L TORPEDO ENTED IN AUSTRIA.

Nov. 4—The Zeit, reliable of the Aus- ers on military mat- rs today that Louis prominent engineer, ted on aerial torpedo play an important e wars of the future. laims for his inven- t can be fired to the a thousand metres at distance from the shatter any balloon mediate vicinity. The models are now in sion of the Austrian nt.

AN VISITED YSICIANS OFFICE

Found Upon Hay Load t Square is Jos. Hubbs don—Startling Evidence orthcoming at Coroner's

f the man who mysteri- on a load of hay on the e on Tuesday night has ned by the police, and th reference to him have covered. He is Joseph s said to have come to Monday night from his possession was found hoto postal cards show- g scene at Reston, Man- upon the envelope the h Hubbs," indicating e to be called for by him o gallery. The register house showed that he on Monday night, hav- the hotel between ten clock upon the arrival of rain. The police are sat- is one of suicide from d the load of hay on n died has been destroy- nerator as the deceased upon

stery of the Case.

other circumstances in th the case which tend e mystery. and upon l police refused to give on. It is said that he poison early in the became fearful of dy- to the office of a city ere he was treated with other and turned out as in the evening the poi- un, or he may have dose and when discov- st night in the evening in the death throes in quare. Where he got why, if the story of he physicians is correct, ake a second visit, a atures of the case upon can be secured.

efuse Information.

asked concerning the ead man having visited sicians, Chief of Police d to give any informa- ulletin, however, learns investigation that the d above are essentially probable that the next he coroner's jury will e startling evidence be- along the lines as in-

easons for suiciding are it is said that he was coming to the city and f without money and ls, became despondent the poison. That he good circumstances re- n by his clothes, boots ich indicated a fair de- rity. s found by the men on was sinking so fast that no statement but that ed by strychnine. When mpbell arrived he was unable to speak in estions which he was

VING SUFFRAGETTES

Trial—Tried to Destroy By-Election Ballots.

v. 4.—Mrs. Chapin, the agetter, who made an olling place at the Ber- lection last Thursday, l for trial by the magis- Bailey today on the of having meddled t box and having caus- arm to the presiding

qbroke a bottle con- ive acid on a ballot apparent intention of e ballots. The acid, f which found its way was spattered upon on officials, one of rned severely. Nielans was also com- l, charged with an at- oy ballots in another the same election.

DIAN LAND SALE.

f $9 Per Acre Obtained atleford Sale.

ford, Sask., Nov. 4—A ual accident happened to butcher of this town. carcass of beef down on the slaughter house, it came unhooked and in im in the nose breaking unconscious for a short

orized the issue of ten worth of debentures for building sidewalks was ratepayers of this town arried. There was one bylaw. of Thunder Hill and reserves closed today the record sale for these sale averaging $9 per obtained intimated a be speculators. Between will take up residence soon as possible.

UNPARALLELED IN HISTORY OF WEST

Revolting Crime of Hungarian Farm Hand Who Murdered Three People at Quill Lake.

Quill Lake, Sask., Nov. 3.—Details of the shocking tragedy on the Thoburn homestead near here indicate that George Thoburn, aged 41, was shot to death by his hired man, a Hungarian, named John Mesci, who is also supposed to have killed the wife, aged 38, and her mother, aged 60. The two-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thoburn was found unharmed in the oven of the stove.

Four-Year-Old Boy Also Escapes.

The four-year-old boy was found in another part of the cellar, close to where the dead body of his father lay, where he had lain unconscious after being hit by the murderer. The boy says that Mesci shot his father, but he is still half dazed.

The tragedy was discovered yesterday afternoon by a homesteader named Dixon, who was passing and whose attention was aroused by the cries of the unfed cattle and stock. Thoburn was shot through the back.

Family of High Character.

The family had the highest character in the district and the village was practically deserted last night after Thoburn's body was brought in, the people turning out to search the prairie for the missing women. The crime was committed forty-eight hours before being discovered.

Two villagers, J. F. Rasmussen and E. F. Gardner, who started on the trail of the murderer yesterday afternoon, just arrived home this evening after a hundred mile drive. Their description of the chase shows it to have been an exciting one. They found Mesci watering his team about forty miles south east of here. They closed in upon him, covered him with their rifles and called on him to surrender. He assented and allowed the handcuffs to be put on without a struggle.

