

## ARREST OF EX-QUEEN LIL

It Creates a Sensation in London and Other Parts of the World.

What the Hawaiian Minister at Washington Thinks of the Affair.

London, Feb. 3.—The news of the arrest of ex-Queen Liliuokalani, published yesterday afternoon, created a sensation. The facts were telegraphed to Queen Victoria at Osborne and to Theophilus Davies, guardian of Princess Kaiulani, Davies, guardian of Princess Kaiulani, Davies is also agent in England of ex-Queen Liliuokalani. Davies, it appears, had also received a telegram via Auckland, New Zealand, announcing the arrest of the ex-queen.

It is expected that the latter's friends here and elsewhere will make diplomatic representations to Great Britain and the United States in order to secure her release. The Hawaiian consul in this city has received no news regarding the arrests adopted by the United States house of representatives asking President Cleveland to submit to congress any correspondence in the possession of the state department regarding reports that British subjects incited the Hawaiians to rebellion and supplied them with arms, and that the British minister intervened to prevent the application of martial law to British subjects engaged in the rebellion.

In this connection it is said that there has been no correspondence between the British and American consuls on the charge the British subjects incited the Hawaiian revolt. The fact is, it is added, as already stated in the house of representatives at Washington, that President Cleveland is satisfied with the action taken by the British residents of Honolulu in this matter and that it was quite justified under the circumstances. Nothing is known here regarding the charges made against British residents of Honolulu, and it is said that if they did supply arms it would be for the Hawaiian authorities to stop it.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 3.—The latest development in Hawaii was agreeable news to Minister Thurston. He said the latest information he had had regarding the ex-queen was that she had gone to the residence of Sam Nowlin, on Pearl river, about fifteen miles from Honolulu.

"Now that the queen has been arrested for complicity in the rebellion, will she be banished?" asked the reporter. "That is a matter I do not care to discuss," replied Thurston.

The minister expects fresh advice on the arrival of the Australia, due at San Francisco in four or five days.

The news of the arrest of the ex-queen was received with surprise at the state department, and although the officials refused to discuss the matter in any aspect, it was plainly seen that they had not expected she would be connected with a revolutionary attempt so badly conceived and attempted, promising so little. They fear she is likely to forfeit whatever little property remains in her possession to the republic, and in addition will probably be exiled to eliminate her entirely as a political factor. There has not yet been any suggestion that the United States government shall interfere in behalf of the ex-queen, who is now after the full and formal recognition of the republic, nothing more than an individual and citizen of the republic. If any American citizens are among the persons arrested and tried for complicity in the rebellion, undoubtedly Willis, our minister, will see that they secure a full opportunity to prove their innocence. Notwithstanding the ominous significance conveyed by the fact that the trials were to be by court-martial, it is not believed here that very severe punishment will be meted out to persons convicted, except, perhaps, in the case of actual Hawaiians. It is thought the United States ship Philadelphia is now at Honolulu, as she was due last Monday.

The news of the collapse of the Hawaiian rebellion was received with much surprise by members of the house to whom it was made known, except that part narrating the arrest of the ex-queen, which excited some comment. The opinion was generally expressed that the ex-queen's strength must be very small, and her following must have fallen off greatly, if she could be arrested without any resistance being made. Chairman McCreary, of the committee on foreign affairs, remarked that the dispatch confirmed the latest advice to the state department which he quoted in his speech yesterday, and showed that the trouble had been greatly overrated in importance. Discussion was stirred up over the penalties which might be inflicted on the leaders of the insurrection, and several Republicans expressed the opinion that it would be well for the government to execute two or three for treason, according to the laws of most civilized nations, as a warning to others. To visit capital punishment on the queen, it was said, was probably a more severe retribution than would be favored, notwithstanding her demand for the heads of the men who had brought about the establishment of the republic.

## FUNDING BILL KILLED.

Pacific Railways Will Have to Pay Their Debts.

