THE QUEBEC BOODLERS.

SOME FURTHER DEVELOPMENTS.

Fraud—Deceit—Prevarication—Excuses—A sad Exhibition for the Public.

QUEBEC, Aug. 24.—The Liberal party here is rapidly going to pieces. No one, even among those usually well up in councils, seems to know what it is intended to do to break the force of the blows that have been raining on it from the Senate committee at Ottawa. As one local representative put it to-day, "Count Mercier is absorbed in the contemplation of his own magnificence and the rest of us are looking at the rest of the pieces." L'Electeur has also lost its controlling hand, and is making bad worse by its attempts to destroy the indictment against its party's administration of Quebec's affairs. The wise man of old who did that his enemy would write a book would have been happy in having Mr. Mercier's chief newspaper organ in the ranks of those to be hated. L'Electeur has not exactly written a book; but it has written an article, and when the Liberals at Ottawa read it they will have fresh reason to curse the day they helped to make Mr. Mercier premier of the unfortunate province. Briefly stated, L'Electeur says a portion of the money its director blackmailed out of Mr. Armstrong was used in payment of notes made to raise money for the Liberal party to use in Federal politics. Mr. Laurier and the other chiefs at Ottawa are expecting political benefit from the proceeds of these notorious securities, made more disreputable by the manner in which they were discharged. The tale is best told in L'Electeur's own words, and here they are:

THE OFFICIAL DEFENCE

"The Conservative press is making a great noise over certain notes bearing the signatures of Messrs. Mercier, F. Langelier, C. E. A. Pelletier, Charles Langelier and Tarte, which have been paid by Mr. Pacaud. Let us see if there is anything wrong about them. We say, first, that the date of these notes establishes the fact that they were made after the general elections for the Commons long before there was any question of the settlement of the Baie des Chaleurs railway matter. From this there is established clearly two facts incontestably: our friends have not used this money for the elections, because there were over, and in the second place it did not come from Mr. Armstrong, seeing that his affair had not been settled and that it was not in question.

RAISING OF A FUND.

Here is the explanation of these notes. The general elections were over. Our adversaries were contesting all the elections of the candidates who had been elected to support Mr. Laurier. The principal party men at Quebec, Mr. Mercier at the head, resolved to raise a fund for the purpose of contesting the election of the Conservative candidates. Now every one knows that a deposit of $1,000 in each contestation is a part of the expenses. Messrs. Mercier, Pelletier and Langelier signed the notes, which were discounted and with the proceeds the deposits were made in a large number of contested elections. They were the means of protecting our friends. As the contestations are settled one way or another the deposits were refunded and used to redeem the notes that were mounted. Here is the history of these notes.

HOW THE FUND NAMED WAS INCREASED.

"But it will be said, and we will be charged that Mr. Pacaud paid them with the money obtained from Armstrong. That Mr. Pacaud should be blamed for having obtained money from Mr. Armstrong is open to argument. But what harm is there in Messrs. Mercier, Pelletier and Langelier having signed notes destined to be paid later by deposits coming from the settlement of contested elections? It has not been established, and they are prepared to do so, that Mr. Pacaud remitted any of these gentlemen before paying these notes for Mr. Pacaud received some money from Armstrong. It is his property and with this money he paid these notes, waiting for repayment when the deposits are remitted. Is it important to know that these deposits are made payable to the name of Mr. Pacaud. We repeat the question to all sensible men. Was there anything reprehensible in the signing of these notes? We say without a doubt. They did nothing but repeat what they have done before to assure the success of their party and for which they feel profound thanks."

There was never a straighter case of corruption admitted even in the annals of the Canadian Liberal party. L'Electeur's article would be remarkable anywhere outside of Quebec. It is an admission without the slightest apology or regret that Pacaud got the $50,000 from Armstrong. That nothing has been shown, was wrong from a contract on the treasury who was put in for the fear that if he did not pay he would get nothing at all. Part of it was used for party campaign purposes in the interest of the Liberal party at Ottawa. All this was done in order that it was a matter of course. The chief newspaper exponent of Liberal ideas in the province of Quebec sees nothing wrong in it. Nothing could better illustrate the utter demoralization of political principle in all those who have come under the blighting influence of the honored name of Liberal.

OTTAWA, Ont., August 27.—The Senate Railway Committee met to-day.

