

McGARIGLE IN CANADA.

THE NOTED CHICAGO BOODLER ELUDES HIS PURSUERS AND GETS LANDED IN CANADA.

CHICAGO, July 31.—Sheriff Watson has received advice that the fugitive McGarigle, who was landed at Point St. Charles, Ontario, which is nearly opposite to the town of Huron, Mich., from the schooner "Blake". This is the vessel to which it is supposed McGarigle was transported at the time he made a couple of days ago from the Mackinac Island.

HOW HE LANDED. SARNIA, Ont., July 30.—McGarigle, the Chicago boodler, who lay in Chicago jail on the charge of three men, was landed last Sunday at a bath tub on the schooner "Blake" at Point St. Charles, Ontario, which is nearly opposite to the town of Huron, Mich., from the schooner "Blake".

THE QUARANTINE LAW.

THE NEW REGULATIONS REGARDING VESSELS COMING OF THE ST. LAWRENCE. The Federal Government have just issued a Proclamation rescinding the Quarantine Regulations of August 3rd, 1855. The new regulations stipulate that every steamship or sailing vessel from any port outside of Canada, coming to Canada by way of the St. Lawrence, shall be inspected by the specially appointed Quarantine Medical Officer before passing Grosse Ile, and shall not be allowed to proceed on her voyage until she receives a clean bill of health.

HAD ENOUGH OF THE UNIONISTS. LONDON, July 26.—Political unionists have become so common of late that they fail to attract special attention. Yesterday they featured the most talked about is the action of Lord Kensington, which indicates his return to the Gladstonian fold.

TOPICS OF THE DAY.

A yacht, a keg of beer, a fool and a lot of women and children made up a combination which generally calls for the services of the coroner.—Chicago Herald.

Postmaster General McLellan has demonstrated that he is a statesman. He has changed the name of Cartwright post office to Blakely. Hereafter who shall accuse him of being small-minded?—London Advertiser.

Rel has upset the Local Government, but he is a power no longer, and before many months he will be in the hands of the Liberal Government. The Nationalists will disappear from our politics. A few of them may return to their old party, sadder if wiser men, but the majority of them must eventually come under the Liberal banner.—Quebec Chronicle.

The newspaper claims no right to demand information. But individuals never let us find it a confidence a little. Most people are satisfied when the reporter makes his visit of enquiry. The few who are exclusive do not in the end profit by their usefulness.—Toronto World.

The Conservatives are in evident hot water respecting the King-ton election protest. They claim that, no matter how corrupt have been other contestants in that city, Sir John enjoyed the remarkable distinction of being fairly and honestly elected last February. Yet they have made a most unbecoming attempt to swap off the protest, which hangs over the Premier's head.

It appears that Mr. Thomas White, Minister of the Interior, has been charged with the duty of replying to Mr. David A. Poe's article on the position of Canada, which appeared in the last number of the Forum. Considering that Mr. White is the author of the To-y maxim that "political exigency is justly falsehood," it is not readily to be understood why he has been chosen to reply to Mr. Poe's article. And the nature of the reply can be understood before it is written.—Ottawa Free Press.

THE Montreal Witness. Like some politicians in Westminster, it is too pure to be either in profession or cause. It advises its remuneration against sugar because the refiners are of necessity run on Sunday. And yet, probably, we suppose the perspiring editor takes sugar in his hands. Why does not the Witness, who whole and adobe discerns in sugar iron, because the blast furnaces have to be run day and night, Sunday and every other day; except when out of blast? The pious editor must know this, and yet the Witness, it is said, inhabits an iron building.—Moncton, N. B., Times.

We've all heard of angry men and that's why the waterspout.—Detroit Free Press.

Talk is cheap. The man who talks too much goes to heaven; that is the law.—Baltimore American.

MR. DENIS KILBRIDE'S ILLNESS. (Lancet Leader, July 31st) It is with much regret we have to announce the continuation of Mr. Denis Kilbride's illness, since he turns some three weeks back to it. At 5, of Mr. Denis Kilbride. Our readers are already aware that Mr. Kilbride, a few days after his arrival in this country from Canada, went to Athy, and to his wife's residence, and he was there in a state of joy and pleasure, and his fellow-countrymen in Limerick, whom he visited at once, so that he was hale and hearty as ever, and had lost not even a feather in the fight.

