

THE ST. JOHN EVENING TIMES, MONDAY, JANUARY 16, 1905.

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**OSCAR WRIGHT
AND HIS STORY.****Prisoner in the Havelock
Manslaughter Case
Tells How McKnight
Was Killed.**

Hampton, Jan. 16.—In the Wright manslaughter case at Hampton on Saturday afternoon Walter Milton of Pettitville, when giving his testimony, had not been on the stand more than twenty minutes when he suddenly collapsed and fell limply to the floor. He soon recovered, restoratives being applied.

The evidence of Ensey Hicks, of Hicksville, Westmoreland county, was taken, and Dr. Geo. Henson, of Sussex, who was next called, swore he had dressed a bruise on the prisoner's head, and had applied a lotion to a swelling on the left temple region.

"Call Oscar Wright."

When the prisoner took the stand, it was 3:15 o'clock. He swore he was thirty-two years of age, that his mother died when he was a boy, and that from his fifteenth year, he had been self-supporting.

His father's will was read by Mr. Curry, the document being admitted by Judge McLeod because it showed the reason the prisoner went to the Wright house. The bulk of all the property was left to Oscar Wright and he also acted as executor. He intended, after securing what he considered to be his, to have it appraised and sold.

"Mrs. Wright," he said to Mr. Curry, "had been left one-third of the property, and I offered to make a settlement. I offered her \$200 and some furniture for her third, but she would not accept. She wanted ten cords of wood and \$25 extra, so I said I could not do it."

The prisoner then went on to tell of his presence in the Wright shop on the afternoon of September 16, and of how Mrs. Wright told him that he would never get anything out of the place. She ordered him out, but he wouldn't go, he said.

"Then," said the prisoner, "she threatened to scold me; said Mr. White, the Sussex lawyer, had told her to do so. She threw hot water at me, but I put up a chair to shield myself. The prisoner then described the means taken by Mrs. Wright and others to fasten him in the shop, and he admitted he had called from the window to his brother Ira, to hit McKnight.

"I said: Give him a slap; it'll do him good."

Wright said it was through no purpose to strike McKnight that he jumped from the window, and approached him. He only wanted to have him leave the locality. If he couldn't urge him to go away, he would use no stronger means.

"When I was trying to unfasten the nails in the door," he said, "Sam Keith came up, and wanted to know what I was doing around there. Chas. Coates said to grab him and take me away."

"Sam and Chas. Keith, Fred Perry and Frank Dunham all took hold of me, and forced me out into the street. I struggled, but couldn't get away. Then the old woman (Mrs. Wright), came along with her pole, and gave me a crack on the head with it. I struggled again and said: 'Let go or I'll kick you,' and after that I was let go."

The prisoner then said Dudley Keith and Ira Wright arrived on the street," he said, "and Sam Keith and I clinched. It was after this that clubs were used. The crowd closed right in around Sam and I, but I didn't see Milton nor Ira, and as I was holding Sam, I was hit by McKnight with a club. He knocked me down and when I got up again, I punched him in the face with my fist. I didn't notice what direction he had come from, nor did I see his sore hand, but I took the stick he had been using on me, away from him. One more crowd closed in, and blows were coming so fast that I got away a bit, and struck at some one. I took to be Sam Keith. I was dizzy at the time, and believed my life was threatened. I was hounded all right. After that, I thought I'd faint, my head was all over jumps, my body was sore, I had pain in my head for five weeks, and for days couldn't see anything but spoon food, because my jaws were so sore."

Dr. Pugsley, in his cross examination, questioned the prisoner very closely respecting his conduct in the Havelock store, when between him and the proprietor, the Wright lease was torn in two.

"The lease was not torn by me in trying to get it away. I had one end of it, and Giulio the other, and in turning it over, so that I could see father's signature, it was torn."

Court adjourned at 5 o'clock.

Only One Cure For Catarrh

And it's neither a dopy mixture, a troublesome atomizer or an irritating snuff—it is fragrant healing Catarrhine which is recommended by at least twenty thousand physicians in United States and Canada. The balsamic vapor of Catarrhine goes at once to the source of disease, kills the germs, heals sore spots, it prevents dropping in the throat, keeps the nostrils clear and cures foul breath. Cure is complete and permanent, when Catarrhine is used. It is as certain as sterility to cure, and it falls. Every complete dollar outfit guaranteed; trial size 25c. Use only Catarrhine.

