

the 28th ult. "Who Wants To Muzzle The Press?"

We reply:—The Liberals and enemies of the Catholic Church throughout the world. They want to muzzle the press; and they do muzzle it, whenever and wherever they have the power to do so—as witness the seizure and confiscation by the Piedmontese Government of all the papers and journals in the Italian Peninsula, which published the late Papal Encyclical. Dr. Dawson will do well to take a note of this, and to eschew cant. We entertain a sincere respect for him as a man of letters; why should he degrade himself to the moral level of the conventicle? Why spout fusian? why drivel about "muzzling the press," with the late tyrannical action of the Liberal and anti-Catholic government of Piedmont towards the press, staring him in the face?

The Montreal Witness states that which is false, and that which he knows to be false when, in his issue of the 26th ult., and in relation to the affair Guibord, he says:—

"Only burial in a certain lot of the Cemetery (a civil right) was claimed for Guibord's body without any religious services, but which was refused by the Roman Catholic authorities."

That which the Institut Canadien claims for the body of the deceased Guibord is burial with the same religious ceremonies that the Church accords to those who die in her communion. Burial in the Cemetery without these religious rites was offered to the friends of the deceased from the first; and the whole point in litigation is whether a Catholic priest can be compelled by law to assist at the burial, and perform religious ceremonies over the grave, of a person who, at the time of his decease, was not in communion with the Catholic Church.

FETE AT VILLA-MARIA.—On the afternoon of Thursday 26th of last month there took place a very pleasant fete at this celebrated institution under the charge of the Ladies of the Congregation. There were present His Lordship the Bishop of Montreal, many of the Catholic clergy, and several of our citizens. The rooms were tastefully decorated, and great pains had evidently been taken to give credit to the proceedings.

These were inaugurated by a piece of music brilliantly performed by the young ladies, pupils of the Convent, after which an Address of welcome was presented to the Bishop by Madlle. Leblanc. An Operetta was then charmingly given, and a rose containing the sum of One Hundred Dollars was tendered to His Lordship for the restoration of his Cathedral. Then another exhibition, consisting of a series of Tableaux representing France, Italy, and Ireland was admirably given by the young ladies, who again presented the Bishop with another sum of One Hundred Dollars, enclosed in a lily as their offering to the Sovereign Pontiff, to their spiritual Father in this the hour of his affliction.

We know not whether the devoted Ladies who teach, or the young ladies who so faithfully practice the precepts of Christian devotion, are the more worthy of our praise. Happy the country however in which exist and flourish seats of education like the Convent of Villa-Maria.

We thank the Catholic Vindicator of the 26th ult. for calling our attention to an inadvertence of which we were guilty in copying without note or comment, a paragraph amongst our City items, from our Montreal contemporary the Gazette, giving an account of an assault case that occurred some weeks ago.

"THE POPE AND ROME."

A very large and highly intelligent audience filled the St. Peter's Cathedral, London, Ont., on Wednesday evening last, to hear the Right Rev. Dr. McQuaid, Bishop of Rochester, U.S., on the absorbing topic of the day—"The Pope and Rome." Both at the beginning and close of the Lecture some very select pieces of Sacred Music were executed by the Orchestra and Band, which were well adapted to the nature of the subject and the occasion.

The Lecturer introduced his subject with a review of Rome as a Republic, and under the Emperors—signified its imperishable monuments—described in glowing terms the immortal shrines of its Saints and Martyrs, and how the Faith was ever preserved through weal and woe in the time-honored City of both the New and the Old World. Following the course of its history, Constantine is acknowledged Emperor—the dawn of the great truths breaks upon the minds and hearts of the Christian people; and, through the independence of the Popes, Rome becomes in the lapse of time, not the Capital of Italy, but the Capital of the whole Catholic world. The Lecturer then went on to the consideration of Rome in succeeding ages, and noted its monasteries and convents and hospitals, and how it progressed under the wise and generous administration of the Popes. Passing to the consideration of Rome in our own day, the Lecturer asserted that there was not a better governed city in

the world than Rome was last winter; he could bring his own experience to bear upon this fact. The principle of Victor Emmanuel is "right by might," and let those who stand by the solidity of this principle propose it to the judgment even of the law of nations. A prevalent statement both here, in America and abroad, is that the Romans are opposed to the Pope. The Lecturer could affirm that the Romans are not opposed to the Holy Father—but are with Him heart and soul, as anyone can testify who has ever dwelt among the Roman families. The Lecturer went on to speak at length upon the present position of affairs in Italy, and how necessary was the independence of the Sovereign Pontiff to the reign of law, order and decorum; and concluded a highly interesting and instructive lecture upon the efficacy of the Union of Prayer of the Catholic world, to the end that truth may triumph over error; and that God, whose Power is omnipotent, may restore Pius IX. to his place in the Holy City bequeathed him by the Apostles.

