

Sussex, who are marking their sense of such a course of proceeding by pouring in requisitions to Colonel George Wyndham to come forward at the next election to oppose the Earl of Surrey.

We can confidently state, that in the event of a dissolution of Parliament, two staunch Conservatives—and we need hardly name the Hon. Henry Fitzroy as one—will be put in nomination for this borough.—Brighton Gazette.

We are authorized in stating that George Darby Esq., and A. E. Fuller Esq. will be candidates for the representation of East Sussex.—1b.

POOL.—It is currently reported here that Mr. Phillips will retire from the representation of this borough at the next dissolution; and that Mr. Glyn will appear as a candidate to succeed him.

REPRESENTATION OF IPSWICH.—At a meeting of the Wellington Club, at Ipswich, it was unanimously decided that Mr. Gibson, the M.P. for that borough, had completely forfeited the good opinion of the electors, and that upon a vacancy, Col. Chatterton, of the 4th Royal Irish Dragoon Guards, should be solicited to come forward, with the promise of the most strenuous support.

Mr. Walter Long, the member for North Wilts, has, in an address to his constituents, formally declared his adherence to conservative principles.

REPRESENTATION OF WEST KENT.—It is understood that Mr. Hodges, the Whig member for this part of the county, does not intend to offer himself again.—Morning Herald.

WEST NORFOLK.—Messrs Bagge and Chute, the present members for this division, are sure of their re-election in the event of a dissolution; it is also expected that Sir William Folkes and Sir Jacob Astley will require a better authentication of the sentiments of the voters than they had last election, before they suffer themselves again to be put in nomination.—Norfolk Chronicle.

BOROUGH OF STROKE.—Resolutions were agreed to at a meeting of the Conservatives of the borough of Stoke-upon-Trent, held on Tuesday last at the George Inn, Burslem, which contain the encouraging announcement that it has been determined to present a requisition to the Hon. Granville Dudley Ryder and Mr. Alderman Copeland, inviting them to come forward in the Conservative interest to represent the Borough in Parliament whenever an election shall take place.

NORTH STAFFORDSHIRE.—We are authorised by Mr. David Watts Russell to announce his readiness, in the event of a dissolution, to come forward on the Conservative interest, as a candidate for North Staffordshire, in conjunction with the Hon. W. Bingham Baring.

NOBLE TRIUMPH—GOVERNMENT SYSTEM OF EDUCATION.

Sir,—During the last few days the revolutionary party in this town had been industriously engaged in disseminating hand-bills calling a public meeting of the inhabitants to take into consideration the propriety of petitioning the Legislature in support of the government plan of education.

P.S.—A petition against the government plan, signed by upwards of 2500 of the principal inhabitants, has been forwarded this day to our Conservative member, Mr. Hawkes, for presentation.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to confer on Mary Babim, the only living child of our distinguished townsman, John Danim, the well-known author of "tales of the O'Hara Family," a pension for all the purposes of her education, and not terminating with her father's death.—Kilkeny Journal.

Her Majesty Queen Adelaide's gracious benevolence has been happily exemplified in the following case:—The day previous to the arrival of the Hastings at Spithead, one of the seamen fell from the maintop-sail-yard of that ship during a heavy squall, and was killed on the spot.

IRELAND.

Dublin, June 3. Lord Brougham's awful castigation of Ministers, and an "affair of honor," in which a very zealous Precursor was this morning engaged as a principal, have supplied the topics of conversation this day.

Mr. Fynn, the Barrister, a gentleman well known among the Precursors at the Corn Exchange, having had an altercation with an Attorney, Mr. O'Hara, of Limerick, they proceeded to adjust their differences upon that portion of the strand at Clontarf called the North Bull.

Mr. O'BRIEN, M.P.—The county Limerick Club met on Saturday, to discuss the propriety of receiving the tendered resignation of Mr. O'Brien.

Some months have passed since we announced, as in contemplation, a project for throwing open to Roman Catholics the office of Lord Chancellor of Ireland.

ANOTHER DREADFUL MURDER.

On Saturday night last, a man of the name of James Ryan, caretaker to Mr. Greene, of Cappamurra was brutally murdered close to the village of Golden, where there is a military and police station.