Mesci is a fine built man physically. He gave a statement of the tragedy to his captors somewhat as follows: He wished to go to town on Monday morning to enter for a homestead. Thoburn objected. He then went and got a gun and shot Thoburn twice. Then he ran inside and the women came out and started to run for a neighbor's, J. Morley's place. The murderer then went to the stable, took out a horse and followed the women. He came on Mrs. McNiven first. He hit her with his gun, knocked her down and cut her throat.

He proceeded to hunt for Mrs. Thoburn, who got into a small bluff. He found her, knocked her down and cut her throat and sat on her body until life was extinct. He returned to the house, dragged Thoburn's body into the house and threw it in the cellar and left it in the position it was found. He also went and covered Mrs. McNiven with some hay.

Coming back to the house he stayed around nearly all day feeding the children and preparing for a long trip. In the evening he made supper for the children and put them to bed but he says the boy would not remain in bed, which will account for his being found in the cellar. He then hitched up Thoburn's horses to a democrat wagon and loaded it with a large assortment of provisions both for himself and horses, also taking a gun and a dog and lots of ammunition.

When captured he did not appear to realize the extent of the crime he had committed. He was taken to Wynyard and will be brought back here in the morning when an inquest will take place. Nothing else is talked about but the crime in the village, and a sad gloom hangs over every one and more especially the women in the district.

Credit should be given to R. Bannatyne, hotel keeper, in closing up his bar, for in doing so the danger of a lynching, is greatly minimized. Extra police have been sworn in and the murderer will be carefully guarded until such time as he is taken on the train to Prince Albert.

NORTH ESSEX CANDIDATES.

Oliver J. Wilcox, Conservative, and W. J. McKee, Liberal, Are Nominated.

Windsor, Ont., Nov. 4—Oliver J. Wilcox, farmer, Conservative, and W. J. McKee, lumberman, Liberal, were nominated at North Essex today. The prroceedings were spirited. Both candidates were given rousing receptions. Wilcox scored Hon. Mackenzie King for his remarks at the Middlesex nominations, alleging that Mr. King gratuitously insulted the farmers. He challenged Mr. King to appear in the riding. Wilcox attacked Mr. McKee's record in the legislature, declaring the latter had done nothing to prevent the exportation of natural gas. McKee spoke only a few minutes. Dr. Belland, M.P., came up from Quebec in McKee's interests and spoke in French. Hon. G. P. Graham is coming Tuesday and Hon. Chas. Murphy is also expected.

A. R. & I Declares a Dividend.

London, Nov. 4—The financial press calls attention to the heavy inside selling of the British Columbia Electric railway stock, remarking that the ineffectiveness of recent efforts to stimulate interest in these shares requires no further explanation. The Alberta Railway and Irrigation company, has declared a dividend of five per cent. carrying forward $87,818. The during the year 1,200 acres if irrigible land were sold at $34 per acre.

Lame back comes on suddenly and is extremely painful. It is caused by rheumatism of the muscles. Quick relief is afforded by applying Chamberlain's Liniment. Sold by all dealers.

NOTICE.

On and after the expiration of Thirty clear days from the date of this Notice, viz.: on the 24th day of November, 1909, the available quarter-sections in the following townships will be open to the first eligible applicants,

All of Township 77, Range 21, West of the 5th Meridian.

P. TOMKINS,
Agent Dominion Lands.

Dated at Grouard in the Province of Alberta, this 25th day of October, 1909.

WILL CARRY COAL FROM THE EDMONTON DISTRICT

William Whyte Speaks of the Construction on the C.P.R. Winnipeg-Strathcona Short Line.—Forty Miles Still Remain of Skeleton Track Yet to be Ballasted.

Winnipeg, Nov. 3—"It will depend wholly upon the weather during the next few weeks whether we shall be able to give the settlers between Hardisty and Wilkie, on our Wetaskiwin line across the prairies, a regular service this year." So spoke William Whyte, fourth-vice-president of the C.P.R. on his return to the city from a trip over the new line. Accompanying him on the trip were: Sir Daniel McMillan, J. E. Schwitzer, assistant chief engineer, and Mr. James, chief of surveys. Between Hardisty, at the end of the finished line from Wetaskiwin, and Wilkie at the end of the finished line from Saskatoon west, there were still, explained Mr. White, about 40 miles of skeleton track. That was to say track composed of 85-lb. steel rails just laid on the dump. If heavy traffic were to be taken over such a road there would be considerable danger of surface bend or in other words, of the rails kinking vertically owing to insolidity of the dump. Every effort would be put forth to have the 40 miles ballasted before the freeze up.

