ARTICLES FOR SALE

Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

FOR SALE — SMITH PREMIER TYPEwriter and stand $50, a bargain. 106 King-street west.

FOR SALE CHEAP—COUNTERS, SHELVing, partition, desks and typewriter. Apply 106 King-street west.

SHAFTING, HANGERS, PULLEYS, ALL sizes. G. T. Pendrith, 81 Adelaide west, Toronto.

ONE PATENT LEVEL TREAD HORSEpower, Abel's make, short time in use, cheap. G. T. Pendrith, 81 Adelaide west, Toronto.

DOUGH-MIXING MACHINES — BARREL Mixers, two and three-spindle Tub Mixers, all sizes. G. T. Pendrith, 81 Adelaide west, Toronto.

DIXON'S, 63 KING-STREET WEST, IS THE best place in town to buy your hats and men's furnishings. Every article is marked in plain figures at the closest cash prices, and satisfaction is guaranteed for all goods sold. Study your own interests, gentlemen, and buy your furnishings at Dixon's.

LADIES' PATENT LEATHER SHOES $1.25; men's tan Bals. $1.50, worth $1.75 wholesale; trunks and valises away below wholesale prices; a large assortment of ladies' canvas-shoes, all colors. Maple Hall, 187 and 189 King-street east.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FURNITURE MEN—WE HAVE A PATENT folding mantel bed, superiority established; hundreds in use, fifty on hand; incompatible with our business; will sell stock with right to manufacture on royalty. The H. P. Davies Co., 81 Yonge-street.

LICENSED HOTEL, LARGE NEW STABLES, store and factory to let, for sale or exchange. Apply Thomas Davies, 15 River-street.

FURNACES.

TORONTO FURNACE AND CREMATORY Company, Limited, 8 and 10 Queen-street east. Tel. 1907. Headquarters for all styles of heating, steam, hot water and hot air. Repairing and overhauling a specialty. Get our prices.

HOTEL FOR SALE.

THAT WELL-KNOWN AND SUCCESSFUL Dominion Hotel, Richmond Hill, is for sale owing to the ill-health of the proprietor. Must be disposed of at once. For further particulars apply on premises. B. Brellinger, proprietor.

BUSINESS CARDS.

ENGLISH RIDING SCHOOL, 231 YONGE. Classes daily.

OAKVILLE DAIRY—473 YONGE-STREET—guaranteed pure farmers' milk supplied, retail only. Fred Sole, proprietor.

ART.

J. W. L. FORSTER, PUPIL OF MONS. Bougereau. Portraits in Oil, Pastel, etc. Studio, 81 King-street east.

BILLIARDS.

CHEMICAL IVORY BILLIARD AND POOL Balls—Chemical ivory balls are superior in many respects to elephant ivory. They are quite as elastic, and will not break, crack or shrink. They are precisely the same weight as the best quality of soft Zanzibar ivory; they are not injured by changes of temperature; they are made of the same composition throughout, and have no "heavy sides," the centre of gravity and the centre of density being equal in each and every ball; the colors cannot wear off, as the balls are all colored through and through, and never require to be turned or colored. For sale by Samuel May & Co., Billiard Table Manufacturers, Toronto.

MEDICAL.

DISEASES OF WOMEN — DR. TURVER — Consultation rooms 1243 Queen-street west; good accommodation for patients; write or call between 1 and 4 p.m. Telephone 1950. 67

"DOWN TOWN OFFICES" OF DRS. Nattress and Henwood, 14, 15, 16 Janes' Building, King and Yonge.

MUSICAL.

P. W. NEWTON, TEACHER OF BANJO, Guitar and Mandolin. Private lessons. Thorough instruction. Clubs conducted reasonably. Studio: Nordheimer's, 15 King-street east, 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. Evening lessons only at residence, 6 Irwin-avenue, off Yonge-street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

H. S. MARA, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses, 5 Toronto-street. Evenings, 522 Jarvis-street.

MESMERISM AND HYPNOTISM.

PROF. HALFPENNY, PHYSICAL DIRECtor, gives private instructions in mesmerism and hypnotism; guarantees pupils to learn in one week. Class lessons Saturday evenings at 48 Ann-street.

EDUCATIONAL.

EVENING CLASSES OPEN AT BARKER'S Shorthand School, 14 King west, on Sept. 18.

ARTICULATION SCHOOL—DEAF CHILDren taught to speak and to understand conversation by watching the movements of the lips. School opens first Monday in October. Course of study same as in Public school. For full particulars call or address Bessie Eddy, principal, 107 Spadina-avenue, city.

