MANUFACTURES
OF THE
MISPECK MILLS, - - St. John, N. B.

ALL WOOL GOODS, viz:
HEAVY and LIGHT GREY CLOTH; HEAVY GREY and SCARLET FLANNEL;
MISPECK TWEED.
Heavy Grey Blankets.
ALSO:
FIRST CLASS COTTON WARPS.
The above named Seasonable Goods are all of SUPERIOR QUALITY, manufactured from the very best materials, and warranted to give satisfaction.
☞ORDERS FROM THE TRADE RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.
☞Warehouse—Reed's Building, Water Street.
sep 11—1yd&w J. L. WOODWORTH, Agent.

LARRIGANS, &c.

On Hand--1000 Pairs No. 1 Larrigans,
250 " No. 2 do
150 doz. Prime Country Socks,
100 " Fair do do
250 " " do Mitts,
100 Lined and Strapped Horse Blankets,
200 Pair Homespun Pants,
100 Homespun Jumpers,
120 dozen Homespun Shirts,
REEFERS, OVER COATS, HOOD COATS,
HATS, CAPS, PANTS & VESTS.
With a large variety of Goods suitable for the Woods, AT THE LOWEST LIVING PRICES AND ON THE VERY BEST TERMS.
EVERITT & BUTLER,
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Where you can get them Repaired!
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FAMILY SEWING MACHINES!
82 KING STREET.
All kinds of Sewing Machines Repaired and Improved.
oct 11 d w

The Daily Tribune.
J. L. STEWART.....EDITOR.
ST. JOHN, N. B., NOV. 22, 1872.

## A Patriotic Partisan.

It is seldom that political partisanship is so entirely sunk when a public measure is to be decided as has been the case with regard to the consolidation of the E. & N. A. Railway Companies. It was in the power of the Government to say yes or no to the propositions for consolidation. They were responsible for whatever action might be taken. A partisan Leader of the Opposition would have protested against their action, and prepared to make political capital out of it, but Mr. Willis patriotically did nothing of the kind. He has accepted the decision reached by Messrs. King, Kelly, Stevenson, Crawford and Company, and quietly hopes it may serve the public interests. So shining an example of magnanimity ought not to go unrewarded. The Leader might have increased the perplexities of the Government, but he did not; he might have laid the foundation for an effective attack on them next session, but he has precluded himself and his followers from doing so. The Government should remember this magnanimous foe, and the Province should not forget this patriotic partisan. So great forgetfulness of self and devotion to the public good seldom illuminate the dark paths of political strife. Will Mr. Willis succeed in forcing his Lieutenant, Mr. Gough, and the others to refrain from criticising what he (the Leader) has assented to? We think he will. He will either do so or abdicate the position he holds. Should he find it necessary to throw the party overboard for insubordination the Government will have an opportunity to reward him for his patriotic cooperation in a critical time. It is useless to urge them to reward him now with a seat at the Executive Council board, as they cannot afford to have the Opposition fall into other leadership. It is too much to ask them to sacrifice their interests, even for the purpose of doing justice to the merits of a statesman, and we shall not press Mr. Willis's claims at present.