Work Being Rushed.

At the present moment large gangs of men were working on the ballasting of the stretch and only the weather could interfere with their progress. Mr. Whyte said he realized very keenly the necessity of inaugurating the service, as it would be badly wanted to get in fuel and other essentials from Edmonton. In order not to interfere with ballasting, grain and other traffic was being loaded by day and collected at night after the construction trains had stopped, and taken down to Wilkie. Of the country itself between Hardisty and Wilkie, which represents the last stretch of the line to be completed, Mr. Whyte spoke in high terms. Macklin, Provost and other places had struck him as good progressive communities in an excellent section of country. With railway facilities they were almost certain to grow rapidly. It would be unfair not to give them those facilities at the earliest possible monient.

Speaking generally of the trip, Mr. Whyte said that the Sheho district was more or less scrubby, but south of the Quill lakes, where the steel had just been connected between Wynyard and Lanigan, the soil was very much better. There was a little alkali in the district. From the Quill lakes to Lanigan the soil was splendid all the way. From Lanigan to Saskatoon, a section which had been operated for a year or two, the country was the open prairie particularly popular with American settlers. From Saskatoon to Asquith the line had been in operation some litte time and last year the ballasted track had been extended to Wilkie, a distance of about 125 miles from Saskatoon. The district immediately west of Saskatoon was a very rich fertile plain for 40 miles or so. Then for a distance of about 30 miles the line went through two ridges of the Eagle Hills, paralleling more or less the Grand Trunk Pacific.

Good Soil West of Eagle Hills.

Although the Eagle Hills district was bare and broken, Mr. Whyte believed that the soil there would eventually be cultivated, as he was informed that it was of good clay composition. West of the Eagle Hills was again a good soil, though some of it was a little stony. The stones, however, were for the most part on the surface. For about eight or ten miles before reaching Machlin the soil was exceedingly good, part of it being in the valley of the High Hill creek, and west of Macklin it was again very good until one came to within about 12 miles of the Battle river. Then began a stretch of light sandy soil.

From Wetaskiwin the party proceeded to Calgary and Macleod, where they witnessed the completion of the steel bridge over the Old Man river on the Lethbridge cut-off. This bridge is six miles east of Macleod and is 160 feet in height and about one-third of a mile in length. The cut-off at the present moment is being ballasted, but Mr. Whyte expects that this work will be finished in about a fortnight, when all trains to and from Macleod will take the cut-off, shortening the trip by about six miles.

LONE BANDIT HOLDS UP BANK.

Compelled Teller to Hand Over to Him $3,000.

Green Bay, Wis., Nov. 3—A lone highwayman with a handkerchief tied over his face, walked into the Farmers' Exchange bank shortly after noon today, and at the point of a revolver, held up the teller, Frank Duchateau, took about $3,000 cash from the desk and leisurely walked out of the bank. He ran three blocks on Main street, then turned into a side street, and disappeared. Chief of Police Hawley and his men were soon on the chase, but up to this time no trace of the robber has been found. The teller was alone in the bank at the time. There were many persons on the streets at the time and how the robber made such a complete success of his bold venture, is a deep mystery. The teller can give no description of the robber, except that he was of ordinary build and somewhat shabbily dressed.

