FREDERICTON MAN HONORED IN MONTREAL

J. D. Palmer Elected 2nd Vice-President of New Shoe Manufacturers' Association — First Debate on Tariff.

Montreal, Que., Dec. 19.—The Shoe Manufacturers' Association, of Canada, was successfully organized, and lost no time in tackling the tariff questions. The association was organized without a dissenting voice by a convention of about 125 delegates representing many of the leading boot and shoe manufacturers of the Maritime Provinces, Montreal, Quebec City, Toronto, and other Ontario points, and some districts further west.

Having done this, after discussing a number of questions relative to the industry, and elected officers, a series of resolutions were presented by Mr. George A. Slater, for the resolutions committee, the first of which was as follows:

"The convention, representative of the boot and shoe manufacturers of all Canada, hereby petition the minister of finance and of customs that no changes affecting the customs tariff on boots and shoes or leather be formulated without giving the manufacturers the opportunity of submitting a statement of conditions in the industry and of the effect which, in their opinion any such proposed revision of the tariff might have on the industry."

The election of officers resulted as follows:—

President, F. S. Scott, Galt; First Vice-President, Jos. Daoust, Montreal; Second Vice-President, J. D. Palmer, Fredericton, N.B.

Executive Committee—J. Leckie, Vancouver, B.C.; Albert Tetreault, J. I. Chouinard, Geo. A. Slater, W. F. Martin, Ralph Locke, R. E. Dildine, Montreal, H. V. Gale, J. E. Warrington, J. A. Duchaine, Fred Marois, Quebec; G. W. McFarland, Brampton, Ont.; George B. Latchford, Toronto; A. Brandon, Brantford; C. A. Detwiler, Kitchener, Ont., and J. H. Sutherland, Amherst, N.S.

In recognition of the active work they had done in forwarding the organization of the association, Messrs. Brandon, Brantford, and G. A. Slater, Montreal, were appointed honorary presidents of the new association.

There was a strong delegation from Quebec City shoe manufacturers, over 30 attending the convention. They brought with them a delegation to assist, that the association should be entirely bi-lingual, and insisted that the proceedings be conducted with both languages, with Mr. Jos. Doaust acting as interpreter both ways, and carried resolutions that all the printed proceedings of the association be issued in both French and English. On their representations it was further decided to amend the by-laws to make sure that the secretary-treasurer should be competent to both speak and to write in English and French. There was no inclination to disagree with these requests and they were unanimously adopted.

MAKING OF PEACE FIRST TASK BEFORE ALLIED NATIONS

League of Nations Considered Later — Wilson Satisfied That Entente Largely in Accord With His Views.

Paris, Dec. 19.—Definite plans for the peace conference are not shaping as rapidly as some of the American commanders expected. Meanwhile President Wilson is taking advantage of the opportunity to assess public opinion in France, and incidentally in Great Britain. His advisers say that he is entirely satisfied that these people are largely in accord with the principles he has announced as necessary to a durable peace.

The members of the American mission are employing their time before the peace delegates from the various countries actually assemble, in a series of informal conferences, which eventually will include a representative of each of the Entente belligerents. Neutral states will not come into these discussions.

The feeling among the Entente confrees is that the making of peace should be their first task, so that they may determine upon the broad outlines of a league of nations, which late, representatives of neutral countries will assist in completing.

The premier may change the programme of his movements while awaiting the opening of the conferences. It was supposed until today that he would visit England before the new year, but he has received urgent invitations to come soon.

American observers deduce from the pressing invitation to the president to come to England during Christmas time that some conferences of the statesmen with the president there would logically follow. It is understood, however, that the president favors the holding of all conferences in Paris as far as possible.

How long the president will remain in London has not been determined, but as he is due to return for the opening of the conference here the first week in January, it would seem that he could not remain in England for long.

SPIRIT OUTLIVES CONFLICT.

Sarnia, Dec. 19.—The spirit which found its noblest expression in the brotherhood of the battlefield, has outlived the conflict. It is taking its dominant place in the endeavors of peace, said Hon. W. J. Hanna, president of the Imperial Oil Company, addressing the gathering of officers and employees of the company, the oldest refinery in Canada, and the largest in the British Empire, here tonight. The president outlined the new "industrial relationship plan," which the company has adopted. It was inspired, he frankly stated, by "the lesson of the brotherhood of the battlefield."