## Another Public Murder.

The last public murder in New York—the shooting of O'Neil on the steps of the building in which Judge Sutherland was holding court—has aroused the long suffering public of the metropolis to a serious consideration of the speedy return to lynch law and vigilance committee justice. "This," says one journal, "means chaos and retrogression toward barbarism; but there is a limit beyond which no people like ours will allow individual violence to go unpunished. Is not this limit pretty nearly reached here now—when the Tombs is full of murderers whose execution no one expects? Between jealousy, constructive self-defence and homicidal mania, any bad and violent man can seize a justification for murder and commit it with far less risk of unpleasant consequences than if he should steal a loaf of bread for a starving family." When murder has become less dangerous to the perpetrator than stealing a loaf of bread, it is time for the people to enquire into the wisdom of continuing to maintain and respect legal machinery. If courts and criminal process will not punish offenders, the people must resume the power they have delegated to the machinery of justice, and take the punishment of offenders into their own hands. That is the only remedy. It has become impossible to get a man condemned for murder in New York if he has money to pay lawyers to obstruct the machinery of the law. The worst cases of wilful murder—Foster, the cat hook murderer, for instance—are no exceptions. The taxpayers of New York have paid many thousands of dollars for a great attempt to secure justice in his case, and he is a long way from the gallows yet. When conviction cannot be secured and the sentence carried out in a case of that kind, when there is not even the shadow of a doubt of the guilt of the accused, not a pretence of his being insane, nor an imaginary justification, how hopeless must be the feeling with which the prosecuting attorneys attempt to get the swell murderers who plead justification punished. The account of the murder in another column is colored considerably in the interest of the murderer. The testimony showed that he had been leading a highly immoral life, and left no doubt of his having treated his wife harshly. The proof of improper intimacy between O'Neil and Mrs. King consisted in the testimony of two servants, and there was much contradictory testimony, including that of O'Neil's wife, who would not be likely to be blind to any departure of her husband's from the path of marital constancy. The manner in which the murderer was dressed for the occasion convinced many that he had premeditated the deed, and the cowardly manner in which he carried out his murderous designs makes the act one of the most dastardly on record.

It is no wonder that a New York journal says: "The road we are rapidly travelling leads straight to the dissolution of the foundations of society. How many more men must be shot down in our streets and in broad daylight before we shall conclude to stop and return to old-fashioned notions about the criminal law?" That is just what is wanted, a return to old-fashioned notions about the criminal law. They may seem rude and harsh to the cultivated sentimentality and morbid philanthropy of the day, but they are essential to the well being of society.

The Boston calamity was predicted long ago. The blocks of buildings that have perished were pointed out as good subjects for a great fire, even while Boston was gazing up to them with pride. Wooden roofs and cornices, shutterless windows, open hatchways and elevators, unprotected sky-lights, are well known to render the saving of any building, after it once gets on fire, impossible; and yet "fire-proof" buildings are continually erected with all these faults. An article in another column tells how to make a building fire-proof, and is commended to the consideration of builders in St. John.

Albert County is agitated over the railway subsidy question, and the ratepayers of Hillsborough, Harvey and Hopewell will vote on the question the 7th of next month. It would be a great pity to see this enterprise killed for lack of local aid. The subsidy, stock, and bonds of the company will be entirely inadequate to construct the broad gauge road determined on, and unless the local subsidies are voted, the road will not be built.

We are sorry to learn that Rev. Charles P. Bliss, Private Secretary to the Minister of Customs, died in Ottawa yesterday, of disease of the lungs.

## NOTES AND NEWS.

The *Head Quarters* has suspended.

The Boston Coliseum is to be knocked down on Saturday.

In Halifax, Black, the gold robber, has been sentenced to four years' imprisonment.

One hundred and thirty two cargoes of wheat have been sent from from San Francisco to England since last July.

Over 7000 barrels of apples, intended for exportation to England were purchased in Annapolis last week.

The schooorer "Lyra" wrecked at Woodpoint and condemned, was purchased by A. & W. Ogden for $300

A Bangor critic pays a high tribute to the dramatic talent of Miss Effie Keans, of this city, who is playing with Flora Myres.

A narrow gauge railway, to open up the north and north east, is the latest enterprise which is attracting the attention of Montrealers.

The Grand Trunk Railway freight going east ran over and killed a man named Bloomfield, a short distance east of Granton station, Tuesday.

Ven. Archdeacon McLean, of Manitoba, is now on his way to England to obtain funds for the establishment of a Bishopric in the great North-west.

The hen disease has been dignified with the following names: Henflewhenza, pullino-febro-sincipetal-anasaachal bulbosity, panithli noso-deinos-ornic ephalitis, gallena agussbiah-moragha, daswelchedichuheenrmordert.