Mr. Cockburn, M.P., was called by Mr. F. Langelier, M.P., if he had sworn that Mr. Langelier was counsel for the Ontario Bank.

Mr. Cockburn said he had simply acted so.

Mr. Langelier (scornfully)—So you have sworn all along on hearsay evidence? I have no more to ask you."

Hon. Mr. McMillan asked how Mr. Cockburn obtained his evidence. The witness replied that both the president and vice-president of the bank told him so. They with him had consulted Mr. Langelier in regard to the present bill. Mr. Langelier made a protest against his professional character being injured in this way.

Mr. Cockburn said he might have been misled; at any rate $300 out of the bank funds was paid Mr. Langelier on March 26th for legal services on the order of the curator of the Macfarlane estate. Mr. Langelier was perfectly aware that this was considered a retainer, and that he was acting for the bank. Mr. Francois Langelier, M.P., consulted with Mr. Barwick in the bank parlor respecting Baie des Chaleurs affairs.

Mr. Langelier again protested.

The Chairman ruled that if he wished to make a statement he must be sworn.

Then Mr. Langelier sat down.

Mr. Cockburn, resuming, gave evidence as to sundry subsidies paid the Baie des Chaleurs Railway. He also produced a statement signed by Mr. Chrys. Langelier of the first subsidy of $28,545, and said Langelier was preparing a statement of the use of the last subsidy of $280,000 now being enquired into. He denied that the Ontario Bank had misappropriated any moneys due the laborers for wages. Witness suspected the Quebec Government all along. It took some time for a man to realize that $100,000 was stolen. He was sustained in his suspicions by the general corruption at Quebec.

Mr. Barwick, Q.C., on behalf of Mr. Chrys. Langelier, put in a letter from Angus Thom, dated April 4, refusing to recognize Armstrong's claim for $29,000 for more than $175,000, and stating he would only go so far on condition that Armstrong surrendered all connection with the line. He understood that P. Valliere, summoned as a witness, had left the country.

The committee's clerk said the following witnesses had failed to appear: Ernest Pacaud, Mr. Grenier, H. P. Machin, P. Garneau and Mr. Thompson, of the Union Bank.

Mr. Frs. Langelier here observed that he was not aware that Pacaud had been urged to return.

Mr. Barwick, Q.C., then addressed the committee at great length, reviewing the evidence.

Senator Taschereau (to Mr. Barwick)—If he had not produced any specific threats as to what would be done with the proceeds of the Mercier (illegible).

Mr. Barwick said in reply that the only specific threats he had received were those from Frs. Langelier, M.P., for interference in making instructions against him or others.

Mr. Frs. Langelier denied this.

Senator Robitaille read a letter in which he demanded that investigation into the charge that he was a party to the payment of $11,000 as charged by Mr. Frs. Langelier, M.P., and asked that Mr. Barwick be acknowledged as his counsel.

Senator Pelletier was then examined. He knew nothing of the Baie des Chaleurs Railway matter and said the committee had no right to ask what the notes endorsed by him were for. Still he had nothing to hide. Finally he explained that as many of the Liberals after the last general elections anticipated protests he had helped to raise the fund. Before Mr. Mercier left for Europe he left in witness' hands these notes to pay expenses on protests and other necessary expenses. Pacaud was the agent in this business. The notes had matured, but witness had not heard of them since. Mr. Mercier simply left a blank bill form with the endorsement on it. He did not know whose name was called in, but he thought they were made by Pacaud in favor of H. Mercier. The proceeds of the notes were deposited in the Quebec Bank on account of protests.

INTERVIEW WITH MR. WHELAN.

For some days past politicians and journalists have been on the lookout for Mr. John P. Whelan, realizing that the wealthy contractor of the Quebec court house would know more about the dark ways and underhand tricks of the Mercier Government than any other man in the province of Quebec. Mr. Whelan was arrested on Friday last, on the usual charge down town in the afternoon, and being met by a correspondent the following conversation took place:

"What is your opinion of the position of the present ministry in the opinion at Quebec?

"The present ministry is in a very bad position at present. As you know, the Baie des Chaleurs Railway Company was formed by Messrs. Mercier, Pelletier and Langelier, and the charter was obtained from the Quebec Legislature. In fact the case is exactly similar to the Baie des Chaleurs steal. Only the parties who got the plunder were not the same as they had become a year after.

