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8136

8136—Here is a good quality reversible girl's coat with lining of self material. May be had in oxford grey with light grey, green with drab and brown with drab. It can also be had in Chinchilla Cloth or ratine of the navy blue shade with light blue reversible or in bronze with brown. Sizes 6 to 8 years $7.49. 10-12 years $7.99
Price prepaid to your address.

you have not already received one. D-12

48 St. Joseph Street, QUEBEC.

United Empire granulated	4.80	"	4.90
Bright yellow	4.70	"	4.80
No. 1 yellow	4.40	"	4.50
Paris lumps	6.25	"	6.50
FLOUR, ETC.			
Roller oatmeal	5.75	"	5.80
Standard oatmeal	6.35	"	6.40
Manitoba high grade	6.45	"	6.50
Ontario medium patent	5.60	"	5.70
Ontario full patent	5.80	"	5.95
GROCERIES.			
Choice seeded raisins, 1s	0.08	"	0.08½
Fancy, do	0.08½	"	0.09
Malaga clusters	2.45	"	2.75
Currants, cleaned, 1s	0.08	"	0.08½
Cheese, per lb	0.15½	"	0.15¾
Rice	4.25	"	4.50
Cream tartar, pure, box	0.21	"	0.22
Bicarb soda, per box	2.10	"	2.20
Molasses, fancy, Barbados	0.37½	"	0.38
Beans, hand picked	2.85	"	3.40
Beans, yelloweye	0.00	"	0.00
Split peas	8.40	"	8.50
Pot barley	7.50	"	7.60
Cornmeal	3.40	"	3.45
Granulated cornmeal	5.15	"	5.25
Liverpool salt, per sack, ex store	0.80	"	0.85
GRAINS.			
Middlings, car lots	30.00	"	30.50
Mid., small lots, bagged	30.00	"	30.50
Bran, small lots, bagged	26.50	"	27.50
Cornmeal, in bags	1.65	"	1.70
Pressed hay, car lots, No. 1	14.00	"	17.00
Pressed hay, per ton, No. 1	17.00	"	19.00
Oats, Canadian	0.54	"	0.58
FRUITS, ETC.			
Grenoble, walnuts	0.14	"	0.15
Marbot walnuts	0.12	"	0.13
Almonds	0.15	"	0.00
California prunes	0.13	"	0.14
Filberts	0.11	"	0.12
Brazils	0.12	"	0.14
Pecans	0.14	"	0.16
New dates, per lb	0.06	"	0.09
Peanuts, roasted	0.10	"	0.13
Bag figs, per lb	0.04	"	0.05
Lemons, Messina, box	5.00	"	5.50
Cocoanuts, per dozen	0.60	"	0.70
Cocoanuts, per sack	4.00	"	4.50
Peaches, 2s	1.50	"	1.75
Bananas	1.75	"	3.00
California late Valencies	4.50	"	5.50
New figs, box	0.13	"	0.18
Onions, Valentia, per case	2.50	"	3.00
Onions, Valentia, one-half case	0.00	"	1.50
Onions, American, bag	1.75	"	0.00
Canadian onions	0.00	"	1.25
FISH.			
Small dry cod	4.00	"	0.00
Medium dry cod	5.25	"	5.50
Pollock	3.75	"	4.00
Grand Manan herring, bbls	5.25	"	5.50
Grand Manan herring, half-bbls	2.75	"	3.00
Fresh haddock	0.02½	"	0.03
Pickled shad, half-bbls	8.00	"	12.00
Fresh cod, per lb	0.02½	"	0.03
Bloaters, per box	0.85	"	0.90
Halibut	0.10	"	0.15
Kippered herring, per doz	0.30	"	0.50
Finnan haddies	0.06	"	0.07
OILS.			
Pratt's Astral	0.00	"	0.20
White Rose and Chester	0.00	"	0.17½
High grade Sarnia and Archlight	0.00	"	0.17½
Silver Star	0.00	"	0.17
Turpentine	0.00	"	0.58½
Raw oil	0.00	"	0.83
Boiled oil	0.00	"	0.86
Extra lard oil	0.87	"	0.00
Extra No. 1 lard	0.81	"	0.00
HIDES.			
Beef hides, per lb	0.00	"	0.12
Calfskin	0.00	"	0.18
Sambskin, one dealer's price	0.55	"	0.60
Sambskin, another dealer's price	0.60	"	0.65
Tallow	0.00	"	0.05½
Horsehide	0.00	"	0.04½
Deer hide	0.00	"	0.09
Wool (unwashed)	0.00	"	0.14
Wool (washed)	0.00	"	0.23

