

JAPS AGAIN ATTEMPT TO BLOCK PORT ARTHUR

Four Steamers Were Sunk by the Enemy's Fire Before They Reached the Entrance to the Harbor--Russians Lost Seven Killed and Thirteen Wounded.

St. Petersburg, March 26.—For the first time since the war began the Russian squadron to-day left Port Arthur and the protection of its guns. Upon the safe return of the ships Vice-Admiral Makaroff sent a dispatch to the Emperor explaining the reason for the cruise, but its object is not clearly revealed in a statement of the contents of the vice-admiral's dispatch made public to-night, but sufficient has been related to show that Vice-Admiral Makaroff having repaired the warship Retvizan and the cruisers Iralada and Boyarin, considered the squadron sufficiently strong to run the risk of an encounter with the Japanese ships, which were not in sight when he steamed out of Port Arthur to-day.

The statement announces the object of Makaroff was to examine several neighboring islands. There has been considerable doubt as to where the Japanese fleet maintained its base. The Associated Press says it was stated that the admiralty had found by a close consideration of reports of the appearance of the Japanese fleet in the vicinity of the islands that not sufficient time had elapsed for it to reach Japan or even Korea and therefore it was concluded that the Japanese must have a base in the vicinity of the Russian fortress, perhaps in neutral Chinese territory, which would be a violation of the pledge of the powers. It was also suggested that the Elliott islands fifty miles northeast of Port Arthur might be the location of the Japanese base, and this group Vice-Admiral Makaroff is believed to have examined. The fact that no bombardment was reported indicates that the Russians did not find the enemy's base, and the search for it will probably be continued until it is crowned with success.

St. Petersburg, March 26.—The report of General Smynoff from Port Arthur says: "Our company of irregulars has almost completed the annihilation of the Japanese bandits, about fifty strong, near Vitiano. There are no losses to our side."

I respectfully report the preceding to your Imperial Majesty.

Chief, March 27.—At 3 o'clock this morning another attempt was made by the Japanese to block the entrance to Port Arthur and bottle up the Russian fleet by sinking four stone-laden steamers in the entrance to the harbor. They were destroyed by eight torpedoes. As the Japanese fleet, consisting of sixteen ships, neared Port Arthur they were soon discovered by the Russian torpedo boats acting as sentries. The enemy's fleet was driven back by the guns of the forts and the Russian ships lying in the outer harbor, which opened a terrific fire. The Japanese fleet, with the exception of the Japanese cruiser, the anchor and sailed out of the harbor. The fate of the crews of the steamers is unknown.

Since the arrival of Admiral Makaroff the Russian fleet has been far more active.

The authorities approve of Vice-Admiral Makaroff's investigation in force, but it is assumed by them that he will not depart from the plan to preserve the command in full strength until the whole squadron arrives.

The New Commander.

St. Petersburg, March 26.—Proclamations issued by General Voronetz, who is in command at Vladivostok, have been received at St. Petersburg. They urge the people at Vladivostok to remain, but add that only those who will be allowed to stay who have 400 pounds of flour and 100 pounds of rice, and sufficient to last eight months. All Chinese and Koreans who are without occupation have been ordered to depart. Persons who stay must be provided with the means of their subsistence will be meted out to Chinese bandits who are caught stealing.

"I shall feel relieved when General Kouropatkin assumes command," remarked the Emperor yesterday at the Winter Palace. To-night His Majesty received telegrams not only announcing the general's arrival, but bringing news that the work of the mobilization of the Manchurian army was completed.

Important news is drifting to the Russian capital by mail. A letter from Port Arthur draws a striking picture of the defenseless condition when the Japanese attacked Port Arthur. The correspondent says the smallest Japanese force could easily have captured the place and destroyed enormous stores of coal, half a million pounds of tea and six Russian merchantmen lying in the harbor. As the Japanese failed to do so the Russians at once mined the approaches. The haste with which the work was performed being the cause of the disaster to the Yenisei, many of the mines being badly laid, one of which, the protected cruiser Boyarin, was not sunk immediately. Her captain succeeded in placing a collision mat in position till she was beached. The Boyarin has since been towed off and taken back to Port Arthur, where she has been repaired.