A man named Thomas Donnell called at his house about nine o'clock, and under some pretence enticed him to go with him to the village of Golden, where they had some drink in a public house; they left the house together to return home, but, dreadfully relate, the unfortunate Ryan never reached his, for he was dreadfully butchered on the way, as the sequel shows.

Our Dublin correspondent supplies us with a report of an O'Connellite meeting in Dublin, at which Mr. Henry Grattan and Mr. O'Connell are reported to have delivered speeches surpassing in violence, absurd ignorance, and malignity, anything that these several masters in the departments of violence, absurd ignorance, and malignity, ever before exhibited.

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UNITED STATES.

MELANCHOLY ACCIDENTS. Loss of Life on Harlem Rail Road.—About ten o'clock, yesterday morning, one of the locomotives of the Harlem Railroad Company, which had been brought into the city as far as 15th street, ran off the track, opposite Union Park.

The names of the persons killed were William Spencer, an engineer of the company, and George Johnson, a passenger. A person named Robert Matherson was also severely injured by the explosion.—Com. Adc.

Accident on board the Samson.—As the steamboat Samson was coming up yesterday afternoon from Staten Island, when off Robbins's Reef, her promenade deck gave way, being too weak to bear the weight of so many persons as were upon it.

Mr. Moses Henriques, a broker in Wall Street, and David E. Paton, were very badly injured. The former is not expected to recover, but was not dead at 11 o'clock to-day.

The agents of the steamboat at Staten Island requested the people not to crowd the boat, but without avail. The pressure was so great that the gates were carried away, and all who were so minded rushed on board.

The Samson is a new boat, only about 18 months old, and very strongly built.—1b.

The Celebration was very clever, or to come a little nearer to its merits, it was "very nice." The streets were filled with people, the military out in respectable numbers— notwithstanding the severe losses of that "arm," in the eventful campaign on Tuesday.

To be serious, however, the event was pleasantly celebrated, and but for the melancholy disasters of the day, it would have been considered as going off with great eclat. The Sunday School children probably present as pretty a spectacle as anything during the day—somewhere about twelve thousand of them attended by some thousands of their teachers, went over in the steamboats to Staten Island.

Let, the murderer of Capt. Usher, passed through this city yesterday on his way to Texas. He made no secret of the affair, but publicly exhibited the carbine with which he shot him, and also one of the bullets he had cast for the purpose.

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COLONIAL. COLONEL PRINCE.

From the Montreal Gazette.—July 4th. "It will be seen that a very animated and interesting discussion arose in the House of Lords, with respect to the conduct of Col. Prince towards the four pirates whom he ordered to be shot at Windsor.

As respects British laws, these men had forfeited their lives by all the British laws which they had observed; but this is a trifling, though we hope a trifling not quite so puerile as Lord Brougham's. The lives of the outlaws were forfeited by the only law applicable to their case—the law of nations—as Lord Brougham will see in any work upon that code.

Those who, unauthorised by their profession or the order of their sovereign, exercise violence against an enemy, and fall into the enemy's hands, have no right to expect the treatment due to prisoners of war; the enemy is justified in putting them to death as banditti.

We observe that at an entertainment given by the Lord Mayor of London, on the 4th June, his Honour the Chief Justice of Upper Canada was among the guests, and that in the course of the evening his health was proposed from the Chair in the following flattering terms:—

The Lord Mayor proposed the health of the "Chief Justice of Upper Canada," who had come to this country for the benefit of his health, and also to give his able advice to the Government as to the preservation of the peace and the establishment of prosperity in that unfortunate colony.

Mr. Robinson returned thanks for the peculiarly marked manner in which his health had been drunk. He felt proud of having his name associated with that of Sir Francis Head, and he assured the Lord Mayor, that whatever dangers or privations he might have encountered, they were more than compensated for when he saw the remarkable loyalty of all classes in the country to which allusion had been made.