MURDERER GIVES HIS REASONS FOR CRIMES

Says He was Ill-Treated by Family With Whom He Worked—Tells Story of the Tragedy to the Coroner's Jury Without a Shudder

Quill Lake,, Sask., Nov. 4.—The tragic events of the past few days in connection with the murder of George Thoburn, his wife and her mother, Mrs. McNiven, has not ended. The excitement here is, in fact, worse, and crowds keep gathering here and there discussing the murdered and murderer, and if the latter was among some of them, without protection, lynch law would certainly prevail, and John Mesci would be hanged to some tree. The constables did not arrive at Quill Lake until late, but as soon as possible, a coroner's jury was summoned and sworn in and the preliminary hearing of the trial started by the jurymen taking the oath. The prisoner, John Mesci, was then taken to the fire hall, where the bodies were laid out. He did not speak and only a slight quiver of his lip was visible. He did not seem to realize the terrible deed he had committed. He has not the appearance of a man that would be guilty of such a crime. He is not bad looking and is a well-built young man. There was a great crowd in the village, but he was well guarded by the R.N.W.M.P. and shackled and handcuffed. He was later taken to the place where the inquest was being held, and made a statement. When doing tihs he was very careful to see that everything was put down by the correspondent and wished to correct any little error. He wanted the crowd to hear him and gave his statement without a flinch or change of countenance. The brutal and callous description of how he murdered the poor people was given as though it was a wolf he was killing.

Murderer is a Bulgarian.

He is well educated, writing a good hand and speaking fairly good English. When asked what nationality he was, he said he was born at Felky, Bulgaria, and came to America when he was fifteen years old. He was in Dayton, Ohio, about one and a half years, then went to Springfield, Illinois, and worked in the mines there, coming here in February last. He appeared to take a pleasure in telling from where he came, and, to be sure it was correct, took pencil and wrote it down himself If the police had not covered him with their rifles at the time of the capture he would have offered resistance, so he says.

The inquest was held by Dr. R. H. McCutcheon. The prisoner was first called and was asked if he wished to make a statement. He appeared calm and unconcerned.

The Prisoner's Statement.

A statement by the prisoner to Constable Jarvis, which he wished read, is as follows: I came to work for Thoburn on February 15, 1909. I was there three weeks, all was O.K., and in March Mrs. McNiven came from Wadena. She asked me about the country which I had left. She was good to me, but only for a short time, as she said I ate too much. She repeated that many times. I asked her what she meant by it, and no one answered me. About the third Sunday in April she asked George Thoburn, "What are you paying this man?" and his reply was, "Mother you never mind, I need a man and must keep him." She said, "I only pay $15, why do you pay more. My men do more work and don't eat so much. If you pay more I won't let you have my money." I was outside and came in and joined in the conversation.

Mrs. Thoburn was sitting on a chair. She got up and grabbed her mother and said "Oh, mother, go in the other room and be quick." That was all. Then I went in and I sat on my own bed in the kitchen. Mr. Thoburn said, "John, fill the wood box." I filled it. He said it must be filled every night. Next morning when we got up and had done the house chores, George come into the stable. I said, "George, let me go from this place. I was never in such a dirty, rough family, and I want to clear out of it." He said, "No, I wont. You take the horses and go and seed." As I went to work I said to George Thoburn: "Don't you let your women talk to me like that any more; I wont stand it. You let me go." Then he said, "No, I wont. I will stop it altogether," and it stopped for a few days, and then the women called me down again. This was in May, and about the last of June we went out breaking, George and myself. We went only a very few rounds when I called for George (this was on Monday) and asked him to give me better food.

Changed the Food.

He changed the food and after that we got along all right for a while. Then Mrs. McNiven came back from Wadena the second week of July. She started her same old story about me eating too much,, not doing enough work and then they stopped my good food. One Saturday, and a real hot day, I turned the oxen in the pasture and went to work in the garden, where I stayed till they called me in for supper. I went in to get my supper and they would not give me enough to eat. I called for more and they said they would not give me any tea; they gave me a little bread and I ate that and went out. When I was going George said "Go to Troops and get a young steer, as I want to work it." This was on a Saturdap night about sunset. I went out and never did anytting. I sat on top of an old stable. George came around and never said a word, and when it was getting dark he said "Go and make a smudge." We made one and then we went in the house and went to bed. I was so hungry I could not sleep. At sunrise next morning I called him three times and told him to get me something to eat. He said, "Get out; didn't you have your supper; shut up, or I will throw you out of the place."

Wanted to Leave Place.

I said, "ou think I am working for nothing?" he answer was, "I will pay your w ges and pay your board." I said I wanted my wages then and would leave the place. When he got up he made breakfast. It was Sunday morning. Next day he sent me away to his homestead and at dinner with me. I got a piece of meat which was left on my plate in the morning in my dinner, and when I got home he came out and called me down about my oxen getting away on me and going in the wheat. He threw a fork in the ground and broke the handle. I showed him the meat and asked him if it was fit to eat. He said, "You did not oil the disc," and he came over to me and called me names. We went to the house and he told his wife to "Feed this man with bans and potatoes," and she did. She said the man should be kicked out of the place if the board did not suit, so I quit work.

