

GONE HOME.

Prorogation of Parliament—The Queen's Speech.

Britain's Relations with the Foreign Powers.

Projected Voyage to the North Pole via Balloon.

Died.

LONDON, Aug. 19.—Charles Gibson, the novelist, died at Yarmouth yesterday.

DUNELM, Aug. 19.—Justice Maish is dead.

To the North Pole via Balloon.

PARIS, Aug. 19.—The French aeronaut Esnault and the astronomer Herriot propose to make a balloon expedition to the North Pole, starting from Spitzbergen.

Pittsburg Sophistries.

LONDON, Aug. 19.—The News says the Behring Sea Blue Book shows the pitiful sophistries to which Mr. Blaine is resorting in trying to justify a high-handed proceeding. America's claim is repugnant to common sense, and only needs to be stated to defeat itself.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley.

PARIS, Aug. 19.—Stanley and his bride were not lionized in Paris. They have gone to Louvre. The explorer looks pale and thin. He expects to carry out his American engagements. Mrs. Stanley looks rosy and happy, and seems to enjoy taking care of her invalid husband.

The Potato Famine.

DUBLIN, Aug. 19.—In Skibbereen a measure of potatoes which last year sold at 4d now sells at 10d. The crop is certain to be lessened, and the famine fever has appeared in the Blasket Islands, on the western coast of Ireland.

LONDON, Aug. 19.—The potato blight in Ireland is extending to several districts in Leitrim and Mayo.

Servian Delegates Poisoned at a Banquet.

BELOGRADE, Aug. 19.—The commission of the Servian Congress party yesterday attended a banquet at Topala. Subsequently all the members of the commission were taken ill, and their symptoms showed they were suffering from arsenical poisoning. It is suspected arsenic was placed in the food intentionally, and that the crime was committed by political opponents of the Congress.

In Memory of Cardinal Newman.

LONDON, Aug. 19.—There were special sermons in all the Catholic churches Sunday on the late Cardinal Newman. Cardinal Manning will deliver the funeral oration in the Brompton Oratory Wednesday. The Chronicle says Major Storer will succeed Cardinal Newman. Rev. Mr. Massie, an American Episcopalian, declined to make special mention of Cardinal Newman's death, saying he could never forgive Newman's secession.

Birthdays of the Austrian Emperor.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 19.—A grand court dinner was given by the czar at Narva last evening. Yesterday was the anniversary of the birth of the Emperor of Austria, and the members of the Austrian Embassy at St. Petersburg in honor of the occasion were invited to and were present at the banquet. The czar and all his guests wore decorations of the various Austrian orders. The czar and Empress William proposed toasts to the ruler of Austria.

German Gush.

VIENNA, Aug. 19.—At the close of the concert in Festhaus Sunday the burgomaster of Nuremberg proclaimed the union of all German-speaking races in peace on the battlefield. This caused prodigious enthusiasm. An archduke descended from the imperial box to the stage and thanked the burgomaster, saying: "I fully concur in the sentiment you have expressed and will report them to the Emperor." The Austrian and German conductors publicly embraced and there was general kissing and hugging on the stage. Afterwards a telegram arrived from Emperor William.

The Imperial Picnic.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 19.—When the Emperor of Germany arrived at Narva he was greeted in the uniform of the Viborg regiment and wore the decoration of the Russian Order of St. Andrew. The czar was in the uniform of the Alexander Regiment, and on his breast the decoration of the German Order of the Black Eagle. The czar, with his family, the Russian Ambassador to Germany, and a number of other prominent personages accompanied the czar and received his Majesty at the railway station. After the members of the czar's and Empress's suites had been presented to each other the czar and Empress were driven to the Polywizoff Villa, where the czar extended a hearty welcome to the imperial guests. A large crowd lined the route from the station and cheered the czar and Empress. The arrangements for the czar and Empress were given. Emperor William presented the czar and Empress with a splendid carriage. At luncheon the czar toasted Emperor William and Empress Francis Joseph. Emperor William, replying in Russian, proposed the health of the czar.

The Queen's Speech.