The gauge on the Grand Trunk Railway between Sarnia and Fort Erie, distance of 200 miles, was on Monday changed from 5 feet 6 inches to 4 feet 8½ inches. All the trains were running Tuesday on regular time bill.

The Moncton *Times* says that the writer of "The Nova Scotia Skipper's" letter to the Windsor *Mail* "omitted one grave charge against the St. John people—they neglected to provide him accommodation in the Lunatic Asylum!"

In Montreal though the money market is not exactly stringent, money is scarce. Bankers are inclined to pursue a conservative policy. The rate of discount for commercial paper varies from 8 to 10 per cent. The stock market is extremely dull.

Among the losses by the burning of Rand & Avery's printing house in Boston, Wednesday night, are the December number of *Old and New*, nearly ready for delivery, an edition of *Littell's Living Age*, and sixty or seventy thousand copies of the *Day Spring*.

At Thurso, Ont., this week, a boy 16 years of age was skating on the bay, pushing before him a traineau which was occupied by his younger brother and sister, when the ice suddenly gave way and all three were drowned. Their bodies were recovered shortly afterwards.

A European letter cautions American inventors to acquaint themselves thoroughly with the patent laws of Austria before sending their inventions to the great exhibition at Vienna.

Pere Hyacinthe, in a letter to M. Louis Veuillot says that he shall go on celebrating mass just as the married bishops and priests did in early times, and as the Eastern priests do to this day.

Hiram Silver was arrested in Bangor Tuesday for inhumanly beating and kicking his wife, who is in a delicate state of health, so that her life is in danger. He was committed to jail to await the result of her injuries.

The Canal Survey between Moncton and Shediac commenced on Monday morning last. It will proceed under the direction of Mr. Stark, C. E., who has in his staff Mr. James Dickey and Mr. Joseph S. Delaney.

The eloquent Father Burke will deliver a lecture Sunday evening, Nov. 24, at the Boston Theatre, in aid of the needy and destitute, whose number has been largely increased by the late disastrous fire. The subject will be "The Future of the Irish Race in America."

The Relief Executive Committee of Boston invite all persons whose business was destroyed by the fire, and who desire aid to resume, to send to their chairman, Wm. Gray, in writing, their names and residences, and full statements as to their former business and present wishes.

Cheerful individuals about Bangor make times lively by applying the incendiary torch to the well filled barns in the vicinity. When discovered by the proprietors they fold their tents like the Arabs and as silently steal away. A number of articles have been missing of late.

Tuesday night the Montreal detectives arrested six young women, all accused of stealing boots. It appears from the evidence of the detectives and the mothers of some of the girls, that the prisoners belong to a dancing club which they are in the habit of frequenting, and it was to get money for this that they stole the boots and afterwards pawned them. The prisoners all pleaded guilty. All were well dressed, and belong to respectable families.

Advices from St. Louis, Mo., state that a vigilance committee has been organized in Lafayette county for the purpose of lynching Col. Turner, who killed Graves a few days ago for an alleged libellous publication. The sheriff called on the citizens to assist him in preserving the peace; a number responded and Turner was protected. Since then the "vigilants" have notified the citizens who aided the sheriff to leave the county, and they have deemed it expedient to do so.

The Nova Scotia benevolent society held a meeting Tuesday evening at Preble Hall, Boston, Mr. Geo. R. Sneaden occupying the chair. A rumor having got afloat that a number of Nova Scotians who suffered heavy losses by the great fire have failed to receive any encouragement from the Relief Committee, the society appointed a general committee of ten who will look after the interests of Nova Scotians. A committee on subscriptions of one from each town outside of Boston where members of the society reside was also appointed.

Mr. Robinson, Geological Surveyor, pronounces Vancouver's Island the "England of the Pacific" so far as coal measures are concerned. A mountain of iron has been discovered in Queen Charlotte Sound. In his late trip from Barclay Sound, Mr. Robinson discovered many valuable fossils among hornblende and other rock, a circumstance unknown to science before. At Horne Lake there are immense deposits of fine stone, and blocks of marble of 30 cubic feet, without a crack or blemish, were found.