It is certain that the admiralty's plan for the evacuation of the fleet, and the reinforcement from the Baltic during the summer. Six battleships, the Orel, Borodino, Kniaz Souvaroff, Slava, Alexander III, and Paul and Alexander, and the cruisers Oleg, Zhemchug and Izumrud II, will be ready to sail in July, joining the squadron of Admiral Wierins in the Mediterranean and with the same ships boats reaching Port Arthur in September. The Russian plans all look forward to this time, when, with the cooperation of the fleet, the Japanese communications could be cut off. Then General Kouropatkin will, according to the Russian calculations, be in a position to take the offensive on land and settle the war.

A startling statement comes from Vladivostok, apparently from a reliable source, to the effect that Capt. Reichenow's squadron returned to port towing a second-class Japanese cruiser. This

capture, however, is not confirmed in official circles.

Russia's Aim.

St. Petersburg, March 26.—The text of the Emperor's message to Viceroy Alexieff notifying him of the appointment of General Kouropatkin to the command of the Russian troops in the Far East and of Vice-Admiral Makaroff to command the fleet at Port Arthur, not only clearly defined the latter's position, but specifically announces Russia's aim. The message follows: "The importance of the impending struggle, which is intended to finally assure the predominate position of Russia on the shores of the Pacific ocean, and foreseeing that it will be necessary for you, as my lieutenant, to transfer your residence to a more central position for instance, Harbin or some other place of your choice, I have found it expedient to send to your assistance General Kouropatkin for the direction of the land forces, with the rights of an army commander, and Vice-Admiral Makaroff for the direction of the sea forces, with the rights of fleet commander. I am convinced that the appointment of these independent responsible commanders-in-chief will enable you, as my lieutenant, to discharge the difficult and historic task which has fallen to your lot."

Bandits Annihilated.

St. Petersburg, March 26.—The report of General Smynoff from Port Arthur says: "Our company of irregulars has almost completed the annihilation of the Japanese bandits, about fifty strong, near Vitiano. There are no losses to our side."

I respectfully report the preceding to your Imperial Majesty.

Chief, March 27.—At 3 o'clock this morning another attempt was made by the Japanese to block the entrance to Port Arthur and bottle up the Russian fleet by sinking four stone-laden steamers in the entrance to the harbor. They were destroyed by eight torpedoes. As the Japanese fleet, consisting of sixteen ships, neared Port Arthur they were soon discovered by the Russian torpedo boats acting as sentries. The enemy's fleet was driven back by the guns of the forts and the Russian ships lying in the outer harbor, which opened a terrific fire. The Japanese fleet, with the exception of the Japanese cruiser, the anchor and sailed out of the harbor. The fate of the crews of the steamers is unknown.

Since the arrival of Admiral Makaroff the Russian fleet has been far more active.

The authorities approve of Vice-Admiral Makaroff's investigation in force, but it is assumed by them that he will not depart from the plan to preserve the command in full strength until the whole squadron arrives.

The New Commander.

St. Petersburg, March 26.—Proclamations issued by General Voronetz, who is in command at Vladivostok, have been received at St. Petersburg. They urge the people at Vladivostok to remain, but add that only those who will be allowed to stay who have 400 pounds of flour and 100 pounds of rice, and sufficient to last eight months. All Chinese and Koreans who are without occupation have been ordered to depart. Persons who stay must be provided with the means of their subsistence will be meted out to Chinese bandits who are caught stealing.

"I shall feel relieved when General Kouropatkin assumes command," remarked the Emperor yesterday at the Winter Palace. To-night His Majesty received telegrams not only announcing the general's arrival, but bringing news that the work of the mobilization of the Manchurian army was completed.