LONDON, Aug. 19.—Parliament was prorogued yesterday. The Queen's speech says that the relations of the Majesty's Government with the foreign powers continue to be pacific. Friendly attention has been called to the inconveniences which might arise from a possible conflict over territorial claims in Africa. Therefore the powers mainly concerned with the purpose of defining the boundaries with which should be confined. The arrangements with Germany, closing the most difficult of the questions, was complete, and her Majesty's Ministers laid before Parliament the history of those negotiations. The agreement of the cession of Heligoland to Germany. The speech then announces the arrangement with France whereby the French Algerian territory is separated from that of the British Niger Colony. The agreement for a British protectorate over Zanzibar and the placing of Madagascar under the protection of the French is also explained. With regard to the Behring Sea complex, her Majesty informs Parliament that she offered to submit them to arbitration for settlement. The speech states that the case of the Newfoundland and French fisheries dispute is one which is occupying the anxious attention of the Government.

UNDER THE SEMAPHORE.

Grand Trunk Reports Show a Prosperous Half Year.

The Grand Trunk accounts for the half year show receipts of \$292,000, balance, \$116,400; admitting a full dividend on the 4th cent, and 7 shillings per cent. on the first preference.

The Northern Pacific and Manitoba road has been leased to the Northern Pacific for 100 years.

Contractors for the Denver and Ohio Grande Railway touched off a blast of a ton of powder, nearly demolishing the village of Redfield.

Traffic from Southwestern Missouri River points to Chicago on the packing-house products and live stock will be advanced on the 25th inst.

It is said at Indianapolis that the Travelers' Protective Association has boycotted the Chicago division of the Big Four because it employs ticket collectors.

The Wabash people say they will have their short line from Montpelier to Chicago ready for operation by next June. This will give the Wabash a line 35 miles shorter than that of either of its competitors between Chicago and Detroit.

The Kingston Car Works will complete a contract for 300 flat cars for the Canadian Pacific this week. Work for the Canadian Pacific will then be proceeded with.

A Montreal dispatch says: "The topic amongst brokers yesterday was the remarkable advance in Grand Trunk Railway securities in London from 7½ for first preference and 48½ for seconds to 7½ and 50½ respectively. This must be due to the half-year's statement, which shows a substantial gain in passenger earnings. The working expenses of the road have been lessened, and the Chicago and Milwaukee connection is more profitable than ever. The arrangement has been more economical and efficient, and the statement will also point out the reasons why next year's showings should be even more satisfactory."

BUILDINGS BURNED.

WYOMING, Ont., Aug. 19.—The residence of Thomas Mead, machine agent, was burned early Sunday morning. Mr. Mead received severe injuries in jumping to the ground. He was forced to leave his pocketbook, containing \$200, behind.

LINDSAY, Ont., Aug. 19.—Fire started on Sunday in the lumber yards of Killaly & Kennedy, and spread to the residence of M. G. H. Hopkins, town solicitor, who fortunately escaped with slight loss. Killaly & Kennedy's loss is about \$1,200.

QUINCY, Aug. 19.—New has been received from Rio, county Rimouski, stating that a Roman Catholic Church there was completely destroyed by fire Monday morning, caused by a lamp exploding. Nothing was saved. Loss about \$40,000; about \$8,000 insurance.

HALIFAX, Aug. 19.—The steam sawmill of J. Lyons Hatfield at Tusket was destroyed by fire Saturday night. Loss about \$6,000; no insurance.

MONTREAL, Aug. 19.—Pierre Cadoret's grocery store, Ontario street, was completely destroyed by fire Monday morning. Mr. Cadoret's family and one that lived in the third story above him had barely time to escape from the building. They had not time to dress. Loss about \$12,000.

President Harrison's Birthday.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—The President will be 57 years of age Wednesday, and will spend the day at Cape May with his family.

Dynamite Blasts Fired by Lightning. LOUISVILLE, Ky., Aug. 19.—Lightning last evening fired a number of dynamite blasts where the Government engineers are blasting out the channel over the falls of the Ohio River. All the workmen employed at the site were killed, and one escaped except Foreman Keegan who was paralyzed by the shock and had his leg broken by flying rocks.

Quebec Crops. MONTREAL, Aug. 19.—In the vicinity of Montreal the weather was good for farmers a very favorable opportunity to save the hay crop, which is about an average one. The crop is now looking better. Corn is likewise a good crop. Other grain crops are barely up to the average. The potatoes are good and the yield likely to be better than for years past. The apple crop is to all appearance a failure.