## A HUSBAND'S REVENGE.

### Another McFarland Case—The Murderer the Pet of the Populace.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19

The popular feeling over the murder of Ambrose F. O'Neill by J. C. King yesterday afternoon is intense. The publication of the testimony taken in the divorce case before the referee has completely turned the current of popular sympathy in King's favor. O'Neill, who is a Boston man, seduced King's wife and lived with her in open and reckless adultery during the latter's absence from home. King brought a suit for crim. con. against O'Neill, and the latter was arrested and bailed in $10,000. Then Mrs. King ran away with her lover, taking her three children. King brought a suit for divorce, alleging adultery, and the custody of the children was given him. Mrs. King afterwards brought a cross suit for divorce, charging adultery and brutal treatment. Judge Sutherland was appointed referee in the last suit, and he has been taking testimony. O'Neill's testimony before the referee yesterday was of the most damaging character. He swore to immorality, irreligion and extreme brutality on the part of King, who followed him from the court room and fired two shots at him as he was descending the steps.

The post mortem examination this afternoon showed that the ball entered the breast two inches below the collar bone on the right side and penetrated the heart, one lung, liver and the diaphragm, describing in a semicircular course and finally dropping among the intestines. O'Neill had his own pistol half drawn when he was struck. While awaiting the arrival of the surgeon, Mrs. O'Neill asked if there was a priest in the room. A gentleman stepped forward and said he was one. Mrs. O'Neill requested him to baptize her husband, who was not a Catholic, but intended to become one in a few days. The priest took the dying man's hand and told him to press his own if he wanted to be baptized. Receiving a gentle pressure in response, the priest took an office tumbler filled with water, and pouring it over O'Neill's head, solemnly recited the baptismal formula. A moment afterwards O'Neill was dead. King was taken to the Tombs this morning and locked in cell No. 41. He has behaved in the coolest and most collected manner possible since the homicide. O'Neill's funeral will take place to-morrow, from St. Stephen's church in East 27th street. Dr. McGlynn will say high requiem mass. The remains will be interred in Calvary Cemetery.

## Among the Boston Ruins.

[From yesterday's Boston Herald.]

The line of the military guard surrounding the burnt district was so far drawn in yesterday as to allow free passage through Milk, Oliver, Broad and Summer streets, which bound the territory on four sides. The only remaining side, Washington st., is clear with the exception of the space between Milk street and the place formerly occupied by Weeks & Potter. This was enclosed yesterday morning on account of the demolition of the heavy granite front wall of Palmer & Bachelders' store and that of the building next to it on the northerly side. The latter has been completely levelled and Palmer & Bachelders' wall has been torn down as far as the second story.

Large crowds of people of both sexes, who had not before been granted an opportunity of obtaining a near view of the ruins thronged the newly-opened streets yesterday afternoon, taking in with eager interest all the sights and scenes the place afforded. Broad street was, as it has been for the past two or three days, filled with a stream of vehicular travel, while up and down Summer and Milk streets people were constantly passing.

The work of demolishing dangerous walls was continued yesterday with highly satisfactory results. A gang of men under Mr. A. C. Richmond operated on Congress, High, Pearl and Purchase streets, bringing many a shaking and towering pile of granite and brick to the ground. On Pearl street the large granite front which, standing with an unbroken exterior, has attracted considerable attention, was attacked by Mr. Richmond's gang about 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The ropes were attached to the third story on the easterly end, and on the first pull a section of the front, embracing half a dozen buildings, came down with a thundering crash, filling the street with great blocks of detached granite. As soon as the ropes could be cleared they were again attached and another section of equal magnitude was forced to succumb to the arms of the laborers, aided as they were by the irresistible power afforded by the falls and tackle. This destruction of the Pearl street walls will be continued and probably completed to-day. Another gang of men bent their energies to the levelling of the brown stone front of the old post office building, corner of Summer and Chauncy streets, which was pulled inward successfully. On the corner of Washington and Franklin streets the ropes were fastened round a high section of brick wall attached to a chimney, and just as the labors of the men seemed about to be crowned with success, with the wall heaving and tottering, the rope suddenly parted with a twang, and there was a necessary suspension in the work. Matters were soon righted, however, and on the next trial the enemy surrendered and gracefully came down. Thus far in the work of demolition the city authorities have given their attention solely to walls facing on the streets and immediately endangering travel. Applications are constantly being made to those having charge of the gangs to have back walls pulled down in places where they threaten the lives of the laborers. Doubtless many of these applications will be complied with, and it will probably be many days before the use of fall and tackle on the part of the city will be dispensed with.