Washington, Feb. 2.—The Pacific railroad funding bill was recommitted to the committee on Pacific railroads late this afternoon by a vote of 177 to 108, showing an unexpectedly large majority against the measure. Although the drift has been against the bill from the inception of the debate, its advocates were not without hope even to-day. The extent of their defeat was a great surprise to both sides. The debate to-day was of a brisk and lively character. Only three of the eighteen sections of the bill

had been read when the hour for taking the vote had arrived. But the substantial amendment (to prevent the payment of dividends on the stock until the government debt should have been fully discharged) was adopted. Boatner's substitute to foreclose the government's mortgage in case of default was cut out by a parliamentary manoeuvre, so that when the voting began in the house he moved to recommit the bill, a motion equivalent to its direct defeat. A proposition submitted as an amendment to compromise the debt (aggregating \$120,000,000) for seventy-five million, was defeated, and, as stated above, the bill was sent to its doom by an overwhelming majority. The opponents of the measure signalled the victory with shouts of jubilation.

## KILLED HER HUSBAND.

A Detroit Mystery Cleared up by the Confession of a Nurse.

Detroit, Feb. 5.—Wm. Brosseau has made a confession. He says Mrs. Pope murdered her husband, Dr. Horace Elliott Pope, who was found dead in his home last Saturday morning. Brosseau asserts that Mrs. Pope has made fourteen attempts to kill the doctor in the last two years in order to get the insurance on his life. Brosseau was employed as Mrs. Pope's nurse, although she is a tall and apparently robust woman, for years past she has had this man as her attendant. Brosseau at first claimed that he killed Dr. Pope because he had found him trying to murder his wife. He was arrested on suspicion and to-night broke down and confessed. Mrs. Pope is also under arrest.

## CHINA AND JAPAN.

Chinese Offering a Stubborn Resistance at Lin Kung Tao.

London, Feb. 5.—A Hiroshima dispatch says that despite the fierce and prolonged Japanese attacks upon the forts at Lin Kung Tao the Chinese still hold the forts.

A Tientsin dispatch says that two Chinese colonels and two captains have been degraded for retreating from Yung Cheng.

## THE TROLLEY STRIKE.

Excitement Subsided—No Wire Cutting During the Night.

Brooklyn, Feb. 5.—The complaint of the strikers against President Norton of the Atlantic avenue system, charging him with violating the United States laws by having signs inscribed "United States mail" on the cars of the road on which no mails were carried, was dismissed in the federal courts to-day. It is thought the mayor will veto the resolution passed by the aldermen yesterday revoking the licenses and franchises of the trolley lines. The resolution is declared to be unconstitutional. No cases of violence or wire cutting occurred during the night.

## LATEST CABLE DISPATCHES

London Ship Owners Object to the New Rules of the Road at Sea.

Asiatic Cholera Has Broken Out at Constantinople—Quarantine Enforced.

London, Feb. 5.—Replying to the deputation of shipowners who object to the new rules of the road at sea, the president of the board of trade said to-day that they were the only unfavorable comments that had been received regarding the rules. The United States, Germany and Holland agreed to them. A coroner's inquest on the body of Ernest, one of the ship's victims, was begun at Lowestoft yesterday and adjourned for three weeks.

The Princess of Wales returned to London to-day, having been absent in Russia and Denmark since a short time previous to the death of the Czar. She was heartily cheered at the railroad station by the crowd.

Cholera having broken out in Constantinople, all vessels from that port are being quarantined.

Notice was given to-day of the introduction of the Welsh church disestablishment bill and Irish land and local veto bills.

Christiania, Feb. 5.—An earthquake shock was felt in the northern part of Norway this morning but no damage reported. Eleven persons were killed to-day by an avalanche at Kvanang. Fourteen thousand bales of wool were offered to-day. The best grades are in good demand and cross breeds firm.

## WASHINGTON WIRINGS.

Senators Exchange Compliments—Banker Morgan Confers with Carlisle.

Washington, Feb. 5.—P. Morgan, of New York, Secretary Carlisle and the President conferred this morning on the bond question.

Messrs. Shriver and Chapman, two recalcitrant witnesses before the sugar investigation committee, to-day gave bail for trial and were released from the custody of the marshal. Secretary Herbert said to-day he had heard nothing regarding the reported imprisonment of officers and men of the Concord by the Chinese and that he was inclined to believe there was no truth in the report.

Senators Mitchell and Harris had a war of words in the senate to-day over the objection by Harris to Mitchell's addressing the senate in favor of a report on claims favorable to the bounty sugar claims. Mitchell charged Harris with doing "unusual and ungentlemanly things" and Harris declared Mitchell's conduct "contemptible."

## SPEECH FROM THE THRONE

Nothing Unusual in the Speech Read at the Opening of Parliament.

