

House of Assembly.

(Continued from page 5.)

we get the best men possible to fill official positions. He was glad to see that the Government was not about to dismiss those who were actively opposed to them but would like to see how they were going to deal with those who assisted them. Mr. Ashbourne referred to the finances of the country and expressed the hope that the government would endeavor to make two ends meet. He also touched briefly on the question of government by Minute-of-Council, which he condemned. In conclusion he hoped the criticism of the Opposition would be helpful and stated that his desire as a member of the House was to do his best for his District of Twillingate and the country at large.

Captain Randall after congratulating the Speaker and the Mover and Second of the Address thought the introduction of new Mood into the Assembly would help the debates and to clear up many difficult points which we have to face in the future. Dealing with matters that came to his notice in the political campaign he referred to the encouragement of the fisheries and promised to support anything to that end even to the granting of a bonus. Another thing, he said, in which we are all interested is the matter of loans and he felt that our duty to-day is to get down our expenditures to a level commensurate with our ability to pay, and to do no more borrowing.

As he father of a family should not incur responsibility that his son must meet. He was not in favor of any borrowing. No government had any right to borrow and hand down a legacy for future generations to meet. Another point he mentioned was in connection with the charges on shipping. He said that the port of St. John's might easily be the repair shop of the North Atlantic. But as a matter of fact conditions were such as to almost prohibit ships from coming here except driven in by stress of weather. Our Customs regulations are so worded that a ship coming in on the last day of December pays her full port charges if she leaves on the first day of January. He also wished to call attention to the rates of passage of men going away to Canada and the United States on the Government Railway. A man who goes away and earns \$500 for his family is just as much a producer as the man who goes to the Labrador fishery. Yet a man who goes to Labrador gets a fisherman's ticket while the other has to pay the full fare. In conclusion he said that any bill brought before the House that would be for the good of the country he would be proud to support.

Mr. Halfyard in speaking about the unemployment of the last two or three years said that in Trinity the fishermen had been badly off because no fish had come to the shores. Formerly when the fish came in the months of July or August the fishermen had supplies to last until November or December. But the last two or three years the merchant only gave supplies for one month. There were no fish caught and the merchant would not supply any more. The fishermen had to appeal to the representative of his district for a pass to go to the Humber or some other place. Nobody but the Government would help these people.

Thousands of dollars were given out in relief where the party would often run the risk of starving to death if relief was delayed until it was ascertained whether relief was really needed. In speaking further he referred to Minute of Council Government and said that according to the Speech from the Throne if there is any more legislation introduced there would be very little done unless by Minute of Council. He referred to Mr. Monro's Manifesto where he says that a bounty would be given to the fishermen. He said that also would have to be done by Minute of Council if the fishermen are to get the benefit of it next fall. He also felt sure that a Minute of Council would be necessary to cope with the situation with the Company would terminate in December of this year.

He said that it would be of no use to appoint an Executive at all, if it were not to do those things which are for the interest of the country and necessary when the House of Assembly is not in session. Of course, the Executive Government would make mistakes. The very best Executive Governments have made them and will be still making them. They have made mistakes when they acted with the very best of intentions. He remembered that during the past three or four years everything was against the Executive of which he was a member. They would do certain things to relieve the unemployment situation. Things happened two or three months afterwards altogether contrary to what had been expected and it was impossible to take any measures to combat them. The Government has to deal with the British Empire Steel Corporation in connection with the continuation of the operation of the mines at Bell Island. If there has not been some change lately then the Government is going to have trouble in this connection. Capt. Randall, said Mr. Halfyard, was speaking on the railway. There has been nothing settled, although the House of Assembly had decided that there should be three men elected to form a Railway

Commission. It acted in that capacity until 30th of April, and if the Government wanted results then it should act. The Commission had some experience in importation, and perhaps it was useful to Mr. Russell. He had no acquaintance with the Prime Minister but from what he had heard and what had come before his notice he was of opinion that what had been done was in the best interest of the country. However, the Prime Minister speaking the other day said that in the election campaign promises had been made as other political parties had made promises in the past. He thought that the party that made promises could not last. It might get through a few years but in a short time it would come to grief. The Prime Minister made the statement boldly and still the Government is going to clean things up. That is the wrong track. The Prime Minister is not only responsible for his own action but also for the doings and the sayings of the members of the Executive, and he gave the Prime Minister the benefit of the doubt. With regard to what the Government proposed to do with regard to dismissals he was in full accord. But he knew of cases in which a man was dismissed and the Prime Minister and the Executive Government had known nothing about it. He felt that the Government would have to compromise. There were cases in which men displaying no party connection were dismissed. Mr. Halfyard then said that he did not intend at this juncture to make a long speech and with that he closed his remarks.