In the matter of erecting temporary places of business there is little of news to record. One building has been completed on the corner of Oliver and High streets, and is occupied by Thomas Firth & Sons as a steel warehouse, and also by Abbott & Howard, who are in the same line of trade. Opposite this is another building which is completed as far as the frame work and awaits boarding, covering with iron and painting. In the same locality are two or three other buildings in various stages of progress. At the corner of Oliver and Starrges streets the foundation has been laid for a building to be occupied by Wales, Minot & Co. On Broad street, along the line of the fire, one or two small wooden buildings have sprung up, and at No. 238 is to be found a flourishing flour store in a shanty scarcely more than 10 by 20 feet in dimensions.

The fires among the heaps of coal which lie along the wharves on Broad street have finally been extinguished, and it is in only one or two places that slowly issuing smoke denotes the existence of a feebly smouldering fire. Much of the coal is still serviceable and loads of it were being carted away to customers yesterday.

At the place of Wright & Potter, corner of Milk and Congress streets, a large derrick was erected yesterday preparatory to lifting out the boiler, presses and heavy machinery with which the place is cumbered.

Digging among various cellars still continues to bring up piles of cloth, carpets, &c., scarcely any of which are of value. Large quantities of ruined fabrics were exhumed from Anderson, Heath & Co.'s and also from several places on Federal street yesterday afternoon.

The favorite resort for relic hunters is now the place formerly occupied by Heyer Brothers on Summer street, where all sorts of rubbish are thrown up to be carted off and dumped, while men, women and children cluster round the tip-carts, eagerly seizing upon whatever comes to view, and not at all expediting the movements of the Milesians who are doing the work.

## How Chromos are Made.

Probably very few, even of those persons who are generally well informed, have the slightest conception of the various processes by which those wonders of modern imitative art, popularly known as Chromos, are gradually developed, step by step to perfection which almost defies discrimination in comparing with the original. The lithographic, or stone process, is that generally used in this country; but having been found too slow, and inherently defective for rendering some of the most delicate tints, great efforts have been made to find a substitute, by which a higher degree of perfection could be attained, and the superior productive capacity of relief substituted for the uncertainties and delays of surface printing.

Many years ago, Mr. Charles Stahl, a lithographic engraver of high repute, directed his attention to this subject, and after years of patient and enthusiastic devotion, he has overcome all difficulties, and has so perfected his process as to insure a complete revolution in the art of color printing. Messrs. James Sutton & Co., of 58 Maiden Lane, New York, publishers of *The Aldine*, adopted his process for the production of their premium Chromos, some three years ago; and, with the increased facilities thus placed at his disposal, Mr. Stahl, has been enabled to achieve the most admirable results, and the firm are now printing Chromos, equal in every respect to the very best foreign specimens.

The picture to be copied is covered with a transparent sheet of oiled paper, on which a tracing of every outline is made. This outline is then transferred to a lithographic stone, known as the "key." A number of plates, equal to the number of tints desired, is next prepared, and an impression from the key is printed on each. With the original before him, the artist fills in with crayon such portions of the outline on each plate as he wishes to have reproduce the particular shade assigned to it. The untouched portions of the plate are then covered with a peculiar preparation and a galvanic bath nicely governed, does the work of an engraver, but does it as no engraver could possibly do it—true to a hair, and finer, if necessary, than the naked eye can discover. Each plate is printed in its turn on the paper, and every impression must be so adjusted to its predecessors that there shall not be the slightest variation.