NEW FOX RANCH AT EDMUNDSTON

Edmundston, N. B., Nov. 14—What the promoters say will be one of the finest fox ranches in the maritime provinces is about completed here on the farm of Richard Hodgson, about two miles from town. Two fine pairs of foxes have been secured and will occupy their new home in a few days. In the spring extensive concrete additions will be made to the ranch, together with every improvement known to make the foxes safe, dry and contented as though living in their wild state. Those interested in this picturesque enterprise, who will seek incorporation soon are the following: J. W. Hall, Dr. B. Sproul, J. Frank Rice, Pius Michaud, M. P., Richard Hodgson and A. W. Bell.

Tin funnels should not be used carelessly. The action of acids on tin is very dangerous. For this reason it is much better for every housewife to have a possible funnel.

The Semi-Weekly Telegraph and The News

VOL. LII. ST. JOHN, N. B. WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1912 NO. 15

ROACHVILLE MAN SHOT FOR A DEER

Lisson Keirstead the Victim

Bullet Entered Right Hip, Coming Out the Left

Was Fired by Floyd Foshay, of Sussex, Who Was Pursuing a Wounded Deer and Mistook Man for the Animal—Some Doubt About His Recovery.

Special to The Telegraph.

Sussex, N. B., Nov. 18—A shooting accident occurred near here this morning which may cost Lisson Keirstead his life.

Mr. Keirstead was in the woods hunting near his home at Roachville, and was shot down for a deer by Floyd Forshay, who was also hunting.

Forshay wounded a deer and was in hot pursuit when suddenly he spied something standing near a bush. The bush, being covered with snow, moved, and Forshay, thinking it the deer, fired. He heard a groan, and rushing up found that he had shot a man instead of a deer.

The bullet entered Mr. Keirstead's right hip and striking the bone, split, coming out at the left thigh, making a double wound at the exit. Mr. Keirstead was assisted home and Dr. McAlister and Dr. Burnett quickly called, and the patient was made as comfortable as possible.

It cannot yet be determined what the outcome of the wound will be. Mr. Keirstead is a farmer and married. Mr. Forshay is a single man and works with J. T. Prescott at Roachville bridge.

ANOTHER ALLEGED GET-RICH-QUICK GANG ARRESTED

Six in Custody—Are Said to Have Fleeced Promoters Out of $1,500,000 in Three Years.

Cincinnati, O., Nov. 18—With the arrests today in six cities of men alleged by the government to constitute a monumental get-rich-quick chain of swindlers, United States secret service men declare they have brought to the surface an organization that has mulcted small corporations, inventors and promoters of $1,500,000 in the last three years.

The arrests were made as the result of secret indictments returned here by the last United States grand jury. Those arrested were: F. D. Minyard, at Cleveland, Ohio; George S. Hannaford, Chicago; H. B. Warden, Rochester (N. Y.); Mason G. Worts, New York; Thomas Fishwick, Boston; and A. Bruce Crane, of Newark (N. J.)

Indictments were returned here against five men who are alleged to have constituted one link of the chain. The five men are Minyard, Hannaford, Fishwick and J. R. Long and J. C. Malcolm, who are said to be in Canada. The other arrests were made on affidavits of government officials.

The plan of operations, it is charged in the indictment, was for members of the concern to advertise their ability to sell stocks for promoters and inventors. Those who answered the advertisement were told that the stock could not be sold at its true value unless guaranteed by a reliable guaranty company. The customer was then recommended, it is charged, to George Hannaford, who conducted the Chicago Debenture Company. Hannaford, the indictment states, would guarantee the stock, charging one per cent. of its par value. The promoter then would be informed that a purchaser for the entire issue had been found, provided the proposition was found worthy. A charge rating as high as one-third, or sometimes forty-five per cent. of the value, would be made for this investigation. Afterwards the promoter was informed that his proposition had proved to be no good, and was dropped.

JAMAICAN HURRICANE DOES MUCH DAMAGE

Kingston, Ja., Nov. 18—The heavy gale which began Nov. 15 still continues with heavy rains and floods in the western section of the island. The telegraph system has been completely cut off and it is known that a vast amount of damage has been done.