The Anti-Paranellites to Demand and Immediate Appeal to the Country.

London, Feb. 5.—Parliament reassembled to-day. The session was opened by the reading of the Queen's speech. The speech said:

"My Lords and Gentlemen—

"I am happy to have foreign powers as friendly. An agreement was concluded for the settlement of the frontier between the English and French possessions in Africa. I regret to say that the war between China and Japan continues. I shall lose no favorable opportunity of promoting a peaceful termination of the contest. In compliance with the representations of the powers to the Porte the Sultan has declared his intention of punishing the persons guilty of the Armenian outrages.

"I am happy to observe that in Ireland offences against the law have sunk during the past year to the lowest level on record. Proposals will be submitted remedying the defects in the law governing landlord and tenant in Ireland. A bill will be presented dealing with the church establishment in Wales.

"I regret that agriculture continues to be in a seriously depressed condition.

"Rills will be submitted for the settlement of trade disputes, for county government in Scotland, and for dealing with the Crofters in that country."

The Anti-Paranellites members of parliament to-day re-elected Justin McCarthy chairman for the session. McCarthy will move an amendment to the Queen's speech demanding an immediate appeal to the country on the ground of the government's failure to carry home rule.

## A BAD OLD MAN.

An Old Colleague Leaves a Family and Travels With a Young Woman.

Halifax, Feb. 4.—Among the passengers on the steamer Mongolian from Liverpool yesterday were John Brown, aged 50, and Gertrude Bentley, aged 18, registered as man and wife. They were arrested here on instructions from the girl's father, a wealthy Liverpool manufacturer. Brown, who is a graduate of Oxford, and Miss Bentley's tutor, left a wife and five children behind. He was subsequently liberated and engaged counsel in the endeavor to obtain the girl's release.

## CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

Haggart Denies Armstrong's Statement About the Government Guarantee.

Winnipeg, Feb. 5.—Daubney, editor of the Deloraine Times, is dead.

Toronto, Feb. 5.—John Haggart, minister of railways, gives an absolute denial to the statement that C. N. Armstrong has a guarantee from the Canadian government in placing on the London market the securities of his company to build a railroad from Ganung to the Pacific coast parallel with the C. P. R. The minister considers it improbable that Armstrong will be able to float his enterprise on the London market or anywhere else.

Hamilton, Feb. 5.—F. E. Kilvert, collector of customs for the port of Hamilton, has gone to Ottawa to assume the duties of Thomas J. Watters, acting commissioner of customs, who has been suspended pending his trial for alleged defalcation. If Kilvert's appointment becomes permanent McKay, M. P., will likely take the collectorship.

Kingston, Feb. 5.—The Howland school case was settled in Gillespie's favor, therefore the school in section 3 remains public. If a separate school is wanted its supporters will have to build one in the ordinary way.

Hamilton, Feb. 5.—Rev. Mr. McGill, an aged Congregational preacher, died here yesterday. His son is assistant chief analyst for the government.

Berlin, Ont., Feb. 5.—The people of Linwood village are excited over a crime believed to have been committed on Saturday afternoon. Two strangers, a man and a woman, were seen going to the woods near there with a child. They lighted a fire, and when they departed no child was with them. What is supposed to be human bones were found in the ashes afterwards.

Toronto, Feb. 5.—The Empire staff is said to be making arrangements to continue the publication of a morning paper with Louis P. Kribbe at the helm. W. A. Bell, city hall clerk, who was suspended during the municipal investigation, was dismissed by a vote of the council last night after 21 years' service.

Galt, Ont., Feb. 5.—South Waterloo Liberals have offered James Livingstone, M. P., the unanimous nomination for the commons, which he has accepted.

Sherbrooke, Feb. 5.—Hon. W. B. Ives was chosen by the Conservative committee to contest this constituency for the commons.

Winnipeg, Feb. 5.—A farmer named Allan, aged sixty, was found frozen to death near Portage la Prairie yesterday.

Montreal, Feb. 5.—The Victoria hockey team of Winnipeg, defeated the Montrealers last night by five goals to one.

## WHISKY RAID.

Leaders of Moonshiners Captured at Red Sulphur Springs.