HAD ENOUGH OF THE UNIONISTS. LONDON, July 26.—Political unionists have become so common of late that they fail to attract special attention. Yesterday they featured the most talked about is the action of Lord Kensington, which indicates his return to the Gladstonian fold. Lord Kensington was a baron in the Irish peerage, a member of Parliament and an active Liberal. He was elevated to the peerage of Great Britain by the action of the Liberal ministry, and immediately after his transfer from the representative body to the House of Lords described the Liberal leader and went over to the Unionist fold. Now 26 Liberal peers have signed a protest against the enforcement of the Coercion Act, and foremost amongst them is Lord Kensington. This is equivalent to a counter-revolution. This is a Unionist tank, and the fact that Lord Kensington has virtually followed in the footsteps of Sir George Otto Trevelyan, whose return to the Liberal party a few weeks ago was the first of the succession of heavy blows the Unionists have received, creates a profound sensation. The action of the Liberal Unionist member for Northampton, who is doing almost simultaneously, has aroused a feeling of consternation among the Unionists. Should the Gladstonians capture the vacant seat it will increase the conviction that the mills of the gods grind slow but are running full time, and that their hoppers are filled with Unionist grain.

A REPORTER'S REWARD. NEW YORK, July 25.—Reporter John M. Wall of the New York Tribune, received a substantial bounty of \$1,025, some smaller amounts, which brought the total up to the neighborhood of \$1,200, and a handsome diamond ring, from his friends and admirers among the home rule sympathizers here. Mr. Wall was a journalist in Ireland, a fellow-prisoner with Parnell in the Clonsilla, and he was a member of the London and Manchester through Canada against the Unionist Ministry of Lansdowne. During the riot at Toronto he was struck on the head by a stone while standing next to O'Brien. Bryan McSwyry made the presentation, and speeches were also made by the Post, George, Judge McCarty, John Mullaney, Major H. O'Connell, Mr. Brown, Z. Halpin, James A. O'Connell, and Major O'Shaughnessy.

FARM AND GARDEN.

Never forget to salt and water your stock regularly. Glycerine and sulphur mixed are good for scabs in young chickens. The red onion is said to hold its flavor longer than any other variety.

Feed Indian corn sparingly to fowls at this season, as it is too fattening. Queen bees should always be raised from the very best stock in the apiary. Clover pasture increases the milk yield in cows and makes yellow but e.

Raise some variety of popcorn with very small kernels for the young chicks. Impure air in the henery causes many of the finest fowls to sicken and die.

Don't grow fruit or vegetables too thick; thinning out improves size and quality. A new, cheap and effective insect killer is composed of one part muticid of potash in 1,000 parts of water.

The man who warms himself up every morning grooming his horses will be well remunerated for his trouble. Sluggish horses are generally made so by the way they are handled. A lazy man is pretty sure to have lazy horses.

Grade cattle the produce of polled bulls—whether Aberdeen Angus, Galloway or Norfolk—seldom or never have horns.

There is no one thing that is so much required nowadays as the average farmer as to thoroughly systematize labor.

You will be likely to save trouble by speaking quietly to your horses every time you approach them in the stable or elsewhere.

Raw onions chopped fine and mixed with food twice a week are recommended as better than a dozen cups for chicken cholera.

Flax hay or oat and well-broken straw make good nests for hens. As good, perhaps better, nests can be made of shavings of soft wood from the carpenter's bench.

Powls should not be allowed around barns, stables or carriage houses. They are neither useful nor ornamental adjuncts thereto; on the contrary, they are highly detrimental.

Recent experiments seem to show that eggs which will keep in fair condition from June to November packed in salt, and that it is quite as good as the lime and salt pickle commonly used. Never clean horses in the stable, the dust fouls their ribs, makes them disgusted with their food, and vitiates the atmosphere, which should be kept healthful by every means at command.

There is really very little, if any, popular demand for oleomargarine or imitations thereof. The fact has been ascertained that butter has been enforced compelling the sale of the bogus article on its merits.

The best way to break a horse from balking is to beat him at his own game. Tire him out by humping and enforcing his break. Even if it continues all night! It is a trying remedy, not to say severe, but it will succeed in the end, which fact should render perseverance a desideratum.

A woman chicken fancier says—I have raised 4 chicks for twenty years and know whereof I speak when I say they will grow well enough on cornmeal mixed with milk, provided they have clean quarters and plenty of range. I have had the same breed lay months earlier than my neighbor, who fed boiled eggs, &c.

A mess of food given to a cow while she is being milked draws her attention and she will not hold up the milk as cows are apt to do when the calf is taken from them. The milking can be done more thoroughly as well as quicker, when the cow is quietly feeding. And if the calf or turnip at this time the odor will not affect the milk.