The local observatory issued a statement this afternoon to the effect that the hurricane was moving in a northeasterly direction.

MONCTON CHIEF OF POLICE WINS

Commission Finds No Grounds for Complaint of Provincial Constables

JUNK MEN IN TROUBLE

Boys, Arrested for Stealing, Make Serious Charges Against Men Who Bought the Loot—G. T. P. Service to Edmundston Opens Tomorrow Morning.

Special to The Telegraph.

Moncton, N. B., Nov. 18—The police commission this afternoon dismissed the complaint of the provincial and other constables against Chief of Police Rideout. The complaint of the constables was that Chief Rideout was going outside the city to do work which should be done by constables.

When the matter came before the commission this afternoon, J. C. Sherren appeared for the petitioners and alleged Chief Rideout had gone into Kent county and other outside points to do police work. Chief Rideout, in reply, stated he had been instructed by the attorney general to do the work complained of.

Mr. Sherren didn't offer any evidence and the commissioners passed a motion to the effect that having heard the statements of a representative of the petitioners and the chief of police, they found no grounds for the complaint and believed the work done by him outside of the city was no more than a police officer of Moncton should do.

G. T. P. Service Opens Tomorrow.

The National Transcontinental Railway between Moncton and Edmundston will be opened for traffic Wednesday morning. The first regular train leaves here at 8 o'clock a. m. and will arrive in Edmundston at 9 o'clock that night, returning next day. Officials of the road, C. O. Foss, district engineer; W. B. Cronk, general superintendent from Moncton to Winnipeg, and E. P. Cronk, superintendent of the N. B. division, will be on the initial trip.

Local Knights of Columbus tonight entertained their lady friends and visiting knights at a dance in their hall, Queen street. The affair was largely attended.

There were some unexpected developments this afternoon in the junk stealing case against three boys, Edwin and Willie Goguen and Arcade Richard. The boys were charged with stealing brass from the I. C. R. As a result of the information the boys gave a charge of receiving stolen goods was laid against the junk dealers, Alexander and Louis Cohen. One boy swore one of the Cohens sent them up to steal the brass, saying they could make lots of money that way. The hearing will be continued tomorrow in the police court.

Sam Anderson arrived in the city tonight from Boston to wrestle John Kilonis, Wednesday night in the Curling Rink, for the middleweight championship.

The funeral of Rev. S. T. Teed was held this afternoon, an impressive service being held in Central Methodist church. Among the Methodist clergymen taking part from outside were Rev. Mr. Howard, chairman of the district; Dr. Chapman, Amherst; Dr. Borden, Dr. Campbell, Sackville; Revs. Steel and Howie, Shediac; J. B. Champion, Salisbury.

At a meeting of the Conservative Club tonight the following were elected delegates to the county Conservative convention to be held in Sackville next Monday: H. H. Warman, W. A. McDougall, G. C. Matthews, P. Frayers, W. K. Gross, G. L. Harris, John D. LeBlanc, J. B. Moore, D. W. Wilbur, G. Skeffington, W. D. Charters, Allan McDonald, F. P. Murphy, A. N. Charters, David Steeves, J. N. Boudreau, John Gauvin, E. A. Reilly, F. W. Sumner, A. E. Metzler, I. P. Jones, Geo. A. Robertson, John D. Henderson, S. L. T. Harrison, G. F. Perry, B. Weldon, R. McLean, G. Steeves, R. P. Dickson, J. F. Edgett, H. J. Leaman, Levi Randall, J. J. McDonald, Wm. Murray, Duncan Stevenson, Beecher Jones, A. A. Allen.

On Saturday last the Maritime Oilfields Company struck another gas well at Stony Creek. At a depth of between 900 and 1,000 feet a good flow of gas was struck but it will be bored deeper.

WANTS MASSACHUSETTS TO BUY BOSTON & MAINE RAILWAY

Boston, Nov. 18—The purchase of the Boston & Maine railroad by the commonwealth is called for in a bill filed with the clerk of the house of representatives today by Henry C. Long, of Cambridge. The Boston & Maine is controlled by the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad through a holding company.

Hon. Mr. Monk Ill.

Montreal, Nov. 18—Hon. F. D. Monk, recent minister of public works, is ill at his home here, but not seriously. The former cabinet member is generally run down in health, but with a brief holiday expects to be able to attend the opening of parliament.

