

CONSERVATION OF MAN-POWER IN CANADA 11

TABLE 14a. -ANALYSIS OF 883 EXAMINATIONS OF RECRUITS AT A MEDICAL BOARD CENTRE IN CANADA

	Number	Per cent
Total accepted A2	402	47.7
" " A2, illiterate	20	
" " B, C, D	169	19.8
" " illiterate	9	
Total in Class E rejected		32.7
Hernias	42	4.7
Underweight or undersize	38	4.2
Deformities from old accident or disease	28	3.2
Hemorrhoids	21	2.3
Mental deficiency	20	2.2
Varicose veins	20	2.2
Tuberculosis	18	2.0
Asthma	4	0.5
Osteomyelitis	4	0.4
Old Pott's fracture	3	0.1
Graves disease	3	0.3
Knee joint affections	3	0.3
Rheumatic fever	11	1.2
Chronic otorrhea	10	1.1
Valvular disease of heart	10	1.1
Sight or hearing	9	1.0
Various amputations	9	1.0
Results of infantile spinal paralysis	5	0.5
Epilepsy	5	0.5
Stammering	2	0.2
Active syphilis, primary and secondary	2	0.2
Under-age	2	0.2
Over-age	1	0.1
Anal fistula	3	0.3
Chronic eczema	2	0.2
Diseases of spine	2	0.2
Congenital excessive torticollis	1	0.1
Discharging sinns in neck	1	0.1
Chronic laryngitis	1	0.1
Chronic gonorrhoea recurrent	1	0.1
Scoliosis	1	0.1
Insanity	1	0.1
Diabetes	1	0.1
Night blindness	1	0.1
Tachycardia	1	0.1
Deafmutism	1	0.1
Extensive callous soles of feet	1	0.1
P. prolapse of rectum	1	0.1
Illiterates in Class A2	20	
Illiterates in Class B, C, D	9	
Illiterates in Class E	21	
Mental defectives	20	
Insane	1	
	71	8.0

It is this general prevalence of defects found in school children, and proved to exist in persons in later life, which must become the measure of the loss of man-power which every progressive nation today must combat to lessen or prevent economic loss. That such loss will vary with climate, occupation, age, sanitary and social surroundings is obvious; but that health for the different age-periods