The Cunam S. S. Co. and the International Mercantile Marine Co., at Liverpool, have decided to increase their rates Jan. 17. The revised steamer rates from Liverpool to New York will be \$30 for fast boats and \$28.80 for others. To Boston, the steamer rate will be \$45.75 with \$2.40 extra for fast boats and an equal reduction for the slowest vessels.

**GIVE A WARSHIP
EACH FIVE YEARS.****Toronto Loyalists Think This
Should be Canada's Gift to
the Empire.**

According to the Toronto world of Friday, the United Empire Loyalists of Toronto believe that Canada should contribute toward the expense of maintaining the Imperial army and navy as a return for the protection the Dominion shares with the other parts of the Empire. In a line with this belief they have decided to memorialize Earl Grey as follows:

"The United Empire Loyalists Association of Ontario, representing a large number of the people of Canada, desire to present to your excellency that they have heretofore at different times concurred with other representative bodies in adopting the principle that, together with some form of inter-imperial preferential trade between the various parts of the British empire, it would be in the interest of Canada and in accordance with the feelings and aspirations of the people of Canada, that the government of Canada should contribute to the expense of the Imperial responsibilities, which opinion they adhere to and desire to express."

And that they are further of opinion that the announcement of the withdrawal of the fleet from Halifax and the probability of similar action being taken at Esquimaux in order as it is understood, to enable the royal navy to be employed in the manner and under the conditions which have become recognized as most effective and advantageous for the protection of the empire in all its parts, renders the present time opportune for the further consideration of this subject and for the putting forth of suggestions which may assist toward the accomplishment of the desired object.

"And that the said association believes it to be possible for some such action, namely, the contributing by Canada towards the cost of Imperial responsibilities, to be taken without involving such taxation as would make representation of any greater or other nature than at present exists necessary or desirable."

"And with this object in view the said association desires to pay for the suggestion that the Dominion of Canada should undertake to provide for the royal navy a battleship, fully equipped and armed, in every period of five years, thus making a fixed periodical contribution of substantial value and definite purpose."

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PUTTING IT STRONG.**But Doesn't It Look Reasonable?**

This may read as though we were putting it a little strong, because it is generally thought by the majority of people that Dyspepsia in its chronic form is incurable or practically so. But we have long since shown that Dyspepsia is curable, nor is it such a difficult matter as at first appears.

The trouble with Dyspepsia is that they are continually dieting, starving themselves or going to the opposite extreme or else deluging the already over-burdened stomach with bitter 'after dinner pills,' etc., which invariably increase the difficulty even if in some cases they do give a slight temporary relief. Such treatment of the stomach simply makes matters worse. What the stomach wants is a rest. Now how can the stomach be rested, recuperated and at the same time the body nourished and sustained?

This is a great secret and this is also the secret of the uniform success of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. This is a comparatively new remedy but its success and popularity leave no doubt as to its merit.

The Tablets will digest the food anyway, regardless of condition of stomach. The sufferer from Dyspepsia according to directions, is to eat an abundance of good, wholesome food and use the tablets before and after each meal and the result will be that the food will be digested no matter how bad your Dyspepsia may be, because, as before stated, the tablets will digest the food even if the stomach is wholly inactive. To illustrate our meaning plainly, if you take 1,800 grains of meat, beef or ordinary food and place it in a temperature of 98 degrees, and put with it one of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets it will digest the meat or eggs almost as perfectly as if the meat was enclosed within the stomach.

The stomach may be ever so weak yet these tablets will perform the work of digestion and the body and brain will be properly nourished and at the same time a radical, lasting cure of Dyspepsia will be made because the much abused stomach will be given, to some extent, a much needed rest. Your druggist will tell you that of all the many remedies advertised to cure Dyspepsia, none of them have given so complete and general satisfaction as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, and not least in importance in these hard times is the fact that they are also the cheapest and give the most good for the least money.

WELL KNOWN HERE.