A Twelve-Year-Old Hero. KINGSTON, Ont., Aug. 19.—While some boys were swimming off the Cataragi bridge on Saturday, one of them, John McDonald, became exhausted and fell. Frank Clark, who is only 12 years of age, saw his chum drowning, gallantly plunged in, and diving down brought McDonald to the surface and got him safely to the pier. Such bravery in one so young is very seldom seen.

Quatemala and Salvador. NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—A dispatch to the Herald from San Salvador says that the terms of a treaty of peace have been arranged between Guatemala and Salvador most favorable to Salvador. All the points demanded by Ezeiza have been conceded by the Guatemalan Government. There has been an entire cessation of hostilities. Nicaragua and Costa Rica had decided to become the allies of Salvador. Honduras had promised to become the ally of Guatemala.

Suicide at Windsor. WINDSOR, Aug. 19.—Elijah J. Zimmerman, a barber employed at the Davenport Hotel, committed suicide early yesterday morning by taking a four-ounce dose of strychnine. Dr. Crisafianka was called, but could not save the man's life. He was a single man and has relatives in Springfield, Ohio. On the body was found an insurance policy for \$2,000 and \$71.90 in cash. Written on a sheet of paper was the following: "I am tired of life, and to enjoy myself seems impossible."

The Royal Tomplars. MONTREAL, Aug. 19.—It required all the courage that the Royal Tomplars possess to remain in camp. The ground was soaked and sodden, but this morning they turned out happy in the consciousness of duty done. Sunday night the lead scolded and left for Hamilton. Yesterday was law and order day, and called for a full muster of the Knights. At 2:30 they were reviewed, and at 3 came the reception of the annual address of the commander-in-chief, followed by the ceremony of conferring the stars of fulfillment and the meeting of the Supreme Council of the order. There was a platform meeting in the evening, at which the speakers were Colonel Edwin Dudley, of Boston, and Hon. J. Mercer Langston, of Washington.

LAST MOMENT DISPATCHES.

Smallpox is epidemic in Guerrero, in the State of Tamaulipas.

Election returns from Alabama show a Democratic majority of 95,000.

A dispatch from Montevideo says the financial situation there is worse.

The census is expected to show that the population of the United States is 64,000,000.

It is altogether probable that General Grant's remains will be removed from Riverside Park to Washington.

The Pope has prepared a rescript for the International Social Science Congress to be held in Belgium in September.

The Government of the Argentine Republic proposes to put a tax on tobacco. The gold premium is now 165.

About 4,000 Toronto Orangemen, with their friends, will leave Hamilton Monday and hold a big demonstration.

The London Standard's Berlin correspondent says Gen. Von Wittich is to succeed Vernoy as Minister of War.

Later reports of the wreck of a construction train near Barle, say one man was killed and eighteen badly injured.

Dr. George C. Lorimer, the noted pastor of Immanuel Baptist Church, Chicago, is lying in a most critical condition.

Pateros, N. J., is afflicted with a most fatal disease. Only one fresh meat has reached the city from Chicago since Friday last.

Hon. Oliver Mowat, who has been at Lisbon, N. H., has gone to Boston, Mass., for a week and will return home on the 25th.

Farmers in Prince Edward county who have threshed barley and fall wheat express themselves generally satisfied with the result.

J. McNeice, a well-known St. Catharines street (Toronto) cigar dealer, has assigned with liabilities of \$5,000, at the demand of S. Davis & Son.

The Irish Plot at Milwaukee, Wis., on Monday, was attended by from 8,000 to 10,000 people and added many thousands of dollars to the Parnell fund.

"The Chicago lake front is no longer considered a site for the fair," said President Gage, of the World's Fair directors Monday. The site is yet to be determined upon.

Several steamers of the new Russo-Servian line have arrived at Raduzhitz on the lower Danube bringing 75,000 Serbian rifles and 2,500,000 cartridges for the Servian military committee.

The body of Elzar Dautell, one of the chief clerks of the patent branch, Agricultural Department, Ottawa, was found in the canal Monday. A small sum of money and marks of violence were found on him. He had been missing since Friday.