NEW BRUNSWICK AND NOVA SCOTIA FAILED, DOMINION STEPS IN

Provinces Failed to Take Advantage of Offer of Assistance to Establish Labor Bureau—Legislation Brought Down During Last Session—Provides Means to Prevent Unemployment.

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, Dec. 19.—Owing to the fact that the governments of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick have utterly failed to take advantage of Dominion assistance and establish labor bureaus in industrial and populous districts as a means of preventing unemployment, it was hinted here tonight that the Dominion government may have to step in and organize such bureaus, entirely on its own account.

The arrangement to have provincial labor bureaus was made by virtue of legislation brought down in the federal parliament last session, and all details of the scheme were settled at the recent interprovincial conference of premiers. All of the other provinces have already created bureaus and are co-operating with the Dominion authorities. For some unexplained reason, however, neither the Foster government of New Brunswick nor the Murray government of Nova Scotia have taken the slightest action. The government here, therefore, feels justified, as a means of preventing unemployment in maritime province districts, in stepping in and dealing with the situation of its own accord.

WILL HAVE CHRISTMAS

American Boys Overseas to be Royally Entertained in Homes of British Isles—Home Folks Needn't Worry.

London, Dec. 19.—If your son is in France or England at Christmas time you needn't necessarily feel that he is losing all the joy of life. Perhaps he is going to have the opportunity to a real English Christmas.

Invitations have been issued to as many American soldiers and sailors as possible in France, through Y. M. C. A. secretaries there, and those in camps and on battleships in England were not forgotten. More than two thousand of them will be entertained for the holidays in London homes alone. And on Christmas day 1,500 more will watch the brandy burning on top of the pudding and eye the roasted pig in families who are to do everything possible to make this holiday one that the American guest will always remember.

Invitations poured into the International Y. M. C. A. Hospitality League from many farms outside of London, too, from Devonshire, where riding and shooting were offered from Scotland and from Ireland.

"I want two boys for the whole of their leave," one Irish woman writes. "I am going to give them the kind of Christmas my boys would have liked if they had not been killed in France."

TORONTO POLICE STILL ON STRIKE

Refuse to go Back Unless Commissioners Acknowledge Right to Affiliate With T. and L. Council.

Toronto, Dec. 19.—By a unanimous standing vote, punctuated with shouts, cheers, waving of hats and stamping of feet, Toronto's striking policemen at their mass meeting this afternoon, refused to accept the basis of settlement as proposed in Mayor Church's resolution adopted by the board of police commissioners today, and the strike is still on. The resolution of the mayor provided that if the strikers would return to duty immediately the twelve officials of their union summarily dismissed by the commission, and whose dismissal precipitated the strike, would be reinstated. The resolution further provided that the question as to whether the men should retain their union charter of affiliation with the Trades and Labor Congress be left to the attorney general. To this the men objected and expressed a determination to stay out until their right to organize as an affiliated body of the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada is admitted by the commissioners.

SCHOOL BOYS STRIKE.

Toronto, Dec. 19.—Twenty Jewish school boys went on strike this morning from Miss Hagarty's class in the King Edward School because of a supposed grievance over a flag. They resented their teacher's action in putting up the flags of the Allies in a conspicuous place in the senior third class room and not including the Jewish flag.

The strike took place during the recess. It was finally settled by the explanation that no reflection on the flag of the Israelites had been intended.

Do all your Xmas shopping at Bassen's, 14-16-18 Charlotte street. No branches.

RECALLED MINISTER.

Mexico City, Dec. 19.—The Argentine government has recalled its minister to Mexico, Manuel E. Malbran. It was announced today that the minister would leave here not later than December 21.

The Mexican government recalled Manuel Garcia Jeurado, the acting charge d'affaires at Santiago, Chile. The purpose of his recall, it is declared, is that he may acquaint the Mexican government with the affairs of the ministry in Chile.

RUSH FOR PASSPORTS.

Ottawa, Dec. 19.—With the removal of the restrictions on trans-Atlantic travel the department of external affairs has been almost overwhelmed with applications for passports.

Notification has been issued by that department that it will be necessary for applicants to allow for a delay of two weeks after the receipt of the completed application before the passport can be issued.