The lecture of Bishop McQuaid was listened to with a profound attention from beginning to end. It is hardly necessary to add that the numerous listeners were delighted and instructed by the evening's entertainment; while the Orphans of Mount Hope, for whose benefit it was delivered will be grateful sharers of the proceeds so kindly tendered by the Lecturer and audience. In the Sanctuary were several of the Clergymen of the Diocese, with the Vicar General Father Bruyere, and His Lordship Bishop, Walsh to whose indefatigable labors in supplying the wants of his Diocese this lecture was mainly due.—Com.

(To the Editor of the True Witness.)
MONTREAL, FEAST OF ST.
AGATHA, 1871.

DEAR SIR,—In the present age of the world when Christian education is more than ever necessary to qualify and prepare the rising generation for the mighty struggle that is going on in the whole world over between the Church and the World, God and the Devil, the deepest and holiest sympathies of the Catholic heart are with those heroic Orders of men and women who are devoting their lives to the great work of education. Amongst these the Brothers of the Christian Schools hold, as every one knows, a place second to none. For high fully two hundred years have they labored heart and soul in carrying out the benign intention of their saintly founder, the Venerable De La Salle, in forming the minds and hearts of children according to the teachings of the Gospel. There is scarce a country in the civilised world wherein they are not found pursuing their heavenly task; in silence and in humility they journey on through the world, shedding light and peace all around them, and casting broadcast on the earth the beneficent seeds of Gospel truth and its sublime morality.

These remarks have been suggested to us by news that has reached us from Toronto, viz., that the Christian Brothers there have purchased the large building known as the Bank of Upper Canada, which, from its size, will enable them to receive a much greater number of pupils in that city, hitherto all but exclusively Protestant, but having now a considerable, and still-increasing Catholic population. In order to pay at least a portion of the purchase-money, Brother Arnold, the active and energetic Director of the De La Salle Institute of Toronto, has inaugurated a Grand Bazaar to be held on the three last days of June and the 1st of July next, the drawings of prizes to be made on the same principle as those of the Art Union. Many friends of Christian education have donated valuable objects for prizes. Amongst these are a valuable painting of the Virgin and Child from the original of Carlo Dolce, a fine Munich statue of the Blessed Virgin, a fine Guitar, an *Ecce Homo*, an oil painting, a rich Irish poplin dress, a richly-mounted chair, an eight-day clock, a beautiful time-piece in a glass case, a circular centre-table, two magnificent bibles bound in the highest style of art, a silver watch and chain, a writing-desk and dressing-case, an Elizabethan chair with Gothic back, a set of Stations of the Cross with Oxford frames, a picture of His Holiness Pius IX., marble busts of eminent musicians, a Japanese Cabinet, a very fine picture of the Immaculate Conception, a beautiful Choro—"the Ruins of Elgin Cathedral," portrait of Marshal McMahon, a pair of statues—St. Patrick and St. Bridget, and a great number of other articles of taste and utility. Many of the most valuable prizes were presented to Brother Arnold by the pupils of the Christian Schools in Canada and the United States. Altogether the Bazaar will be one of the most important in its results, and interesting in its associations that can be imagined. Every Catholic who can, ought to make it a duty to second this praiseworthy effort, to provide a noble educational establishment for the Catholic boys of Toronto. The Catholic population there is not wealthy, yet from its numbers it requires large schools, and it ought to be the pride and pleasure of Catholics, every

where to contribute to so admirable an undertaking as that of the good Brothers of Toronto.

The tickets are *One Dollar* each, entitling the holder to draw for the prizes. They are also to be had in *books of ten*, with a free, or complimentary ticket for the person who takes or sells the other ten. The winning numbers will be published in the papers, and the various prizes sent by express to the winners, according to the direction given. All communications, and remittances are to be sent to Brother Arnold, Director of the Christian Brothers' Commercial Academy, Toronto, Ontario, from whom the prizes are to be obtained on presenting the duplicate of the winning number.