An advertisement signed "SAMUEL HOUSTON," addressed to the Volunteers of Missisquoi Bay has gone the round of the papers. Samuel Houston whose residence is what he calls the "Kingdom of Swanton," informs deserters from Her Majesty's troops that as they are liable to be imposed upon in the sale of their arms and accoutrements after their arrival in the United States, he has opened an office for their protection.

The soldier in the British service, is the happiest of the sons of labour, his every want is abundantly supplied, the greatest interest is taken in his health and comfort.

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At three o'clock yesterday the ceremony of presenting to Col. Wetherall, of the Royals, a piece of plate, in testimony of the esteem and gratitude of the loyal citizens of Montreal, took place on Dalhousie square, in front of the Regimental Mess House.

The deputation charged with the duty of presentation consisted of the Hon. P. McGill, Lt. Col. McCord, Lt. Col. Moulson, Messieurs Jameson, Griffin, Anderson, Redpath and B. Holmes.

The Hon. Mr. McGill now stood apart from his fellow deputies, and delivered in a firm, audible voice, and in a very emphatic manner, the following address:—

TO G. A. WETHERALL, C.B. K.H. COLONEL 2d BATTALION 1st ROYAL REGIMENT. Sir,—At a period when the most violently disaffected portion of the inhabitants of the District were in arms, for the avowed purpose of subverting the government of her Majesty in these provinces, and of dissolving their connexion with the glorious empire of which they form a part—when the mass of the French population was evidently only waiting for the confirmation of their first partial success, as the signal of a general rising,—and when a speedy and decisive blow to the designs of treason was wanting to strengthen the confidence and confirm the hopes of the loyalists; the victory at St. Charles, while in its moral consequences it stimulated them to renewed exertions, and added fresh vigour to their energies, struck terror and dismay into the hearts of the disaffected, and proved "a sore discouragement" to incipient and actual rebellion.

To you, Sir, to your military skill and conduct, and to the courage of the brave men under your command on that auspicious occasion, the loyal inhabitants of the city of Montreal feel indebted for the complete consummation of their hopes; and as an evidence of their estimation of the great importance of that event, and of their regard for you as an officer and a man, they have deputed us to present, for your acceptance, this humble "Testimonial" of their admiration and gratitude.

The unfortunate cause which has prevented its earlier presentation, is known to you. It was shipped from London last autumn on board the fine but ill-fated ship "Colborne," and its almost miraculous preservation, a little before the time when our illustrious Governor General, by the wisdom of his arrangements, and the promptness of his action, saved the country a second time, is not the least interesting portion of its history.

The crowd, which was great, listened with due attention, and expressed, at its conclusion, their approbation of the Address. COLONEL WETHERALL now stepped forward from the door, where he had stood supported by the Officers of his regiment, and having saluted the deputation, made the following reply:—

Next to the approbation of his Sovereign, a soldier's best reward is the esteem of his fellow-countrymen: one hour of such public esteem is worth a whole Epicurean life. I shall, therefore, ever reflect with pride and exultation on the occurrence of this day.

The splendid Testimonial which the Loyal British Inhabitants of Montreal have presented to me, through you, is a proof that I possess their good opinion, an honour which it is impossible sufficiently to appreciate.

It would be prudence in me to deny that the force which I had the good fortune to command, was the means of suppressing, for a time, the extensive and unnatural rebellion which threatened to subvert the peace of this Colony; but I was only the humble instrument in the hands of our illustrious Commander of the Forces, in performing that service: success was alone owing to a strict obedience to the spirit of his Excellency's orders, and to the gallantry of the troops.

The result of the attack upon St. Charles was serious,—fatal to many, but it was unavoidable,—it was the necessary consequence of the misguided inhabitants resisting to the last, the authority of her Majesty's Government,—and ought to convince them of the utter hopelessness, the folly, of opposing a government so strong and so paternal as that of Great Britain, under which it should be the pride, the boast of every Canadian to live.

For the good wishes of those to whom I am so much indebted for this flattering Testimonial, I beg to return my best thanks, and especially to you, Gentlemen, for the manner in which they have been conveyed.

A few evenings ago, at an evening auction sale of books, a lot was offered, consisting of twelve copies of Lord Durham's famous report on the state of the British American provinces.