DENTISTRY.

RIGGS, DENTIST—BEST TEETH ON PLATES only $8; crowning and bridging a specialty.

TO RENT

55 WELLESLEY-STREET, Furnished or Unfurnished, first-class, 14 rooms.

FINANCIAL.

ALARGE AMOUNT OF PRIVATE FUNDS to loan at low rates. Read, Read & Knight, solicitors, etc., 75 King-street east, Toronto. ed

MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGES, endowments, life policies and other securities. James O. McGee, Financial Agent and Policy Broker, 5 Toronto-street. ed

LARGE AMOUNT OF PRIVATE FUNDS TO loan at 5½ per cent. Apply Maclaren, Macdonald, Merritt & Shepley, 28-30 Toronto-street, Toronto.

VETERINARY.

ONTARIO VETERINARY COLLEGE, TEMperance-street, Toronto, Canada. Session 1894-95 begins October 17th.

HOTELS.

DAVISVILLE HOTEL, WALTER H. MINNS, proprietor, Davisville, North Toronto, Ont. Street cars pass the door. Meals on European plan. First-class boarding stable attached. Every accommodation for driving parties, cyclists and summer boarders.

ROYAL HOTEL, HARRISTON, ONE OF THE finest commercial hotels in the west; special attention paid to the traveling public; rates $1 to $1.50 per day. J. B. Bingham, proprietor. ed

RUSSELL HOUSE, ORILLIA—RATES $1 TO $1.50 per day; first-class accommodation for travelers and tourists. P. W. Finn, Prop.

LAKE VIEW HOTEL, Cor. Winchester & Parliament-sts

Every accommodation for families visiting the city, being healthy and commanding a magnificent view of the city. Terms moderate. ed JOHN AYRE, Proprietor.

LEGAL CARDS.

FRANK R. POWELL, BARRISTER, SOLicitor, etc., room 19, York Chambers, 9 Toronto-street. Money to loan.

COOK, MACDONALD & BRIGGS, BARristers, Solicitors, Notaries, etc., 1 Adelaide-street east, Toronto. W. Cook, B.A.; J. A. Macdonald, A. H. Briggs, M.A., LL.B.

LAIDLAW, KAPPELE & BICKNELL, BARristers and Solicitors, Imperial Bank Buildings, Toronto. William Laidlaw, Q.C.; George Kappele, James Bicknell, C. W. Kerr.

ALLAN & BAIRD, BARRISTERS, ETC., Canada Life Buildings (1st floor), 40 to 46 King-street west, Toronto; money to loan. W. T. Allan; J. Baird.

MCDOWALL THOMSON, BARRISTER, SOLicitor, Notary, etc., room 79 Canada Life Building, 46 King-street west, Toronto. Telephone 2248.

THE HANDSOMEST

BRASS BEDS

IN CANADA.

Furniture in Rare Woods to match Iron Beds greatly reduced in price 36

THE SCHOMBERG FURNITURE CO.

Agents for the Largest English Houses. 649 and 651 Yonge-street.

The Toronto World.

NO. 83 YONGE-STREET, TORONTO, A One Cent Morning Paper.

SUBSCRIPTIONS.

Daily (without Sundays) by the year	$3 00
" " by the month	25
Sunday Edition, by the year	2 00
" " by the month	20
Daily (Sunday included) by the year	5 00
" " " by the month	45

FRANCHISE GRABBERS.

An application will be made to the Board of Works this morning to grant a certain company the privilege of selling electric light and power throughout Toronto. The application should be peremptorily refused on the ground that the object sought is inimical to the public interest. Already there are three companies that exact tribute from the citizens who use gas or electricity. We make a mistake in deputing to private concerns the business of supplying citizens with light, heat and power. When we empower the Consumers' Gas Company to supply us with this commodity we make it possible for them to collect $160,000 a year in the way of dividends on capital, whereas it would cost the municipality only $40,000 or $50,000. Then these private concerns do not act in the interest of the citizens, but of their shareholders. If the city owned the gas plant, and were obliged to pay 10 per cent. on an inflated capital of $1,600,000, it could afford to reduce the price of gas to 75 cents per thousand and still meet that excessive interest charge. The experience of other places proves that our statement is correct. If the city operated the gas plant itself the price of gas would be at most 80 cents per thousand. That would mean a saving of one-fifth of the revenue of the company, or $110,000. We are paying private shareholders another $110,000 more than the city would have to pay on capital borrowed to operate the business. Here, then, is a total of $220,000 that the people lose every year by delegating to a company the business of supplying them with gas. Truly, these private concerns are terribly expensive luxuries.