I am, Mr. Editor,
Very respectfully,
A FRIEND OF EDUCATION.
(Catholic papers in Canada and the United States are requested to copy.)

PRAYERS AND CEREMONIES OF THE MASS.—By the Very Rev. T. T. Sullivan, V. G.; Published with the Approbation of His Grace the Archbishop of New York, and Bishop of Wheeling. Messrs. D. & J. Sadlier & Co., Montreal. Price, free by mail, \$1 25c.

The object of the writer is to give a simple explanation of the ceremonies connected with the Mass, the great act of Christian worship, and the mystic meaning attached thereto. The approbation awarded to the volume before us by the Prelates above mentioned is a pledge to the laity that the writer has well accomplished his task.

THE CATHOLIC WORLD.—February, 1871.—Messrs. D. & J. Sadlier, Montreal. Annual subscription \$4.50, or 45 cents for a single copy.

Our highly respected friend presents us this month with a good bill of fare, of which we give our readers a copy:—1. Sixtus the Fifth; 2. The Bell of the Wanderers; 3. Dr. Newman's Grammar of Assent; 4. Dion and the Sibyls; 5. Common Lodging Houses of New York; 6. Early Missions in Acadia; 7. The Hemlocks; 8. Our Winter Evenings; iv. The Recluse of the Canton; 9. Alphonse de Lamartine; 10. Mystical Numbers; 11. Our Lady of Lourdes; 12. Origin and Characteristics of the Millesian Race; 13. Per Dominum Nostrum Jesum Christum; 14. Nature and God; 15. New England in the Seventeenth Century; 16. New Publications.

BLACKWOOD'S EDINBURGH MAGAZINE.—January 1871. Messrs. Dawson Bros., Montreal.

A great portion of the present number is wasted on the dreary topic of the Red River Expedition, in which not one in a million of Her Majesty's subjects take any the slightest interest; few of them indeed know where the Red River is, except that they have a vague idea that it lies somewhere in the Continent of North America, near the Arctic Circle; and it is really a pity that the pages of a periodical like *Blackwood* should be wasted upon such dreary trash as that which occupies near one quarter of the present number, and which, we fear, is to be continued in the next. We give a list of its contents:—1. The Life of Lord Palmerston; 2. New Books; 3. Narrative of the Red River, p. 11; 4. Fair to See, p. 1; 5. This Morning's Times in Chambers; 6. The late George Moir; 7. The Two Systems.

Mr. Francis Mooney has kindly consented to act as our Agent for Pembroke and neighborhood.

SCOTT OF MANITOBA, AND WARREN OF LINDSAY.

In the *Globe*, of the 5th ult., appears among the "Notices of Motion," the following from Mr. Blake:—(1.) That the cold-blooded murder, for his outspoken loyalty to the Queen, of Thomas Scott, lately a resident of this Province and an emigrant thence to the North-West, has impressed this house with a deep feeling of sorrow and indignation; and in the opinion of this house every effort should be made to bring to trial the perpetrators of this crime, who as yet go unpunished of justice.

2. That an humble address be presented to His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, embodying the foregoing resolution and praying him to take such steps as may be best calculated to further its views. In the *Globe* of the 2nd ult., appears the following—John Warren of Lindsay came to a sudden death through Whiskey on the night of the 22nd ult. It then tells how he had been drinking in a grocery with one Daniel Hallinan—how on his way home he lay down on the road—how Hallinan foresaw him—how he [Warren] was found about midnight on the ground dead—how deceased was a young man 36 had served in the Crimea; winning two distinction medals—how subsequently he was sergeant in the Royal Canadian Rifles. His officers knew he had been often wounded in battle—how he went to Lindsay with the intention of leading a sober, industrious life—how he never could be said at any time to have been more than a moderate drinker, and now we find him on Christmas Eve commencing a spree with that end.

Having read the account of the death of Warren on the 2nd ult., and then seeing the "notice of motion" made by Mr. Blake relative to Scott, I paused and asked myself, "Are there any points of contrast between the deaths of these two men, and will any voice of a Blake be lifted up against the murderer of Warren?"