STAGGERING BLOW DEALT THE TURKS

Monastir Taken With 50,000 Troops

Servians Achieve the Greatest Victory of the War—Second City in Sultan's Empire in Their Hands—Another Appeal to the Powers to Intervene—Constantinople in Dire Straits.

Canadian Press.

London, Nov. 18—Any idea that the Turkish government may have had of benefiting by continued resistence must be shattered by today's news of the fall of Monastir. In the capture of that important town the Servians took three Pashas, including the commander-in-chief, Zekki Pasha, 50,000 men and 47 guns, thus achieving the greatest individual success of the war.

Monastir was the second city of importance in European Turkey. It was Turkey's stronghold in Macedonia and by its downfall Macedonia passes completely out of Turkish hands. What the Greeks played in the capture has not yet been ascertained. It is known that the Greek army was marching to the assistance of the Servians, and it is supposed that the Greeks were able to cut off the Turkish retreat to the south.

The Servians naturally will be elated at this victory, which outshines the capture of Saloniki and must have a great moral effect on the course of the war.

Turkish Cause Hopeless.

Another of the strange silences which have been characteristic of this war appears to have fallen over Constantinople from which city only brief despatches have been received telling of the resumption of the Tchatalja battle, and that the Sultan has made a fresh personal appeal to the European sovereigns to intervene for the termination of the war. Quite as little may be expected to come of this appeal as of the previous attempt mediation by the powers.

With the cholera and typhus ravaging her demoralized army and a powerful enemy hammering at the gates of the capital, Turkey must again appeal to the allies for terms. Undoubtedly the object of the commanders in ordering the attack on the Tchatalja lines was to compel this course. It seems incredible that Bulgaria for the mere glory of a triumphal entry into a city she does not desire possession of, should wish to take her army into a disease affected zone.

The Turkish reports, even official despatches of the results of the operations have been so unreliable throughout that little attention can be paid to the reports of the Tchatalja battle issued at Constantinople on Sunday and Monday. The operation probably is little more than an artillery preparation which in all important battles lasts several days for the purpose of drawing the enemy's fire and locating the enemy's batteries.

Servia's Backbone Stiffened.

As the effect of the victory at Monastir, will be to stiffen the Servian government is resisting Austrian pretentions, the consular troubles at Prisrend and Mitrovitze are breeding a dangerous spirit of ill-feeling between Austria and Servia, which is little calculated to favor diplomatic negotiations. The newspapers of both capitals reflect this feeling.

No news has yet reached Vienna of the Austrian Consul Brechaska at Prisrend. The Servian government has declined to comply with Austria's request to allow an Austrian representative to go to Prisrend to make inquiries and practically ignores Austria's protests on the subject.

Except for an unconfirmed report of the fall of Scutari, no military news of importance has been received.

Turkish Army in Pitiable State.

Paris, Nov. 18—A picture of the state of disorganization in the Turkish army is drawn by the war correspondent of the Matin at Hademkeui, the Turkish headquarters of the lines of Tchatalja. He says:

"Colonel Lehmann, a German officer, who has just taken over command of the Turkish artillery, declares that he did not find a single gun in place. The Turks have plenty of guns and ammunition. They have German cannon and also the French cannon taken from the Servians before hostilities began. Three of the French guns were seen lying in the mud at the Hademeui railroad depot. They were eaten up with rust and consequently useless.

"The total of the Turkish forces is estimated at 150,000 men, but there is a complete lack of energy among the commanders and organization of any sort is absent. The commander-in-chief does not leave his parlor car, where he will not receive anybody. The staff officers of the Turkish army themselves can see him only after 10 o'clock in the morning. If things go on as they are today the Bulgarians will not find any Turkish troops to fight. They will all be dead from cholera and typhoid."

MYSTERY SURROUNDS DEATH OF MILFORD MAN EARLY MONDAY

Peter Gleason Had Entered House Sunday Night, Woman Declares—Doctors Examine Body, But Refuse to Make Statement—Stories of Miss Mallett and Her Sister.

Tuesday, Nov. 19.

Mystery surrounds th death of Peter Gleason, who died early yesterday morning in the home of Oliver Mallett, a Frenchman, who lives with his sister Belle in a lonely house near Prospect Point, in Milford. Although the death occurred very early in the morning, news of it was not made public until yesterday afternoon, when Mrs. William Connell, a cousin of the Malletts, telephoned for Coroner Quinton and Dr. John McCarthy.

