defeated. Warden Douglas, Councilor Dickenson and the road superintendent were appointed a committee to ascertain just how much money will have to be expended to fix up the roads, and were empowered to have the matter referred to the Reeve.

Reeve Bertram's motion to have the county contribute \$15 of the \$25, yearly fee for county pupils at the college, was passed. The county scholars have been raised by the Hamilton Board of Education because of the increased cost.

Open Convalescent Home. Duncin, the handsome residence of Mrs. P. J. Greer, South James street, was officially opened as a home for invalided soldiers yesterday afternoon at four o'clock. The ceremony was conducted by Rev. Dr. Renison and Rev. Canon Owen, who asked the blessing.

Speeches were made by Mayor Walters, Adam Brown and Mrs. Greer. The mayor thanked Mrs. Greer for her splendid gift, and stated that it was the most convalescent home for wounded soldiers to be opened in Canada. The hospital is now completely fitted up for the caring of the soldiers, and it is expected that within a few days several patients will be sent there.

Gets Motorcycle. Ticket Holder No. 4241 won the motorcycle donated by the Ford Motor Co. to the War Cycle Corps to members of St. Elizabeth's Chapter, L.O.D.E., for the purpose of raising money for the war fund. Before the recruiting meeting at Gore Park last evening, Mayor Walters made the drawing and announced the lucky number. The holder of this number is recorded as being a man with Mrs. R. B. Davis, 114 Duke street.

For Red Cross. A most successful garden party was held last evening at the Towers, corner of King and Queen streets, under the auspices of the ladies of St. Mark's, St. George's and All Saints' Anglican Church, for the purpose of raising funds for the Red Cross. The affair was opened by Mayor Walters and was largely successful.

Soldiers for Hamilton. Unless present plans fail, Hamilton will this winter be a military centre of considerable importance. It is stated that the Hamilton Machine Gun Battalion is to be quartered here after the military camp at Niagara falls is closed next month, and plans are under way for its reception at the old armories. That a brigade of artillery, including Hamilton Sportmen's Battalion, is likely to be quartered at the Jockey Club, has also been intimated.

Effect has not yet been made. Word has come that at least one troop, and possibly several, of mounted rifles will be quartered here also.

The mounted men are to have their quarters on the mountain brow, at the head of the James street incline.

Englishman Gets Heavy Sentence. In police court yesterday Harry Isaacs, young Irishman, was sentenced to seven years in Kingston penitentiary for Magistrate Jelfs on a charge of attempted murder and robbery.

On the night of Dec. 25, 1913, Isaacs broke into Stanley Mills hardware store and after attempting to murder Frank Stevens, his brother-in-law, made away with \$130.

Audit Patriotic Funds. The controllers and city officials are becoming interested in the money being collected locally for the various war purposes. It is thought that unless this is done the people of Hamilton will cut down their donations.

WILL GIVE A PRIZE FOR THE BEST STORY

The Ontario Motor League has offered, thru the Ontario Safety League, cash prizes for the best composition upon "How Children May Help to Avoid Motor Accidents." The rules covering the contest, which is open to children in the public, separate and private schools of Toronto, Hamilton, Ottawa and London, are:

"The composition must not consist of more than 300 words, and must be written in English."

"It must be written upon ruled paper with a margin upon the left-hand side. Write in ink and only on one side of paper."

"The composition must be the sole work of the school child submitting it. Neatness, spelling and punctuation will be taken into consideration in awarding the prizes."

"The contest will close Oct. 3, 1915. The full name, age and street address of each child competing should be written at the end of the paper."

"There are two classes of prizes offered: (a) scholars of 12 years and under; (b) scholars of 13 and over."

"The prizes in each class are as follows: First, \$10; second, \$5; third, fourth, \$2; fifth, \$1; sixth, \$1; seventh, \$1; eighth, \$1."

"All communications to R. B. Morey, secretary-treasurer, Ontario Safety League, 34 Victoria street, Toronto."

Note Your Increase In Weight

By making the blood rich and red Dr. Chase's Nerve Food forms new cells and tissues and nourishes the starved nerves back to health and vigor.

By noting your increase in weight while using it you can prove positively the benefit being derived from this great food cure.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food

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Dr. Chase's Nerve Food

Shun Dusty Broken Leaf Teas

They are certainly unpleasant in use, though cheapest in production.



