

## ARMY MOVEMENTS ARE KEPT SECRET

"Practice Marches" Often End  
in Transports

### ALL TO BEFOG THE ENEMY

Departure of King Edward's Horse  
For Front Raises Hopes in  
Breasts of Despondent Cavalry

London, May 18.—(Correspondence)—Spring is witnessing a movement of troops all over England, some leaving or the front and others moving from the towns where they have been billeted to encampments in the open country. But when a battalion is ordered to move, not even its officers know its destination.

On any of the main highways of England troops may be seen on the march, generally in brigades. Kitchener's army looks as well as the men at the front, for most of it has now been six months in training.

To conceal the movement of troops, constant practice marches in full equipment are held and the men do not know whether they are returning to camp until they are actually back there. Often they march to some point, entrain, and in the course of a few hours find themselves on board a transport. If their quarters are crowded, they may be sure it is only to cross the Channel. But if bunks are provided and ample deck room, it means Egypt, the Dardanelles, or some other far point.

Every farewell a soldier takes of family and friends he expects to be his last until his return from war. So secret and so complicated are the movements of the new forces in England that no authentic information could possibly be collected for the enlightenment of the enemy. But it may be assumed that the volunteer system has not disappointed Lord Kitchener.

Good News for Cavalry.  
Nothing has cheered up the despondent cavalry regiments in the British training camps like the news of the departure for the front of King Edward's Horse first regiment. The hopes of the volunteer trooper had ebbed away during the dismal winter, for reports came back that horses could not be used in trench warfare and were superseded in reconnaissance and dispatch work by aeroplane and motor cycle. But now it

## TORTURED BY CONSTIPATION

"Fruit-a-lives" Cured Paralyzed  
Bowels and Digestion

St. Boniface de Shawinigan, Que.,  
Feb. 8th, 1914.

"It is a pleasure to me to inform you that after suffering from Chronic Constipation for 2½ years, I have been cured by 'Fruit-a-lives.' While I was a student at Berthier College, I became so ill I was forced to leave the college. Severe pains across the intestines continually tortured me and it came to a point when I could not stoop down at all, and my Digestion became paralyzed. Some one advised me to take 'Fruit-a-lives' and at once I felt a great improvement. After I had taken four or five boxes, I realized that I was completely cured and what made me glad, also, was that they were acting gently, causing no pain whatever to the bowels. All those who suffer with Chronic Constipation should follow my example and take 'Fruit-a-lives' for they are the medicine that cures."

MAGLOIRE PAQUIN.  
'Fruit-a-lives' are sold by all dealers at 50c a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

It is found that cavalry is of use. Other new regiments hope to follow. King Edward's Horse is unique in the British Army. It is a Boer war product that has since kept up its organization, not as a territorial, or militia regiment, but as a part of the regular army reserve. Its officers of the higher rank are all old fighters. Its colonel-in-chief is no less a personage than King George himself. Its men come from all parts of the world. Canada contributes an important contingent, as the Canadian as a rule is physically and temperamentally fitted for the "K. E. H." Men who can ride and shoot and who fear neither hard work nor the foe are wanted, and the unit, either by reason of shirking duty or of lacking nerve, are quickly got rid of. Untrained men are accepted, but they must show themselves keen for their work.

The last squadron of King Edward's Horse to leave for the front finished its training at Bishopscote, Hertfordshire, only the past week. But a reserve squadron will be maintained in this quaint old town to fill the gaps in the fighting ranks, sending out drafts as soon as properly trained.

The New York Public Library has forty-five branches and 880 other agencies for circulating the books which it contains.

## TROOPER HAD LOST MEMORY

Blow on Jaw Restores Recollection of Past

### IS FORESTRY EXPERT

Strange Experience Follows Electric Shock—Traveled From Syracuse to Toronto and Enlisted

Toronto, May 27.—De Morgan's famous story "Somehow Good," the plot of which hinges around the complete loss of memory suffered by its hero through a severe electrical shock which he received and the gradual remembrance of incidents of his earlier life, was paralleled in a startling manner in Toronto. In this case the subject is Purley Douglas Bailey, aged 27 years, son of Professor George D. Bailey of the Syracuse University staff and a resident of Canastota, New York state.

Bailey is a graduate of the school of forestry of Syracuse University and a member of the Synchro Chapter of the Phi Gamma Delta fraternity. He is regarded as one of the cleverest young foresters in the United States and has held several important government positions for some time being in charge of the doctoring of the trees in Ginter Park, at Richmond, Va. Last fall he was sent to Denver to do some work on the trees in the city and one day in November while working with his pliers he came in contact with a live electric wire. He was severely burned and fell forty feet from the tree, suffering a concussion of the brain.