Memphis, Tenn., Feb. 5.—General Kelar Henderson, who led a force of internal revenue officers into the moonshine haunts of Hardin county, returned yesterday, having lodged some of the famous moonshiners in jail. There was a

sharp battle on Sunday morning at the house of Thomas, the leader of the gang of illicit whisky men. Fifty shots were fired. The moonshiners escaped barefooted and almost naked through the snow, but were recaptured. Gus and Ed Thomas, against whom is charged the murder of several persons in the vicinity of Red Sulphur Springs, are among the captured. The officers destroyed several large stills.

## SOUTHERN PACIFIC TROUBLE.

Likely to be Amicably Adjusted on Thursday.

San Francisco, Feb. 5.—Richard V. Doy, secretary for John W. McKay, and one of the executors of the estate of Mrs. Fair, is ill with disease of the kidneys. Though he has been afflicted for some time, the ailment until recently has not assumed a serious appearance. The petition presented by Henry E. Hichon, attorney for Alice Edith Blythe, in which she asked for a rehearing of her appeal in the Blythe estate contest, has been denied by the supreme court.

When seen last night Chief Arthur said: "We have accomplished nothing so far, but expect to arrive at some settlement of the dispute on Thursday. I am going away for a day or two, but I will be back to meet the Southern Pacific officials here on Thursday. We have submitted several propositions to them, and they want to consider them. The nature of the propositions I must positively decline to discuss. I can only say that I expect to see this matter amicably adjusted on Thursday."

## ARREST OF QUEEN LIL.

She Will Probably be Deported to Tahiti.

San Francisco, Feb. 5.—"It is my opinion that if the Queen of the Hawaiian Islands is to be deported," said W. H. Cornwall, late minister of finance of the defunct royal government of Hawaii, "that she will not be deported to the United States. If she is deported at all by the existing government she will be sent to the island of Tahiti. I have reasons for believing this is the course to be pursued."

## BOILERS FOR WARSHIPS.

Navy Department to Test the Different Classes of Boilers.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 5.—The navy department has received through the bureau of steam engineering an offer from a Chicago shipbuilding company to place two ships which they are building at the disposal of the department for tests as to the relative merits of the ordinary cylindrical boilers and water tube boilers. It appears that the two ships in question are identical in every respect, except that one has ordinary marine boilers and the other will have boilers of the water tube type. Inasmuch as the navy department contemplates supplying the Chicago with a certain number of water tube boilers in addition to the ordinary marine boilers, the secretary considers this an excellent opportunity to find out whether such boilers are as good as the ordinary ones.

Engineer in Chief Melville recommended that the department accept the offer, as soon as the vessels are ready, which will probably be early in the summer. Secretary Herbert is very anxious that the water tube boilers which go into the Chicago shall be the best that can be obtained, and as the engineer in chief is in full accord with him, the tests of these boilers will be watched with great interest. It will be remembered that the engineering bureau some years ago made tests of the water tube boilers for the Monterey, and she is now the only large vessel in our service fitted with this type of boilers.

## ARMENIAN ATROCITIES.

Another Conflicting Announcement Regarding the Outrages.

Boston, Feb. 5.—A short time ago a cablegram from London was received stating that Professor Ximenes, of the university of Madrid, who was in Bitlis at the time of the alleged Armenian atrocities, denied that they had really occurred. Authentic information has been received that when in Constantinople he told the ambassadors there that he had photographs of the atrocities taken at the spot and was willing to sell them to any one paying him for the trouble. He is said to have made the same offer to the grand vizier. When in Constantinople he declared that the outrages were worse than any description of them so far published. It is currently reported in Constantinople that the porte paid Ximenes \$32,000 to suppress the facts and defend the Turkish side.

## NOT AN EASY TASK.

Whiteway Having Some Trouble in Forming a Cabinet.

St. Johns, Nfld., Feb. 4.—The friction among the Whitewayites is becoming greater and the prospects of forming a cabinet are less favorable. The members of the legislative assembly whose retirement is wanted, refuse to withdraw unless they are guaranteed positions, which Sir William is unable to give. A caucus was held to-day, but no arrangement is expected before Wednesday, pending an answer to a dispatch sent to the British government asking what assistance it is prepared to give if the Newfoundland government accepts a total commission of inquiry and agrees to adopt its recommendations. It is hoped that the imperial government will promise something that will enable the Whitewayites to accept a commission without the loss of prestige that would be involved in an unconditional acceptance.