In *The Aldine* establishment may be seen two immense Cottrell & Babcock printing machines, selected for their accuracy of register and perfect distribution. These presses are constantly occupied in printing the Chromos to be given as premiums to subscribers to *The Aldine* for 1873. The well-known artistic standing of *The Aldine* was a guarantee that its Premium Chromos would be everything that the most fastidious could desire; and the specimens of "The Village Bell" and "Crossing the Moor," now before us, fully justify every expectation. The superior facilities of the publishers enable them to deliver a large edition of these Chromos to subscribers immediately, and they can keep pace with a demand equal to 20,000 pairs per month from January. It is estimated that before June 1st, over 2,500,000 impressions will be printed on each of these Chromos, which would give 100,000 pairs.

## LOCALS.

For a list of Agents for the sale of the DAILY TRIBUNE see first page.

For advertisements of WANTED, LOST, FOUND, FOR SALE, or TO LET, see Auction column.

### New Advertisements.

Advertisers must send in their favors before 12 o'clock noon, in order to insure their appearance in this list.

Custom Tailoring Establishment— James S. May
Insolvent Act— A. R. Rolph
Customs Department— R. S. M. Bouchette
United States Hotel— James Hinch
Pork— W. I. Whiting
Rice— do
Nutmegs— do
For sale— Samuel McGirr
Blankets— Likely, Cameron & Golding
American Kerosene Oil— McLaughlin & Sancton
Gentlemens' Furnishing Goods— W. W. Jordan
Cleaver's Goods— Hanington Bros
Hypophosphites— do

### Brevities.

The spread of the horse epidemic among the people continues to attract attention.

☞ A gentleman's gold watch will be given away this evening.

### St. Andrew's Day Celebration.

The members of the St. Andrew's Society of this city intend celebrating the birth day of Scotia's patron saint, by supping together at the Victoria Hotel on Saturday evening, 30th inst., when the office bearers for the ensuing year will be installed.

*The* DAILY TRIBUNE *is not excelled as a city advertising medium.*

### Sunday Liquor Selling.

Mr. Blackey, proprietor of the Tyne House, was fined $30 at the Portland Police Court this morning for selling liquor on Sunday.

☞ Prof. Stone will make this the greatest gift night ever given in this city.

### Shipping Notes.

The steamer Pictou, now much overdue at Pictou from Newfoundland, had not been heard from up to yesterday.

The pioneer steamer Republic, of the new Pacific Line, arrived at Rio Janerio on the 26th ult., on time, Aconcagua of the old Pacific Line, due on the 19th, had not at that date arrived.

The brig Clita, 118 tons register, built at Richmond, N. B., in 1863, has been sold at Boston for $3750.

The brig Annie Barker, owned by Messrs. Turnbull & Co., of this city, which has just completed loading a cargo of coal at Pictou, N. S., was detained at that port 42 days, waiting for a berth.

*Subscribe for the* DAILY TRIBUNE, *and have it delivered at your residence every afternoon.*

☞ Great amusement may be expected at the Mechanics' Institute this evening.

### The Bedell Stabbing Case.

The examination of Dr. George Bedell charged with stabbing the young man Corkery will take place at the Police Office on Monday. Bedell still remains in gaol.

*Advertise in the* DAILY TRIBUNE.

### Circuit Court.

The case of Allison vs. Robinson occupied the Court yesterday. Mr. Palmer moved for a non suit. The Judge reserved his decision and allowed the defence to be gone into. The case was continued to-day, and was not finished this afternoon.

☞ A lady's gold watch will be one of the presents at Mrs. Stone's benefit this evening.

