- -- TOGETHER WITH OTHERS, CANADA IS PARTICIPATING IN THE INTERNATIONAL SEISMIC DATA EXCHANGE WHICH IS NOW IN PROGRESS. SHOULD THIS PROJECT SUCCEED, IT WILL MARK AN IMPORTANT STEP TOWARDS THE VERIFIABILITY OF A TEST BAN TREATY.
- -- CANADA IS STUDYING THE FEASABILITY OF DEVELOPING A SYSTEM OF "SPACE TO SPACE" SURVEILLANCE TO ASSIST IN MONITORING COMPLIANCE WITH ANY FUTURE AGREEMENT TO PREVENT AN ARMS RACE IN SPACE.
- -- CANADA IS DEVISING MEANS TO DETERMINE WITH ACCURACY, BOTH TECHNICALLY AND ORGANIZATIONALLY, WHETHER OR NOT CHEMICAL WEAPONS HAVE BEEN USED.

MR. CHAIRMAN,

I WISH TO CONCLUDE BY OUOTING TWO OF MY COLLEAGUES. AMBASSADOR MAJ BRITT THEORIN, CHAIRMAN OF THE SWEDISH DISARMAMENT COMMISSION, OBSERVED THAT A NUCLEAR CONFLICT BETWEEN THE SUPERPOWERS WOULD AFFECT EVERY NATION ON THIS GLOBE. NO NATION -- LARGE OR SMALL -- COULD ESCAPE ITS CONSEQUENCES. AMBASSADOR IMAI OF JAPAN NOTED THAT ARMS CONTROL AND DISARMAMENT ARE INSEPARABLY LINKED TO AN INDIVIDUAL COUNTRY'S NATIONAL SECURITY POLICY, AND IT IS NOT POSSIBLE TO EXPECT UNILATERAL DISARMAMENT TO EMERGE AT THE EXPENSE OF A COUNTRY'S OWN NATIONAL SECURITY.

TOGETHER THESE TWO STATEMENTS DEFINE THE NECESSITY FOR MEASURES OF MUTUAL SECURITY, MEASURES REACHED THROUGH THE PROCESS OF AGREEMENT, MEASURES IN THE INTERESTS OF ALL. WE PLEDGE TO WORK WITH OTHERS TO THIS END.
MR. CHAIRMAN,

THE MESSAGE I BRING IS THIS: THE DETERMINATION OF THE CANADIAN GOVERNMENT TO TAKE PRACTICAL MEASURES, AT HOME AND ABROAD, TO MAKE INCH-BY-INCH PROGRESS IN MEETING THE THREAT OF WAR, PARTICULARLY NUCLEAR WAR. WE BELIEVE IN SURE-FOOTED STEPS TOWARDS COLLECTIVE SECURITY AND MUTUALITY OF INTERESTS IN EQUITABLE DEVELOPMENT.

NONE OF US CAN WORK ALONE. THE PROBLEMS OF OUR TIME ARE INSURMOUNTABLE IF ANY COUNTRY RELIES ON UNILATERAL ACTION. NEW MULTILATERAL EFFORTS CAN HELP IMPROVE THE ATMOSHPERE AND PUT SPECIFIC, WORKABLE IDEAS ON THE INTERNATIONAL AGENDA.