Take another instance. If the city were in the electric light business, our street lamps would cost us to-day about $70 each a year, not more. We are paying $109 a year to a private company. We lose $40,000 a year on that deal. The contract has 15 months more to run. Our loss from now on till the contract expires will be $50,000. Add to this sum what we have lost during the preceding part of the contract and we get a total of $200,000. That's a frightful commission to pay the men who relieve us of attending to the work ourselves. The papers that thought Secretary McGowah's figures were more reliable than those of Engineer Keating are now ready to close with the Toronto Electric Light Company for a new five years' deal at $75 per light. The contract will not begin till Jan. 1, 1896. Before that time the standard price of an arc light will probably be down to $55 a year and before the expiration of the five years it will probably drop to $40, or even less. It won't increase in price. That is certain. Time is in favor of the private concern, as against the corporation.

These two concerns give us a fair idea of the system of handing over public services to private corporations. A question that immediately presents itself, is whether we shall license an additional light and power company to prey upon us. Once these companies secure a foothold they never cease scheming until they get their stock up to the 200 point. They are satisfied with nothing short of ten per cent. and a big reserve fund. But, then, say the defenders of the companies, the municipality is corrupt and cannot be trusted to manage a business. What about the companies themselves in this respect? Why, it is the companies that lead in this accomplishment! They corrupt our representatives and then raise the cry that the municipality is a failure in business. When it was sought to convince the public and the aldermen that the actual cost of an arc light was $103.85 a year, who was it that originated the conspiracy to deceive the public? The parties who hatched the little game were not aldermen. If a search were made they would probably be found among the company's own directors or officers. When we reflect on the methods by which companies push their business, it is rich, indeed, to hear them and their journalistic friends shouting out that the municipality is corrupt and cannot be trusted in business. When we have a company and a municipal corporation working together it not unfrequently happens that jobbery results from the combination. But certain it is that the aldermen working alone will be less apt to go astray than when working in conjunction with a rich corporation.

The company that is applying for this electric franchise should be politely shown the door when they make their appearance at the City Hall this morning. Instead of extending these franchises, we ought to curtail them. That is the policy, and the only policy, by which the people will be freed from the triangular lighting monopoly to which they pay tribute to the amount of from two hundred to three hundred thousand dollars annually. An opportunity is presented now that may never occur again. At a surprisingly low figure we can instal a plant that will not only save us money, even in street lighting, but will frighten the other companies into dealing fairly with the people. There can be no mistake in accepting the most favorable tender for engines and dynamos and in putting them in place at once.

The company in question is the so-called Georgian Bay Aqueduct and Canal Company. They produce a certificate of a bank deposit of $100,000 as a guarantee of their intention to proceed at once with the Hurontario Canal. We have no doubt some of the aldermen will refer to this deposit and to the bona fides of the alleged company in a serious manner, as if they actually believed in the affair. They will do this as an excuse for parting with a valuable consideration. Other aldermen will probably be hoodwinked by the so-called certificate, or by the statement of the promoter that 5000 men will be at work within a month. But those of our representatives who wish to keep the city from being made the laughing stock of the country will vigorously oppose every move that is made.

The Hurontario Canal scheme is a gigantic delusion. The Board of Trade of Chicago will have nothing to do with it. Mr. Cooley, the eminent engineer, who is superintending the Chicago 26-foot canal, stated at the canal convention the other day that Chicago didn't want the canal for two reasons principally: They would not abandon Lake Erie, the ports of which gave their vessels more traffic than any other part of the waterway system; secondly, it would take as long to go through the canal as to sail round by the open water. They wouldn't use the canal if it were built. However, as Mr. Cooley remarked, the people of Chicago will not object to the canal being constructed. Neither will we. What we are particularly anxious about just now is to prevent another bloodsucker fastening itself to the civic throat.

NO DUTY ON SKILL AND BRAINS.

The Canadian Wheelman takes exception to our argument in favor of placing a high duty on finished bicycles in order to give Canadian workmen more employment in the fitting together of the machines. The Wheelman thinks the Canadian machinist is not able to produce as good a bicycle as is made in the United States or in England, and it would not be fair to wheelmen to be compelled to buy an inferior article. The World is not in favor of taxing skilled mechanics coming to this country. Our idea is to import these machinists if our own are not expert enough. And, in order to induce them to come in tens and fifty's, we ought to guarantee them the whole work of five million people. Under these conditions, the man who puts the bicycle together in the United States will emigrate to Canada and become a resident of this country.

A FEMALE FAGIN

Caught in the Act of Teaching Young Lads to Steal.