I wanted to go to Quill Lake to file on a homestead, but Thoburn would not let me. This made me mad and I got the shot gun and shot him in the shoulder. I then went to the stable and stayed there. I was watching if anybody came out of the house. I fed the children cream and cake before I left and at dinner time Mrs. Thoburn got out of the house and ran. I got on a horse and ahead of her. I put her on the ground and cut her with a butcher knife about the neck. She is west of the house in the edge of the scrub. Mrs. McNiven came out of the house and said "Where are you, John?" and then went back again and after a while she came out and started to walk away and I knocked her down with the barrel of a shot gun. I went after her and hit her twice with the barrel of the gun. I am not sure where I hit her, and left her about 200 yards northwest of the house in the light scrub. I left Mary on the bed alive and Georgie alive in the house.

Left House Monday Night.

I left on Monday night last after sunset with Thoburn's team and democrat.

I also took Thoburn's coat, an oil can and oil, feed oats, some butter, some food and some blankets. I bought a suit last week at Lee's for $15.

When the prisoner was asked if he would like to say any more he continued: While with Mr. Thoburn I went out working on Mr. Hodgson's with four horses and the horses were not in condition at all. I was driving slow and Mr. Thoburn came out of the house after me where I was working and called me. He asked me what I was hired there for. I said I came there to work. He said he wanted me to work and thn he wanted me to go and make seventeen rounds in half a day, each 115 rods long. I said I could drag these horses along without a whip and he gave me a whip and said to beat them up to go and make them work. If I didn't he said he would send for a policeman and stand along side of me and my ages would go to the policeman, then I would have to work or go to jail.

The court was adjourned until tomorrow morning when the proceedings will be resumed.

HIGH BINDER OUTRAGES.

Yee Family Refuse to Pay Blood Money to Gun Fighters.

San Francisco, Nov. 3—For failure to pay blood money to the On Yick Tong of gun fighters, when demand was made that $1,000 be handed over for the abduction of Bo Due, a Chinese slave girl, war has been declared on the members of the Yee family and already two have fallen in the deadly feud.

Yee Quen Wo, a prominent member of the Yee family, and a cousin of the men charged with the stealing of the slave girl, was shot and killed in Church place, near Stockton street, about 10 o'clock last night and before midnight Lim Woon, another Yee man had fallen, badly wounded, in Oakland's Chinatown, when a band of On Yick gun fighters opened fire upon him. Neither here nor in Oakland were the police able to get a clew to the identity of the high binders responsible for the shooting, but detectives in charge of the case, say the slayer of Yee Huen came from San Jose to commit the crime.

FISH COMBINE REFUTED.

Commission Hears Evidence of Simpson of Selkirk—Will Visit Chicago.

Winnipeg, Nov. 3—The idea of their being a fish combine in Manitoba to keep up the price of fish in the retail market was refuted by J. M. Simpson of Selkirk by the commission yesterday afternoon, but he stated in closing his evidence that the shippers at Selkirk would get into hot water if they sold directly to retailers and ignored the jobbers; also that a jobber would arouse bad feeling among the trade if he sold directly to the consumers, dealers among the trade if he sold directly to the consumers, dealers in dry goods, groceries or any other line conducted their business in this manner. Why not the fish dealer?

The evidence taken at yesterday afternoon's sitting closes the commission's sessions here. They will leave for Lake Manitoba Friday morning to make a personal inspection of the lake, visiting Oak Point and St. Laurent, returning Monday. After that they will go to Chicago and then to Ottawa to make their report on the Manitoba fisheries. Next summer they will visit Saskatchewan and Alberta.

York County Cheques Returned.

Toronto,, Nov. 3—The National Trust Company, which sent out checks to the York Loan shareholders yesterday, today had 3,000 checks returned owing to inaccurate addresses, and say they expect ten thousand to come back, owing to the shareholders neglecting to notify them of changed addresses. The liquidators are confident of paying a dividend of 50 per cent. owing to the rapid increase in the value of the lands held by the company. Of 52,000 frontage originally held, 25,000 feet has been sold, realizing $727,000, the prices ranging from $15 to $30 a foot. The lands are now being sold and bring from $30 to $65 a foot.