Upon his arrival at the house, Coroner Quinton found circumstances such that he empanelled a jury as soon as possible, which viewed the body at the home about 6 o'clock last night. An examination showed that there was a dark bruise over the left ear. At the request of the coroner, Dr. McCarthy held an autopsy on the body last night, but the result of his examination he would not give out.

Inquiries were made at the Mallett home last night. Miss Mallett could not speak a word of English, and was reticent unless questioned. Through Mrs. Connell, who acted as interpreter, she said that on Sunday night about 8 o'clock Gleason came into her house through the rear door. She did not notice him at first, thinking he was her brother Oliver.

When she did see him, however, she did not know him and ordered him out of the house. The only reply which Gleason made, she said, was, "I am sick." He remained seated in a chair by the kitchen stove until about 9 o'clock, she said. She declared he was under the influence of liquor. According to her story, he rose to go at 9 o'clock and she was about to follow him to the door when he turned into her bedroom and threw himself on the bed. He took the pillow from the head of the bed and placed it at the foot. Again Miss Mallett ordered him out of the house but he only answered: "Go away, don't bother me. I am a sick man."

About 4 o'clock Gleason stopped groaning, she said, and she thought that he would soon awake, but he never did.

At 7 o'clock, as usual, Oliver rose and ate his breakfast, which his sister prepared for him. He went to the room, his sister said, and realized that the man was dead, but, according to Miss Mallett, he had no time to bother and went to his work.

About 9.30 o'clock she became uneasy, and called out the window for a man passing to come and look at the man. He refused, she said, and went on. She went to the home of her sister, Mrs. Angus Robichaud, in Church avenue, and asked her to come. Mrs. Robichaud was sick in bed at the time, and said that she could not go.

Miss Mallett went back to her house and about dinner time locked the house, leaving the man lying just as he was, and went across the river to the home of her cousin, Mrs. William Connell, in Main street. Both went back to the house.

Mrs. Connell told the remainder of the story herself. Seing that the man was dead, she said, she telephoned for Policeman Stinson, Dr. McCarthy and Coroner Quinton. Mr. Quinton as soon as he saw the body had a jury empannelled.

A Telegraph reporter visited the house last night about 7 o'clock before the body had been removed. The Mallett house stands back from the road about twenty-five feet. A few stairs lead to the door. The reporter was admitted by Miss Mallett into a small kitchen. In a room off the kitchen lay the dead man, just as he had fallen on the bed. The father, Peter Gleason, was sitting at the foot and a brother, Michael, was standing with a lantern looking into the dead man's face.

The father had only recived news of the death when he came from work at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. He was grief stricken and every little while as he was telling his part of the story, tears came to his eyes. He said that Peter was not a very heavy drinker. He left the house on Sunday night for a little walk, but did not return. He was not drunk at the time nor did he have any liquor with him. Miss Mallet said, however, that he was drinking and had a bottle of gin with him.

Gleason is survived by his father, one brother, and two sisters, Elizabeth and Evelyn. He was 26 years of age and was employed with the Wilson Box Factory.

The body was taken about 7.30 o'clock to O'Neill's undertaking rooms where Drs. McCarthy, Kelly and Dunlop held an autopsy on the body not finishing until after midnight.

After he had finished, Dr. McCarthy would say nothing. When asked if the bruise over the left ear amounted to anything, he said "no." Further than this he would say nothing because he had received instructions from the coroner not to do so, he said.

He said he would make his report to Coroner Quinton this morning. After the examination the body was removed to the father's home in Milford.

HOME RULE ROW IN HOUSE SETTLED

Premier Asquith Withdraws His Motion for Reconsideration of Snap Verdict, and Will Accomplish His Purpose in Another Way—Says He Did It to Prevent Recurrence of Disorders and Out of Deference to Speaker's Wish.

Canadian Press

London, Nov. 18—An amicable agreement of the home rule quarrel in the house of commons, was brought about today when the dispute as to the government's method of procedure which led to such disorder, last week, was settled.

The government announced this afternoon its intention of reaching the end it desired by a more roundabout means and the Unionists, having made good their demand for the observance of precedent, raised no objection.

Mr. Asquith attributed his change of mind, "partly to repugnance at a possible recurrence of disorder, and partly to a desire not to ignore the appeal of the chair."

The house of commons then, on the motion of the premier, negatived its original financial resolution, the amendment of which by Sir Frederick Banbury in committee, led to the trouble. Another resolution will be substituted for it.