NOT A BRIGHT OUTLOOK.

LONDON, July 23.—John Bright has written a letter advising the electors of the Bridgeton division of Glasgow to vote for Evelyn Ashley, Conservative, who is running against Sir George Trevelyan, the Liberal candidate in the contest for the vacant seat in Parliament for that district.

THE AMERICAN MAGAZINE.

BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED. This Magazine portrays American thought and life from ocean to ocean, is filled with pure high-class literature, and can be safely welcomed in any family circle. PRICE 25c. OR \$3 A YEAR BY MAIL. Sample Copy of current number mailed upon receipt of 25 cts.; back numbers, 16 cts. Premium List with each yr.

GET UP CLUBS.

A PERFECTLY RELIABLE ARTICLE OF HOUSEHOLD USE IS THE COOK'S FRIEND BAKING POWDER. It is a preparation of PURE and HEALTHY ingredients, used for the purpose of RAISING and SHORTENING, calculated to do the BEST WORK at LEAST possible COST. It contains neither alum, lime, nor other deleterious substances, is so prepared as to mix readily with flour and retain virtues for a long period. RETAILED EVERYWHERE. None genuine without the trade mark on each package.



The treatment of many thousands of cases of those chronic weaknesses and distressing ailments peculiar to females, at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., has resulted in the discovery of a new and thoroughly tested remedy for the cure of women's peculiar maladies.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a powerful, invigorating tonic, it purifies strength, the whole system, and to the womb and its appendages in particular. For overworked, worn-out, run-down, debilitated teachers, milliners, dressmakers, seamstresses, "shop-girls," housekeepers, nursing mothers, and feeble women generally, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the best remedy for the relief and cure of suffering women. It is not recommended as a "cure-all," but as a most perfect Specific for women's peculiar ailments.

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As a regulator and promoter of functional action, at that critical period of change from girlhood to womanhood, "Favorite Prescription" is a perfectly safe remedial agent, and can produce only good results. It is equally efficacious and valuable in its effects when taken for those disorders and derangements incident to that later and most critical period of life, the menopause.

Large bottles (100 doses) \$1.00, or six bottles for \$5.00. For large, illustrated Treatise on Diseases of Women (100 pages, paper-covered), send ten cents for postage to address.

World's Dispensary Medical Association, 663 Main St., BUFFALO, N. Y.

THE KEY TO HEALTH.

Unpleasant, clogged, bowels of the Bowels, Kidneys and Liver, carrying off gradually without weakening the system, all the impurities and foul humors of the secretions; all the same time destroying vitality, the stomach, curing, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headaches, Dizziness, Heartburn, Constipation, Dryness of the Skin, Dropsy, Limpness of the Head, Nervousness, and General Debility; all these, and many other ailments, completely yield to the happy influence of... BLOOD PURIFIER.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

WATSON & LANE'S FRAGRANCE. THE UNIVERSAL PERFUME. It is a preparation of PURE and HEALTHY ingredients, used for the purpose of RAISING and SHORTENING, calculated to do the BEST WORK at LEAST possible COST.

NEW GOLD PLATED TRICK CHARM.

It is an infallible remedy. If effectually rubbed on the Neck and Chest, as salt in cold, it Cures Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and even Asthma. For Glandular Swellings, Abscesses, Piles, Fistulas, Gout, Rheumatism and every kind of Skin Disease, it has been known to fail.

LOUISIANA CAPITAL PRIZE, \$150,000.

We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with fac-similes of our signatures attached, in its advertisements.

Commissioners.

J. H. OGLESBY, Pres. Louisiana Nat'l Bank. PIERRE LANAUX, Pres. State National Bank. A. BALDWIN, Pres. New Orleans Nat'l Bank. CARL KOHN, Pres. Union National Bank.

UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION!

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY. Incorporated in 1888 for 25 years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes—with a capital of \$500,000—with a reserve fund of over \$150,000 has since been added.

Its Grand Single Number Drawings take place Monthly, and the Semi-Annual Drawings regularly every six months (June and December). A SPECTACULAR OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE. EIGHTH GRAND DRAWING, CLASS B, IN THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC, NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY, August 9, 1887—30th Monthly Drawing.

Capital Prize, \$150,000.

LIST OF PRIZES. 1 CAPITAL PRIZE OF \$150,000... \$150,000. 1 GRAND PRIZE OF 100,000... 100,000. 100,000... 100,000. 100,000... 100,000. 100,000... 100,000.