## INTENSELY COLD WEATHER

Europe and the Eastern Provinces and United States Visited by a Cold Wave.

Snow Storms and Blizzards Are the Order of the Day—More Expected.

London, Feb. 6.—The weather throughout the United Kingdom is the coldest for years. The thermometer in the Midland averages six degrees below zero. Protracted snow storms and gales have prevailed all over the United Kingdom. The Scottish and Welsh railways are blocked with snow.

New York, Feb. 6.—To-day is the coldest in fourteen years. At seven o'clock this morning the temperature was three degrees below zero. Dispatches from points throughout the state report extreme cold weather, the thermometer ranging from three degrees below zero to 30 below, the latter in Watertown.

Milwaukee, Feb. 6.—A blizzard is raging here with the thermometer at zero. The ground is covered with several inches of snow.

Boston, Feb. 6.—Dispatches from a number of points throughout New England reports extreme cold. The thermometer indicates from zero to 27 degrees below zero, the latter at Greenville, Conn.

Chicago, Feb. 6.—A snow storm that nearly reached the proportions of a blizzard prevails to-day. Reports from all over Illinois and Indiana are similar. Snow storms are prevalent. Railway travel is considerably impeded.

Baltimore, Md., Feb. 6.—The temperature at 8 o'clock this morning was one degree above zero, the coldest February weather in 21 years.

Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 6.—The weather to-day is the coldest Philadelphia ever experienced in February. The temperature at 7 this morning was three degrees below zero. In reading at the same hour, the thermometer was 5 degrees below zero. Severe cold weather is reported from points throughout this state and Maryland. Snow is falling at Pittsburgh.

Washington, Feb. 6.—The weather bureau reports a cold wave general and very severe. Emergency warnings indicating violent gales and snow have been sent to states in upper and middle Mississippi and lower Ohio valleys.

Toronto, Feb. 6.—Intensely cold weather prevails throughout Ontario and Quebec. At midnight it was 15 degrees below zero in this city, 24 degrees below at Montreal and Ottawa.

New York, Feb. 6.—The ferry slips in both North and East rivers were jammed with ice to-day. Some boats had to ram their way into the slips.

## DON'T WANT A CABLE.

Congress Refuses to Pass an Appropriation for a Line to Hawaii.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 6.—The senate considered the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill amendment appropriating three thousand dollars for the protection of the interests of Americans in Samoa. It was agreed to. The amendment appropriating five hundred thousand for a cable to the Hawaiian islands was objected to on the grounds of general legislation.

The President's decision in the arbitration between Brazil and the Argentine republic on the boundary question is in favor of Brazil on every point.

The house agreed upon amendments to the currency bill making the tax one-eighth per cent. on National Bank currency to stand in lieu of all existing taxes and reducing the minimum amount of capital stock of National banks from \$50,000 to \$20,000.

A resolution was offered in the house to-day earnestly recommending that Great Britain and Venezuela submit their dispute over the Guiana boundary to arbitration.

The house adopted amendments to the currency bill making the bonds payable at the pleasure of the government after ten years and restricting the retirement of greenbacks to the amount of the National bank circulation taken out.

## THE MANITOBA DIFFICULTY.

The Quebec Members Want a Short Session for Remedial Legislation.

Montreal, Feb. 4.—There is a strong feeling here against interference in Winnipeg with the school question and Catholics demand a session so as to find what each party proposes. Le Monde declares that the federal government will find itself obliged to enact remedial legislation and render justice to the Manitoba minority. It has it from a Conservative member of parliament that unless there is a session before the elections, the government must necessarily fail. Le Monde says several influential Conservatives on being consulted said there would certainly be a short session and it adds that the present government will then draft remedial legislation and go before the people with this trump in its bag.

## NEWS FROM THE CAPITAL.

Farmers of Moosejaw and Regina Begging For Seed.

Ottawa, Feb. 6.—Davin is here to-day endeavoring to get seed grain from the government for settlers in the Moosejaw and Regina districts. Settlers have none to put in for crops owing to the failure of the harvest last year.

## CAUTION.

Beware of any man who offers you an imitation article, no matter what it is, and say it is "just as good as the genuine." They sell all kinds of "sham remedies" in this way upon the reputation of the Pain Killer—be sure and get the genuine made by Perry Davis. Large bottles, popular price.