Important news is drifting to the Russian capital by mail. A letter from Port Arthur draws a striking picture of the defenseless condition when the Japanese attacked Port Arthur. The correspondent says the smallest Japanese force could easily have captured the place and destroyed enormous stores of coal, half a million pounds of tea and six Russian merchantmen lying in the harbor. As the Japanese failed to do so the Russians at once mined the approaches. The haste with which the work was performed being the cause of the disaster to the Yenisei, many of the mines being badly laid, one of which, the protected cruiser Boyarin, was not sunk immediately. Her captain succeeded in placing a collision mat in position till she was beached. The Boyarin has since been towed off and taken back to Port Arthur, where she has been repaired.

It is certain that the admiralty's plan for the evacuation of the fleet, and the reinforcement from the Baltic during the summer. Six battleships, the Orel, Borodino, Kniaz Souvaroff, Slava, Alexander III, and Paul and Alexander, and the cruisers Oleg, Zhemchug and Izumrud II, will be ready to sail in July, joining the squadron of Admiral Wierins in the Mediterranean and with the same ships boats reaching Port Arthur in September. The Russian plans all look forward to this time, when, with the cooperation of the fleet, the Japanese communications could be cut off. Then General Kouropatkin will, according to the Russian calculations, be in a position to take the offensive on land and settle the war.

A startling statement comes from Vladivostok, apparently from a reliable source, to the effect that Capt. Reichenow's squadron returned to port towing a second-class Japanese cruiser. This

discovered by the searchlights, and were bombarded by the batteries and by the gunships Boyarin and Otyavany.

"Fearing the enemy's ships might break through, Lieut. Kriznik, commanding the guard torpedo boat Siliia, attacked the enemy and destroyed the bow of the foremost Japanese steamer with a torpedo. This steamer turned to the right and was followed by two others, with the result that the three were destroyed by the batteries when the enemy's six torpedo boats.

"Engineer Artificer Swyveroff and six seamen were killed, and the commander and twelve men were wounded.

"At daylight the enemy's battleship and cruiser squadrons appeared, and I proceeded with the fleet under my charge to meet the enemy.

The second attempt of the Japanese to block the entrance to Port Arthur has failed. Thanks to the energetic defence by the sea and land forces, who acted as they did during the first attempt, the harbor remains perfectly clear."

RUSSIAN LOSS.

Report That Torpedo Boat Was Sunk During the Engagement.

St. Petersburg, March 27.—It is stated that one Russian torpedo boat was sunk during the engagement at Port Arthur on Monday morning, but it is thought the vessel can be refloated.

THREE BRAVE RUSSIANS

Boarded Japanese Steamer and Cut Wire Connecting With Infernal Machines.

St. Petersburg, March 28.—Large crowds gathered before the bulletin board this morning to read the official reports of the second unsuccessful attempt of the Japanese to bottle up the Russian fleet at Port Arthur. Lieut. Kriznik's heroic attack on the enemy's fire-ships and torpedo boats, and the action of three Russian officers in boarding the burning steamers, extinguishing the flames and cutting the wires connecting with the infernal machines, evoked enthusiasm while the simultaneous exclamation applied to Vice-Admiral Makaroff, as the people turned away, was "Molodetz," which might literally be translated, "He's a dandy."

The Japanese in making use of infernal machines has aroused indignation.

No further details have been received, except that the injury to the torpedo boat destroyed from grounding is slight, and that it can be easily repaired.

The Associated Press has received a dispatch from the Japanese at Port Arthur, during his recent reconnaissance of the Elliott islands, captured a Japanese vessel towing a Chinese junk, but the vessel was a small steamer, not a junk, and the crews were not captured, after which both vessels were sunk.

UNDER MARTIAL LAW.

Regulations at Newchwang Regarded as Apparent Russian Challenge to Neutral Powers.