On recovering from the concussion he was found to be suffering from a total lapse of memory, a form of amnesia. His father took him from Denver to Canastota, where after a complete rest of several months he recovered his memory. Early in the winter he took charge of a forest reserve owned by one of the canning factories of his home town, but in endeavor to solve the mystery he went to the commanding officer and asked to be shown the papers he had signed when he had enlisted. On being shown the papers he was bewildered, having never heard of such a town as Canastota, N. Y. On Sunday night he visited the Rev. J. D. Morrow whom he had met several times at the camp and unburdened his mystery to the minister. Rev. Mr. Morrow advised him to go and see Inspector Kennedy of the detective office. Accordingly this afternoon he notified headquarters and asked to see the inspector. On being shown into the office he told the inspector he had come to ask the detective department to find out what his name was. On being questioned by the inspector he told a few fragments of the electrical shock he had received in Denver, and he stated that he thought his home was near there. He said he knew his name was not James Douglas and that since being struck by the baseball he had almost been driven to distraction trying to remember the name of his parents and his home town.

Police Learned Identity  
Detective Wallace, orderly of Chief Grassett who was sitting outside the inspector's office overheard some of the conversation and having seen Bailey go in, he flashed upon his mind that he had seen Bailey's photograph somewhere. He told the inspector of his suspicions and together they went through the book in which all circulars sent out by police departments all over the world are kept. One which bore a photograph bearing a resemblance to Bailey was reached and Detective Wallace read out the name Purley Douglas Bailey. The young man on hearing the name jumped up and cried out: "It is I!" He then collapsed in a chair and burst into tears.

When he had sufficiently recovered he was taken into the chief's office. Col. Grassett ordered him to be taken back to the barracks and communicated with the commander and notified him of the strange case. He recommended that the young man be placed under medical supervision.

Inspector Kennedy immediately communicated with Chief Cadogan, of Syracuse and with Prof. Bailey by whom the circular relating to his son's attack of amnesia and his strange disappearance on March 8th had been issued. Tonight a telegram was received from Prof. Bailey stating that he would leave at once for Toronto.

# Month-End Bargains at Brown's Friday, Saturday and Monday

## WASH CREPES

Values to 20c. yard. Sale 12 1-2c. yard

Two thousand yards of this season's Crepes, so much in demand, to be offered at a special price for a few days. Splendid assortment of patterns and colors, fancy and floral effects.

## LADIES' COTTON DRAWERS

Trimming Tucks and Lace—Open and Closed Styles.

Value to 40c. pair. Sale 19c. pair

## CHILDREN'S WASH DRESSES

50c., 75c., 80c. and 98c. each

In pretty color combinations, pink, blues, tan, etc.; percale and gingham; new styles. Sizes 2 to 14 years.

## BLEACHED SHEETING

Value 35c. yard. Sale 25c. yard

## SALE OF TABLE LINEN

Month-End Reductions

45c. Unbleached Damask. Sale 35c. yard

60c. Unbleached Damask. Sale 38c. yard

45c. Bleached Damask. Sale 35c. yard

75c. Bleached Damask. Sale 58c. yard

## WOMEN'S WASH UNDERSKIRTS

Value 79c. each. Sale 49c. each

Made of good quality wash material, in grey and white stripe; all lengths.

## LACE CURTAIN SALE

\$1.39 Lace Curtains. Sale \$1.00 pair

\$1.60 Lace Curtains. Sale \$1.19 pair

\$2.00 Lace Curtains. Sale \$1.50 pair

\$2.50 Lace Curtains. Sale \$2.00 pair

\$3.25 Lace Curtains. Sale \$2.50 pair

## WHITE AND COLORED WASH GOODS LESS THAN WHOLESALE

22c. White and Colored Poplin. Sale 15c. yard

20c. Pique, Tan, Saxe and Navy. Sale 15c. yard

25c. Mercerized Waistings. Sale 18c. yard

## PILLOW SLIPS

Value 20c. each. Sale 12 1-2c. each

Made of heavy white cotton, full size; a bargain at the price.

## WOMEN'S HOUSE DRESSES

Values to \$1.50. Sale 98c. each

Smart, new American styles; made up in light and dark prints and ginghams; all sizes, 34 to 42 inch bust.

## UNBLEACHED COTTON

36 inches Wide. Sale 7 1-2c. yard

A fine, clear make suitable for many household purposes.