"When Pacaud got $50,000 from you in February, I want to know what end were you given to understand that this money should be applied?

"It is to my personal knowledge that it went to take up overdue paper in the Banque du Peuple at Quebec, for which Premier Mercier was responsible, whether it was personal or election expenses I am unable to say.

"Now, will you, Englishman, the country's money, at the rate of 8 per cent. you put Pacaud up to the tune of $50,000?"

"In the first place I may say that Pacaud got only $30,000 of that sum and gave the other $20,000 to Israel Tarte, M.P., and Martin, M.P.

"Mr. Tarte admitted this to me, and Mr. Lemieux, a member of the Legislature, knows it well.

"He did, most certainly, not for one moment dream it was to have been divided between Pacaud and Tarte when the latter received the money from me. I was under no obligation to either of them on the contrary, Pacaud was under great obligations to me.

"If you were under no obligations to Pacaud, why did you pay over the money?

"For the same reason as in the first case. As with Armstrong, I gave me to understand that Mercier's life was coming to an end, and must be met.

"Then you think Pacaud paid over his share with regard to the $50,000?

"I do, and I will tell you why. At one time in March, Pacaud came to me and wanted an addition of three thousand dollars. I refused to hand Mercier as the whole amount to be paid out of the $50,000 which, as I have shown, was about all Tarte and Pacaud got. I also showed that when Tarte suggested the $3,000 Pacaud gave me to understand that he had not been at all liberal in the way of bribes to Montreal.

"Why I suppose Pacaud gave Tarte and Barnard-field Tarte and Pacaud?

"Well, as you know, Tarte and Pacaud were always hand and glove, and they frequently worked together. Tarte, being appointed minister, got his share, and Pacaud gave it to him, and he paid it over to the Cardinal to help to pay off the expenses of the famous Tarte banquet, and to help Tarte in other directions."

"You are certain as to the destination of the $5, which you referred to in the beginning?

"Yes, I saw with my own eyes the drafts and telegrams which went to the Province, and for which I have the stubs. People have the impression that Mercier's notes were paid by Armstrong, but that is not the case. It was Pacaud's money that was applied to them."

PACAUD'S NOTES.

A number of Mr. Pacaud's notes, endorsed by E. L. Pacaud, Mercier, Pelletier and Langelier, were discounted at the Quebec Bank, and the proceeds were deposited to the credit of Mr. Pacaud. Some of these notes were renewed, and others were paid by Mr. Pacaud. Mr. Pacaud's account with the bank was closed on the 30th June, 1891, and the notes were returned to him. Mr. Pacaud has since left for Europe.

FATAL EXPLOSION.

LONDON.—It is feared that the explosion reported at Barrow-in-Furness this morning will only be a small part of that which will be heard. Two explosions shattered the whole district, and wrecked all the shaft workings. The bodies of several miners have been recovered and two others are missing. A dozen men are seriously injured.

Amnesty Wanted.

An immense amnesty meeting was held on Sunday in Phœnix Park, Dublin, with the object of obtaining the pardon of Irish prisoners under sentence for alleged dynamiting and other crimes. The weather was fine. Multitudes attended from from Dublin and other cities, bands of music preceding the arrival of each delegation. The meeting resolved that the time has arrived for the release of all political prisoners now under penal sentence. That whatever error they had committed in seeking to achieve the right by wrongful methods had been sufficiently atoned for by their suffering, and that the Government ought without further delay to order their release. It was voted that copies of the resolution should be sent to Lord Salisbury, Mr. Balfour, Lord Zetland and Mr. Mathews.

G. T. R. Progress.

KINGSTON, Ont., Aug. 31.—Sir Henry Tyler and other G. T. R. officials will be here this week, and will be received by the Council and Board of Trade. Railway topics will be discussed. Kingston wants the railway shops of the Eastern Division located here.

FATHER KOENIG'S NERVE TONIC

A NATURAL REMEDY FOR

Epileptic Fits, Falling Sickness, Hysterics, St. Vitus Dance, Nervousness, Hypochondria, Melancholia, Inebrity, Sleeplessness, Dizziness, Brain and Spinal Weakness.

