

ROYAL Baking Powder

is indispensable to the preparation of the finest cake, hot-breads, rolls and muffins.

HAS NO SUBSTITUTE

No other baking powder equals it in strength, purity and wholesomeness.



Passenger Steamer

Sent to Bottom

Gave Passengers and Crew Five Minutes to Leave Ship—Germans Laughed at Drowning People

London, March 29, 10.15 p. m.—Upwards of 150 lives were lost in the sinking of German submarines of the African liner Falaba and the British steamer Agulla, bound from Liverpool for Lisbon.

The Falaba, which was torpedoed in St. George's channel Sunday afternoon, carried a crew of 90 and about 160 passengers, and of this total only 140 were rescued. Of those rescued eight died later from exposure.

The Agulla had a crew of 42, and three passengers, and of these 23 of the crew and all the passengers were lost.

In both cases, on sighting the submarine, the captains tried to escape by putting on all speed possible, but the underwater craft overtook the steamers, showing that Germany now has some of her most modern submarines engaged in the blockade operations against England.

The captain of the Falaba, who was one of those lost, was given five minutes to get his passengers and crew into the boats, but, according to survivors, before this was possible, a torpedo was fired striking the engine room and causing a terrible explosion. Many persons were killed, and the steamer sank in ten minutes.

The Agulla was attacked off the Pembrokeshire coast. The submarine which in this case was the U-26, opened fire with her gun, shells from which killed a woman passenger, the chief engineer and two of the crew. Even after the crew had commenced to lower the boats, according to the story of the survivors, the Germans kept up their fire, and some of the boats were riddled with bullets.

The captain of the trawler Otille, whom the commander of the submarine told of the sinking of the Agulla, went to the rescue and picked up three boats, containing nineteen of the crew. The fourth boat, which contained the other members of the crew, could not be found, and it is presumed that she foundered. On their arrival at Fishguard several of the crew wore bandages, having been wounded by the fire from the submarine.

The survivors of the Falaba relate that the liner was seventy miles to the southwest of Milfordhaven when the submarine appeared. She called to the captain of the Falaba to heave to, but he ignored the order and promptly started at full speed ahead. The liner was a fast craft, and for half an hour the chase was kept up before the submarine overhauled her and compelled her to stop.

The passengers and crew were given five minutes to leave, and although this time was very brief, most of the boats were launched before the submarine fired her torpedo. The projectile struck the Falaba in the engine room and a terrible explosion followed. The ship settled down and sank very quickly. Some of the lifeboats were smashed, and scores of people were struggling in the water when a trawler reached the scene and rescued 105 of them, transferring them later to a destroyer.

Thirty-three persons were picked up by a fishing boat. Three of the persons rescued had sustained injuries by German shrapnel.

Don't Cough Your Throat Sore "Nerviline" Will Cure You Quickly

The Annoyance of a Bad Cough Soothed Away in One Day

Nothing so bad for the throat as coughing, and nothing half so annoying as to have some one near by that is hacking, sneezing, or constantly clearing the throat.

Rub on Nerviline—it will save you all further pain and distress. Even one good rub with this soothing, penetrating remedy will bring the finest relief, will take out that rasping soreness, will stop that irritating tickle that makes you want to cough so much.

Nerviline isn't something new. It has a record of forty years of wonderful success behind it.

In rubbing on Nerviline you use something safe, reliable, and sure to cure. Its action is marvellous. The way it sinks in through the tissues the way it penetrates to the seat of the congestion is really a wonder. For chronic colds, coughs, or sore throat you can't beat this trusty old family remedy. Its name spells cure for any sort of pain in the joints or muscles. Try it for rheumatism, rub it on for sciatica or lumbago, test it out for neuralgia or headache—in every case you'll find amazing virtue and curative power in Nerviline.

Most families keep the large 50c bottle always handy on the shelf; trial size 25c, at all dealers in medicine, or the Catarrhose Co., Kingston, Canada.

Council Holds Session Over Police Court Matters

Motion Carried to Appoint Committee to Look into P. M. Reports and Submit Information to Attorney General.