The conference of Anglican delegates of the same name as the others, but their right to organize and select the organization they wish to belong to is a question of the day. The organization can possibly be. Surely we have a right to question why the men were charged with the duty of organizing in this case is yet to be determined. Who is to determine the right of the men to organize? Both parties, and if an impartial verdict is to be reached, the men must be heard. The men are to be heard both sides and then judging. The men will be heard both sides and then judging. The men will be heard both sides and then judging.

Snow in Colorado. DENVER, Col., Aug. 19.—A very light snow fell last night.

Several Persons Killed. TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 19.—A telegram from Barle, twelve miles south of here, says a railroad wreck has occurred. Seven persons were killed and fourteen wounded.

The Last of the Wyandottes. UPRR, Aug. 19.—Margaret Solomon, better known as Mother Solomon, the last of the tribe of Wyandotte Indians, died near here yesterday.

Lottery Officers Slip with the Cash. KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 19.—The Journal says that the Lottery Company, which recently opened headquarters in Kansas City, Kan., has closed its office and its officers have fled after having obtained \$20,000 from the sale of tickets, leaving all prizes unpaid.

Four Drowned. SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 19.—A sail boat containing a pleasure party of four persons was capsized by wind on Crystal Springs bay, San Mateo county, Sunday, and the occupants drowned. The party comprised A. P. Lawrence, S. P. Quinn, Nellie McNamara and Lizzie Garlan.

A Long Drive. WINDSOR, Aug. 19.—A farmer has arrived here from the vicinity of the town of Aberdeen, South Dakota, having driven the whole distance, over 300 miles, to settle in Manitoba. He has been vainly endeavoring for the past seven years to make a living from three quarter sections of land in South Dakota.

A Mine Disaster. SCRANTON, Pa., Aug. 19.—The central breaker of the Delaware Lackawanna and Western Company was burned yesterday. The loss is \$100,000. Fully 500 men and boys are thus out of employment. Nine men and 50 miles were in the mine at the time of the fire, but were rescued by means of the air shaft and slope.

Destitution in Quebec. QUEBEC, Aug. 19.—Le Canadien appeals to the leaders of the Ottawa and Quebec Governments in order to provide work for the population of the counties below Quebec, whose crops are a total failure. Le Canadien ascertains that thousands of families are preparing to leave the country, and unless the Government can be persuaded to push ahead in order to provide these families with daily bread an emigration will take place which will be ruinous to the Dominion.

A Gallant Rescue. HAMILTON, Aug. 19.—Mr. F. W. Fearman, who is holidaying at his Muskoka residence at La Salle, opposite Beamsville, saved the life of one of his servant girls last evening. While two were sitting on the bank the third became exhausted in the water and sank. At first the other girls thought they were playing, but when they realized the girl was actually drowning their screams brought to the spot Mr. Fearman, who was the only gentleman at home. Mr. Fearman jumped into the water with clothing and succeeded in saving the girl. A hard struggle with the drowning girl, in bringing her safe to land, Mr. Fearman was much exhausted after the gallant rescue. He was the first life he saved from drowning. During his life he has saved fourteen or fifteen persons from finding watery graves.

THE GREAT STRIKE.

Correspondence Between Powderly and Vice-President Webb.

The Railway Company Decline Any Offer of Arbitration.

Miles on Miles of Perishable Freight Side-Track.

A Crisis Imminent—The Lake Firemen and Grain Shovelers Ready to Join the Strikers.

New York, Aug. 19.—Vice-President Webb last night made public the correspondence between Mr. Powderly and himself.

Mr. Powderly on Saturday wrote that he expected by Monday to have completed his inquiry into the cause of the strike, and he would be glad if an interview could be arranged for Monday morning to discuss the question of arbitration of the difference between the company and its K. of L. employees who were discharged from the West Albany and severely beaten.

Forty-five railroad men were brought from Chicago to New York on Saturday to work in the Central yards there. When they arrived in New York they were huddled into a car and brought to Albany to go to work in the West Albany yards, but not before all but 24 of them had slipped away in trying to get to the city.

One of the men, who is now at East Albany, said they were hired by a saloon-keeper in Chicago, who told them the strike was ended, and that they were to take the places of men who would not go back. On learning the true condition of affairs they refused to go to work.