BANQUET TO HON. DUNCANMARSHALL

New Minister of Agriculture Honored by His Constituents—Many Prominent Men Present.

Bulletin Special.

Olds, Alta., Nov. 4.—A mass meeting of Liberals of the Olds constituency was held in the Opera House yesterday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock. There were about 100 in attendance, including representatives of all portions of the riding from the Red Deer River, on the west, to the Red Deer on the last east. Hon. Duncan Marshall's candidature was made unanimous on motion of Wm. Niddrie, Red Deer River West, seconded by J. H. McArthur, of Milverton. The motion was approved amid prolonged applause. Addresses were delivered by Hon. Duncan Marshall, Senator Talbot, Hon. W. A. Buchanan, F. A. Walker and Dr. Clarke.

A magnificent banquet was tendered Mr. Marshall in the Victoria Hotel in the evening. It was one of the best arranged and handled ever held in the province. Over one hundred guests sat down. T. McKercher was toast master. Among the guests were Senator Talbot, W. H. White, M.P. for Victoria, and Dr. Clarke, M.P. for Red Deer; Hon. W. A. Buchanan; John R. Boyle, M.P.P. for Sturgeon; F. A. Walker, M.P.P. for Victoria; W. F. Puffer, M.P.P. for Lacombe, and Jos E. Stauffer, M.P.P. for Didsbury; Dr. Campbell, M.P.P. for Ponoka, and L. M. Roberts, M.P.P. for High River; Dr. Stewart, Dr. Egbert, Dr. Lafferty, A. G. Ross, C. B. Reilly, D. McGillicuddy, J. Irving, J. Spence and J. N. MacDonald, of Calgary; J. A. McKinnon and F. L. Day, of the Young Men's Liberal Club, Edmonton, and C. F. Hayes and John Howey, of the Bulletin.

The toast list was as follows: "The King, Commons and Senate," replied to by Senator Talbot, W. H. White and Dr. Stewart; "Provincial Government," Hon. W. A. Buchanan and J. R. Boyle; "Our Guest," Dr. Clarke and Hon Duncan Marshall; "Legislature," L. M. Roberts, F. A. Walker, Dr. Campbell, W. F. Puffer and J. E. Stauffer and Dr. Egbert; "The Ladies," J. A. McKinnon, C. B. Reilly and George Meldrum; "The Press," D. McGillicuddy, John Howey and J. N. McDonald; "Alberta," Donald Gillis.

Messages of regret at their inability to be present were read from Premier Rutherford, Hon. W. H. Cushing, George P. Smith, C. Genge, Senator Roy, Hon. P. E. Lessard, L. Boudreau, J. L. Cote, R. T. Telford, J. A. McDougall, C. Ross Palmer, J. McGeorge, Stanley Jones and James Short, of Calgary.

The music was furnished by the Olds Orchestra and solos were rendered by A. W. West, H. U. Thompson and Walter Gooder.

NO TARIFF WAR WITH CANADA.

President Taft Will Not Permit Discrimination Against Canada.

Detroit, Nov. 3—A special despatch from Washington says:

"The United States is not going to have a tariff war with Canada. The fact has not yet been officially announced, and it will not be until after the president returns to Washington but it is a fact nevertheless. It has required but a brief scrutiny of the possibilities of such a war to scare the administration.

Canada is the very best single customer, population considered, which exporters of the United States have. It would be in a position to make so much trouble in such an event that it would have a disastrous effect on any party in the United States fostering a war. This has become plain, and therefore the tariff commission has been instructed to find a way to obviate trouble. It is understood that it has so, and that it will report to the president in due time that Canada does not discriminate against the United States in the manner that calls for the imposition of maximum rates on imports from the Dominion.