Newchwang, March 28.—The civil administration late last evening notified all the residents of the port that Admiral Viceroy Alexieff's order placing the city and port of Newchwang under martial law, explaining it had been ordered to safeguard the coast and interests of the Viceroy's order the following regulations are ordered to be immediately observed:

"The entire territory of the city and port, also all persons, without distinction of jurisdiction and nationality, resident in the territory, are subjected to special regulations regarding the movement of travellers arriving by sea, and all cargoes entering port are to be inspected by naval officers and customs officers."

"The importation of arms and ammunition is forbidden.

"The exportation of contraband of war is forbidden.

"Persons desiring to export contraband goods are required to deposit an equivalent to the value of the cargo. This deposit is to serve as a guarantee that the cargo is not to be forwarded from neutral ports either to Japan or Korea.

"The functions of the lightship and harbor guides in the river Liao are suspended.

"Contraband of war is to include beans and bean cakes and other root-stuffs."

The regulations will stop Newchwang's trade. Five ships which arrived outside to-day, and numerous others due, will be unable to ship cargoes. Although the rights of neutrals remain unaltered by the treaty, Russia assumes the power to annul these rights also consular, jurisdiction and extrajurisdiction, rendering the position of foreign consuls untenable. In some quarters the order is regarded as an apparent challenge to neutral powers, and especially to China on account of the appropriation of her territory, and that a Russian steamer, the State gunboat Helena and British cruiser Espiegle liable to an order to leave port.

The consuls will await instructions from their respective governments, inasmuch as there is no law to guide their actions.

The property and trade interests of the foreign merchants are being prepared for abandonment.

The Foreign consuls had a conference

with the civil administrator this morning. The latter informed them that the full intention of Russia's order of yesterday was to proclaim martial law, and also to annul consular jurisdiction, and that the same already was annulled.

The British consul interpreted the order as not declaring martial law. The other consuls were unable yesterday to comprehend the Russian intention. The administrator agrees with the consuls to suspend a rigid enforcement of said order until the foreign governments act, in order to lessen the complications. The Americans here call attention to the apparent defeat of American aims regarding placing consuls in Manchuria by the execution of Russia's orders.

American and British flags were today received by the Russian military for the property of citizens of American or British nationality.

MUST REMAIN AT POSTS.

Commander at Port Arthur Forbids Civilians to Leave Safety During Bombardments.

St. Petersburg, March 28.—Lieut. Gen. Stoessel, in command at Port Arthur, has issued an order forbidding civilians to leave their posts during bombardments. Gen. Stoessel observed that he has not seen them at the batteries when the enemy was attacking.

In order that the Russian troops shall not present a bright target for the enemy, an order has been issued by the minister of war directing that gray instead of white shall be the color of the uniform during the summer season.

BRITISH OBSERVER.

General Sir W. Nicholson, Who Will Accompany Japanese Army, Has Reached Tokio.

Tokio, March 28.—The Emperor today donated 300,000 yen to the Soldiers' Relief Society. Counts Matsugata and Inoue, promoters of the society, who had an audience with the Emperor, were given the donation.

Gen. Sir Wm. Nicholson, director-general of military intelligence in the British war office, has arrived here. Gen. Nicholson will accompany the Japanese army for the purpose of making a special study of the methods of Japan. Capt. Troubridge, the British naval attaché, has departed from London.

JAPS AT SEOUL.

Seven Thousand Arrive in Korea's Capital in Search of Employment.

London, March 28.—The Standard's correspondent at Seoul says that about the night at Chemulpo, over 7,000 Japanese adventurers have arrived at Seoul, in search of employment.

WILL LEAVE PORT.

It Is Considered Inadvisable to Keep British Gunboat Espiegle at Newchwang.

London, March 28.—The under foreign secretary, Earl Percy, announced in the House of Commons to-day that in spite of the British consul's request that the gunboat Espiegle remain at Newchwang, it had been decided that it would be inadvisable to keep the vessel there.

SMALLPOX IN SIBERIA.

Authorities Take Steps to Prevent Disease Spreading to Troops.

Irkutsk, Siberia, March 28.—Smallpox has broken out and become epidemic in the interior of this province. The authorities have taken measures to stamp out the disease, which has not as yet affected the troops.