The situation of the strike in this city is about the same as on the 10th. The claim it intended no interruption of the passenger service on the Central, merely being satisfied with trying to stop the freight traffic. The Pinkerton force at West Albany was increased to 600 men last night, and an additional number of Winchesters was distributed among them.

The strikers held a secret meeting in the city, but before doing so the Executive Board of D. A. 246 posted the following bulletin: "We have just learned that Robert Pinkerton has detailed a squad of his cut-throats to mingle among our men. You will be on your guard and give all suspicious characters a very wide berth."

MEETING OF LABOR LEADERS. NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—Grand Master Workman Powderly and Secretary Hayes of the K. of L. arrived here this morning. Grand Chief Sargent of the Federation of Labor, E. E. Wilkinson, of the Trainmen's association, Chairman George Howard of the Railway Conductors, and Grand Master Sweeney of the Switchmen's Mutual Aid Association, are at the Grand Central Hotel. Up to 11 o'clock no meeting of the leaders was held.

PREPARING FOR A FIREMEN'S STRIKE. Mr. Webb said to-day: "For the past few days I have been making arrangements for getting a new force of firemen in case those on the road should go out, and have succeeded so far that any delay from that cause would only be temporary. Firemen are being assembled from the firemen on my own road to convince me that in case they are ordered out a number of them will not stop every particle of freight traffic, close up every yard and keep them closed until I have obtained a sufficient number of new firemen to resume the freight traffic. I think I can accomplish within 48 hours, my road will expand, \$2,000,000 to win, and in my action I am backed up by the stockholders."

A CRITICAL POINT REACHED. NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—Mr. Powderly, when asked by a reporter about the settlement of the trouble, said: "Matters with the N. Y. C. have reached a most serious critical point, and one that will interest the people of this country more than they imagine. At the present time I do not mean to say that there will be a general strike, and I do not deny that there will be a meeting of the General Executive Board of the K. of L., which will be attended by the representatives of trainmen, firemen, switchmen and conductors, associations, and at that meeting final action will be taken."

THE SITUATION AT ALBANY. ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 19.—There has been no trouble here to-day up to noon and none is anticipated. Five freight trains of 30 cars each passed through the city this morning from West Albany yards South. The yardmen at West Albany said this morning they had \$25 cents to man freight trains. Supplement says it will be but a short time when full freight traffic will be resumed.

TRADE CHIFFLED. PITTSBURGH, Pa., Aug. 19.—Orders were received at the Coxton shipping yards of the Lehigh Valley Company yesterday to hold all out bills to points along the New York Central.

LABOR NOTES. A strike of journeymen plumbers is threatened at Milwaukee.

The Past Master Workman of the K. of L. in Alabama has written a letter to the secretary of District Assembly 49, of New York city, saying the order is rapidly going to pieces in that State.

The New York brickmen have decided not to ship any bricks to points where the boycott of the band of walking delegates exists, and after Thursday no more bricks will be sent to New York, Brooklyn or Jersey City.

At Pittsburgh the situation of the machinists' strike for nine hours is decidedly favorable to the men. Less than a dozen firms still hold out, and the strikers are confident that all will concede the demands in a few days.

One thousand men are now out of employment at Lynn, Mass., owing to the morocco fishers' strike. Although the fishers of one factory are alone directly concerned in the strike. There are indications that the union will call out the tanners and beamsters.

The men belonging to the Southampton Dock Laborers' Union threaten to strike unless they are given an advance in wages to 61 per hour for regular day work, and to 84 per hour for overtime.

No settlement of the Springhill (N. S.) coal miners' strike has been effected, although daily conferences are held between the manager and men, and things look favorable for an early termination of the disastrous strike. The strike has lasted eight weeks, at a loss of \$120,000 to the men. The firemen and engineers had been allowed to continue work until Friday night when they were ordered to quit. Once the pumps are idle the whole underground workways will quickly be flooded and the mine ruined.

A CRISIS. The Executive Committee of the Supreme Council of the Federation of Railway

Brotherhoods went east at 10:30 last night. They were by the matter before Vice-President Webb. One of the two things will result. Either Webb will uphold Division Supt. Burrows here, or he will arbitrate with the committee. If the latter, all well turned to Buffalo, and John Devlin, who will be on from the west in time to take charge of the strike will order out all the men belonging to the Brotherhoods named. Delegates yesterday canvassed local labor assemblies, and found them favorable to the strikers, and grain-shovelers will strike at the drop of a hat if the Central men are called out.