Teas are all Pure Virgin Tea Leaves and Delicious.

Black, Green or Mixed - Sealed Packets only.

THREE MILLION MEN JOIN BRITISH ARMY

Premier Asquith Gives Year's Results of Voluntary System.

CONSCRIPTION AGAIN

Liberal and Nationalist Members Show Division in Views.

(Continued from Page 1).

a gigantic stride towards the solution of one of the most pressing problems. Mr. Asquith candidly admitted that mistakes had been made, and added: "I do not say even now that we are doing all we might, or even all we ought to do."

He, however, protested against the attempts of a section of the press "to belittle and disparage our efforts."

After reviewing the operations in Flanders, the Dardanelles and Poland, Mr. Asquith declared that the country had vastly exceeded any standard dreamed of before the war. As the war went on, however, that standard would rise, and new sacrifices would be demanded in men, munitions and money.

A discussion on the question of conscription followed the premier's speech, and the house finally granted the vote asked for.

In the debate that took place on conscription, John Dillon, Nationalist, for East Mayo, vehemently denounced it. He said that Pitt had tried to do the Napoleonic wars with success, but it would be madness to try the experiment again, especially before the war was over.

He declared that for far less than Lord Northcliffe had done Irishmen had been sent to jail; if it were not for Lord Northcliffe's title, power and connections, he would have been sent to jail long ago.

Leonard George Chisno, M.P., Liberal, maintained that under the voluntary system the country would never have enough men and munitions to win the war. There was great danger, he said, of underrating the war. He declared that for far less than Lord Northcliffe had done Irishmen had been sent to jail; if it were not for Lord Northcliffe's title, power and connections, he would have been sent to jail long ago.

Stephen Walsh, Laborite, said that 50 per cent. of the members of the house of commons would support the voluntary system before abandoning it for conscription. There must be overwhelming and unassailable evidence, he declared, to support the innovation.

Joseph C. Wedgewood, Liberal, urged the government to appoint a strong war office committee to prepare a scheme for conscription. The necessity of which during the course of the war had been abundantly demonstrated.

Wants Early End to War. David Marshall Mason, Liberal, regarded the utter crushing of Germany as a military impossibility. He expressed disappointment that the premier's speech did not give some hope of an honorable and early termination of the war. He thought that the house was entitled to a more definite declaration of the government policy than it had yet received.

On motion for adjournment, Mr. Mason raised the question concerning a report that Germany had made peace overtures.

Lord Robert Cecil, under-secretary for foreign affairs, replied that Ger-

many had made no peace proposals, nor could he imagine any being made at the present time which would be acceptable to the allies.

Output of Munitions. Speaking of the work of the munitions department, Mr. Asquith in his speech said that all that was now necessary to complete this great and necessary work was an adequate supply of labor, unskilled quite as much as skilled. The munitions department had established 20 shell factories, and 18 more were in course of construction. In all, 715 controlled establishments were under the department in these factories, he said, the country had vastly exceeded any standard dreamed of before the war.

Outlay Steadily Expands. The growing expenditures for the war were emphasized by the premier. He said the average daily cost from April 1 to the end of June was \$2,700,000 (\$13,500,000); from July 1 to 17, \$2,000,000; from July 18 to Sept. 1, \$3,500,000 (\$17,500,000). Thus the total for this period in round figures is \$500,000,000. There has been repaid \$50,000,000 to the Bank of England. \$30,000,000 has been lent to foreign governments and \$25,000,000 to the dominions.

Comparing actual expenditures since the last vote of credit with estimates, Mr. Asquith said there had been some abnormal items to disclose, which would not be in the public interest, but the house might take it that these were expenditures incurred for the purpose of financing necessary operations. Part of this amount was to be kept in the course of a few months, and the remainder represented advances for future expenditures.

\$175,000,000 Weekly. Mr. Asquith estimated that the weekly gross expenditure henceforth would not exceed \$35,000,000. It was his opinion that the new vote would carry the country thru to the third week of November.

These figures throw some light, in many terms, on the contribution we are making to the war," he continued. "I do not wish to say even that we are doing well, as all we ought, but as attempts are constantly being made with whatever intention, but with the most mischievous effect, to belittle and discourage our efforts, I give some comparisons between peace and war."