The body of the late Rev. Mr. Harper, drowned in the St. Maurice on his way to a mission among the Indians in the interior, has been found and conveyed, amidst the greatest testimony of respect by the inhabitants of Three Rivers, to be buried at St. Gregoire, on the 9th inst.—Quebec Gazette.

The farmers in this neighborhood, who were complaining a few days ago of the want of rain, are now fully satisfied, and as the weather is ever a fruitful theme of complaint with husbandmen, begin to fear that there will be too much wet. The crops, however, look well and promise, unless some very unfavorable change takes place, an abundant return of all sorts of agricultural produce to reward the labour of the farmer.—Quebec Mercury.

The recent warm weather has brought forward the crops with wonderful rapidity. We have had heavy thunder showers every day this week.—Sherbrooke Gazette.

A correspondent of the Quebec Gazette, called that Lactance Papineau, second son of Mr. Papineau, sailed from New York on the 1st July, in the Philadelphia, for London, on his way to Paris; and that Mrs. Papineau would shortly follow, with all the family.

SCHOOLS.—Robert Armon, Jr. Esq., Advocate, has, we understand, been appointed to visit the different parishes throughout the province, and to make a report on the state of the Schools, the government intending to support one good school in each parish.—Quebec Mercury.

MILITARY. The freight ship Marquis of Huntley arrived here on Wednesday evening, from Cork, as on board thereof for the following Regiments serving in Canada, under command of Capt. W. B. Halliday, of the 93rd Regiment. The whole proceeded to Montreal last night, in the steamer Canada.

71st.—Lt. Ready, Ens. F. G. Scott, Aest. Sarg. Macdonald, 2 sergeants, and 60 rank and file.

The ship Earl of Darham, from London, arrived this morning, has on board a detachment of the 11th Regiment, 60 rank and file, and a detachment of the Dragoon guards.—Quebec Gazette, July 12.

The following gentlemen have lately been called to the degree of Barrister at Law:—John Crawford, John Hector, Adam Wilson and William Allan Goddes, Esquires.—U. C. Gazette.

At a court of Enquiry at Toronto, on the 10th July inst., whereof Major Brown, 32d Regiment, is President, by order of his Excellency the Lieutenant Governor and Major General Commanding.

The Petition of Michael Chambers, late Sergeant in the Whitty Independent Company of Militia Volunteers, complaining of the ill-treatment of himself and sundry men of the company, and of their bounty money and pay being withheld from them by Capt. McDonald, commanding the said Company, was fully investigated; and all the evidences as named by Michael Chambers in his petition, who could be procured, having been fully examined, with the exception of Michael Chambers himself, who did not appear to substantiate his complaints, and all evidences also, who were produced on the part of Captain McDonald having likewise been duly interrogated, the Court came to the unanimous decision that the petition of Michael Chambers is altogether groundless and False.

His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor and Major General Commanding, has been pleased to approve the opinion and report of the Court, and to desire that the same be read at the head of every embodied Corps of Militia and Volunteers at their full parades.

In approving the opinion and report of the Court, Sir George Arthur thinks it necessary to point out to the Non-Commissioned Officers of the Militia and Volunteer Corps, the very great risk they run of undergoing the severest punishment which can be awarded against them by the sentence of a General Court Martial, if they should be found wicked enough to prefer vexatious and groundless charges against any of their superior officers. Had Michael Chambers not been already discharged from the Whitty Independent Company, he would have been subjected to a trial before a General Court Martial, which his Excellency would the more regret as Michael Chambers is an out pensioner from her Majesty's Regular Forces.

The Court of Enquiry of which Major Brown, 32d Regiment, is President, is dissolved.

By Command, C. FOSTER, A. A. G.

We were much concerned to learn, from a late number of the Niagara Chronicle, that a destructive fire had broken out in the barn of Dr. Mewburn, at Stamford, which destroyed property, including the whole of his outhouses, estimated at the value of £300. This is attributed to incendiarism, and two men (Americans) were arrested on suspicion of being the perpetrators, but, nothing being proved against them, they were released. So great was the activity of the neighbours in rendering assistance, that Dr. Mewburn, in publicly thanking them, declares himself "unable to express by words the deep feeling of gratitude he owes to each and every person in the village and neighbourhood, for their unbounded kindness;—men, women and children absolutely perilling their lives to save his property; not an article of furniture injured, and not one lost."