The first meeting of the Children's Aid Society since June was held yesterday. The agent's report showed that since June 27 agents had had under consideration 98 new cases, in which were involved the interests of 152 children; of these 42 were boys, who, owing to the operation of the law passed at the last session of the House of Commons, were tried in the "Children's Court," and their cases looked into. Among other matters which have come under his notice and in which the society has made itself felt are the following: The investigation of one case of child insurance, of eight cases of alleged child cruelty, in which the parents were warned; the prosecution of one case in which it was discovered that a woman was teaching young lads to steal; also in another case for neglect and cruelty to children. The supervision of children performing at the Exhibition, by means of which parents of one child were debarred by the magistrate, and parents of three others compelled by him to secure licenses. The suppression of a baby farm, without resorting to force of law, and in the case of another baby farm, its suppression by raiding, filing the six children found in it as exhibits in court, and by order of the magistrate obtaining the custody of the same. And at present there are nine cases of similar grave import under process of investigation.

'Jane."

Jacobs & Sparrow's Opera House is the only popular-price theatre in which Mr. Gustave Frohman's company will play "Jane" this season. The piece is one of the best of its kind on the road today and certainly one of the most popular. It deserves its popularity, for it is clean and amusing. Fom the moment the curtain rises on the first act until it falls at the end of the play, the audiences are in a constant roar. The results of Jane's dual life and the effect of Shackleton's idiotic propensity to brag about her marriage cause the fun. The performance is one that should be seen by all who enjoy laughing. The company will be very strong. The sale of seats is now in progress at the regular prices of the theatre.

The Grand Next Week.

The "Serpentine," "Butterfly" and "La Blanche" dances to be presented here for the first time by Mme. Herrmann are the success of the season, and critics who have seen the famous "LaLoie Fuller" in the Serpentine dance aver she is not the equal of Madame Herrmann. The effect is greatly heightened by a system of 14 calcium lights, and it is safe to say no danseuse ever appeared under more favorable circumstances in this respect. At times the figure of the madame is not visible, so wrapt is she in the clouds of whirling skirts that fascinates while it bewilders the audience.

A lady in Syracuse writes: "For about seven years before taking Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure, I suffered from a complaint very prevalent with our sex. I was unable to walk any distance, or stand on my feet for more than a few minutes at a time, without feeling exhausted; but now, I am thankful to say, I can walk two miles without feeling the least inconvenience. For female complaints it has no equal." d

Cut Down the Grant $50.

At the meeting of the North Toronto Council a communication was received from George Lawson, secretary of the York Township Agricultural Society, asking for a grant towards the holding of the fair. A motion was passed granting the society $50. Last year $100 was granted.

Blake, Lash & Cassels wrote on behalf of J. A. Klinck, claiming $17.50 for work done by him in opening a drain across Sherwood-avenue, to drain the water off his property, which had been backed up for want of a culvert. If the account is not paid a suit is threatened. No action was taken by the Council.

A. H. Selwyn Marks wrote, asking the Council to accept a less amount for taxes, over $800 being now due, than claimed for a 60-acre block of land on the north side of Eglinton-avenue, known as the Prince estate. No action taken.

Accounts to the amount of $984.44 were passed.

Some persons have periodical attacks of Canadian cholera, dysentery or diarrhea, and have to use great precautions to avoid the disease. Change of water, cooking and green fruit is sure to bring on the attacks. To such persons we would recommend Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial as being the best medicine in the market for all summer complaints. If a few drops are taken in water when the symptoms are noticed no further trouble will be experienced. d

Changes in the Diocese.

The following changes have been made by his Grace the Archbishop in the Diocese of Toronto: Rev. Father Smith of St. Catharines is appointed to Merritton to succeed Rev. J.F. Lynett, who is going south for the benefit of his health. Rev. C. Cantillon, late curate of Adjala, is appointed to Brock. Rev. P. J. Keane, being now feeble in health, Father Desmond has been appointed to Uxbridge as substitute.

The Best Pills. — Mr. William Vandervoort Sydney Crossing, Ont., writes: "We have been using Parmelee's Pills, and find them by far the best Pills we ever used." For Delicate and Debilitated Constitutions these Pills act like a charm. Taken in small doses the effect is both a tonic and a stimulant, mildly exciting the secretions of the body, giving tone and vigor. d

Enclose Your Card on a Postal Card.

Belleville Sun.

The Sun intends to conduct a postal-card correspondence column. Write on a postal-card your complaint or opinion on whatever subject you choose, and send to the editor of The Sun. Sign your name or at least enclose your card as a guarantee of good faith.