Since the outbreak of the war, it will be found, an aggregate of not far short of three millions has enlisted in the army and navy. Recruiting on the whole has kept up well. I regret to say that in the last few weeks has been falling off."

British Lines Extended. Reviewing the military situation, Mr. Asquith stated that in France and Flanders the position of the British troops had been strengthened everywhere by large reinforcements of men and munitions, and that there had been a considerable extension of lines taken over from the French.

In the Dardanelles, he continued, the British had made substantial gains, though they had not succeeded in dislodging the Turkish forces from the heights. The British now held a front of more than 11 miles.

Russians' Mastery Retreat. In the east, Mr. Asquith said, the Russian army remains unbroken. He said that the proportion of those who recovered from wounds was large. "This is a war of mechanism, organization, that could be given of its unalterable determination, from highest to lowest, the Russian people."

War of Mechanism. He referred to the high total of casualties and said that the proportion of those who recovered from wounds was large. "This is a war of mechanism, organization, that could be given of its unalterable determination, from highest to lowest, the Russian people."

It was the imperative call of duty which forced us to vindicate our national honor and enlist our whole strength in the war of freedom. I have no doubt either of the wisdom of our choice or of its ultimate triumph on the stricken field."

Despises Domestic Strife. One thing Mr. Asquith opposed was "the sinister spirit of domestic strife." "We must all be ready to give and take. And take and give," he said, "and it must not be said that in the greatest moment of our history our army was shrunk of its strength by any failure on the part of either rulers or ruled to concentrate upon the unexampled task of the conscription of the able-bodied, energetic, and unbreakable, indomitable will of the British people."

BROADVIEW BOYS BEGIN FALL FAIR

Noel Marshall Will Press Button Tonight, Setting Machinery Going.

PLAN MANY FEATURES

Every Hour Full of Something That Interests Growing Lads.

With that characteristic which has made the Broadview Boys' fall fair a success in other years, the directors this year have done everything possible to make this year's event even more successful than any other. A big program has been arranged. It runs over three days commencing today.

From today until Saturday night there will be nothing worth talking about in the eastern section of the city outside of this fair. Every boy in the neighborhood is personally interested.

Col. Noel Marshall, vice-president of the Canadian National Exhibition, will set the machinery in motion. But before this ceremony takes place the youthful directors will follow the custom of the bigger fair and hold a directors' luncheon just to show they are in favor of them. This will take place at 4.15.

The three days are crammed full of features. An oratorical contest takes place tonight following the formal opening. Tomorrow there will be a swimming contest. Saturday afternoon and evening there will be big things, including a Boy Scout demonstration and contest, athletic meet, pony races and dog judging.

The proceedings will wind up with a musical competition, in which many boys from many sections will participate. This event alone is looked upon as being one of the best of its kind held anywhere in the country.

HOTEL TECK

Excellent a la carte service for lady and gentleman diners. Special mid-day luncheon, 11.30 to 2.30 at 50 cents. Romanella's Orchestra 6 to 8 p.m. daily.

CANADIAN CASUALTIES

Midnight List

First Battalion. Wounded—George A. Gibson, Ireland.

Fifth Battalion. Died of wounds—John Morris Squire, Melbourn, Sask.

Seventh Battalion. Wounded and missing—James D. Redford, Alberni, B.C.

Eighth Battalion. Suffering from gas poisoning—Walter Veneer, Forest, Ont.

Fifteenth Battalion. Wounded and missing—Lance-Corp. Geo. Warden, Scotland.

Sixteenth Battalion. Wounded—James McLeay, 48 First avenue, Hamilton, Ont.

Lord Strathcona's Horse. Killed—Ambrose M. Evans, England.

Second Field Artillery Brigade. Severely wounded—Lieutenant Stanley Stickland, Scotland.

COL. MEIGHEN BUSY WITH NEW BATTALION

MONTREAL, Sept. 15.—Col. Frank S. Meighen has already begun organizing the new battalion here which was authorized by the militia department at Ottawa today, under the name of the 51st Battalion, Grenadier Guard of Canada, overseas.

Meighen's love of peace where he sought to avert the catastrophe of a world-wide conflict.

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