

SHORT SERMONS BY GIPSY SMITH

Crisp Sayings of Evangelist Which Strike Home.

A Tent With Christ Present Becomes a Heaven.

The Witness of Spirit True Sign of Christian.

Toronto, May 20.—Gipsy Smith in his addresses has the faculty of literally hitting his meaning into the intellect of his hearers with swift sentences. Here are some of them:

"I used to know a man at home to say, 'It's always a good meeting when I take part.' It's always a good dinner if you take part, but if you don't sit at the table it's no good at all."

"If you have the risen Christ you will know, and everybody will know."

"I wonder how many of you live on this side of the Cross. The majority of us have never gone to the other side. 'Christ died for me.' That is beautiful, but the Apostle Paul went a little farther."

"It is astonishing how a man who has risen with Christ rectifies things here below. Not only when the evangelist is around is the atmosphere beautiful, but for every one of the 365 days in the year."

"I believe that something can be done down here. Hidden in suffering. Let that enough to make you shout? Many of you go marching around moaning and groaning as if you owed three months' rent. Perhaps you do; and more than that, you owe something to eternity."

"You complain about being born into a sinful world. I grow riotously optimistic as the years roll round. I glory in being born into a redeemed world."

"Don't make an undertaker weep about your religion."

"The love eternal is the hand of the Omnipotent. It comes along and saves the poor bit of a torn, wasted, ill-shapen life. It is picked up, cleansed and hidden in Christ."

"When we are hidden like that the devil has a big job to get at you."

"The coming of Christ? Are you ready for that? Does that interest you? Does that prospect enthral you? Give me Jesus and my mother and the Gipsy tent would be heaven. Give me jasper walls and golden gates without Christ and my mother and it would be hell."

"You will find that jewels of character are the crystals of suffering."

"A negro stumbling over a chapter in John, and coming to the verse where it says, 'In my Father's house are many mansions,' said, 'Glory! I know now why the good Lord was a carpenter. He wanted to prepare a place for me!'"

"God save any child from the blight of any home where they never pray. Take Christ home with you and give your children a chance."

"Millions of ages from now you may look back at this service as having helped you to settle this question."

"You pet, fondle and nurse a dog, but you've no room for Jesus in the home. Are you surprised your children go wrong and your home goes wrong?"

"I stand here not as the product of your seminaries, the show card of your universities, but what I am, as an ambassador of Christ."

"I know that folks never give to hurt themselves."

"A lot of people give according to their means. Some give according to their meanness."

"Don't let any religious crowd hide Jesus from the most desperate case in the city."

"Don't let your fussiness, your scheming, your religious paraphernalia get in the road."

"There are little children in the city born with the love of gambling in them. Some of you would not keep away from races and gambling to save the children from becoming gamblers."

"There are some people who only see the surface. Love looks a little deeper."

"It takes an artist to see an angel in a block of marble before the chisel touches it. A little while ago the world looked on a drunken, foul-mouthed sailor. God looked on him and saw John Newton, the theologian, the poet and preacher, and saved him. It takes love to see."

"What does the story mean? It means a chance for the unlikely man, the hated man, the unpopular man. The gospel means, if it means anything at all, a chance for every man."

"Being born again doesn't mean that I cannot leave this platform and get drunk. It means I don't want to."

"The difference between a child of God and a child of sin is that one runs from the devil and the other hunts for him, and if he hasn't got anything to do, asks for a job."

"The average professing Christian is so much like the world that you can't tell the difference, but there is a real difference between the child of God and the child of sin."

"Religious certainty is the certainty of religion. The man who can get religion without knowing it can lose it and never miss it."

"If you think Christ would go to the races, you go and be like him."

"The spirit of worldliness is eating the life out of the Church of Christ. You are intoxicated with the pleasure-loving spirit."

"Massey Hall was again crowded last night, and there was also a large attendance in the afternoon."

"The press have been asked to announce that the special service for young people will be held at 4 o'clock on Friday afternoon, instead of 4.30, as previously arranged."

Here is Proof.

The disappointed victims of poor Catarrh remedies should read the statement of J. R. Smith, of Lake Stream, N. B. In Catarrh he found an absolute cure and says: "Last winter my little girl of eight caught cold which lodged in her ears in the form of Catarrh. She became sick and deaf and nothing helped. By inhaling Catarrh she got relief and gradually the discharge went away. She was cured perfectly of Catarrh. Personally I can recommend Catarrh for coughs and throat irritation; it's a wonderful medicine." Sold everywhere, 25c and \$1.00.

Where They Are All Tried Out.