Western Excursion.

On Sept. 11, 25 and Oct. 9, the Wabash Railway will sell round trip tickets at about single fare to points in the Northwest, west and southwest. All tickets good for 20 days from date of sale. Full particulars at Wabash Office, N.E. cor. King and Yonge-streets, Toronto. J. A. Richardson, Canadian passenger agent. d

Ayer's Pills regulate the liver, strengthen the stomach and cleanse the bowels. 267

THEY LIVE IN ARMOR.

A Pagan People Who Live in the Caucasian Mountains and Observe Strange Rites.

The Caucasian mountains Anatoriegele, Archotlo-tavi and Tscha-uchi, rising to an elevation of from ten thousand to twelve thousand feet, enclose a basin, the home of the Chevsurians, who number about six thousand souls.

The Chevsurians are pagans, and one may get a general idea of their civilization when it is related that their miserable huts are lighted only by means of pine torches.

They are a people in arms. The men never lay aside their heavy iron weapons; even while plowing in the fields they carry them. The mail gives them a medieval appearance, yet the poor covering or the leg shows barbarism. In a strap on the back every man carries a whip, heavy and strong enough to break an arm. On the thumb he wears an iron ring—Sazeruli—with a rough surface, that he may leave an everlasting mark in his enemy's face when he strikes him with it.

The Chevsurians, like the old Iberians, the modern Basques, and other peoples who preserve traces of a matriarchal order of society, have perpetuated the

custom of the father "lying-in" on the birth of a child, as evidence of paternal parentage. The women are isolated at pregnancy in special quarters known as the "Satschechi," and cannot return to their own residences until after a ceremonial purification. A Chevsurian father has his trials too. He must live very abstemiously for seven weeks, while friends and relatives are treated with liquor and beer in abundance. It is believed, or the belief is pretended, that the father's diet reacts on the child's health. The children's names are drawn directly from nature. The boys are named after animals and the girls after sun, moon, stars or flowers.

Public opinion among the Chevsurians demands that no child be born till four years after the marriage, and after that there must be three years, at least, between births; and no family ought to have more than three children. Thus the Malthusian laws rule these poor people as severely as the Code Napoleon rules the French peasants, who fear too great a subdivision of their farms.

The main work of the girls is to collect the cows' excrements and to dry them for fuel. The boys are trained in eloquence and use of arms. A boy eight to ten years old endeavors to imitate the grown man.

The vendetta takes a peculiar form among the Chevsurians. As soon as a murder is reported, all the relatives of the deceased go to the village of the murderer and burn his house. The murder's relatives dare not show themselves for a year lest they be killed. At the end of one year, the murderer in company of a brother arrives secretly at the altar of his victim to make an offering of atonement and ask protection. Word is sent to the family of the dead one that the assassin wishes to pay the penalty for his deed. They all come rushing and crying "Blood for blood," but enter upon peace negotiations. It is agreed that the slayer shall make a memorial feast and pay four hundred and sixteen shee, the regular price for homicide. Every year thereafter he must sacrifice a sheep to the raemory of the slain one. Only one exception is made to the paying of that great penalty. If one of the family of the deceased is dangerously ill, the peacemaker announces that the sick one will die unless the murderer is forgiven. This is done; the slayer pays a smaller penalty: and, in this case, to the maternal side of the family. This custom of paying to the maternal side is undoubtedly a survival from the matriarchical times.

The Chevsurians have no money. The standards of value are the ox, the cow, the sheep and the horse. A stallion is equal to four cows, a mare to six, a cow to four sheep. A wound in the head which exposes the brain is worth sixteen cows; the same price is assessed for an injury to a leg or an arm. If one destroys the use of a thumb he must pay the sufferer five cows, four for the next finger, three for the next, two for that after, and one for the last. An eye costs thirty cows.

If A owes B one sheep and does not pay, B may select C, who pays him the sheep and requires two from F. If A does not pay, C may go to D to get his two sheep, while D demands four from A, and thus ad infinitum.

Very prominent among the Chevsurians are the Kadagiens or soothsayers. Next in importance are the Dasturiens or sacrificial priests. Their religion is mainly pagan with a few Christians and Mohammedan ceremonies. They are not monotheists. Sacred groves and altars everywhere to the gods of trees, etc., prove that. The "god of the east and west" and the "cuckoo" and "swallow," are prominent deities. The cat is an accursed animal among them.

Activity in Panama.