HAD GUNS ABOARD.

As They Are Consigned to China the Steamer Brigavina Was Released.

Nagasaki, March 28.—The steamship Brigavina was arrested at Mokai on Friday last by the authorities, her manifest showing that among her cargo were seven field guns and two hundred tons of shipping materials. When it was explained satisfactorily that this was consigned to Kien-Chou, China, the vessel was released. She left yesterday.

HOW HEALTH IS GAINED

The story of a great deal of the unhappiness of women is a story of ill health. Women wonder how it is that little by little the form loses plumpness, the cheeks grow hollow and sallow, and they feel tired and worn-out all the time. In a large proportion of cases when women are weak, low and sallow, the root of the trouble can be traced to womanly diseases which undermine the general health. The proof of this is that women who have been cured of painful womanly diseases by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, find the general health, and especially the system, restored, and the complexion bright and clear.

"I suffered for three years with ovarian trouble," writes Mrs. Anderson (Treasurer of the Woman's Athletic Club), of 505 Seymour St., Milwaukee, Wis. "The treatment I took did not do me a particle of good, until a good night day took my first dose, and it was my first step toward recovery. In nine weeks I was a different woman; my flesh which had been thin and yellow, was restored to its natural color and firmness, and my health was completely restored."

"Favorite Prescription" makes weak women strong, sick women well. Accept no substitute for the medicine which works wonders for weak women.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets invigorates stomach, liver and bowels.



"HINT-ON" TO ALEXIEFF. A Victoria Device to Raise Russian Battleships.

HAD EIGHT WIVES.

One Murdered and Two Are Missing—A Remarkable Case in London.

London, March 28.—Public interest continues to be largely absorbed in the extraordinary developments following the suicide of a man named George Crossman on the night of March 23rd. Crossman killed himself to avoid arrest by the police, whose suspicions had been aroused regarding the contents of a trunk which Crossman was sending away from his home. On opening the trunk the body of a woman was found, encased in cement. An investigation proved that she was murdered about six months ago, and that she was one of Crossman's eight wives. Five of his wives were traced and found alive. One is dead and two are missing. The identity of the body found in the cement cannot be ascertained, on account of decomposition and injury to the skull, which had been split by an axe, or some other instrument. The police believe it possible that the investigation may prove that Crossman adopted a similar method in hiding himself in other superstitious wives, of which it is suspected he may have had several who have not yet been traced.

Though only 30 years old, Crossman's career rivals that of most famous criminals. Under various aliases he led a double and even a triple married life, posing successfully, according to the fancy of the moment, as an engineer, compositor, wigmaker or bookmaker. His chief means of support, however, appear to have been derived from his wives, several of whom he secured through advertisement. His neighbors always regarded Crossman as a respectable man, who led a quiet and uninteresting life.

Crossman's first wife died apparently of natural causes, in 1897. He remarried in 1898, at Maidstone, and the same year contracted a bigamous marriage at Marlton, with the result that he was sentenced to five years' penal servitude. Good conduct in prison enabled Crossman to avoid the full term. Once free he set to work to marry, by wholesale. Wife No. 4 was quickly secured. She and her baby were recently living at Crossman's home at Kensal Rise. At Reading, Crossman secured a fifth wife, under the name of Seton. A month later he married again. The whereabouts and fate of this sixth wife are still uncertain. He took his seventh and then an eighth wife, the latter the young daughter of a London railroad man, and she is supposed to be the victim he encased in cement.

At the time of his suicide, Crossman thus had five wives, besides several children. The discovery occurred through the suspicion of a lodger, to whom Crossman let some rooms at Kensal Rise. Crossman was living with one of his many wives, who occupied the same room where the dead body of the other wife was concealed in a trunk. The lodger traced an odor, and when they attempted to arrest him, Crossman cut his throat and died instantly.

The body found in the trunk, from which the cement has now been chipped off, is that of a young woman.

The police theory is that Crossman, while she was undressing, struck her from behind with an axe, completely severing a portion of the skull, part of which is now missing.