Newcastle Town Council met in W. J. Hogan \$67.75

ajourned session on the 25th inst. P. Hennessy 74.40

full council present. \$132.15

A communication from Town Treasurer J. A. Fowle of Chatham was read. It suggested the formation of a Municipal Officers' Provident Fund for the Province and Newcastle's joining the same. The object of the M. O. P. F. would be to provide a "Retiring Allowance" for Municipal officers. An officer who is a member of fund for 20 years would receive one year's average salary on retiring; if a member 10 years, half a year's salary, and for 11 to 19 years, from 2 to 10 years, one-quarter year's salary; under 3 years, nothing. A 2 per cent. sinking fund is to be established, employees to pay annually one and one-half per cent. of their salary, and the municipalities like amounts. On a salary of \$1000, the annual payments at compound interest would amount to \$1048.86 in twenty years. The management of the fund shall be vested in the Union of N. B. Municipalities, which shall appoint a managing committee of six. In case of death of a member his allowance is to be paid to his beneficiary. If death results before the deceased has been a member 4 years a "special allowance" would be paid to his beneficiary.

Ald. Stothart and Doyle moved that the matter be referred to the Finance Committee.

Ald. Miller moved in amendment, seconded by Ald. McCabe, that it be referred to the whole Council in Committee.

Amendment carried.

Following bills passed.

Light and Water

Can. Gen. Electric Co. \$45.90

Inverness Ry. & Coal Co. 72.97

T. McAvity & Sons 9.59

Maritime 8.12

I. C. Coal Mining Co. 101.20

Imperial Oil Co. 34.80

Inverness Ry. & Coal Co. 84.36

P. Hennessy 9.98

\$366.92

Park & Fire

Stothart Merv. Co. \$71.98

Public Works

Ald. Miller explained the difficulty over the price of the coal ordered from the Maritime Ry. and Power Co. He had bargained with the agent, Mr. LeBlanc, for coal at 2240 lbs. per ton. Mr. Hayes had quoted freight at 90 cts a ton. It afterward transpired that Mr. Hayes had meant 90 cts per 2000 instead of 2240 lb. The coal had come by the long ton. Freight had been charged by the 2000-lb. ton. A part of the coal that came had not been intended for Newcastle.

He moved that the Light and Water Committee be authorized to make a settlement with Mr. LeBlanc. This was seconded by Ald. Sargeant.

Ald. Stothart recommended that Mr. LeBlanc be credited with coal received at \$2.90 a ton and debited with the freight.

Ald. Miller said that was just what he was asking for permission for the committee to do.

Motion carried.

The Scott Act report was as follows:

Newcastle, Feb. 28, 1915.

To His Worship the Mayor and Town Council:

I beg to submit to you the following report of work by me for the month of Feb. 1915:

Scott Act Violation

To amount of fines collected \$100.00

Magistrate's fees 6.00

Constable's fees 2.50

Police Court

Four arrests, two for drunkenness; two for fighting on the street; three fines paid, one went to jail.

Amount of fines \$24.00

Magistrate's costs 12.00

Balance \$12.00

(Sgd.) W. O. CHAMBERLAIN, Chief Police.

Above was received and placed on file.

Ald. Stothart said he had asked the Police Magistrate to attend a meeting of the Council, but the P. M. had declined, asking that the council take up the matter with him.

Ald. Sargeant said the P. M. had told him he would not appear before the Council. Let each side get a lawyer and meet each other.

Ald. McGrath said there had been no definite, sensible, logical conclusion yet reached by the Council. He did not know that council had power to appoint an attorney to argue matter with the P. M. If we had a charge to lay it before the attorney-General.

Ald. Miller said that if the P. M. stood on his dignity and refused to meet Council, the Council should stand on theirs. There was no definite charge against the P. M. It was hard to tell who was in the wrong. He could not understand why the P. M. would not appear. There was a feeling in town that the Police Court was not what it should be. The air should be cleared. Ald. McGrath's idea of appealing to Attorney-General was a good one.

Ald. McGrath said it was not the Council's duty to formulate a charge against the P. M. Any citizen could prefer a charge and have it investigated. Any citizen thinking himself wronged—anyone thinking any law (Scott Act or any other) violated—had the right to demand an investigation. Every citizen was morally responsible, nearly as much as the Council was.

Ald. Miller disagreed with Ald. McGrath on the last point. The people may be morally responsible, but the Council was both morally and officially responsible. The people looked to the Council to do its duty.

The Mayor said that why he suggested that Mr. Maltby be asked to come before Council was to give him a chance to explain how he made up his charge of \$3 per case. Then if the P. M. were unable to explain, a charge might be made. There were no grounds to make a charge on now. If the P. M. were too dignified to appear before the Council he was too official for non-official Newcastle. He had been courteously requested to come and talk the matter over. He didn't like to be browbeaten as Mayor, neither did they as Aldermen. He felt that the P. M. was not entitled to the \$3 a case. He would suggest that some one be authorized by the Council to lay the case before the Attorney General and get an investigation. The Moncton P. M. had been driven out of office because of trouble over charges.