Who was Scott? A Canadian emigrant to the North-West. And Warren? An Irishman—emigrant to Canada. Scott was a young man unmarried, leaving no child. Warren was a married man leaving a young wife and four children, one of them an infant yet at its mother's breast. Scott was a citizen. Warren a soldier.

Scott spoke brave and loyal words and true to his Queen.

Warren did brave deeds—fought on many a hard fought field—was wounded many times—poured out his blood in the service of his Queen, and received from her high marks of honour.

Scott was put to death after at least a semblance of trial.

Warren had no trial.

Scott had his reason to the last.

Warren's reason was taken from him.

Scott died at the hands of unjust men.

Warren died at the hands of the demon Alcohol.

Scott died an honoured death, and lies in an honoured grave.

Warren died a death of shame and sleeps in the drunkard's grave.

Scott's memory will live and be cherished.

Warren will be forgotten.

And lastly, and to the mind of the Christian, high above all other considerations is the thought that Scott had time to prepare for eternity—Warren had not time. And then, there had been but one Scott in Canada for many years—There are thousands of Warrens every year.

I now ask, in all sober earnestness which of those deaths ought to excite more horror and indignation? Against which class of murderers ought we to raise the more earnest cry, and be most active in devising means to bring the perpetrator of so foul a deed, so great a crime to the trial and doom which by right await him.

Would Mr. Blake then give the following notice:—1. That the murder by alcohol, after his long and faithful services to the Queen of John Warren lately a resident of Lindsay, has impressed this House with a deep feeling of sorrow and indignation, and in the opinion of this House, every effort should be made to bring to trial, the perpetrator of this crime, who, as yet, goes unpunished of justice.

2. That an humble address be presented to His Excellency the Governor General, embodying the foregoing resolution and praying him to take such steps as may be best calculated to further its views.

Oh for the voice of a Blake to move the above resolution, not in the House alone but all through the land—to plead the cause of Warren, of the widow and the orphan, the poor and the needy—to plead in the cities, in the towns, in the villages in the valleys—to plead the cause of humanity, the cause of heaven, the cause of God, as against the soul-destroying demon Alcohol?—Com.

LIEUT.-COL. CASALTY AND THE MONTREAL WITNESS.

At a meeting of the Sergeants of the 2nd (Quebec) Battalion of Riflemen the following proposition, made by Sergt-Major Connolly, and seconded by Gr.-M. Sergt. Bedson, was unanimously carried, viz:—

Resolved.—That we do unanimously and indignantly condemn and refute certain scandalous and libellous matter contained in the Montreal *Daily Witness* of 19th December, 1870, and in the *Weekly Witness* of 23rd December, 1870, against our gallant Commanding officer, Lieut.-Col. Casault, whom we respect and esteem, and under whom we desire to serve as soldiers of the Dominion; and that, in justice to our Commanding officer, a copy of this resolution be forwarded to the Montreal *Witness* and other papers of the Dominion.

Signed on behalf of the Sergeants of the 2nd Batt. Q. R.

P. CONNOLLY, Sergt-Major.
S. L. BEDSON, Gr.-M. Sergt.
R. HANNAWAY, Sergt.

Local For Unity,
9th January, 1871.

Weekly Report of the St. Budeg's Refuge, ending Saturday, 28th inst.:—

Males	258
Females	88
	416
English	51
Irish	322
Scottish	5
F. Canadians	67
Total	446