Panama, Sept. 20.—There is unusual activity along the line of the Panama Canal. A corps of engineers is expected to arrive soon with a new French steamer and preliminary operations will be begun in October, but extensive work on the excavations cannot be undertaken until the dry season, which begins in December.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing kidney and bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the Great South American Kidney Cure. You cannot afford to pass this magic relief and cure. Druggists.

THE "DUCHESS" AT HOME.

The Popular Irish Author of Many Clever Love Stories—How She Lives "Remote From the Haunts of Men."

Mrs. Hungerford is known to her immense circle of readers as the authoress of "Molly Bawn." Like a good many other women writers she did not care to put forth at first her own name in connection with her literary work. Now, however, she does not mind acknowledging that the "Duchess's" real self is the wife of an Irish gentleman and that she finds in the Emerald Isle all the material for her charming and brilliant studies of British social life.

The daughter of a well-known County Cork clergyman, Canon Hamilton, Mrs. Hungerford comes of a clerical and military stock; her first Irish ancester having come from Scotland in the reign of James I. Even when quite a child, she delighted in literary composition, and by the time she was 18 managed to spend a good many hours at story-writing. "Phyllis" was completed before she was 20, and was accepted by Mr. James Payn for Smith and Elder. Mr. Payn, as is his wont with young authors in whom he takes an interest, was exceedingly kind to the new Irish novelist and gave her many valuable hints which she has been able to carry out in her later works.

The "Duchess" resides near Randon, only an hour from Cork by rail. There the popular authoress lives remote from the haunts of men in an old-fashioned Irish house renowned for its hospitality, and surrounded by a husband and six children, who never find that her literary work interferes in any way with her duties as house-mother. She does all her writing during the morning hours in a room which, though supposed to be her study, is not secred from any household intruder. Were it not that Mrs. Hungerford possesses the secret of method, she could not get through all she does. Each story is the outcome of a bundle of notes taken at all times on odd scraps of paper—the back of a letter, the edge of a newspaper, or on the address side of a postcard. She is a conscientious worker and takes care that all her references and the bits of verses with which she embellishes her stories are correct and apposite. Not content with being a novelist, Mrs. Hungerford contrives to get through a certain amount of journalistic work. Most of her novels are syndicated in America, and also run through in serial form some prominent English society magazine.

Although very popular with her fellow writers and a member of the society of authors, Mrs. Hungerford can seldom find time to come to London, and she is thus much less known than many a less famous writer who has nothing like her record.

Small and dark, she has the vivacious Irish temperament, and thoroughly enters into all she does, be it work or play.

Act In the Present.

Are not most of us given too much to holding the grace of God as something for the next world? Don't we think too much of religion as a provision for the future, and of its blessings as things to be gotten in hand and enjoyed only when we reach heaven? Don't we fail to appreciate as we ought what Christ brings us of himself and of grace now, and which he wants us to use and enjoy in the present life? Wouldn't we commend the gospel far more effectively to the people of the world by teaching them that it has to do with now and this life as well as eternity and heaven? If a man has absolutely boundless wealth in his possession is he wise to hoard it all for some future "rainy" day, or doesn't he act more wisely to draw upon it for present necessities, and to enjoy and use it as he goes along?—Dr. McClintock.

"Shall we go out a little further, dear?" "Certainly not! How can the fellows see our new bathing costumes when we are in deep water?"

The optimist—Now as to woman, generally speaking—— The disagreeable man—Yes, she's generally speaking.—Chicago Tribune.

"Dear little hand!" he murmured as he kissed her hand and mentally reckoned up what the rings on it had cost him.—Harper's Bazar.

Mrs. Squib—Do you still think this new hat to big, dear? Mr. Squib—No'm, not now. I've been comparing it with the bill.—Chicago Record.

"I wish your mother were also my mother," said he, looking at her tenderly. "All right," she said, "I will be a sister to you."—New York Press.

"She is a great favorite with the male sex." "Yes." "Why doesn't she marry?" "Her numerous engagements prevent her."—New York Press.

Possible purchaser—Now, is this mule perfectly gentle? Uncle Mose—Well, sah, I nebbah knowed him to bite anybody yit.—Cincinnati Tribune.

"Can I see you apart for a moment?" "You mean alone, don't you?" "Yes; a loan—that's it, exactly. I want to borrow five."—Indianapolis Journal.

Banks—Here is a queer fashion item. It says baggy-kneed trousers are coming to the front. Rivers—Where else could they come?—Chicago Tribune.

Daughter (weeping)—Oh, papa, to day I enter already on my thirteenth year. Father—Calm yourself, child—it won't last long.—Fliegende Blaetter.