## MEN'S NEGLEE SHIRTS COAT STYLE

Value 75c. each. Sale 49c. each

Men's Neglee Shirts, white grounds with plain and fancy stripes; all this season's best selling patterns; good fitting and excellent wearing shirts. Sizes 14 to 16 1-2 inch.

## WONDERFUL BLOUSE VALUES. LADIES' AND MISSES'

Values to \$1.75. To Clear, 69c. each

Four hundred and eighty New Blouses—a manufacturers' overstock bought by us at less than half the regular wholesale price, to go on sale tomorrow at the low price, 69c. each. Including crepes, voiles, ratines, etc.; all sizes.

## HAMBURG INSERTION

Values to 15c. yard. Sale 3c. yard

Over two thousand yards of Swiss and Lawn Insertions, to be cleared at 3c. yard.

## STAIR PLATES

Value 20c. doz. Sale 8c. doz.

Gold or Silver

## BATH TOWELS

Sale. . . . . 12 1-2c. each

English make, fringed ends, good weight, splendid wearing quality. Worth 18c. each.

## SALE OF LONG FRENCH KID GLOVES

Values \$2.00 pair. Sale 79c. pair

Shades:—Tan, Grey and Black

## FRINGE FOR FLOOR RUGS

Values to 20c. yard. Sale 8c. yard

Colors:—Greens, Reds and Tans

## MEN'S WORKING SHIRTS

Values to 75c. each. Sale 45c. each

Duck, Drill and Sateen. Sizes 14 to 16 1-2 inch



## The most famous skin treatment ever formulated

To those who make it a daily habit it brings the charm of "a skin you love to touch"

Is there some condition of your skin that is keeping it from being the attractive one you want it to be? Whatever that condition is, it can be changed.

The Woodbury treatment described below—first published four years ago—has brought to thousands of people the lovelier complexion they have longed to possess.

Make it your daily habit, too, and it will gradually bring to your skin that greater loveliness you want—its clearness, freshness and charm of "a skin you love to touch."

Begin tonight to bring this charm to your skin

Use this treatment once a day—preferably just before retiring. Lather your washcloth well with warm water

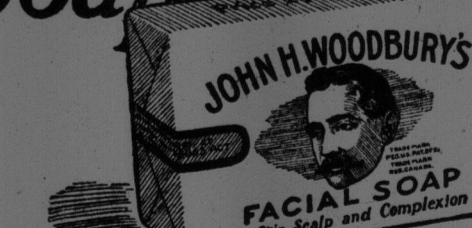
and Woodbury's Facial Soap. Apply it to your face and distribute the lather thoroughly. Now, with the tips of your fingers work this cleansing, antiseptic lather into your skin, always with an upward and outward motion. Rinse with warm water, then with cold—the colder the better. Finish by rubbing your face for a few minutes with a piece of ice. Always be particular to dry your skin well.

You will feel the difference the first time you use this treatment. Use it persistently and in ten days or two weeks your skin should show a marked improvement—a promise of that greater loveliness which the steady use of Woodbury's always brings.

If you start this treatment today—you will satisfy so much the sooner that longing of yours for the charm of "a skin you love to touch." A 25c cake of Woodbury's Facial Soap is sufficient for a month or six weeks of this treatment. Get a cake today. Begin at once to get its benefits for your skin. It is for sale by Canadian druggists from coast to coast including Newfoundland.

## Woodbury's Facial Soap

For sale by Canadian druggists from coast to coast including Newfoundland.



## EMPEROR WRITES OF ITALY'S ENTRY

Austrian Monarch's Bitter Letter to Soldiers

### URGES MEN TO VICTORY

Says Italy's Course is Perfidy Unparalleled in History—Relies on Valor of His People and "Illustrious" Germany

London, May 27.—A Reuter despatch from Amsterdam says the Vienna Zeitung publishes the following autograph letter Emperor Francis Joseph to Count Karl Stuehrgh:

"Dear Count Stuehrgh—I request you to make public the attached manifesto to my troops:

"Vienna, May 23.—Francis Joseph to my troops:

"The King of Italy has declared war on me. Perfidy whose like history does not know was committed by the Kingdom of Italy against both Austria and Germany, during which it was able to increase its territorial possessions and develop itself to unthought of flourishing condition, Italy abandoned us in our hour of danger and went over with flying colors into the camp of our enemies.

"We did not menace Italy; did not curtail her authority; did not attack her honor or interests. We always responded loyally to the duties of our alliance and afforded her our protection when she took the field. We have done more. When Italy directed covetous glances across our frontier we, in order to maintain peace and our alliance relation, were resolved on great and painful sacrifices which particularly grieved our paternal heart. But the covetousness of Italy, which believed the moment should be used, was not to be appeased, so fate must be accommodated.