This medicine has direct action upon the nerve centers, allaying all irritabilities and increasing the flow and power of nerve fluid. It is perfectly harmless and leaves no unpleasant effects

Our **Pamphlet** for sufferers of nervous diseases will be sent **free** to any address, and **poor** patients can also obtain this medicine **free** of cost from us.

This remedy has been prepared by the Reverend Father Koenig, of Fort Wayne, Ind., for the past ten years, and is now prepared under his direction by us.

KOENIG MEDICINE CO.,
CHICAGO, ILL.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.
Price $1 per Bottle. 6 Bottles for $5.

In Montreal by E. LAMARRE, Chemist, 113 St. Lawrence street.

MUCH BETTER, Thank You!

THIS IS THE UNIVERSAL TESTIMONY of those who have suffered from CHRONIC BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, OR ANY FORM OF WASTING DISEASES, after they have tried

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Of Pure Cod Liver Oil and HYPOPHOSPHITES —Of Lime and Soda.—

IT IS ALMOST AS PALATABLE AS MILK. IT IS A WONDERFUL FLESH PRODUCER. It is used and endorsed by Physicians. Avoid all imitations or substitutions. Sold by all Druggists at 50c. and $1.00.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville.

Best Body Brussels Carpets.

We have an assortment of best, choice Broadloom Body Brussels at special prices, also best Wool Tapestries, suitable for bedroom purposes, offered with pressing demands upon our taxed energies and space to make room for Fall goods. We solicit a call from the public who want to see a good article at a low price.

THOMAS LIGGET,
1884 NOTRE DAME STREET.

"PERSIAN LOTION"

For sale by the Druggists, in particular [illegible] Beware of worthless imitations. Ask for "PERSIAN LOTION" and take no other. Sold by all Druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents.

PERSIAN LOTION is for sale by all Druggists throughout the Dominion at 50 cents per bottle.

S. LACHANCE, proprietor,
1538 and 1540 St. Catherine St., Montreal.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

EXHIBITIONS.

Return tickets will be issued from Montreal at the following reduced rates:

Eastern Exhibition, Sherbrooke
September 7 and 8 ... $2.25
September 9, 10 and 11 ... $2.25
Returning until September 12, inclusive.

Industrial Fair, Toronto
September 12 and 14 ... $7.00
September 15, 16, 17 and 18 ... $8.00
Returning until September 21, inclusive.

Central Canada Fair, Ottawa
September 29 and Oct. 1 ... $2.50
September 30, 1 and 2 ... $2.50
Returning until October 3, inclusive.

From other stations in proportion.

Apply to the Company's agents and at ticket offices, Bonaventure station and 143 St. James street.

WM. EDGAR, Gen. Pass. Agent.
L. J. SERGEANT, Gen. Manager.
9-11

COMMERCIAL.

GRAIN.—The market is fairly firm. We quote:—No. 2 Manitoba hard, $1.08@$1.10; No. 3 Manitoba hard, 95c@97c; No. 2 Northern, $1.04; Peas, in store 87c@88c; afloat, 87½c@88½c; Oats, Manitoba, 37c@34 lbs; old Upper Canada, 41c per 34 lbs; new, 37@37½c; Corn, 81c@82c, duty paid; Barley, feeding, 53c@54c; Rye, $1.03@$1.04.

FLOUR.—We quote:—patent spring, $5.80@$6.00; patent winter, $5.25@$5.50; straight roller, $5.10@$5.20; extra, $4.60@$4.70; superfine, $4.10@$4.25; city strong bakers', $5.20@$6.00; strongbakers' (Man.), $5.00@$5.25.

MEALS.—May be ranged as follows:—Oatmeal, standard (per bag) $2.85@$3.00; Oatmeal, granulated (bag), $2.85@$3; Oatmeal rolled (bag), $2.85@$3.00.

HOG PRODUCTS.—The market is has been firm and without fluctation. We quote:—Canadian choice family pork, $16@16.50; Short cut clear, $15@15.50; Chicago extra clear mess $17@$17.50; Chicago new mess pork, $15.50@$16; American old mess, $14@14.50; plate beef $15@15.15; city cured hams, 11c@11½c; bacon, 10c@10c; lard, in pails, $1.55@$1.60.

CHEESE.—We quote:—9c@9½c for finest white, and 9c@9c for fine; mediums bring from 8½@7½; lower grades can be had at 8c@8½c.