"Call him a veteran joke writer? Why, he is not more than 20 years old." "That is so; but his jokes are veterans all the same."—Indianapolis Journal.

She—I don't see you with Miss Gotrox any more. Have you and she had a misunderstanding? He—No; an understanding. She rejected me.—Brooklyn Life.

Easterly—You have no system of street sweeping in Prairie City, of course? Col. Kansas—Bless you, yes! The cyclones do that for us regularly.—New York Herald.

"What! haven't you named the baby yet?" Mamma—"No." "Can't find anything good enough?" Mamma—"N—no; can't find out which uncle is the richest."—Chicago Inter Ocean.

"The editor found a burglar in his room, and——" "Was killed by him?" "No; held the burglar up and got enough out of him to pay off a mortgage on the paper."—Atlanta Constitution.

Fat Man—Phew! How do you account for this unexpected hot wave? Weather Prophet—I think it must be on account of my buying a fall overcoat and a heavy derby.—New York Journal.

Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleasant to take; sure and effectual in destroying worms. Many have tried it with best results. d

Unlike the Dutch Process

No Alkalies

—OR—

Other Chemicals

are used in the preparation of

W. BAKER & CO.'S

Breakfast Cocoa

which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

THE LIGHTNING PHOTOGRAPHED.

An Interesting Exhibit at the Meeting of the Astronomical Society.

At the recent meeting of the Astronomical Society some photographs of the partially eclipsed moon were shown, taken at a 10-inch reflector, on the occasion of the eclipse of the 14th inst.

Mr. E. Staunton presented two successfully executed photographs of the lightning flash. On one of these the streak is seen to have formed a distinct loop, small, but on the negative particularly well defined. This phenomenon is very rarely noted in photos of the lightning.

The proposal to take some steps towards the erection of a popular observatory was discussed by the meeting, the views of several members elicited and the matter referred to the council of the society for consideration, with a recommendation to take immediate action.

To-Day

We prefer to sell you a thousand dollars worth of Shoes and average 1½ per cent. profit, than to sell you only fifty dollars worth at an advance of thirty per cent.

You will see these Shoes on our **Advertisement Table To-Day:**

Women's Dongola Kid Buttoned Boots, slip soles	$1 00
Women's Dongola Kid Buttoned Boots, Grey Bros., Syracuse	2 00
Women's Dongola Cross Strap Shoes, high heels, J. D. King & Co.	1 50
Women's Dongola Juliettes, patent leather front straps, G. T. Slater & Sons	2 25
Men's French Calf Congress or Lace Boots, razor toe, Chicago wing tips	2 50
Men's Dongola Congress or Lace Boots	1 50

GUINANE BROS.

MONSTER SHOE HOUSE,

214 YONGE-ST.

The Disinterested Verdict

is generally the just verdict. This is what we ask from the art-loving public on Saturday next when our new importations will be submitted for inspection. Our present idea is not to do business, but merely to have you look—the sales may be effected later. England, France, Italy, Germany, Austria, Holland, are all richly represented.

Ryrie Bros.

JEWELERS,

Cor. Yonge and Adelaide-sts.

Diamonds are Our specialty.

Some People

Won't buy Groceries at any other store. Have you ever tried us?

R. BARRON

Groceries, Provisions and Fruit,

726-728 YONGE-ST.

Telephone 3255.

BOTSFORD

84, 86, 88 & 90

YONGE-STREET

"THE JAMES EATON BANKRUPT STOCK."

BIG VALUES

THE crowds that shop here daily demonstrate their keen appreciation of Bankrupt Stock values for up-to-date goods. Indications are that people buy here because values are greater than in the ordinary way. Smart shoppers find lots to interest them in every department. Prices were always easy here, even in the old days. It's not difficult to understand how much more they're in favor of the buyer, under altered conditions.

THIS IS A BANKRUPT STOCK.

A simple statement of fact! You know all about it—how we came in possession of it and how it's going rapidly on its meritorious "goodness" and "cheapness." Departments and values are numerous—the latter in touch with your ideas of what prices should be during hard times. Positively unapproachable elsewhere—qualities considered.

LEADING STYLES

in Fall Fabrics of every character are a prominent feature of the Bankrupt Stock, extensive and unsurpassed, bought right in the first instance and sold under the hammer in the second. The greatest showing of "up-to-date" goods at quick-step prices ever placed on any counters in the city. It's your duty to come here early. First choice means considerable.

SPECIALS IN CLOAKS AND MANTLES.

Decided bargains wherever you pick. Beautiful creations of the European artists going at figures that'll not occur again in a lifetime. Bankrupt Stock prices—that's the whole story of the Mantle Rooms. A hint is enough to sharp buyers.