Teacher—"What do you understand by the word 'problem'?"

Pupil—"Any question that comes up in Chicago."

PAPER STRIKE.

Paris All Placarded With Orders For General Strike.

Paris, May 19.—A general strike was declared to-day, and I have been trying all day to find it. There are plenty of proclamations on the walls and hoardings, but scarcely a sign of a strike elsewhere. Work and pleasure go merrily on as usual. Those conversant with the inner workings of the General Federation of Labor declare that the proclamation of a strike at a moment when it was certain to fail was due to quarrels among the leaders and a desire to bring about the fall of the group at present most powerful.

LAY FOR WEEKS AT DEATH'S DOOR

But Dodd's Kidney Pills Cured Mrs. Thompson's Dropsy.

It Started With Backache and Grew Worse Till the Doctor Said She Must Die.

Holt, Ont., May 19.—(Special).—All the countryside here is ringing with the wonderful cure of Mrs. Samuel Thompson, who lay at the point of death for weeks, swollen with dropsy so that the doctors five different times decided to tap her, but desisted because, as her husband said, "It might be better to let her die in peace." After the doctor had given her up Dodd's Kidney Pills cured her.

Mrs. Thompson's terrible trouble started with pain in the back. She grew worse and the doctor treated her for jaundice for eight weeks. Then her feet and legs began to swell, and it was realized that dropsy was the trouble. For seven months she suffered. The doctor said there was no hope; she must die.

As a last resort Dodd's Kidney Pills were tried. The improvement was slow, but gradually her strength came back. To-day Mrs. Thompson is well woman. She says and the countryside knows, she owes her life to Dodd's Kidney Pills. If the disease is of the kidneys, or from the kidneys, Dodd's Kidney Pills will cure it.

NAVAL DEFENCE

Sir Wilfrid Laurier's Speech on the Question.

Canada to be Represented at Defence Conference in London.

Ottawa, May 19.—The dying hours of the session in the Commons were spent in concurrence on the estimates, the tedium of which process was relieved by an endeavor on the part of Mr. Foster to get closer to the Government's naval defence policy.

On the question of naval defence, Mr. Foster pointed out that the resolution passed by the House on March 29th, while committing Parliament to the general principle of national defence, was in some respects indefinite, and a great many people in Canada were not quite satisfied with it. The question that many people were asking was, what interpretation the Government intended to put upon the word "speedy" introduced in the resolution, and what action was to be taken looking to the possibility of an emergency? Many felt that it was not sufficient to simply pursue a course of sympathy with the empire and its defence.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier said he was aware that the resolution passed by the House had not given satisfaction, if not to a large at least to a certain section of Canadian public opinion, an advanced section who thought that Canada should have given an immediate contribution to the United Kingdom for the purposes of defence. What that section probably expected was that the Government should have followed the example of New Zealand and offered a Dreadnought or something of that kind. He did not agree with that view, however. He quite realized that Canada had now reached a period in its history when, as a nation, as part of the British Empire, it should act fairly and squarely, and make adequate preparations for its own defence. He was not prepared to say to what extent they should go. After the resolution was passed on March 29th the Government thought that the best way of giving effect to it was to confer immediately with the Admiralty of Great Britain. The Government did not think it would be wise for Canada to take isolated action. He was not prepared to say that they should make the Canadian navy part of the Imperial navy. He believed Canada's action should be in accordance with the plans of the British Admiralty and be approved by them, and for the purpose of consulting with the Admiralty the Government had decided to send the Ministers of Militia and Marine and Fisheries to London. The Colonial Office, however, had sent a despatch suggesting that a subsidiary conference in accordance with the resolution adopted at the last Imperial Conference might be held, and to that the Government had replied that, while not prepared to say whether such a conference was necessary or not, they had no objection to the Ministers of Militia and Marine and Fisheries postponing their visit till July.

Mr. Foster—Then you accept the principle of a conference and agree to take part.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier—Yes, but the acceptance will not commit us to any proposals which might be made.

Mr. Foster suggested that as the matter had now taken a wider range the Government should send a larger delegation to the conference.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier said the Government had not considered that matter.

Mr. Monk inquired whether those present at the conference could make any binding arrangement.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier—No. Under the terms of the resolution adopted at the Imperial Conference no binding resolution can be passed. Representatives must report to their respective Governments.

Satisfactory Assurance.

Mrs. Upson—"Dr. Mary Walker makes fun of the spring styles of hats."

Mrs. Goodale—"I'm so glad to learn that the dear old lady is still alive."

MONGOLIAN FAST IN ICE.