BUTTER.—Prices are steady. We quote:—Creameries, 18c@19c; though it is claimed that some is held over at 20c; Townships, 19c@19c; Western dairy, 16c@16c.

EGGS.—We quote:—12c@12½c, extra choice stock, 13c@13½c.

FARMERS MARKETS.

GRAIN.—Oats sell at from 36c@38c per bag; peas, 70c@$1 per bushel; buckwheat, 65c@75c; dry beans, $1.50@$2.00 do.

ROOTS AND VEGETABLES.—Potatoes, 40c@50c per bag; turnips, 40c per bushel; carrots, 50c; cabbages, 12c@25c per dozen; cauliflowers, 50c@60c; doz; celery 15c@25c doz; cucumbers, 20c per basin.

FRUIT.—Lemons, $3.50@$4.50 per box; oranges, $5@$5.50 the case; apples, $1.25@$2.50 per bbl; bananas, 70c@$1.50 per bunch; Lima plums, 40c@50c per gal; red plums, 30c@40c per gallon; black currants, 50c doz; gooseberries, 50c do.; huckleberries, 30c doz; tomatoes, $1.00@$1.25 per bushel.

DAIRY PRODUCE.—Tub butter from 15c@20c per lb; prints, 20c@25c; packed eggs, 14c@20c per dozen; fresh, 22c@25c.

POULTRY.—Fowl, 60c@$90 per pair; turkeys, 18c@$1.25 each; young ducks, 75c@$1 per pair; spring chickens, 40c@50c per pair.

HAY AND STRAW.—Hay, $6.50@$8.50 per 100 bundles of 15 lbs; pressed hay, 50c@70c per 100 lbs; straw, $4.00@$5.00 per 100 bundles of 12 lbs each.

Live Stock.

Montreal Stock Yards, Point St. Charles.

The receipts of Live Stock at these Yards for the week ending August 31st, as follows:

	Cattle.	Sheep.	Lambs.	Hogs.
[illegible]				
[illegible]				

Monday's receipts [illegible] for the week. There were [illegible] with a shade of values. Most [illegible] of Butchers cattle [illegible] sold.

Hogs [illegible] strong, but decline [illegible] as was advanced.

We quote the following [illegible] values [illegible] Export cattle, [illegible] Butchers' cattle, [illegible] Stockers, [illegible] Feeders, [illegible] Canners, [illegible] Bulls, [illegible] Sheep, [illegible] Lambs, [illegible] Hogs, [illegible] Calves, $2@$6.

THE PROVINCE OF QUEBEC LOTTERY!!

Another Fortune of $15,000.00 Won at the Province of Quebec Lottery.

[illegible] the Capital Prize [illegible] Province of Quebec Lottery [illegible] Drawing of the [illegible] Province of Quebec, Mr. [illegible] Drawing of the 12th [illegible] by the Commissioners of the [illegible] Mr. N. D. McCallum, [illegible] of Wm. Caldwell, Carleton [illegible] Mr. McCallum had [illegible] Lottery this [illegible]

Montreal, August 31st, 1891.

[illegible] Drawing of the Province of Quebec Lottery, one [illegible] Lottery Tickets, [illegible] Lottery [illegible] the numbers of the [illegible]

[illegible] N. D. McCALLUM, Carleton Place, Lanark County, Ont.

Mr. McCallum's luck was not limited to a [illegible] he drew a small Prize of $15, [illegible] and [illegible] his travelling expenses. However on the 8th August, he had [illegible] $5 and he had the good idea of [illegible] Lottery Tickets for the drawing [illegible] 12th, when, as first stated, he won two [illegible] prizes, one of which amounted to $15,000.00. Mr. McCallum had never invested in Lotteries [illegible] Province of Quebec Lottery, and states [illegible] and compared to invest elsewhere. Last [illegible] he began purchasing tickets, with the [illegible]

On the 16th January, he drew	$25.00
On the 5th March, he drew	5.00
On the 9th April, he drew	10.00
On the 1st July, he drew	15.00
On the 8th August, he drew	25.00
On the 12th August, he drew	15,000.00
On the 15th August, he drew	15.00

For a lucky man, he is a lucky man!

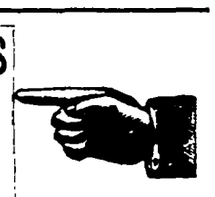
A Noble Harvest.