MEN'S CLOTHING.

The past day or so has strengthened the idea that this department is one of the foremost in the city, and thousands of lines to pick from. Prices possibly fifty per cent. less than under ordinary conditions. Fall Suits and Overcoats in Cheviots, Worsteds and Tweeds. Beavers and Meltons in leading shades.

STOP!

at the Staple Department before going out and ascertain the prices on Linens and Damasks. It's well worth your while in order to compare with prices elsewhere. The chances are though, you will buy before leaving. The same touch of right values permeates every department of the Big Store. Don't neglect coming.

CHATTELS.

Do not overlook the fact that in this immense stock of goods we are offering for sale the entire "chattels" of the former firm of which we quote. The following are a few:

2 Splendid Safes.
Handsome Shop Mirrors.
Gas Fixtures.
Counters
Several Fine Horses
And Delivery Wagons
With Harness and Fittings.
Soda Water Fountain.
Etc., Etc., Etc.

An exceptional opportunity is offered to parties requiring any of the above, which must be sold at once.

BOTSFORD,

84, 86, 88 and 90,

YONGE-STREET, TORONTO.

THE JAMES EATON BANKRUPT STOCK.

A Fair Price

goes as far here as extravagance elsewhere. Don't be fooled by a price nor caught by a catching penny.

McPherson Shoes

are marked in plain figures and the prices are invariably a good slump lower than anywhere else. Our Gents' $3.00 Calf and Shell Cordovan Welts in Bals and Congress are strictly "in it."

George McPherson

Canada's Greatest Shoe Store

186 YONGE-STREET.

CHICAGO FAIR

- - 1893 - -

WHAT THE JUDGES SAY OF OUR EXHIBIT.

TORONTO CARPET MANUFACTURING CO., LT.

CANADA.

DEPARTMENT H.—MANUFACTURES.

Exhibitor—Toronto Carpet Manufacturing Co.

Address—Toronto, Ont.

Group—103. *Class*—649.

Exhibit—Ingrain Carpet, Axminster Carpet.

- - AWARD - -

"INGRAIN CARPET."

The high standard of manufacture which the owners have adopted. Extra-super Ingrain, strictly standard in the number of "Ends," apparent in the dissection of warp. The high grade of filling yarns employed and careful attention to weaving minutiæ. Exceeding, in weight per yard, the commercial standard governing extra-super ingrains; also tastefulness of design, and for matching qualities incident to even selvedge and general uniformity.

"AXMINSTER CARPET."

Mew principles in fabrication, imparting unusual stability and weight to finished product. Tenacious grasp of pile, obtained by exceeding care in the process of tying-in the formative knots, numbering one hundred to the square inch. An improved method of backing which insures evenness of foundation and grateful wearing qualities.

(*Signed*) JOHN R. KENDRICK, *Individual Judge*

Approved: H. I. KIMBALL, *President Departmental Committee.*

(*Signed*) *Approved*: JOHN BOYD THACHER, *Chairman Executive Committee on Awards.*

Copyist: M.E.D.

Date: May 9, 1894. 5

CALEDONIA SELTZER

(from the Sulphur Spring). A better Table Water than any imported and beneficial to drink. All grocers and hotels sell it and J. J. McLAUGHLIN, 153 Sherbourne-street.

TO LET.

Sample Rooms on Scott and Wellington-sts.
Offices on Adelaide-street E., also
Flaton Scott-street.

Rent to suit. Apply to JOHN FISKEN & Co., 23 Scott-street.

357

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS CURES DYSPEPSIA:

"Life seemed a burden, the simplest food disagreed with me, and I was in misery from Dyspepsia, but two bottles of B.B.B. entirely freed me from it," says Miss L. A. Kuhn, Hamilton, Ont.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

A Magnificent Lot of

NEW WORSTED TROUSERINGS

Very Select Patterns from $4.00 per pair up, to Hand at

S. CORRIGAN,

113 Yonge-street.

Cor of Adelaide-street. Call and inspect.

FIXTURES

FOR

GAS AND ELECTRICITY

Designed and Manufactured by

THE KEITH & FITZSIMONS CO. LTD.

111 KING-STREET WEST

PRICES LOW.

Everybody Says

WEBB'S BREAD

Is the Best.

Telepnone 3907.

447 Yonge-st.

DAIRY BUTTER 20c and 22c.

CREAMERY BUTTER 25c.

The best place in the city to get MILK Everybody says it is the best.

KENSINGTON DAIRY, 453 1-2 Yonge-st