Completely Surrounded in Narrows Near St. John's, Nfld.

Pressing of the Ice May Crush Vessel's Sides.

Five Hundred Passengers Aboard of Vessel.

St. John's, Nfld., May 19.—The Allan liner Mongolian, which left Liverpool Saturday week for St. John's and Halifax with nearly five hundred passengers, tried to reach this port to-day through a field of ice which was drifting against the land, but was firmly gripped by tightly packing floes on miles from this harbor and has been there since noon. The wind is blowing steadily on the land. The ship is absolutely helpless. She is surrounded on every side by masses of ice and large icebergs, and if the wind increases during the night will probably become a total wreck. She has a number of passengers for St. John's, and her agents sent out the steamer Prospero, which is specially designed for ice navigation, to take off these passengers and also the mail. The Prospero was unable to get through the ice and got jammed herself in the Narrows, and there she remains between the Mongolian and the shore, abandoned by her crew.

Much anxiety is felt for the safety of the liner, as the weather conditions are not promising to-night and unless the wind changes the Mongolian may remain for several days in her present position, or may be crushed by the relentless pressing against her sides. Her passengers would, however, be able to escape on the floes and make their way to land, though it would be an unpleasant experience for people most of whom have never seen ice floes before.

ICE ALL ABOUT THE STEAMER.

St. John's, Nfld., May 19.—The Mongolian left Glasgow on May 5 and Liverpool a few days later, with nearly 500 passengers aboard for this port, Halifax and Philadelphia. Even before Cape Race had been sighted, the combat between steamer and ice became a reality. About a mile off the narrow harbor opening, the Mongolian stopped, the power of the engines unable to successfully cope with the great, irregular stretches of ice. The steamer's efforts to run the blockade are believed to have injured some of the bow plates. To-night the combined action of wind and tide strengthened the grip of the floes, and the Mongolian was completely surrounded and unable to advance or recede.

Although assured that they were in no immediate danger the passengers on board the Mongolian crowded the decks to witness, with anxious interest, the combat which resulted in the entrapment of the steamer.

By hope of rescue from that source diminished when the Prospero was halted at the mouth of the harbor, the wind and tide had packed the ice cakes in an impenetrable mass.

The hardy fisher folk, undaunted by danger, traversed the ice floes to-night and reached the side of the Mongolian, where they conversed with officers and passengers. The fishermen reported to people ashore that the steamer was not seriously injured. The proximity of the Mongolian to the shore, however, made her position a dangerous one.

VESSEL IN NO DANGER.

Montreal, May 19.—At a late hour to-night Mr. Hugh Allan stated that he did not believe a word of the report which stated that the steamer Mongolian was in danger of becoming a total wreck off St. John's, Nfld. "We had word from her late this afternoon, asking us for instructions. She was then outside the ice floe and was expecting the wind to change and clear the ice pack out of her way. Our instructions were for her to wait until the wind changed, and I have every reason to believe she is all right." According to the report which reached here, she was liable to become a total wreck, and the only way her crew could escape was by walking over the thickly packed ice. This was described by Mr. Allan as "bunkum."

AID UNEMPLOYED.

British Government Will Establish System of Labor Exchanges.

London, May 19.—Mr. Winston Spencer Churchill, President of the Board of Trade, announced in the House of Commons this evening that to-morrow he would introduce a Government bill providing for the creation in Great Britain of a national system of labor exchanges, similar to those already existing on the continent of Europe. The object of the measure is to foster the organization of labor and ameliorate the condition of the working classes by reducing unemployment, especially in London and the other large cities. With this new departure, Mr. Churchill said, the Government also intended to associate a policy of employment insurance.

Dragged Behind Harrows.

Brookville, May 19.—John Anderson, aged 50, a prominent farmer residing at Glenn Buell, was driving a team attached to a harrow yesterday when the team bolted and ran away. He was dragged some distance, receiving a compound fracture of the right leg, and was internally injured.

VALUE OF A DREADNOUGHT.

The Offer to Britain Defended by New Zealand Minister.

Wellington, N. Z., May 19.—Mr. Millar, Minister of Railways, speaking at Dunedin, strongly defended the offer of a Dreadnought to Britain. Some days, he said, men would know the full reasons for it. It was impossible to run the risk of defeat of the fleet and danger to the colony's commerce. The enthusiasm with which the gift had been received by the mother country showed its value.

Alberta farmers look for a record-breaking crop this year.

A STRANGE "CRIB."

Burglars Broke Into North Bay Police Station and Stole Revolver.