Address Registered Letters to NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK, New Orleans, La.

REMEMBER! The presence of Generals in charge of the drawing is a guarantee of its honesty and integrity, that the chances are all equal, and that no one can possibly divine what number will draw a Prize.

McShane Bell Foundry. Fit at Grade of Bells. Chinese and Poles for Churches, Colleges, Towers, Bells, etc.

BUCKEYE BELL FOUNDRY. Bells of Pure Copper and Tin for Churches, Schools, Fire Alarms, Farms, etc.

HEALTH FOR ALL. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS. This Great Household Medicine Rank Amongst the Leading Necessaries of Life.

These Famous Pills Purify the BLOOD, and most powerfully, yet soothingly, on the LIVER, STOMACH, KIDNEYS & BOWELS.

It is an infallible remedy. If effectually rubbed on the Neck and Chest, as salt in cold, it Cures Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and even Asthma.

FOR THE CURE OF Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Old Wounds, Sores and Ulcers!

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT. Its Searching and Healing Properties are Known Throughout the World.

It is an infallible remedy. If effectually rubbed on the Neck and Chest, as salt in cold, it Cures Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and even Asthma.

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ALLAN LINE.

UNDER CONTRACT WITH THE GOVERNMENT OF CANADA AND NEWFOUNDLAND FOR THE CONVEYANCE OF THE CANADIAN AND UNITED STATES MAILS.

187--Summer Arrangements--1887

This Company's Lines are composed of the following double-engined, Clyde-built, IRON compartments. They are built in water-tight speed and comfort, and fitted up with all the modern improvements that practical experience can suggest, and have made the fastest time on record.

Table with columns: Vessels, Tonnage, Building, Commanders. Lists various ships like Numidian, Parisian, Sardinian, etc., with their respective details.

THE SHORTEST SEA ROUTE BETWEEN AMERICA AND EUROPE, BEING ONLY FIVE DAYS BETWEEN LONDON AND LONDON.

The Steamers of the Liverpool, London and Montreal Mail Service, sailing from Liverpool on THURSDAY, August 12, 1887, will call at Halifax, St. John's, and Quebec, and will arrive in Montreal on SATURDAY, August 14, 1887.

These Steamers carry neither cattle nor sheep. Rates of passage from Montreal or Quebec to London, \$40; from Montreal or Quebec to Halifax, \$20; from Montreal or Quebec to St. John's, \$25; from Montreal or Quebec to London, \$75.

These Steamers of the Glasgow, Quebec and Montreal Service are intended to sail from Montreal for Glasgow and Quebec on FRIDAYS, and call at Halifax, St. John's, and Quebec, and will arrive in Montreal on MONDAY, August 15, 1887.

These Steamers of the Glasgow, Quebec and Montreal Service are intended to sail from Montreal for Glasgow and Quebec on THURSDAYS, and call at Halifax, St. John's, and Quebec, and will arrive in Montreal on FRIDAY, August 16, 1887.

These Steamers of the Glasgow, Quebec and Montreal Service are intended to sail from Montreal for Glasgow and Quebec on FRIDAYS, and call at Halifax, St. John's, and Quebec, and will arrive in Montreal on SATURDAY, August 17, 1887.

These Steamers of the Glasgow, Quebec and Montreal Service are intended to sail from Montreal for Glasgow and Quebec on THURSDAYS, and call at Halifax, St. John's, and Quebec, and will arrive in Montreal on FRIDAY, August 18, 1887.

These Steamers of the Glasgow, Quebec and Montreal Service are intended to sail from Montreal for Glasgow and Quebec on FRIDAYS, and call at Halifax, St. John's, and Quebec, and will arrive in Montreal on SATURDAY, August 19, 1887.

These Steamers of the Glasgow, Quebec and Montreal Service are intended to sail from Montreal for Glasgow and Quebec on THURSDAYS, and call at Halifax, St. John's, and Quebec, and will arrive in Montreal on FRIDAY, August 20, 1887.

These Steamers of the Glasgow, Quebec and Montreal Service are intended to sail from Montreal for Glasgow and Quebec on FRIDAYS, and call at Halifax, St. John's, and Quebec, and will arrive in Montreal on SATURDAY, August 21, 1887.

These Steamers of the Glasgow, Quebec and Montreal Service are intended to sail from Montreal for Glasgow and Quebec on THURSDAYS, and call at Halifax, St. John's, and Quebec, and will arrive in Montreal on FRIDAY, August 22, 1887.