BURNING OF THE ST. LAWRENCE ENGINE WORKS.—About half-past seven o'clock on the night of the 2nd inst., the fire alarm sounded from Box 35, almost immediately after which the sky became lit up, evidencing that a large fire was raging in the vicinity of the Lachine Canal. It was soon discovered that the destroyer, Fire, had taken hold of the finishing shop of the St. Lawrence Engine Works, the property of Messrs. W. P. Bartley & Co., and was, in fact, having his own way with it. The whole Fire Brigade hurried to the spot as speedily as possible, and soon streams of water were being poured upon the burning building. For a period of two long hours they were incessant in their exertions, but were unable to prevent the fire obtaining complete mastery of the premises. The wind, which was blowing hard from the North East, fanned the flame which threatened to swallow up the buildings adjoining the moulding shop and Mr. McDougall's flour mills. Fortunately, however, this did not occur, and the fire was confined to the building in which it originated. Presently the floors began to fall in, and machinery fell from their places, then down came the wall at the west end, and the flames of the blazing mass went upwards unrestrained, and soon nothing but three bare walls was left of what a few hours before had been the scene of the labor of over 150 men, who by this casualty are thrown out of work. A very large number of patterns were consumed, besides some most valuable machinery, and a large quantity of work in hand, all valued at upwards of \$300,000. Some of the workmen whose tools were in the building attempted to get them out but with few exceptions all were unsuccessful, and in addition to loss of employment have to bear the misfortune of the destruction of their tools. The number of those who had turned out to see the fire was almost incredible. It would seem as if half the city had turned out. Almost every available sleigh had been pressed into the service, and men and women thronged the canal and river banks, besides hundreds on the Canal, to watch the progress of the flames. At first the firemen found a difficulty in obtaining water, and the hand engine was sent for which enabled them to do a little better service. At the time we write men are still engaged at the fire watching the cellar and ground floor in which the fire is still furiously raging. We may add that some little damage was done to the nail factory adjoining both by fire and water. Mr. Bartley is tolerably well insured.

REMITTANCES RECEIVED.

Lochiel, Rev. A. McDonald, \$2; Rigaud, Rev. F. Birt, \$2; Renous Bridge, N.B., Rev. W. Morrissey, \$2; South Dore, J. Boyd, \$2.50; Huntingdon, J. Kerby, \$1; Quebec, Staff-Sergt. Mercal, \$1; Barabois, P. Jones, \$1; Vandecar, F. Faerth, \$2; Oxford Centre, J. Haydon, \$4; Clayton, E. Letang, \$2; Minneapolis, U.S., E. Lemay, \$2.20; St. Sophia, E. Hancoy, \$2; Sombra, A. Mullins, \$2; Vyne, J. Langgan, \$2; North Osnaw, J. Beeban, \$2; New Mills, N.B., Mrs. C. Hayes, \$4; Alexandria, S. S. Lancaster, A. McDougall, \$2; Panmure, P. Whalen, \$2; L'Orignal, Mrs. J. Grant, \$2; Alexandria, D. A. Chisholm, \$2.25; Fredericton, N.B., J. Kavanagh, \$2.50; Albany, N.Y., Rev. E. Bayard, \$2; Perth, Gillespie, \$2; Danville, G. S. Lyon, \$2; McRimmon, \$2; Ontario, \$2; St. Catharines, \$2.

McNamam, \$6; J. McKiernan, \$2; J. Bonfield, \$6; T. Sheridan, \$6; G. Lapelle, \$4; D. McGrath, \$4; D. Maddigan, \$4; W. O'Toole, \$4; D. Leacy, \$4; W. Gorman, \$6; C. Dwyer, \$4; P. O'Farrell, \$4; H. Gallagher, \$6; M. Furlong, \$1.50; P. Molony, \$2; Pembroke, T. Lee, \$6; D. Shields, \$6; J. Henan, \$1; R. Mackey, \$1; J. E. Wright, \$4; Bradenell, Rev. J. McOrman, \$2; Shamrock, C. Howson, \$7; Ducre, T. Carey, \$2; D. H. Rodden, \$6; T. Morrow, \$6; Renfrew, P. Kelly, \$4; M. Hudon, \$6; Rev. P. Rougier, \$2; P. Gillies, \$1; J. Carney, \$1; Dr. Lynn, \$2; P. Ryan, \$2.

Per E. Kelly, Charlottetown, P.E.I.—W.H. Sheehy, \$1; A. McDonald, Grand River, \$2; Rev. D. F. McDonald, Souris, \$2; K. Larkin, Lot 41, \$10.50; M. Burke, Georgetown, \$3.10.

Per Rev. R. McDonald, Pictou, N.S.—D. Chisholm, New Glasgow, \$2.50; A. McGilivray, Antigonish, \$4.

Per W. Hartly, Lacolle—M. Lyons, \$2.

Per W. Chisholm, Dalhousie Mills—D. J. McDonald, \$2.

Per T. Carbery, Grand River—D. Ahern, Ca 10 Cove, \$2.

Per P. P. Lynch, Belleville—J. Barrett, \$3.

Per B. B. C. Bochet, St. Patrick's Hill—Self, \$3.