The net result of the squabble will be to delay the progress of the home rule bill for ten days.

SCORES AMERICAN RHODES SCHOLARS

Dr. Parkin Tells Washington Educationists it is a Mystery at Oxford University How a Portion of Those Sent Get There.

Canadian Press

Washington, Nov. 18—A severe criticism of the calibre of students sent to Oxford University under the Rhodes Scholarships was delivered today by Dr. George R. Parkin, of the Oxford executive, secretary of the Rhodes Scholarship Trust, before the National Association of State Universities, which began its seventeenth session here today.

Dr. Parkin divided the students sent to Oxford from the United States into three classes.

The first third, he said, were high grade students; the second third were fair, while the other third, "Well, it is a mystery to the Oxford faculty how they ever get there."

Dr. Parkin said that merit should be the determining factor in awarding the Rhodes Scholarships. Well rounded students were desired, he declared, regardless of financial or social standing. He told the association that Oxford was the centre of the culture of the world and that he could not understand the lack of interest by Americans in the opportunity opened up by the Rhodes scheme.

He said Oxford ruled England and that at the least one-half of every cabinet formed in the last 100 years has been Oxford men.

LIKELY NEW SENATORS FOR NOVA SCOTIA

Ottawa, Nov. 18—It is understood that Clarence Jameson, M. P., for Digby; William Dennis, proprietor of the Halifax Herald, and John Stanfield, M. P., chief Conservative whip, are to be appointed to the senate.

STARTLING TALE AT DYNAMITE TRIAL

GUNMEN MAY KNOW THEIR FATE TODAY

Prosecutor Demands Their Conviction to Vindicate Law and Order

BRAVE WITNESSES

Declares the Men Who Identified the Accused as Rosenthal's Slayers Had the Courage of Soldiers Marching to the Cannon's Mouth—Judge's Charge Today.

Canadian Press

New York, Nov. 18—The last word for and against the four gunmen on trial for the murder of the gambler, Herman Rosenthal, was said today when counsel made their appeals to the jury for conviction and acquittal.

Tomorrow their fate will be delivered into the hands of the jury, probably in the afternoon, as it is expected that Justice Goff will take up all of the morning session in charging the jurors as to the law and the evidence.

The four defendants "Gyp the Blood," "Lefty Louie," "Dago Frank," and "Whitey" Lewis heard themselves characterized by District Attorney Moss as "the hands which held the instruments of death—The hands of the body, of which Rose, Webber and Vallon were the brains and Lieutenant Charles Becker the will." He referred to them as "That battery of gunmen" and declared that the witnesses who identified them showed "the courage of soldiers marching to the cannon's mouth."

"It may require some courage for a jury to rise up and bring in a verdict of murder against these men," he continued. "But this is a rare time for the performance of a great public duty to the commonwealth.

"This is the crime of crimes, a challenge to civilization, a blow in the face of American law and order. I call upon you for a verdict that will vindicate law and order and make these gunmen and their friends realize that there is a God in Israel, justice in the State of New York and a jury that is not afraid of bullets."

By their attorney, Charles C. F. Wahle, the defendants were pictured as men who had been criminal but who were innocent of this crime.

"Give me these boys and I will make men of them," said Mr. Wahle.

"Gyp and Blood" and "Lefty Louie" listened to the fervid eloquence of the two attorneys with stolid faces. Their fellow defendants, "Whitey" Lewis and "Dago Frank" were visibly affected.

DRIVEN FROM HOME BECAUSE THEY WOULDN'T MARRY

Four County Meath Men, at Montreal, Who Refused to Bow to the Order—Only Thirteen of 79 Named Disobeyed.

Canadian Press

Montreal, Nov. 18—Driven away from home because they positively refused to marrry, a party of four Irishmen landed in Montreal this morning.

Lloyd O'Brien, Harry Shannon, and two brothers of the latter fell under the ban issued six months ago in their home town of Dunshaughlen in county Meath. It was claimed that the general prosperity and welfare of the community demanded a diminution in the abnormal number of single men. So seventy-nine glaring cases were especially named and given notice that they must join the benedicts inside of six months, or else depart for pastures new. Thirteen were still unwed and four of them seek a haven in Canada.