### The Affairs of Messrs. Oulton Bros.

At a meeting of the creditors yesterday the liabilities of the estate were stated at $645,787, and the assets at $223,891. The creditors were offered 33⅓ per cent. as a compromise, and A. L. Palmer, Esq., offered to buy the ships of the firm for $140,000. Messrs. W. E. Vroom, J. Walter Scammell, and Simeon Jones were appointed a committee to consider the propositions, and to report at a meeting to be held to-morrow, at 3 p. m.

☞ Two gold watches, $10 in gold and one barrel of flour will be given at Mrs. Stone's benefit this evening.

*The circulation of the* DAILY TRIBUNE *is rapidly increasing.*

### Western Extension Railway Meeting.

The adjourned meeting of the stockholders of the Western Extension Railway Company was held at the office of the Secretary in Ritchie's Building yesterday afternoon to consider the Articles of Consolidation with the E. & N. A. Railway of Maine. Robert Robinson, Esq., submitted the amendments which the Government had after careful consideration instructed him to move. To article 3rd the amendment was that after the consolidation of the two companies and the payment of the present debts no further stock should be issued unless by a vote of two thirds of the stock represented at a meeting of the stockholders and that no portion of consolidated stock should be sold for less than its par value. Article 10 was amended to require a vote of two thirds of the value of the stock at any meeting to authorize the issue of bonds above $6,000,000 as provided in the 9th article. Article 11 that future consolidations with other companies shall not affect the number of New Brunswick directors. Article 12 arovides that the Crown and State of Maine respectively shall exercise all the rights and powers necessary for the enforcement of the provisions relating to tariff rates, and article 15 that E. R. Burpee be a director in the place of Lewis Carvell who wished to retire.

Remarks were made by Messrs. Ruel, Forbes, Cushing, Carvell, Jones, Willis, Robinson and Ellis. On the vote being taken there appeared 7520 shares for consolidation and 97 against. Messrs. Ruel, Jones and Robinson proceeded to Bangor last night.

*Subscription price of the* DAILY TRIBUNE, FIVE DOLLARS *a year. New subscribers will receive it from date until December 31st, 1873, on payment of the yearly subscription.*

### Merchants' Exchange.

The following despatches were received at the Exchange to-day:—

*Montreal, Nov. 22nd.*—Liverpool flour market firm, Red Wheat 11s. 4d. a 12s.; Corn 28s. 6d.

Cotton 9¾d. a 9½d.

Consols, London, 92⅝ a 92½.

*New York*—Flour market firmer.

Common to good Extra State $6.95 a $7.15.

No. 2 Spring Wheat $1.50 a $1.68.

Western Mixed Corn 64c. a 65c.

Mess Pork $15.30. Market drooping.

Grain freights 8½ a 9 cts.

Receipts of flour 21,000 bbls.; sales, 12,000 bbls.

Receipts of wheat 245,000 bushels; sales 170,000.

Receipts of Corn 222,000 bushels; sales 225,000

Fair Refining Sugar 9⅛c; good 9⅜ a 10c.; prime, 10 a 18¼c.; Cuba Cienfuegos Molasses 15 a 19c.; Porto Rico 28 a 55c.; English Islands 30 a 38c.

*Montreal*—Flour market more active, shade firmer.

Ordinary Canada and Welland Canal $6.00 a $6.10; Fancy $6.60 a $6.75; Extra $7.10 a $7.25.

Oats 31 a 35 cts.; Barley 52 a 55 cts.

Receipts of flour 4,000 bbls; sales 3,700.

*Chicago.*—No. 2 Spring Wheat market firm.

Receipts of wheat 31,000 bushels; shipments 66,000.

*New York, Nov. 22nd.*—Gold opened at 113½.

A complimentary benefit to Mrs. Stone, under the patronage of His Worship the Mayor and many other gentlemen of this city will take place at the Mechanics' Institute, Friday evening, Nov. 22nd., upon which occasion Prof. Stone will perform an unusual variety of amusing experiments, and conclude the entertainment with a grand distribution of magnificent presents, including two gold watches of $85 value; five gold rings, a barrel of flour, a $10 gold piece, a pair of woollen blankets and 200 other costly presents.