North Bay, May 19.—North Bay police station was burglarized this afternoon, the office door forced, and a trunk opened. The loot included a number of "phony" gold rings confiscated from a fakir, several jackknives and Chief Rayner's revolver. Wm. Flowers, released from jail yesterday after serving a term for attempted house-breaking, was arrested while trying to sell some of the rings in "Little Italy." A man named Freedlander, also released yesterday after a term for stealing whiskey from a C. P. R. car, was arrested as being implicated. It is thought the men cooked up the job while in jail, largely out of bravado.

Sleepless?

Nerves Are Racked. Vitality is Lowered. Brain is Congested. Health Undermined.

Opium, Sedatives, Narcotics, Worse Than Useless. Produce No Permanent Good.

Worry, overwork, over-study and indigestion cause insomnia.

Healthy, natural sleep can't be produced by drugs.

First, the blood circulation must be improved.

Congestion of blood in the head must be removed.

Irritation in the brain must be relieved.

It's because Ferrozone equalizes circulation, because it soothes the irritation, because it removes indigestion that it cures insomnia.

For building blood and nerve, for imparting force and life into overworked organs, for establishing strength and vitality, where can you find anything so sure as Ferrozone.

Remember, sleep is just as important as food.

You must sleep, or break down.

You can't get on with Ferrozone and thereby remove the conditions which now keep you from sleep.

Ferrozone is not a narcotic, not a dope; it is a health-giving tonic that any child or delicate woman can use.

Absolutely safe is Ferrozone.

Take it for a month, take it for a year—no harm, but immeasurable good will result.

To sleep well, look well, feel well, to be free from depression, nervousness or blues—use Ferrozone. It's a food tonic, a healer to the weak and wretched, a boon to the sleepless—sold everywhere in 50c. boxes.

DAYLIGHT HOLD-UP.

Daring Robbery of Express Office at Turro, N. S.

Halifax, May 19.—Fifteen hundred dollars was stolen at the muzzle of a revolver from the office of the Canadian express Company at Turro, this afternoon, by three men who are still at large. Entering the office, one man clapped a gun to the head of the only clerk in the building, while another went through the safe and drawers. Then, with the third man, who had been standing guard outside the building, they disappeared, leaving the express office in a state of confusion. The local police and several Halifax detectives. Everything in connection with the hold-up showed that the crime had been very carefully planned and that the men who did the job were very familiar with the routine of the office.

It was one of the most daring affairs of the kind that has ever occurred in the Maritime Provinces, for the office is located next to the Intercolonial station and right in the heart of the town. Yet no one saw the men enter the office or leave it. J. Burgess, the clerk in the office, was the only person there at the time. Burgess declares that while the robber was rifling the office he was forced to keep his face toward the wall, the second man standing over him with the gun at his head, all the time threatening him if he made any outcry.

Soon after the robbers left the office Burgess summoned assistance and made known the robbery. The robbers hastened off to the park and were soon lost sight of in the woods.

CHALLENGE TO LABOR.

Gage Thrown Down by President of U. S. Manufacturers.

New York, May 19.—The election to the presidency of the National Association of Manufacturers of John F. Kirby, jun., was made unanimous at to-day's session of the annual meeting. The election of Mr. Kirby was made the occasion of a demonstration in favor of J. W. VanCleave, retiring president, whose policies Mr. Kirby pledged himself to follow.

"Our organization," said Mr. Kirby, "is pledged to face the labor question. It involves a great principle which cannot be fooled with, compromised with or temporized with if America is to remain America. The life of the American Federation of Labor is hanging by a thread, and there would be no militant question to a pointed issue instead of temporizing and fooling with it. The only way to deal with this animal is to take it by the horns till it is made obedient. If we had to deal with the 95 per cent. of labor men who are for justice and fairness we could settle this whole labor problem in an instant."

Buffalo for Alberta.

A Herd of Three Hundred Now on the Way.

Roman, Mont., May 19.—The expedition sent by the Dominion Government to secure the remaining 300 buffalo, bought from Michael Pablo for Buffalo Park, Wainwright, Alberta, arrived here to-day in charge of Mr. Howland Douglas, Commissioner of Canadian National Parks. Sixty Mexican cowboys have been busy during the past

fortnight persuading the buffalo toward the corral in the valley of Pend D'Oreille River. To-morrow an attempt will be made to force them into the corral, which, if successful, will make the balance of the task somewhat easy. These buffalo are the outlaws of the herd, and the task is fraught with some difficulty.

To deal honestly with others is not so difficult. To compel others to deal honestly with you—that is power.—June Smart Set.

PARLIAMENT PROROGUED.

Governor-General and Suite Attend the Closing Ceremonies.