FIVE HOUSES REPORTED.

Five houses in which the influenza has broken out were reported to the board of health yesterday.

WOULDN'T COME OUT

German Revolution Started When Sailors Refused to Face British Fleet—Doom of Poor Germans.

Amsterdam, Nov. 20—The attempt of officers of the German high seas fleet to make a suicidal sortie against the British grand fleet before the armistice was signed is characterized by the Berlin Vorwaerts as "the last devilish crime against the German people that sealed the doom of the Pan-Germans." Refusal of the sailors to go out and fight is regarded as the first step toward the German revolution. This mutiny is described by the Vorwaerts as "an act of self-defence by 80,000 men against te hvillanious Pan-German plan.

"To undersand the position," continues the newspaper, "it is necessary to go back to the feverish propaganda by the Pan-Germans at the end of October for a so-called national fight of despair. To save their necks they conceived the idea of baiting the people into a forlorn hope which could only end in complete extermination. The death of the doomed eighty thousand did not concern these maniacs, in whose reckoning human blood never counted. Their notion of military honor was that the whole people should suffer themselves to be butchered rather than undergo the shame of defeat.

"With their minds steeped in the worship of might they had no inkling of the revolutionary currents among the men. They still imagined that iron discipline was paramount. Their fiendish plan was to send out the ships to be sacrificed to the last ship. The news spread like wildfire.

"'At the last stage of the war are we all to be killed?' they asked.

"The officers harangued, cajoled, in vain. Three times the order was given. It was a difficult position for men with no backing but their feeling of solidarity. A thousand were imprisoned at Wilhemshaven. The choice between freedom and imprisonment was not difficult. It was revolution. It was the irony of fate that the Pan-Germans, with what was to be their last desperate blow, should themselves have started the conflagration. It was this last, devilish crime against the German people that sealed their doom."

TORONTO TO HAVE EXECUTIVE OFFICES

All Canadian Government Lines Will Centre in That City—Purchasing Department to Move There from Ottawa.

Toronto, Ont., Dec. 19.—The executive offices of the all Canadian Government Railways will be combined in one in Toronto. In order to accommodate the staff, additional quarters will be fitted up in offices of the Canadian Northern and in the old Imperial Hotel. Workmen are already altering the latter building, and it is expected that it will be ready for occupancy at the beginning of the war.

Graham Bell, assistant minister of railways, made the announcement today and added that the purchasing department of the railways and canals would be moved from Ottawa to Toronto and would assist the purchasing department of the C. N. R., which is now one of the Canadian Government Railways.

The office staff numbers about 18 and will move to Toronto in a few weeks.

NEWSPAPER DEAL.

Bridgeport, Conn., Dec. 19.—Purchase of the Bridgeport Morning Telegram, the Bridgeport Evening Post, and the Bridgeport Sunday Post, all issued from the one plant by Edward Flicker, formerly publisher of the Cincinnati Enquirer, and Russel R. Whitman, publisher of the New York Commercial, from Archibald McNeil, Jr., and Kenneth W. McNeil, was announced today. The price paid for the property and good will is not stated.

Messrs. McNeil bought the Telegram in 1912 from the late George W. Hillis, who had established the Post. In 1914, they secured an interest in the Evening Post and Sunday Post and brought about a consolidation of the properties.

NEW BANK FOR HALIFAX.

Halifax, Dec. 19—Within the past two weeks three banks have established branches in this city The Royal, the Commerce and the Nova Scotia, each have announced new branches. An official of one of the banks stated today that the banks were doing this because of the evident expansion of Halifax and to relieve the pressure on the main offices in the business centre of the city.

HOW ENGLISH BLUFFED HUNS

Wily Boche Thought He Was Wise and Straits of Dover Enjoyed Peace — Paid for False Secrets.

London, Dec. 19.—The story of the greatest bluff of the war is told by the Manchester Guardian, a well-informed newspaper. When her submarine campaign began in earnest, Germany was getting many submarines through the Straits of Dover, despite all the British anti-submarine boats could do against them.

A wonderful fixed barrage was then designed for the straits—only designed—with extraordinary electrical appliances, alarm signals, contact mines, electrical wires and dozens of new secret devices. By some means these designs fell into the hands of the German secret agents. It was said Germany had paid $20,000 for them. Then there was peace in the Straits of Dover. The new barrage—on paper—was too formidable and complete for the German submarines in that stage of their development, Germany knew—or thought she knew—when she was beaten, and for more than six weeks there was no attempt to break through the barrage.