The American steamer Telegraph returned to the port on Saturday last to land a sailor, a deserter from the dock-yard, who had concealed himself on board that boat.—Kingston Chronicle.

Martin Kelly, alias Mills, the American pirate who was delivered to the American authorities, in consequence of his having been taken within the boundaries of the United States, was committed to prison on that side, and is now about to be given up to take his trial in this country for robbing the mail.—1b.

FIRE AT PRESCOTT.

We regret to learn, that on the 1st inst., the large stone buildings, belonging to Messrs. Avel and Hooker, in which the Post office, the agency of the Commercial Bank, the County Registry office, and a Retail Shoe Shop were kept, were destroyed by fire. The stone building was insured in the Mutual Insurance Company, of this District, for the sum of £500, and the goods for a like sum.—It was feared at first, that the fire was caused by incendiarism; but it has since been ascertained, to have been accidental.—Statesman.

DEFENCE OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

We understand from various sources, that active preparations are being made, to place every part of British North America, in the most ample state of defence. The Bermudas are to be fortified—Permanent Barracks are to be built at Laprairie, with stone towers to defend them—Martello Towers are to be erected at Montreal—Fort Wellington, at Prescott, is to be completed—Fighting Island is to be fortified; and last week government purchased several pieces of land, in various parts of the suburbs of Kingston, with a view of commencing public works, for its defence, on the largest scale early next spring. Fort Henry is only spoken of as a commencement. In addition to these and numerous other "notes of preparation," numerous additions are to be made to all the regular forces now in these Colonies, both on land and water, particularly the latter.—1b.

REVIEW OF THE MONTREAL MARKETS FOR THE WEEK ENDING Friday, July 12, 1839.

This has been an exceedingly dull week, and we have little to say in our review of the Markets.

ASHES.—The quantity coming forward is very light, and last week's prices are maintained. A few barrels have been sold as high as 31s. 6d.

FLOUR.—Holders are now asking 7 dls., but we have not heard of any sales having been made at this price. The transactions that have come to our knowledge are— a sale of 200 bbls. Fine at 33s. 6d. cash, and another of 100 bbls. at 33s. 9d. at ninety days, with interest.

MONEY MARKET.

The week has commenced with the same dullness and languor that has prevailed for the last ten days. Stocks all droop, and little or no business doing.

Suspense yet exists in our Money Market, and public attention is now directed with almost as much earnestness to the news expected by the British Queen, as it was to the news brought by the Liverpool. We deeply feel our dependence now upon the state of affairs in Threadneedle-street, London, for we have no protecting power to look to at present, to make us independent of every vibration of the Money Market over sea. The state of the crops there, the price of Cotton there, the negotiability of American securities, the condition of political affairs, the rates of exchange there upon Amsterdam, Hamburg and Paris, are all matters of importance to us, and enter deeply into the scientific merchant's calculations. The British Queen, it is possible, may be here on Saturday, but cannot be expected before Sunday or Monday. The advance in the rate of exchange upon London, creates a little uneasiness in Wall Street, and would create more were it not for the steady determination of the United States Bank to sell at 109 1/2. There is nothing now more alarming to our Banks than the prospect of losing their specie. The reported large exportation of British manufactured goods, is, therefore, a source of anxiety to them.

LETTERS received to Friday, July 13th: Rev. A. F. Atkinson, rem.; Rev. J. G. B. Lindsay, add. subs. and rem. in full 6 ms. vol. 3; Rev. M. Harris, add. subs. & rem.; Rev. T. B. Fuller, add. subs. and rem.; Rev. J. G. Geddes, rem. C. T. Wade; Rev. J. Grier; Rev. H. Casswell; Major Campbell, rem. in full vol. 3; A. Dixon Esq.; Lord Bishop of Montreal; F. Fidler Esq.; A. Davison Esq.; Wm. Simpson Esq. rem. in full vol. 3; G. C. Wood Esq.