☞ Tickets now ready at W. C. Gibson's, King street.

### The Horse Disease in Halifax.

The *Citizen* notes the rapid spread of the horse epidemic in Halifax, and says that already traffic is seriously impeded. The street cars (with the exception of one for the accommodation of passengers by train) have stopped running. Expressmen are unable to supply teams, and the cab and truck stands are almost deserted. Many of the horses at work have the disease in a mild form, but it is said that only two stables in the city are free from the epidemic.

☞ There will be no postponement this evening of Mrs. Stone's benefit on account of weather.

### City Police Court.

Eliza McQuinn, 26, N. B., drunk on Brussels street; fined $4.

John White, 35, Germany, drunk on Pond street; fined $4.

Patrick Redden, drunk and wandering about Water street without coat or hat; fined $4.

Chas. K. Wilson, drunk and cursing on Charlotte street; fined $6.

Rosanna Toner, 45, Ireland, given in charge by P. McCourt, Esq., for being drunk and disturbing the neighborhood; sent home.

*Peters' Musical Monthly* completes its tenth volume with the December number, which contains three ballads, a Christmas song, an anthem, a four-hand piece, as played at Theodore Thomas' orchestral concerts, and three splendid piano pieces, any single piece being worth in sheet-music form more than the thirty cents Mr. Peters asks for the entire lot. Giving so much *really good music* for such a small sum, it is no wonder that *Peters' Musical Monthly* has hosts of friends among our music loving people. Those who have seen it will, of course, renew their subscription for the coming year; others, less fortunate, should send the publisher, J. L. Peters, 599 Broadway, New York, $1, and secure the last four numbers as sample copies, or $3 for a year's subscription. The publisher will give the WEEKLY TRIBUNE to yearly subscribers as a premium when the money is forwarded through us.

BARNES & CO.,
Printers, Booksellers, Stationers,
AND
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS.
☞We have added new machinery to our Bindery, and are enabled to execute BINDING in the best style. *Call and see Specimens.*
nov 21 1y BARNES & CO., 55 Prince Wm. street.

WILLIAM DUNLOP,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Flour, Groceries & Liquors,
No. 40 CHARLOTTE STREET,
nov 21 1y ST. JOHN, N. B.

151 Union Street.
GEORGE MURDOCH,
Harness Maker,
AND DEALER IN
*Fine Driving and Working Harness, Whips, Curry Combs, Brushes, &c., always on hand.*
☞Strict attention paid to JOBBING and REPAIRING. nov 21 1y

Mahoney's Livery Stables,
GERMAIN STREET,
*(Nearly Opposite Trinity Church.)*
THE Subscriber has removed his Livery Stables from the Waverley House to the above locality, where he is prepared to furnish HORSES, CARRIAGES, &c., of all descriptions, COACHES in attendance at all times.
WILLIAM MAHONEY, Proprietor.
oct 14 4m

House, Sign and Decorative Painting.
HAVING engaged first class Norwegian Sign and Decorative Painters, the undersigned is prepared to execute all orders in
FANCY SIGN AND DECORATIVE PAINTING,
in the highest style of the art, and with promptness.
LETTERING of all sorts, equal to anything that can be produced.
ORDINARY HOUSE PAINTING done as usual.
J. H. PULLEN, 86 Charlotte street.
oct 5

MEDICAL HALL,
(Opposite King Square,)
ST. JOHN, N. B.
R. D. McARTHUR,
Chemist and Druggist,
Importer and General Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c.
OILS, PAINTS, DYES,
Brushes, Cigars, Tobacco, &c.
CATTLE AND HORSE MEDICINE.
A GENERAL ASSORTMENT CONSTANTLY ON HAND
feb 16

GEO. SAYER & CO.'S BRANDY.—25 qtr. casks "Geo. Sayer's" BRANDIES. To arrive per Steamship "Lady Darling."
sep13 DANIEL PATTON.