N. Chapman, \$2; P. Walsh, \$2; M. Gleeson, \$2.

BREAKFAST.—Epps's Cocoa.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette* remarks:—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homoeopathic Chemists, London.

Birth.

In this city, on the 4th inst., the wife of Mr. Jos. McAttey, of a son.

Died.

At Tannery West, on the 2nd inst., Maggie, youngest daughter of the late Thomas Brogan, and sister of A. Brogan, N. P., of this city, aged 21 years.—R.I.P.

At St. Andrews, on the 22nd ult., Mary McDonnell, widow of the late Alex. Scott, of that place, aged 86 years.—R.I.P.

At Alexandria, P.O., on the 28th of December last, Helen MacDonald, wife of the late Ronald MacDonald, and sister of the late Donald MacDonald, formerly Proprietor of the Montreal *Transcript*, aged 75 years.—R.I.P.

228 Transcript and Witness please copy.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS.

	Per 6.	
Flour #1 bbl. of 156 lb.—Pollards	\$4.00 @	\$4.25
Middlings	5.00 @	5.25
Fine	5.50 @	5.75
Superior, No. 2	6.10 @	6.20
Superfine	6.25 @	6.30
Fancy	6.75 @	6.90
Extra	7.00 @	7.15
Superior Extra	7.20 @	7.40
Bag Flour #1 100 lb.	3.30 @	3.50
Outland #1 bbl. of 200 lb.	5.80 @	5.90
Wheat #1 bush. of 60 lb. U. C. Spring	1.20 @	1.25
Ashe #1 100 lb. First Pot.	5.80 @	5.85
Seconds	5.00 @	5.10
Thirds	4.50 @	4.60
First Pot.	6.20 @	6.30
Pork #1 bbl. of 200 lb.—Mess.	21.75 @	22.25
Thin Mess	20.00 @	20.00
Prime	10.50 @	10.00
Butter #1 lb.	0.22 @	0.23
Cheese #1 lb.	0.12 @	0.13
Lard #1 lb.	0.11 @	0.13
Barley #48 lb.	0.60 @	0.65
Peanut #66 lb.	0.90 @	0.92

WANTED.

FOR School Section, No. 10, Lancaster, a MAT. TEACHER, holding a first-class certificate, well recommended, engagement to commence immediately or on the first of February next.

The applicant to state salary, and apply to the Trustees of School Section, Number Ten, Lancaster, Glennevis Post Office, Ont.
January 14th, 1871.

WANTED.

IMMEDIATELY for the ROMAN CATHOLIC FEMALE SEPARATE SCHOOL of Belleville, a FEMALE HEAD TEACHER. Salary liberal. Application to be made (if by letter, prepay to) P. P. LYNCH, Secretary.

TEACHER WANTED.

FOR Section No. 1, North River, Municipality of St. Columban, an ELEMENTARY SCHOOL TEACHER. Salary Liberal.
Address immediately, PHILIP KENNEDY, Secretary Treasr.
St. Columban, Sept. 21, 1870.

WANTED.

FOR the Municipality of St. Sylvester, a school mistress, able to teach the English language chiefly, and also the French, for young beginners, with a diploma for elementary schools. Salary, \$23.

Direct to Mr. JEAN LESSARD, Sec. Treas.

TEACHERS WANTED.

TWO FEMALE TEACHERS Wanted in the Parish of St. Sophia, Terrebonne Co., capable of Teaching the French and English languages. Salary—\$100 for ten months teaching. Teachers to find their board and fuel for the School. Applications, prepaid, to be addressed to

PATRICK CAREY, Secretary-Treas.

St. Sophia, Terrebonne Co., P.Q.

GEO. T. LEONARD,

Attorney-at-Law,

SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY,

PETERBOROUGH, Ont.

Office: Over Stethem & Co's, George St

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of NAPOLEON PREFONTAINE and FRANCOIS XAVIER MOISAN, both of the City of Montreal, and trading under the name and style of Prefontaine & Moisan.

Insolvents. The Insolvents have made an assignment of their Estate to me, and the Creditors are notified to meet at their place of business, No. 199 Notre Dame street, in the City and District of Montreal, on Wednesday, the eighth day of February next, at 11 o'clock A.M., to receive statements of their affairs, and to appoint an Assignee.

T. SAUVAGEAU,

Assignee.