"Of course it is a fact that Canada does discriminate against the United States to a certain extent, and that the new tariff was drawn in a way to enable the United States to hand out punishment for it. In fact it looks as if the law amounted to a mandatory order to do so, but it appears that the administration is to take advantage of the fact that the president is really the sole judge of what is discrimination. Where it will cause trouble to judge a certain way he can obviate by simply judging in another way. In doing so he can take the glory, if there is any, while the tariff commision can take the blame is there is any. It is declared that it 'will work fine,' which is doubtless true, at any rate, it will save the administration from having to meet the charge of having crippled the trade of the country with Canada, a charge which might lose the Republicans the house at the next election if the crippling proved to be severe."

JOINT POWER SCHEME.

Canadian and American Interests Seeking to Dam St. Lawrence River.

Ottawa, Nov. 3—The Canadian and American interests, which are seeking to develop water power by damming the St. Lawrence river at Brockville, are before the Canadian government again with a revised plan. They propose to dam the whole river, from the Canadian and the New York shores, to drown out the Long Sault Rapids and thereby raise the river at this point about 16 inches. This would give several hundred thousand horse power. The movement has resulted in the combination of the St. Lawrence Power Company of Canada, and the Long Sault Development Company of New York. The new proposal will be examined by engineers of the Canadian canals, public works and marine departments.

WILD RUMOR OF THE DEATH OF ROOSEVELT.

New York, Nov. 5—Wild rumors, emanating from nowhere in particular, to the effect that Theodore Roosevelt had been killed, electrified Wall street and the newspaper offices for a few minutes today. No time, place, nor manner of death was mentioned. Neither London nor continental news sources know anything about the rumor.

DR. COOK AND BARRILL MEET ON THE PLATFORM

Brooklyn Explorer Declares Montana Guide's Statement Concerning Mount McKinley Ascent False—Warm Controversy Before Large Audience.

Hamilton, Mont., Nov. 3.—After a stormy session lasting till midnight, a meeting addressed by Dr. Frederick A. Cook last night adopted a resolution expressing confidence in the veracity of Barrill and Printz, the guides who made affidavits that Cook did not climb Mount McKinley.

Attorney Crutchfield, attorney for the guides, questioned Cook after his address, and then the excitement broke forth. Crutchfield challenged Cook's statements. This brought on a discussion, the fellow townsmen of the guides taking sides.

A member of the audience offered a resolution at this point, asking that the meeting declare a lack of faith on the part of the entire people of Montana in all matters about which Dr. Cook made claim.

Attorney Roland White, of San Francisco, who was in the audience, rose, and as a citzen made a plea for fair play.

Senator Joseph M. Dickinson, of Montana, also took the floor and urged that fair play be accorded all parties to the controversy. Neither those who were opposed to Dr. Cook nor his friends would accept the resolution, and it was withdrawn by its author.

Gave Barrill the Lie.

Edward N. Barrill, the guide who accompanied Dr. Cook up Mount McKinley, was called on, and taking the platform declared that Dr. Cook's statements that they reached the top of Mount McKinley were incorrect.

Dr. Cook replied by asserting to Barrill's face that the latter's statements were false.

The excitement at this point was intense. Barrill demanded to know why Cook did not make an affidavit to the effect that he had scaled Mount McKinley.

The challenge had no sooner been issued than it was accepted by the Doctor, and an affidavit was made by the explorer on the platform in the presence of the audience. In it Dr. Cook declared that he ascended Mount McKinley; that Barrill was with him at the time, and that the records of his ascent were left on the summit of the peak.

The discussion then waxed warmer, Barrill's attorney and friends denouncing Cook's statements, while friends of the Doctor contended for fair play.

Attorney Wagner then offered this resolution:

"We, the people of Hamilton and Ravalo Counties, assembled, after patiently listening to the charges and counter-charges exchanged by the parties to the Mount McKinley controversy, do declare our firm belief in the veracity of Edward Barrill and Frederick Printz."

This was carried by a large majority and the meeting was closed amid great excitement.

After the meeting Dr. Cook said he did not care to discuss the result at present.

VALUABLE MUSEUM COLLECTION

Yukon's Quartz King Presents British Museum With 10,000 Mineral Specimens.