WINNIPEG, Aug. 31.—The weather is [illegible] for harvesting operations. It is clear and balmy, resembling the Indian summer just the kind of weather in which to harvest and save grain. All [illegible] indications point to a settled spell of [illegible] weather. The reports coming in from [illegible] districts indicate that harvesting [illegible] done in the North-West [illegible] and well advanced in Manitoba. It is estimated that by to-morrow [illegible] half the grain will be cut in this province. No authentic information [illegible] obtained as to the damage [illegible] the frost last week, although [illegible] authorities claim that it will be [illegible] less than at first feared.

A New Railway.

TORONTO, August 31.—It is now stated that work on the Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo Railway will be commenced in a few days.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.



CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

S. Carsley's Column.

Safe - Statements THE Mantle = Trade.

We feel quite safe in stating that the principal mantle trade of Montreal has for the last fifteen years been in our show rooms.

S. CARSLEY.

EQUALLY SAFE.

And judging from the steady rate this branch of our business has kept increasing year after year, together with the fact that at present our sales are much in excess of all previous years,

IT APPEARS TO US

EQUALLY SAFE TO PREDICT

A grand success for the coming fall and winter trade not only in this department, but also throughout the store generally.

REMEMBER! REMEMBER!

That the correct store to buy

MANTLES, JACKETS, DOLMANS,

and other shaped garments is at

S. CARSLEY'S,

Notre Dame Street.

Mantle Department.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS.

Misses' Coats and Mantles in all the latest styles and newest materials are now being offered at special prices for school opening.

A splendid assortment in stock to select from. All who see these goods will be induced to buy, for the prices are the very lowest.

Ladies' Short Cloth Capes,
At Special Prices.
Ladies' Three-quarter Length Capes,
At Special Prices.
Ladies' Cloth Pelerines,
At Special Prices.

Most suitable garments for evening wear

S. CARSLEY.

Mantle Department.

LADIES' WATERPROOFS.

A completely new stock of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Waterproofs in every variety of Fabric and special patterns.

For the Rainy Season.

The garments are made in the latest and most Fashionable Shapes and are ventilated, light, comfortable, soft and pliable.

Width Long Capes
With Short Capes
For Driving or Walking
Free from Odour
Absolutely Waterproof
Waterproofs in all sizes.

S. CARSLEY.

Mantle Department.

LADIES' LONG ULSTERS.

A special line of Ladies' Long Ulsters made of good materials, well shaped and finished. The material is alone worth the price asked for the garment, which is $1.25

LADIES' BLACK ULSTERS.

In Black Serge and Fancy Cloth, very suitable for Travelling Cloaks, clearing out at $2.00.

LADIES' LONG ULSTERS.

With Capes in light and dark colored cloths, $2.50.

LADIES' SHORT JACKETS.

Just a few Ladies' Short Jackets left at $1.00, call at once and secure one.

S. CARSLEY.

Mantle Department.

SHAWLS! SHAWLS!

For Travelling by Rail
For River Trips
For Ocean Travelling.
Camel Hair Shawls
Waterproof Tweed Shawls
Velvet Shawls
Haymalayan Shawls
Welsh Shawls
Chudda Shawls
Fancy Cashmere Shawls
Black Cashmere Shawls
Tartan Plaids

Royal Stuart	Rob Roy
Victoria	Campbell
Cameron	MacKenzie

S. CARSLEY.

Lace Department.

NOVELTIES IN LACES, CHIFFONS.

Dress Nets and Flouncings arriving daily from all the manufacturing centres of Europe: some very beautiful goods are being introduced into Canada for the Autumn, and it is confidently believed will be greatly appreciated by the ladies.

NEW DRESS NETS
In black, with large tinsel spots.
BLACK FISH NETS,
With large spot.
Spider Web Dress Nets,
Black Silk Dress Nets,
In a variety of designs.

S. CARSLEY.

Lace Department.

Handsome Curled Feather Boas
Handsome Curled Feather Collars
In Black In Cream
In Natural Shades
In Light Shades for Evening Wear
NEW LISSE LACES
In all Widths
In all Colors
TINSEL LACES TINSEL LACES
Are Quite New
CHIFFONS CHIFFONS
In White In Cream
In all Colors

S. Carsley's Column