There was, however, no barrage, except as it existed in the designs which had been fostered upon Germany. England had neither the right mines nor the mechanism to make them ready at the time.

This story is not guaranteed by the Manchester Guardian, which, however, declares that it is not more astonishing than some authenticated legends of the great war.

SAME TREATMENT FOR THE BRITISH AND CANADIANS

Civilians Interned in Germany Will be Repatriated Under Article 18 of Armistice.

London, Dec. 19.—The prisoners of war department of the Imperial government has notified the high commissioner for Canada that Canadian civilians interned in Germany will be in precisely the same position as other British subjects in the matter of repatriation.

Replying to an inquiry of the Canadian high commissioner regarding the repatriation of Canadian civilians from Germany, the Imperial Prisoners of War Department states that their position is similar to that of other British civilians interned in Germany and will be repatriated in accordance with Article 18 of the armistice convention as The Hague agreement of 1918 has not become operative, owing to the conclusion of the armistice.

According to the communication from the Imperial Prisoners of War Department arrangements are being made for the reception of repatriated British subjects on their arrival in England, but owing to the number of prisoners to be repatriated and the necessity of embarking them without delay it will not be possible for the authorities to send advance lists of the prisoners travelling by each ship.

MANY CANADIANS SICK AND WOUNDED IN HOSPITAL YET

Toronto, Ont., Dec. 19.—There are 42,000 sick and wounded men in the hospitals of England and France, as well as a great many in the hospitals of our own land, and the work of the Red Cross will not stop until the last man leaves the last hospital, said Kenneth Dustan today at the annual meeting of the Toronto branch of the Canadian Red Cross Society.

Referring to the need of work among refugees, Mr. Dustan stated that $250,000 had been sent to France for the work there, $125,000 had been placed at the disposal of the London office of the Red Cross and earlier in the year 5,000 cases valued at $100 each had been sent to Siberia, and a similar donation had been made to the Italian Red Cross.

Mr. Dustan also pointed out that money would still be needed for Red Cross work, although fresh materials would not be required.

N. S. MINE WORKERS.

Sydney, N.S., Dec. 19.—Official returns of the recent amalgamated mine workers of Nova Scotia election gave President Silby Barrett a majority of 1,683, Vice-President Robert Baxter 3,201, Secretary-Treasurer J. B. McLauchlin 2,355.

TUNER IN CLINK.

Special to The Standard.

Moncton, Dec. 19—Arthur Morrisett, piano and organ tuner, who was recently in business here and assigned to Sheriff Killan, was arrested today on a warrant issued at Quebec, charging him with fraudulently obtaining board. Morrisett was locked up and is to be taken to Quebec.

Whatever and whenever you shop, shop at Bassen's, 14, 16 and 18 Charlotte St. No branches.

NOTICE.

Wanted a first class licensed teacher to teach school in Carlingford, N. B., District No. 5, male or female, good wages. Apply at once to P. B. Field, Perth, N. B.

Washington, Dec. 19.—The Senate sitting in a committee of the whole today tentatively rejected without a record vote the McKellar amendment to the war revenue bill providing for an extension of the zone system of second class mail rates, with a maximum charge of six cents a pound where the matter is sent 1800 miles or more.

PROFESSOR LAMMASCH MADE ATTEMPT TO SAVE AUSTRIA

Last of Prime Ministers Under Old Regime Was Not Given Time Enough to Formulate Policy That Might Have Returned Emperor Charles on Throne of Dual Monarchy—German Influence for War Too Strong.

(By J. C. Segrue.)

Special cable to The N Y Tribune and St John Standard

Salzburg, Germany, Dec. 20—On my journey back to Munich on December 9 I left the train here and visited Professor Lammasch, last of the Austrian Prime Ministers of the old regime. He was commissioned by the Emperor to try to save the empire, but the summons came too late. The liberal and peace policy which Professor Lammasch advocated throughout the war might have saved the empire if it had been adopted even six months earlier, but, as he told me himself, no power on earth could then avert the crash. It was his painful duty to submit the historical document containing the virtual abdication of the Austrian throne for the Emperor's signature.