Australian and New Zealand Newspaper Men Get Front Seats.

The Speech Enumerates Many of the Acts Passed by House.

Ottawa, Ont., May 19.—With the usual formal ceremonies Parliament was prorogued this afternoon by His Excellency the Governor-General. The customary salute was fired by the Second Field Battery under Major MacLaren; a mounted escort was furnished by "A" squadron of the P. L. D. G. under Capt. Macoun, and the guard of honor by the G. G. F. G. under Capt. Verrett. The Australian delegates to the Imperial Press Conference were allotted seats on the floor, and the event was quite a brilliant society function. His Excellency said:

Honorable Gentlemen of the Senate: Gentlemen of the House:

In relieving you from further attendance on this session I thank you for the assiduity and diligence which you have given to the discharge of the duties entrusted to your care, and it must be a source of satisfaction to yourselves that you have been able to perform your labors in a comparatively brief space of time. I am pleased to notice that your attention has been engaged in some measures of great importance.

In the first rank of such measures is to be noted the amendment to the Railway Act, under which, by the joint action of the National Government, provincial and municipal authorities, together with the railway companies, level railway crossings are to be gradually removed, and a constant menace to life and property thereby effectively done away with. The loan of one million dollars to the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Co. will no doubt ensure the completion during the coming season of the prairie section of the National Transcontinental Railway, and will secure to the fast developing western provinces for this year's crop a new and competitive outlet towards the sea.

The Act to place the Department of Labor, which has been in existence for some years, under the direct responsibility of a Minister of the Crown exclusively entrusted with its management, is in accordance with the oft expressed wishes of labor organizations, and is a further step in a field of legislation wherein Canada has already taken a not unimportant place.

The Act charging the Secretary of State with special responsibility in regard to the external affairs of Canada will facilitate the transaction of business in connection with that most important branch of the public service. The resolution adopted by the House of Commons for the organization of the Canadian naval service in co-operation with and in close relation to the Imperial navy is a proper acknowledgment of the duties now appealing to Canada as a member of the British Empire.

The financial conditions throughout the world seem to be more hopeful than they were four months ago, when I opened this session, and whilst in Canada we have undoubtedly suffered less than other countries during this period of universal depression, it will still be the part of prudence to exercise care and economy in all branches of the service. Gentlemen of the House of Commons:

I thank you for the provisions which you have made for the public service. Hon. Gentlemen of the Senate; Gentlemen of the House of Commons:

I sincerely hope and pray that Almighty God will continue to pour His blessing upon our country. Let us now offer Him the fervent expression of our gratitude for the signal favors which we have received from Him.

GEORGE MEREDITH'S ASHES

Will Not be Allowed to Rest in Westminster Abbey.

London, May 19.—The Westminster authorities have declined permission to place the ashes of George Meredith in the abbey. An appeal to the dean to this end was strongly supported by the Society of Authors, representing all the leading writers, by Premier Asquith, Lord Morley, Rudyard Kipling and Jas. M. Barrie. Mr. Barrie made a personal appeal to the dean, but in vain.

It was announced officially to-night by the dean that a memorial service will be held in the abbey on Saturday. The funeral, therefore, will be at Dorking, as previously arranged.

"I understand the duke's search was fruitful."

"Yes, he found a peach."—June Smart Set.

The Uses of Bile In Digestion

Bile is quite as important as are the gastric juices in the process of digestion.

Chronic indigestion disappears when an active liver supplies bile in sufficient quantities.

You think of bile as something disagreeable and poisonous, something to be well rid of. In the blood the bile is poisonous and harmful, but the liver takes the bile out of the blood and pours it into the intestines, where it fulfills a most important mission.

Without bile human life is short; for bile hastens the passage of the food along the alimentary canal.

Bile neutralizes the acid which passes from the stomach to the intestines.

Bile prevents the fermentation of food in the intestines, which in turn causes gas, wind, flatulency.

Bile, in short, is Nature's cathartic and maintains a regular and healthful process of digestion and of elimination of waste matter by way of the bowels.

But to have a regular flow of bile the liver must be kept healthy and active and just here is where Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills come in, for they are definite, specific and direct in their action on the liver.

It is only by setting the liver right that constipation can be cured. It is only by making the liver healthy that biliousness and bilious, sick headaches can be thoroughly overcome. It is only by making the liver active that the most difficult cases of indigestion and dyspepsia will ever vanish.

A single box of Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills at 25 cents a box will convince you of their extraordinary merit. One pill a dose, at all dealers, or Edmanston, Bates & Co., Toronto.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

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