"No New Enemy."

"My armies have victoriously withstood mighty armies in the north in ten months of this gigantic conflict in most loyal comradeship of arms with our illustrious ally. A new and treacherous enemy in the south is to you no new enemy. Great memories of Novara, Mortara and Lissa, which constituted the pride of my youth; the spirit of Radetzky, Arcole, Albrecht and Marmora and sea forces, guarantees that in the south also we shall successfully defend the frontiers of the monarchy.

"I salute my battle-tried troops who are insured to victory. I rely on them and their leaders. I rely on my people for whose unexampled spirit of sacrifice my most paternal thanks are due. I pray the Almighty to bless our colors and take under His gracious protection our just cause."

Patriotic manifestations reached a climax in Vienna last night, according to a telegram received in Amsterdam from the Austrian capital. After Italy's declaration of war and the manifesto of Emperor Francis Joseph, calling upon the army, navy and all his people for patriotic devotion, had been published in special editions about nine o'clock, crowds gathered spontaneously in all parts of the city.

Thousands of residents paraded the streets singing patriotic songs and cheering the Emperor, the monarchy, the allied army and navy. Before the War Ministry patriotic speeches were delivered. Officers and soldiers were greeted with tremendous applause. Indignation against Italy found expression in cries of "Down with traitors. Down with Italy." No attacks upon Italians were made, however.

The Prague newspaper, Narodni Politika, discussing editorially the entrance of Italy into the war, says: "The monarchy has no fear of the war, which it will undergo victoriously and gloriously with all the more certitude because of the loyal assistance of Germany." The Hlas Naroda, of Prague, declares the people of Austria and Hungary prefer a passage at arms with Italy to an unworthy and untenable friendship purchased with very heavy sacrifices.

## RECENT DEATHS

Albert T. Finnamore.

Much sympathy will be expressed for Mr. and Mrs. Albert Finnamore, of 615 Main street, in the death of their infant son, Albert Theodore, who passed away last evening after a short illness from meningitis. The body will be taken to Frederickton, Mr. Finnamore's former home, on Friday for burial.

Michael Cohan.

The death of Michael Cohan occurred last night at his residence, 185 Esplanade street, after a protracted illness. He was a native of Sligo, Ireland, but had been resident in this city for years. He leaves to mourn, besides his wife, one son, Andrew, and seven daughters—Mrs. John O'Keefe, Mrs. J. Lenihan, Mrs. Bernard Stafford, Mrs. William Danvers, Mrs. Robert Maxwell, all of this city, and Miss Christian and Miss Grace, at home.

Mrs. Herbert Brown died on Sunday at her home in Greer's, St. John county. She was sixty-nine years of age and was survived by her husband, one brother and one sister, Mrs. William Ellis of West St. John.

The death of Mrs. Margaret, widow of James Robinson, of East Glassville, aged eighty-four years, occurred on May 30. She was a native of Ireland and came to this county sixty-five years ago. She is survived by six daughters and two sons.

## Kidney Disease Cured Sworn Statement

Of Mr. Wesley Maxwell, Who Gratefully Gives All Credit To Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

It is one thing to make big claims for a medicine and quite another thing to produce irrefutable evidence that it actually cures in serious cases.

We prefer to let the cured ones speak for themselves, and that is why you find in almost every newspaper the report of someone who has been cured by the use of Dr. Chase's medicines. Today we present the sworn statement of Mr. Wesley Maxwell. When a man goes to this trouble in expressing his gratitude there can be no question of the benefit he has received. Mr. Wesley Maxwell, Orangeville, Ont., writes: "I have been using Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, and I must tell you that before I started using them I could only make water with the greatest difficulty, and had very severe pains in the back. I am completely cured now by the use of these pills. Before that I used a lot of doctors' medicine without any benefit that I could see. I am thankful for being cured, and can

recommend Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills very highly."

SWORN STATEMENT  
"This is to certify that I, Wesley Maxwell, of the Township of Caledonia, was cured of kidney trouble by taking Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills."

Wesley Maxwell.  
(Sworn before me as correct this 6th day of January, 1915.—Wm. Hawkins, Sen., Justice of the Peace.)

This statement is also endorsed by the Rev. Geo. W. Robinson, who is Mr. Maxwell's pastor.

This cure will interest a great many people who are suffering as Mr. Maxwell was with kidney and urinary troubles. It will only cost you a quarter to buy a box of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills and put this medicine to the test. We are sure that you will be thankful to the writer for describing his cure. For sale at all dealers, or Edman-son, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.