ACCIDENT TO EXPRESS.

Ran Into Snowplough—Fireman Was Slightly Injured.

Winnipeg, March 28.—The railways are gradually recovering from the snow blockade and two trains left for the West to-day.

The Trans-Continental Express from the East, which left here on Thursday night, and which was held at Rose, yesterday, owing to the storm, crashed into a snowplough, which was sent out at 4 o'clock this morning. The fireman of the passenger engine was slightly injured. The baggage and express cars were derailed. The train was held for several hours as a result of the accident, and caused further delay.

There has been no through train from Vancouver since Tuesday.

IN DOMINION HOUSE.

Ottawa, March 28.—In the House to-day an act respecting the British Columbia Southern Railway Company was read a second time and referred to the railway committee.

Hon. R. Prefontaine stated in the House that the order for fish traps had not yet been issued, and that the matter was under the consideration of the department.

Hon. W. Patterson said that G. C. Newbury was acting collector of customs at Victoria.

"YOUNG CORBETT" IN TEARS.

Says Decision of Last Night's Fight Was Unjust.

San Francisco, March 28.—The result of last night's fight, in which Jimmy Britt was given the decision over "Young Corbett," was a bitter disappointment to the latter, who regarded the decision as unjust.

When he reached his dressing-room after the fight he burst into tears. He said: "I am a stranger, and have been badly treated. I was deprived of my decision unjustly. I was stopped from fighting according to the rules of Queensbury rules. At the end of the 19th round they had to carry Britt to his corner, yet he was given the decision."

Harry Tuttle, Corbett's trainer, offered to match Corbett against Britt to fight in three weeks, the winner to take all.

Britt said it was a "clean cut victory." Britt was badly marked up, while Corbett was unmarked with the exception of a cut over his eye. Corbett claims to have injured his right hand and forearm during the contest. This deprived him of the use of his right hand.

TUBERCULOSIS CONGRESS.

Some Additional Appointments to the Committees Announced.

St. Louis, March 28.—The World's Fair officials have been notified by Dr. Clark Bell, of New York, chairman of the committee on arrangements of the World's Tuberculosis congress, to be held here during the World's Fair, of the following additional appointments: Honorary vice-presidents for the province of Ontario, Hon. J. H. Stratton, Dr. Chas. A. Hodgets, Toronto, and Henry O'Brien, for the province of Quebec.

Hon. A. Robitaille, members of the committee on Oregon: Dr. John Ferguson and Prof. Adam H. Wright, University of Toronto.

YALE VICTORIOUS.

Won the Inter-Collegiate Gymnastic Team Championship.

New York, March 28.—Yale won the inter-collegiate gymnastic team championship from teams representing eight other colleges here last night.

Columbia would have scored an easy victory had it not been that two of her representatives violated the rules and denied the floor during the contest. W. Landerson, of Yale, won the all-round championship. The final score by points follows: Yale, 18; Columbia 12; New York University, 9; Princeton, 6; University of Pennsylvania, 5, and Rutgers, 5.

SCALDED TO DEATH.

Engineer and Brakeman Perished in Wreck of Freight Train—Fireman May Not Recover.

Niles, Mich., March 25.—Engineer French and brakeman Frank E. Young, were scalded to death by escaping steam after the wreck of a Michigan Central freight train by a washout at midnight near here. Fireman Ross, of the train, was severely scalded and may die.

THE GRAND NATIONAL.

Moisam Won the Steeplechase at Liverpool—Twenty-Six Horses Started.

Liverpool, March 28.—The Grand National Steeplechase (of 2,575 sovereigns, about four miles and 556 yards) run here to-day, was won by Moisam. Kirkland was second and The Gunner was third. Twenty-six horses started.

HOLLAND TAKES SPACE.

St. Louis, Mo., March 28.—The space originally allotted to Russia for a national pavilion at the World's Fair has been awarded to Holland.

TRAINS DELAYED.