These Steamers of the Glasgow, Quebec and Montreal Service are intended to sail from Montreal for Glasgow and Quebec on FRIDAYS, and call at Halifax, St. John's, and Quebec, and will arrive in Montreal on SATURDAY, August 23, 1887.

These Steamers of the Glasgow, Quebec and Montreal Service are intended to sail from Montreal for Glasgow and Quebec on THURSDAYS, and call at Halifax, St. John's, and Quebec, and will arrive in Montreal on FRIDAY, August 24, 1887.

These Steamers of the Glasgow, Quebec and Montreal Service are intended to sail from Montreal for Glasgow and Quebec on FRIDAYS, and call at Halifax, St. John's, and Quebec, and will arrive in Montreal on SATURDAY, August 25, 1887.

These Steamers of the Glasgow, Quebec and Montreal Service are intended to sail from Montreal for Glasgow and Quebec on THURSDAYS, and call at Halifax, St. John's, and Quebec, and will arrive in Montreal on FRIDAY, August 26, 1887.

These Steamers of the Glasgow, Quebec and Montreal Service are intended to sail from Montreal for Glasgow and Quebec on FRIDAYS, and call at Halifax, St. John's, and Quebec, and will arrive in Montreal on SATURDAY, August 27, 1887.

These Steamers of the Glasgow, Quebec and Montreal Service are intended to sail from Montreal for Glasgow and Quebec on THURSDAYS, and call at Halifax, St. John's, and Quebec, and will arrive in Montreal on FRIDAY, August 28, 1887.

These Steamers of the Glasgow, Quebec and Montreal Service are intended to sail from Montreal for Glasgow and Quebec on FRIDAYS, and call at Halifax, St. John's, and Quebec, and will arrive in Montreal on SATURDAY, August 29, 1887.

These Steamers of the Glasgow, Quebec and Montreal Service are intended to sail from Montreal for Glasgow and Quebec on THURSDAYS, and call at Halifax, St. John's, and Quebec, and will arrive in Montreal on FRIDAY, August 30, 1887.

These Steamers of the Glasgow, Quebec and Montreal Service are intended to sail from Montreal for Glasgow and Quebec on FRIDAYS, and call at Halifax, St. John's, and Quebec, and will arrive in Montreal on SATURDAY, August 31, 1887.

These Steamers of the Glasgow, Quebec and Montreal Service are intended to sail from Montreal for Glasgow and Quebec on THURSDAYS, and call at Halifax, St. John's, and Quebec, and will arrive in Montreal on FRIDAY, September 1, 1887.

These Steamers of the Glasgow, Quebec and Montreal Service are intended to sail from Montreal for Glasgow and Quebec on FRIDAYS, and call at Halifax, St. John's, and Quebec, and will arrive in Montreal on SATURDAY, September 2, 1887.

These Steamers of the Glasgow, Quebec and Montreal Service are intended to sail from Montreal for Glasgow and Quebec on THURSDAYS, and call at Halifax, St. John's, and Quebec, and will arrive in Montreal on FRIDAY, September 3, 1887.

These Steamers of the Glasgow, Quebec and Montreal Service are intended to sail from Montreal for Glasgow and Quebec on FRIDAYS, and call at Halifax, St. John's, and Quebec, and will arrive in Montreal on SATURDAY, September 4, 1887.

These Steamers of the Glasgow, Quebec and Montreal Service are intended to sail from Montreal for Glasgow and Quebec on THURSDAYS, and call at Halifax, St. John's, and Quebec, and will arrive in Montreal on FRIDAY, September 5, 1887.

These Steamers of the Glasgow, Quebec and Montreal Service are intended to sail from Montreal for Glasgow and Quebec on FRIDAYS, and call at Halifax, St. John's, and Quebec, and will arrive in Montreal on SATURDAY, September 6, 1887.

These Steamers of the Glasgow, Quebec and Montreal Service are intended to sail from Montreal for Glasgow and Quebec on THURSDAYS, and call at Halifax, St. John's, and Quebec, and will arrive in Montreal on FRIDAY, September 7, 1887.

These Steamers of the Glasgow, Quebec and Montreal Service are intended to sail from Montreal for Glasgow and Quebec on FRIDAYS, and call at Halifax, St. John's, and Quebec, and will arrive in Montreal on SATURDAY, September 8, 1887.

These Steamers of the Glasgow, Quebec and Montreal Service are intended to sail from Montreal for Glasgow and Quebec on THURSDAYS, and call at Halifax, St. John's, and Quebec, and will arrive in Montreal on FRIDAY, September 9, 1887.