TWO DEAD AND THREE WILL DIE IN NEW YORK AFFRAY

New York, Nov. 18—A man and a woman being trailed by detectives in connection with a diamond robbery were shot and killed in a cafe in the Bronx tonight. A central office detective and two private detectives were shot and fatally wounded, and the proprietors of the cafe and a waiter were also shot and seriously injured.

McNamara Wanted to Kill Girl

Witness Swears He Was Asked to Get Rid of Stenographer

Says Iron Workers' Official Thought His Employe Knew Too Much and Suggested Dynamiting Train She Was On—Other Sensational Testimony.

Canadian Press

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 18—How Eugene A. Clancy, a labor union official of San Francisco, fainted and remained unconscious when after making admissions in the district-attorney's office in Los Angeles, he looked through the crack of the door and saw standing in another room Ortie E. McManigal, the confessed dynamiter, was related at the "dynamite conspiracy" trial today.

Oscear Lawler, special assistant to the attorney-general, and Arthur L. Veitch, who gathered evidence in the dynamiting cases in California, said Clancy collapsed in December, 1911, after admitting in their presence that he knew James B. McNamara was on the coast to blow up non-union jobs.

Lawler and Veitch also named Olaf A. Tveitmoe and Anton Johannsen, of San Francisco; W. H. Pohtman, of Seattle, and J. E. Munsey, of Salt Lake City, as being aware of McNamara's dynamiting mission. Pohtman and Johannsen are not among the forty-five defendants here, but when the defence objected to quoting what Johannsen might have said, the court ruled the evidence was competent "because it had been shown that Johannsen was a co-conspirator."

Fainted at Sight of McManigal.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 18—Blackened pieces of infernal machines which figured in the explosion at Los Angeles (Cal.), on Oct. 1, 1910, when twenty-one people were killed in the wreck of the Times' Building were identified at the "dynamite conspiracy" trial today. Events involving the handling of the nitro-glycerine with which James B. McNamara caused the explosion were first described by witnesses.

William Flynn, employe of a powder company in San Francisco, testified that on September 20, 1910, he packed in boxes 500 pounds of nitro-glycerine and delivered it to the launch used by McNamara. That was ten days before the Los Angeles explosion, meantime the dynamiters had stored the explosive in a vacant house in San Francisco and McNamara had taken a supply to Los Angeles.

Thomas F. Rice, one of the police detectives called, told of having been sent to the home of General Harrison Gray Otis, proprietor of the Times. "At General Otis' home," said Rice, "we found a suit case under a bay window. I carried the case about seventy-five feet and called the chief of police. When he arrived we opened the case. In doing so we heard the buzz of an alarm clock. We all ran and in another instant there was an explosion which tore up the ground for an eighth of an acre."

Planned to Kill His Stenographer.

That Miss Mary Dye, former bookkeeper for the ironworkers, was in imminent danger of assassination after she left her position, "because she knew too much," and that a plot was laid to dynamite a train on which she would be a passenger, was one of the sensational developments in the evidence Saturday, and there was also told the story of bringing back to Indiana James B. McNamara after he had dynamited the Los Angeles Times Building, and he and his brother were in mortal dread of discovery and arrest.

Though the testimony of Ortie McManigal created intense interest and held the attention of court, jury and spectators, that of Frank Eckhoff, the Cincinnati coremaker, was not less interesting, and created quite as great a sensation.

Eckhoff began with his knowledge of the McNamaras, near whom he lived in Cincinnati for years, and said that McNamara sent for him to come to this city and when he arrived he was employed to watch Miss Dye ad a man named Myers. McNamara told the witness that Miss Dye knew entirely too much to be on the outside and he wanted all her movements traced and a close watch kept upon her. McNamara and Hockin and the witness were at a hotel in this city where Miss Dye was stopping, and McNamara caused a boy to take a telegram to Miss Dye's rooms. When the door was opened he forced himself in and later came out with a piece of paper in his hand and remarked that he was afraid to her because she knew too much. Eckhoff was then employed to follow the young woman to Pittsburg and keep a watch on her movements.

Would Blow Up Train to Kill Girl.

It was about this time that J. B. McNamara went to the witness and wanted him to enter into an arrangement for getting Miss Dye on a train, which he was then to blow up with dynamite. The witness said he refused to take any part in the plot and returned to Cincinnati. Afterward J. B. McNamara came to see him and the two went to Rochester (Pa.), where McNamara examined the dynamite in the cache at that place to see if it were frozen. He said that he intended to blow up the bridge at Beaver, but when the

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