Vancouver, March 28.—There will not be any through train from the East till Wednesday on account of blizzards on the prairie. They are very bad between Winnipeg and Moosomin.

ACCIDENTALLY SHOT.

Vancouver, March 28.—Andrew Draney, farmer, Lulu Island, was killed yesterday by the accidental discharge of a shotgun which he had with him in a cart, taking it home from Vancouver. It is supposed he had the gun between his knees and that he was the trigger was pulled.

Lever's Y-Z (Vine Head) Disinfectant Soap Powder is a boon to any home. It disinfects and cleans at the same time.

MURDERER HAS BEEN RECALLED

THREE FATALITIES IN EASTERN

A Farmer Accidentally Shot While Out Hunting—Montagu's Asks Higher W

Sherbrooke, Ont., March 28.—The murderer who escaped from yesterday morning, has been recalled to the Legislature.

Charlotteville, P. E. I., March 28.—Prince Edward Island Legislature opened yesterday by Lieut. McIntyre.

Found Dead.

Wroster, Ont., March 28.—A Hebrew peddler, dead about a mile and a half here this morning. He is supposed to have been killed by his pet dog, upsetting and falling on him.

Accidentally Shot.

Brandon, Ont., March 28.—Grosby, a farmer living a few miles north of this city, while hunting squirrels yesterday, shot himself in the abdomen on the way home.

Ask Increase.

Montreal, March 25.—The and joiners threaten to strike receive an advance to twenty an hour.

Fire.

Halifax, N. S., March 28.—Crowe's wholesale grocery store was damaged to the extent of \$10,000 this morning; insurance, \$10,000.

Coming West.

Owen Sound, Ont., March 28.—James McAllister, who charge of the C. P. R. lake boats for the past several years, has accepted the superintending ferry steamer plying between Owen and North Vancouver.

Instantly Killed.

Conwall, Ont., March 28.—Reilly, captain of the Conwall, was instantly killed by the grooved pulley rope drive at the Canadian mill.

BOTKIN MURDER TRIAL.

Witness Wept and Appeared Court For Protection.

San Francisco, March 28.—The Botkin murder trial was cross-examination by Attorney Mrs. Tucker, the clerk in a Pasadena grocery store, who that she sold Mrs. Botkin a chief which was enclosed in a box of candy. She was ordered to appear for protection.

Objections tried attorney finally ended Mrs. Abner Botkin's testimony that while she was Mrs. Botkin's latter had a gardener the effects of arsenic denied the address on a candy as the handwriting of a kin.

Dr. Thomas Cook, of St. Paul, Minn., who was in charge during an illness in July, 1898, he had discussed with suits of arsenical poisoning.

MAE DONIAN REPEATED.

Austro-Russian Scheme Wrecked, Be in Full Obedience.

London, March 28.—Accordances received to-day from the Porte and the Austro-Russian scheme in Macedonia and the officers.

It is believed that it will before the reform schemes donia, agreed upon by the Russia and Austria at their meeting, St. Petersburg, last year, which Austria has been mobilizing troops, will be in violation.

In an interview at Sofia, the Macedonian army party intended to await the introduction of reforms before a fresh insurrection.

MICHIGAN FLOOD.

Bridge Swept Away and Other Damaged.

Lansing, Mich., March 28.—The river has reached the highest history here, and the flood heavy damages. The Lakeview viaduct is under three feet of water, and all trains to the Kalamazoo street bridge out. Gasoline floating down from a leaking tank and from boiler fires caused a \$20,000 other fires were caused by the firemen fought the first water-works.

The annual meeting of the History Society will be held in the city's room, parliament building, Tuesday evening next, commencing at 8 o'clock. The usual yearly business will be dealt with. The president will be delivered by Dr. H.

SENTENCED TO DEATH.

Terre Haute, Ind., March 28.—The jury in the trial of Jerry Duggins, the murderer of Mrs. Sarah her two children, Burt and returned a verdict of guilty of the first degree. Judge Duggins to be hanged on Jan.