ALL QUIET AT ALBANY. ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 19.—There was no trouble at the Van Wort street crossing up to 2 o'clock yesterday. A number of freight trains passed through the city, but the police say not one of them was stopped or forced.

Chas. B. Dillon, a Central Railroad passenger conductor, while proceeding down town to go out on a train was set upon by three of the striking yardmen from West Albany and severely beaten.

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CAIRNCROSS & LAWRENCE
Chemists and Druggists, London, Ont.

IN THE SCALES OF JUSTICE.

Several Weighed by Magistrate Parker and Found Wanting—A Number of Strong Liquor Dealers, and One of Water Wasting.

A batch of Civic Holiday drunks came up at the Police Court this morning and Magistrate Parker proportioned the penalties according as he considered the victims were deserving.

Patrick McCue, was given six days, as ample time in which to sober up.

Edward Walker, who came from Stratford, became a little too enthusiastic in his Civic Holiday celebration. He said he had never been arrested before, and if his Honor would allow him to go he would start for Woodstock immediately. "Wait till the court's over and a policeman will start you in the right direction," was the consolation given him by the Magistrate.

Joseph Lynch had been suffering with the same complaint, and endeavored to relieve himself by raising a racket around the house. His wife was in court and testified that he wasn't a bad husband when sober, and had given her every cent of his wages Saturday night. He was allowed to go on suspended sentence.

James Calder went out to see the ball game at Queen's Park, and became involved in a pugilistic encounter with another young man. Calder said he was perfectly sober and was acting on the defensive, but the Magistrate thought otherwise, and mulcted him to the extent of \$1.

Richard Smith, also, attended the ball game at Queen's Park, but as the policemen alleges, was drunk, disorderly, cursing and swearing. Smith denied this and called in a witness to prove his statement. The witness would not swear that Smith was quite sober or that he did not swear a little. Penalty—\$4 or five days.

Mr. John Wolfe appeared to answer for watering his lawn during the prohibited hours. "What do you say, Mr. Wolfe?" asked the Magistrate. "I did not know that any water had been used, but I was told there was," replied Mr. Wolfe. "One dollar, sir," was the response.

Several liquor cases next came up for consideration. The hearing of the charge against Wm. A. Small was further enlarged until Friday, and that of Henry W. Ryan until Monday. Three charges were entered against James McDonald. He was fined \$20 on one and the others were withdrawn.

Harry Walsh was fined \$20 on one charge and another was enlarged. A fine of \$40 was inflicted on Michael Purcell for a breach of the Liquor License Act within 36 hours after he had been fined for a previous offense.

The Plain English of Protection.

Take it from the very first—that protection can increase prosperity; that protection can stimulate industry. How? How?—merely ask yourself that. By giving to some industries—or, rather, to the capitalists engaged in those industries—by giving to them more than they would otherwise get. That, in plain English, is the whole mode and method. (Cheers.) A protective duty that affords no encouragement—that is to say, does not give to someone more than he would otherwise get—is not protection at all. Now, what is involved in that giving to someone more than he would otherwise get? Does it not necessarily involve the taking away from someone else what he otherwise would have? (Cheers.) We encourage an industry—we can encourage an industry or several industries, or maybe, a good many industry—by means of tariff duties which raise the price of the things produced; but though we mean in that way to encourage some industries, it must necessarily be by discouraging others. What can we do in the way of encouraging by protective duty that could not be done more easily, cheaper and more certainly by a bounty? If we took money out of the treasury by way of duties which engaged in particular industries we would be accomplishing directly and certainly what is the aim of our protective duties. Can we imagine that industry would be encouraged by the bounty system? One or two, or a few industries might be, but where is the bounty to come from? I think, as a matter of pure, simple justice, every rational protectionist—I mean, everyone who is rational as to other things (applause and laughter)—will agree with me that legislation which favors individuals or classes is unjust; and whatever a government does, or any people do in their collective capacity, ought to favor or to bear upon all alike. (Applause.) You can't apply that principle by