Ottawa, Nov. 3—Wilson Foster, of Dawson City, known as the quartz king, has presented to the national museum a collection of 10,000 specimens of minerals and precious stones, all collected personally during ten years. He has been prospecting and collecting in the Klondike. The presentation was made unsolicited and will be placed in the new national museum of McLeod street, where all kinds of minerals and precious stones with the single exception of diamonds are included in the collection. Foster's big donation will be made within a few weeks, when he will present to the National Museum of the British empire at London, England, a collection of 50,000 specimens. Practically every museum in the United States already possesses a collection made by Mr. Foster, of stones and minerals in Canada. The collection he is giving the national museum has one unique feature which will make it more highly prized than any others, a collection of stones, opals, topaz, etc., taken from the gizzards of ptarmigan and grouse in the Yukon.

Peruvian Minister of Finance.

Lima, Peru, oNv. 2.—Dr. Carlos Forero has been appointed minister of finance to fill the vacancy in the cabinet caused by the resignation of Senor Augustin De La Torre Gonzales.

BROCKLEBANK STILL ON SCENT

Calgary, Nov. 3.—Alderman Brocklebank has been doing a little investigating of his own, relative to the street car pass question during the past week, and he says he has discovered that 100 of the passes were printed on September 3, ten days before the aldermen voted passes for themselves. He has been trying to ascertain who was responsible for printing so many passes without any instructions, but he says he has failed.

He does not mean to infer that all of those 100 passes, with the exception of those owned by the aldermen, are now being used by somebody, but he is very much interested to know who took it upon himself to have the passes printed, and what kind of a wholesale distribution of the pasteboard was contemplated when the passes were printed.

Unless he gets further light on the subject in the meantime, he will probably ask for an investigation of the matter at the next meeting of the council.

$10 REWARD.

$10 REWARD—FOR THE RECOVERY of six steers, three years old, and three two-year-olds; brand ex on the left hip. For information leave at Mrs L. Bourson, Namao P.O.

STRAYED.

STRAYED— TO MY PREMISES 36-55-27, one west and one mile north of Riviere Qui Barre, Alta., one red cow and calf. Owner can have same by proving property and paying expenses. P. Kinsella, Riviere Qui Barre, P.O., Alta.

STRAYED—TEAM OF MIDDLE-SIZED black horses, on Sept. 25. The horse is rather lean, grayish black, branded on right thigh. The mare is fat, glossy-black, wide, short mouth, and a little star on the forehead. Both weigh 1,000 lbs. each, and are five years old. A reward of $10 for any information will be paid by Father Olszewski, Krakow P.O., Alta., via Mundare.

STRAYED—FROM S.E. 1-4 15-53-7 W 5, about May 18, 1909, bay pony two hind feet white, left front foot white, white glaze on forehead. Branded on hip, weight about 900, belland halter on. Reward for return to above address, or write S. K. Donoho, Entwistle P.O., Alta.

FOR SALE.

GENUINE INDIAN TANNED Moose skin moccasins. Men's sizes 7 to 12, $1.65 per pair, post paid; ladies' sizes, 2to 7, $1.25 per pair, post paid. L. F. Selleck, Greencourt, Alta.

WANTED.

WANTED — TEACHER BY PRYOR S. D. to finish this term. Apply to F. B. Bowlby, Daysland.

WANTED TEACHER FOR ACME S.D. No. 874, school to open Nov. 1st. K. V. Eygen, Sec.-Treas., Bawlf, Alta.

WANTED— TEACHER FOR STURgeon district, No. 24, duties commence Jan. 1st. Apply to J. F. Johnson, Namao, stating salary expected.

WANTED— TEACHER FOR STRETton S.D. No. 1187, Alberta, holding second-class professional certificate. Salary $600 per annum; yearly school; duties to commence Jan. 4, 1910. Apply stating previous experience, etc., to M. Harper, Sec.-Treas., Islay P.O., Alta.

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Farm Stock Auction Sales

The well-known firm of Farm Stock Auctioneers Crawford & Weeks, Strathcona, have opened an office in Edmonton.

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(nearly opposite Ross Bros. Hardware) For the convenience of Farmers living on the north side of the river. Be sure and see them about that Auction Sale. Phone 3062 or 2421.

NOTICE

A convention of delegates from all Local Improvement Districts from Northern Alberta will be held in Odd Fellows Hall Strathcona, on Wednesday and Thursday, November 17th and 18th, for the purpose of dicussing all proposed changes in the Local Improvement Act.

Signed
B. E. ANDREWS
Sec.-Treas L. I. D. 26 S 4.
Strathcona,
Alberta.

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