Mr. Hickman moved that the debate be adjourned until the next sitting. The Prime Minister explained that it had been considered advisable not to have the House in session on Wednesday. Mr. Warren gave notice of question. The Prime Minister gave notice that on to-morrow he would move the House into Committee of the whole to consider certain resolutions entered into between the Government and the Newfoundland Milling Company Limited.

In reply to questions No. 1 of the Order Paper the Minister of Posts and Telegraphs made the following statements:—

Arrangements are being made for the distribution of the mails in the District of Port aux Basques by motor boats. The "Wren" has been taken off the route because the cost of the service was out of all proportion to the service rendered.

The Glencoe was taken off because it was found that the Portia can perform all the services alone.

The Sebastopol has been taken off Bay of Islands and pending further arrangements a small steamer is employed for a few trips.

The "Wren" will be replaced by motor boats at a probable saving of \$25,000.00.

The Sebastopol was costing \$4,500.00 per month while a small steamer can be had for a thousand or less saving in eight months about \$25,000.00.

Taking off the Glencoe means a saving of say \$35,000.00.

No steamer will be sent to Northern Labrador this season saving \$25,000.00. Total saving \$113,000.00.

In reply to No. 2 of the Order Paper relative to House of Assembly appointments the Prime Minister made the following statement:—

Chas. E. Hunt replaces E. L. Carter as Law Clerk; Reuben Parsons replaces A. Targett as Sergeant-at-Arms; J. G. Muir replaces John Barron as Supervisor of Debates; W. J. O'Neill replaces John Brown as Compiler of Synopses; Chas. Whitten replaces Robert Walsh as Speaker's attendant. As messengers John Gray, Ed. Butt, Thos. Walsh, Wm. Coonan replace R. Butler, Chas. Tucker, Jno. Snelgrove and Stan Breen.

As door keepers Edward Earles, John Burt, Thos. Martin replace H. Morey, Thos. Eustace and Moses Strong. These changes are made at the discretion of the Government and the Commission of Internal Economy in pursuance of the usual custom.

ORDER OF THE DAY.

The Bill to amend the War Pensions' Act was read a second time.

The Minister of Justice explained in this connection that there were originally three members of the War Pensions Board. One member, Mr. Clift had died and the remaining members had been given the power of action of the original three. There is at present one member of the Board. The Great War Veterans have recommended the appointment of Commander R. A. Howley and J. C. Pratt and these men have offered to serve without recompense. Their offer has been accepted and it is now proposed to make three members of the Board

and the expense will be much less than it has been.

The Bill to amend Chapter 86 of the Consolidated Statutes, Third Series, entitled an act relating to Stipendiary Magistrates and Justices of the peace, was read a second time.

The Minister of Justice explained that formerly on many occasions when it had been necessary to send magistrates out of their own districts into others, it was very inconvenient because the old act provided that these men were to have the powers of magistrates only in their own district. It was now proposed to make any man appointed as Stipendiary Magistrate a Stipendiary Magistrate and a Justice of the Peace for the whole island. At present he said we have two or three very excellent magistrates and at times it is found necessary to transfer them for temporary work in other quarters. He thought the House would be wise in adopting this amendment.

Second reading of bill to amend the Election Act, 1913. At the request of the Hon. Minister of Justice Mr. Halfyard moved that the second reading of this bill be deferred until to-morrow.

The Colonial Secretary tabled the Annual Report of the Registrar General for the year ending December 31st, 1923.

The Prime Minister tabled the Annual Report of the Department of Education for the year 1923-24.

Mr. Scammell gave notice of questions.

Mr. Warren in seconding the motion for an adjournment, asked the leader of the Government if there were any new arrangements made with regard to reporting of the debates of the House. He understood that some change was made in the system and he wanted to know if it was put in operation.

Mr. Warren—By whom is the synopsis prepared?

Hon. Minister of Justice, speaking as a member of the Internal Economy Commission, said it was being prepared by the regular reporting staff. This system, he said, was being tried as an experiment to see how it worked out, and as this was not likely to be a long session it was thought an opportunity to try out the system. Years ago, without the Hansard, speeches were got from the back files of old papers months after they were delivered. That system was abandoned and the idea of having a Hansard was adopted. The Hansard was found both expensive and unsatisfactory, and it is now proposed to try the system of a digest of the speeches, and he thought this method will be found economical.

Mr. Grimes asked if this system was definitely decided upon.