"There is a great deal of inaccurate rumor regarding the Emperor's attitude up to this fateful moment," said Lammasch. "The Emperor read the document calmly, and, far from displaying emotion, quietly discussed its terms with me and suggested a few verbal alterations.

"At the end of the conversation he took the pen I offered him and signed the document, without further hesitation. It was not until almost at the very end, that the Emperor realized the gravity of the situation, and it was then too late to save the empire."

Truth Kept from Charles.

There was a conspiracy for silence on the part of his successive ministers to keep the real fact of the military situation concealed from him (the Emperor). Dr. von Seydler, who always tried to keep the Emperor in good humor by painting pictures in rosier colors than the truth warranted, was especially to blame in this respect.

"On July 21, 1917, immediately after the Reichstag resolution debate, Germany solemnly promised the Emperor that until the Russian and Italian menaces to his empire be finally crushed no further steps would be taken regarding these peace proposals.

German Influence Used.

"On January last, after certain conversations I had in Switzerland, I again urged the Emperor to persuade Germany to make peace terms as outlined. The Emperor again expressed approval, but unfortunately the same attitude of violent opposition manifested itself in high quarters in Germany and nothing was done in the matter.

"What about later relations between Germany and Austria?" I asked.

"Frankly, they were strained," replied Lemmasch. "We were constantly putting pressure for peace on Germany, but our ally was constantly resisting. The Emperor's final decision was taken only after the Kaiser was acquainted with the abdication proposal.

"Forty-eight hours before the offer was made to the Emperor, Charles telegraphed the Kaiser, 'Feel myself constrained on account of the difficulty of the present circumstances to conclude a separate peace.' The Kaiser, answering, sent a telegram urging him to defer the 'hateful step.' The decision, however, was irrevocable."

Professor Lammasch, like other Austrian statesmen, thinks that a loose economic federation of the states which formerly made up the Austro-Hungarian Empire, would be in the interests of all.

WILL LIGHT THEIR CITY

Citizens of Halifax May Soon Own Their Street Lighting Apparatus—Improvements Under Consideration.

Special to The Standard.

Halifax, Dec. 19—The City of Halifax may in the near future do its own street lighting. Members of the Board of Control today discussed the scheme and it was decided to instruct the city engineer and the electrician to report as to the feasibility and cost of providing a plant operated by water or steam to light the streets of the city. The white way lights are on again on Barrington street, the Tramway Company offering to furnish twenty-seven lights from now until the end of April at $12 per lamp per month. The controllers yesterday decided to submit this price to the board of public utilities. Ten old lights have been removed from the district since the lights were previously in operation. The old lamps were paid for at the rate of $5.21 per month.

WILL OPEN MONDAY.

Torono, Dec. 19—Charlie Querrie, manager of the Toronto Arena stated tonight that irrespective of threats and injunctions the opening game here of the National Hockey League would take place on Monday night. He added that should O. H. A. promoters secure injunctions the fixture would be played in defiance of such, and the case fought afterwards in the courts.

The stand taken by Mr. Querrie is concurred in by the Arena directors.

YACHTING.

New York, Dec. 19.—The New York Yacht Club at a meeting tonight decided to decline the challenge of the Royal Yacht Club for a race for America's Cup in 1919, but it announced if the challenge was renewed for 1920 it would be accepted.

BARNESVILLE

Barnesville, Dec. 14—Friends of Mr. William Rodgers will be sorry to learn that he cut his foot severely while working in the woods.

Mrs. Bessie Rodgers and her son Thomas returned on Monday from a trip to Hammond, where they were visiting her son, Mr. Samuel Rodgers.

Friends of Mr. Robert Rodgers will be glad to hear that he has completely recovered from a severe attack of pneumonia.

Mrs. John Baxter, of St. John, will spend the winter with her sister, Mrs. William Currie.

Mr. and Mrs. Brunswick Thompson are receiving congratulations on the arrival of a young daughter—Hazel Blanch.

Mr. George Sommerville has recently recovered from a severe attack of heart failure.

"No Joque."