Ald. McGrath moved, seconded by Ald. McCabe, that a committee of three be appointed and authorized to look into the reports of the P. M. and submit information to the Attorney-General for his advice upon the matter.

Ald. Miller wanted the Finance Committee appointed.

The Mayor wanted a time limit fixed, so that the matter could be disposed of, by the present Council.

concerning possible territorial cessions. From the highest sources here it is affirmed that everything done in this line was due to the initiative of Germany.

The action of the German ambassador to Italy, Prince Von Buelow, it is said, was animated by a desire to eliminate the causes of the antagonism which always has existed between Austria and Italy, but even

the work of the former imperial chancellor of Germany in this direction was most cautious, so that the decided statements which have appeared in one sense or the other were most premature.

It will be appreciated that local items sent in will be appreciated by The Advocate. A local paper should receive every encouragement from its readers.

On Thursday March 25th, Dickison & Troy will Give Away 300 GOLD FISH to purchasers of Rexall Goods

CLASSIFIED ADS. 1c. per word first insertion

PRIVATE SALE

The undersigned is offering at Private Sale his House, Property and all Household Effects. Purchasers can call any hour of day or evening.

ANDREW COBB, 14-1pd. Water Street.

Notice of Meeting

A meeting of the Town Improvement Society will be held in the Town Hall, on Thursday evening, April 1st, for the purpose of further organizing the Society and outlying needed effective reform. Meeting will open at sharp 9 o'clock.

14-1 By Order President.

MADE IN CANADA

Our Display demonstrates the high standard of Canadian Made Wall Papers. Our Samples are ready, Have a Look. Prices range from 10 cents to 35 cents Double Roll.

MOODY & CO.

Why Not Trade in Newcastle?

Your Home Merchants are the ones that help you in maintaining your churches, your hospitals, your schools, and share equally with you in all taxes, charitable entertainments and affairs.

People of Miramichi, Think The Matter Over

PATRIOTISM and PRODUCTION

"I would urge the farmers of Canada to do their share in preventing the people of Great Britain from suffering want or privation."

HON. MARTIN BURRELL, Minister of Agriculture.

The Empire Needs Many Foods

In the past Great Britain has imported immense quantities of these staple foods from Russia, France, Belgium, Germany and Austria-Hungary as shown by the following:—

Average Imports Years 1910-1913		Millions of bushels rather than millions of acres should be Canada's aim.	
Wheat.....	28,439,609 bush.	That there is abundant reason to expect larger returns from the same area is conclusively shown when we compare the average production of the present time with the possible production. Note the following brief table which shows the average in 1914 and possible production per acre.	
Oats.....	23,583,304 "	Average Possible	
Barley.....	15,192,268 "	Fall Wheat.....	30.43 32
Corn.....	7,621,274 "	Spring Wheat.....	14.84 33.
Peas.....	703,068 "	Barley.....	18.15 69.
Beans.....	639,653 "	Oats.....	36.30 91.
Potatoes.....	4,721,590 "	Corn.....	70. 200.
Onions.....	271,569 "	Corn Ensilage.....	
Meat.....	36,509,766 lbs.	(Tons).....	12. 19.
Eggs.....	121,112,916 doz.	Peas.....	15.33 37.
Butter and Cheese.....	91,745,233 lbs.	Beans.....	18.79 60.
		Potatoes.....	10. 100.
		Turnips.....	421.81 1000.

The above mentioned sources of supply of staple foods are now, in the main, cut off as a result of the war. Great Britain is looking to Canada to supply a large share of the shortage. Every individual farmer has a duty to perform.

By "possible" is meant the actual results which have been obtained by our Experimental Farms and by many farmers. These "possibles" have been obtained under intensive cultivation methods and conditions not altogether possible on the average farm, yet they suggest the great possibilities of increased production. By greater care in the selection of seed, more thorough cultivation, fertilization, better drainage, the average could be raised by at least one-third. That in itself would add at least \$150,000,000 to the annual income of Canada from the farm. On the other hand, the Government does great service to the Empire, and this is the year in which to do it.

For information and bulletins write to Canadian Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, Canada

Increase Your Live Stock

Breeding stock are to-day Canada's most valuable asset. The one outstanding feature of the world's farming is that it will soon be a great shortage of meat supplies. Save your breeding stock. Plan to increase your live stock. Europe and the United States, as well as Canada, will pay higher prices for beef, mutton, and bacon in the very near future. Do not sacrifice now. Remember that live stock is the only basis for prosperous agriculture. You are farming, not speculating.