Hon. Minister of Justice replied that there was nothing definitely done beyond what is done now.

The House adjourned until Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Scouting

Earl Hall's visit has undoubtedly left a deep impression on the minds of the boys and girls of Newfoundland who had the privilege of taking part in the various functions during "Hag Week." To have had the honor of being inspected by—and marching past the Field Marshal at St. George's Field, on Wednesday, 2nd July, is one of which they may well feel proud and retain happy memories.

The Scouts are indebted to Lieut. Col. Rendell, C.B.E., Commanding the C.L.B. Cadets, by whose permission the C.L.B. Band, under Capt. Morris, "played them past" on that occasion. They also very much appreciate the happy relations existing among the various organizations working for the advancement of the boys and girls of the Dominion. The Scouts of St. John's were particularly fortunate in having among them a patrol from each of the troops at Gr. Grace, Carbonear, Bay Roberts and Grand Falls, as well as various officers. One lad had never before visited St. John's, and thoroughly enjoyed all he saw. The visit of the Outpost Scouts was only made possible by the generosity of C. P. Ayre, M.B.E., Hon. Sir M. G. Winter, who placed Cavendish House at their disposal, and the Government who granted concessions over the railway. Scoutmasters Crocker and Willis did all possible to entertain their guests and took on extra duties during the week. The Sea Scouts, under Scoutmaster Purdon, rendered first aid to over sixty "casualties" during the functions, whilst during the unrolling ceremony, 6th St. John's greatly assisted the Police, under Inspector General Hitchings, J.P., O.B.E., in keeping a fairway open for the official cars. This Troop is now in camp near Round Pond and had the honor of a visit by His Excellency Sir W. L. Allardice, K.C.M.G., Chief Scout; Hon. Tasker Cook and C. P. Ayre, M.B.E., on Sunday afternoon. After a thorough inspection of the camp by His Excellency, the Troop took up the horseshoe formation and were addressed by the Chief Scout, who congratulated them on the neatness of the camp, and gave them a message of encouragement and hope for the future, which was very much appreciated by the officers and lads, who gave their Chief three hearty cheers. Hon. Tasker Cook also spoke and welcomed the lads to "Camp Tasker." Acting Chief Commissioner H. A. LeMessurier was in attendance.

Captain Ayre, M.C., and his officers may well feel proud of the camp arrangements which are as perfect as can be and show great care and ingenuity. The sanitary arrangements, grease traps, plate racks, receptacles of all sorts, made from material found on the spot, are excellent. The camp fire appeared most tempting, and no doubt when the day is done the camp fire ceremonies are both enjoyable and instructive. All are thoroughly "bronzed" by the sun and appear to have enjoyed every minute of their stay in camp. It is hoped the other troops in the city will be able to arrange a joint camp and be as fortunate with the weather, as the 6th have been. The Scout Council are much indebted to fourteen Rotarians who have generously offered to "father" fourteen under privileged lads, and hope very shortly to place this number in existing Troops in order that they may start their Scout life in camp, if possible.

Dutch Island in Philippines

BOUGHT BY UNITED STATES.

MANILA, July 11.—(A.P.)—The United States government has entered into negotiations with the Netherlands government to bring under the American flag Palmas Island, situated about 50 miles southeast of the province of Davao, Island of Mindanao.

Palmas Island was ceded to the United States by Spain in the treaty of Paris in 1898, but the Dutch flag which has flown over it for nearly a century, has never been taken down. Although the people of Palmas are virtually all of Philippine origin and the island a part of the Philippine archipelago, the Dutch have assumed sovereignty over the 500 inhabitants.

McMurdo's Store News

OUR PRESCRIPTION DEPT.

Our Dispensing Department is fitted up to give you the best service in prescription work. Our Drugs and Chemicals are as pure as can be had, as we buy only from first class houses. Only qualified Druggists dispense and strict adherence to the Doctor's order is our motto. We have connection with this department and our messengers are at your service. Give us a trial. Our prices are reasonable and we guarantee prompt service.

Inventors Company Fails

New York, N.J., July 12.—Thomas A. Edison, attempting to follow in the footsteps of his father has met with financial reverses which have resulted in a company formed to exploit two of his inventions going into the hands of receivers. Failure of the inventions to become commercial successes resulted in the Econometer Manufacturing Company of Orange finding itself in the hands of a receiver. The company manufactured the econometer, a gasoline saving device, and a period timer for Ford automobiles. The younger Edison, Deatrice M. Edison and E. D. and assets \$18,634, inclusive of a \$10,634 patent value. This amount of assets could not be realized at a forced sale, it was stated.

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