A newspaper editor, finding that the letters "f" and "k" were omitted in some typewritten copy, whote a letter of remonstrance to the author who had sent it. The offender replied to this note as follows:—

"Mr. Editor—Mistaques are liable to happen in the best ov regulated phamilies and to tpye-writers as well. It is, indeed, a very unphortunate aphair but the 'eph' and 'cay' have got damaged. This morning I called at the orphice ov the gentleman phrom whom I bought this outphit, but I phailed to phind him in; in phact, the orphice boy saye he will not return phor phour or phive days. I do not ilque the loox ov this variety ov spelling myseiph, and consider this is no joque, but a serious aphair.—Phaithphully yours, J. L.——"

Every time time that Christmas comes around again we wonder why we haven't cultivated the Christmas spirit all the year.

NEW YORK YACHT CLUB DECLINES TO RACE IN 1919

Questions Propriety of Holding Sporting Event This Year—Suggest Waiting Until 1920.

New York, Dec. 19.—In reply to the challenge of Sir Thomas Lipton the following was cabled to Secretary H. L. Garrett, of the Royal Ulster Yacht Club, Belfast, Ireland, by G. A. Cormack, secretary of the New York Club:

"The challenge, of which you notified us by cable for a series of races in September, 1919, reached us yesterday, December 18th.

"While we fully appreciate its cordial and friendly expressions, we must frankly say to you that the members of the New York Yacht Club are strongly of the opinion, with peace not yet concluded, with a long list of casualties still to be reported, with returning transports bringing home our wounded and with conditions unsettled as they are, this is not an appropriate or fit time for us to arrange for a purely sporting event of such importance as a match for America's cup. Accordingly it seems best that we suggest to you that the challenge be withdrawn. If at some future date, when there is no question on either side as to the propriety, you wish to challenge with Shamrock IV. for a race in 1920, we shall accept the challenge, to be defended by one of the boats which we built in 1914 for that purpose.

"We trust you will accept this suggestion in the spirit in which it is given."

Look Into This

Why not "lump" your giving this year? Instead of each giving a separate, short-lived article to a male member of the family why not unite and give one gift of a permanent nature, such as an evening dress suit, a Prince Albert coat, an overcoat or a raincoat.

A Dress Vest makes an excellent gift for a young man. We were fortunate in securing a few silk finish ones. They're nice, none nicer, and moderately priced, $5. In white, pearl gray and French gray.

In Neckties and Mufflers—"the kind that's different."

Gilmour's, 68 King St.

Open evenings until Christmas.

THE WEATHER.

Toronto, Dec. 19.—The weather has continued fine throughout the dominion and it has been for the most part comparatively mild.

	Min.	Max.
Prince Rupert	36	40
Victoria	40	42
Vancouver	34	42
Kamloops	26	30
Medicine Hat	20	30
Battleford	12	34
Saskatoon	14	34
Moose Jaw	18	35
Parry Sound	22	36
Toronto	28	36
Kingston	20	40
Ottawa	12	30
Montreal	14	[illegible]
Quebec	6	[illegible]
St. John	10	22
Halifax	20	26

Forecasts.

Maritime—Moderate winds, fair, stationary or higher temperature.

DIED.

JORDAN—In this city, on December 18, 1918, William C. Jordan, leaving his wife, three sons, one daughter, one brother and three sisters to mourn.

Funeral from his late residence, 5 Paradise Row, on Friday afternoon. Service begins at 2.30 o'clock.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE (Tablets). It stops the Cough and Headache and works off the Cold. E. W. GROVE'S signature on each box. 30c.

CHRISTMAS GIFTS THAT PROMOTE SAVING HABIT.

War Savings Stamps as Christmas Present New Idea in Canada.

War Savings Stamps as Christmas gifts is a new idea in Canada, but there is good reason to think that it will be very popular this year. The reason it has not been adopted before is because not until recently have War Savings Stamps been introduced into this country.

The stamps make a very fine present, for not only are they always worth the money paid for them, but a great deal more, since they bear interest at 4½ per cent. compounded half-yearly. They thus bring a good return and, at the same time, promote the habit of saving.

A War Savings Stamp costs only $4, and may be had at any bank, money order post office, or the principal railway stations. Those who cannot pay $4 down should buy one or more Thrift Stamps, which cost 25 cents each, and which are really the first of sixteen instalments for a War Savings Stamp.

The ordinary gift soon loses its original value, but here is one that becomes more valuable every day.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over thirty years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.