Among the ladies present at the opening of parliament, the Toronto Globe noted the following:

Mrs. George E. Foster, black sequined gown with chiffon sleeves and berthe of sequined lace, ornaments diamond set in carnelians.

Miss Snowball, white Duchess satin, with guipure lace and accordeon diamond set in carnelians.

Miss Laura Snowball, pink satin gown with trimmings of lace and chiffon.

Miss Emmerson, sequined net and chiffon, over white silk. Miss Marie Emmerson of Montreal, ivory ezelonne over pink silk, with touches of pink panne.

Lieut.-Governor and Miss Snowball were guests at the Russell. Miss Laura Snowball is visiting Mrs. Robt. Bell, MacLaren street.

In the chamber of deputies at Paris, Saturday, a resolution approving of the declarations of the government received a majority of six votes.

LIFE INSURANCE.

Rodman Wanamaker Carries \$2,000,000 and J. C. Colgate \$1,500,000.

Rodman Wanamaker, of Philadelphia, is now, says the New York Evening Mail the largest holder of life insurance in the world, he having recently taken out \$1,200,000 additional insurance with the Mutual Life of New York. Prior to the purchase of the additional insurance he carried a policy of \$800,000 with the same company. The aggregate insurance he carries is the largest held by any individual in any company in the world. Until the purchase of the new insurance by Mr. Wanamaker, James C. Colgate, the banker, held the largest individual insurance, he holding policies for \$1,500,000 issued last April by the same company. There are just five policies outstanding which call for an even million dollars apiece. Four of them were issued by the Mutual Life Insurance Company. George Vanderbilt holds one of them. The same company recently issued policies for \$500,000 each to Henry Siegel and John F. O'Rourke, of New York. Of such large risks the company makes it a custom to reinsure all but \$250,000 with other companies, and this custom was followed with the Wanamaker policy.

COLD WEATHER.

Saturday and Yesterday Showed What New Brunswick Can Do In This Line.

Saturday night was a cold one and Sunday morning of 'hooker.' On Sunday at Rollinsbay the thermometer registered thirty-three below. At 9 o'clock, in this city, yesterday morning it was the coldest yet, but last night at 11 o'clock it had raised to sixteen above. At Fredericton on Saturday night, the thermometer showed forty-four below, at Gibson, 45 below. Reports from other points yesterday were:

Moncton, twenty-six below; Newcastle, thirty below; Campbellton, thirty-two below; River du Loup, thirty-five below; Chatham, 15 below.

William T. Mason, a lawyer, and his whole family, consisting of wife and two children, Ellen four years old, and Marion six months, with a servant, Annie Wells, lost their lives in a fire which partially destroyed their home, a dwelling occupied by them at 133 West 130th street, New York yesterday.

**MORNING NEWS
IN BRIEF.****Local.**

Owing to the continued advances in sugar the manufacturing confectioners have been compelled to advance the price of their goods to the wholesale trade. This has caused the wholesalers and jobbers to advance their price, and today the advanced price went into effect. The price of penny goods will be five cents a box, or ten cents a gross over the old prices. This will also effect the retailer, who has been retailing this class of goods for ten cents a dozen. In future he will have to receive twelve cents a dozen.

Rev. J. G. Shearer, of Toronto, general secretary of the Lord's Day Alliance, delivered an interesting address on Sabbath Observance, in Portland Methodist church yesterday afternoon.

J. Artimus Clark, of Bellevue (P. E. I.), was in the city yesterday, en route to Guelph (Ont.), where he will re-enter the Agricultural College to complete a four years' course in the scientific study of agriculture and nature research.

Mr. Clark passed creditable examinations at Cornell University previous to entering Guelph College. His brother Prof. Judson Clark is teacher at Guelph College, besides holding the position of forester for the Ontario Government.

J. H. Carnall, the taxidermist, who has been sick for some time, was seriously ill last night. An attack of paralysis yesterday afternoon, attended with the breaking of a blood vessel in his head, made his condition critical.

A quiet wedding took place at the home of the bride Saturday, when A. M. Rowan, the well-known hardware merchant of this city, was married to Mrs. Annie Hatheway. Rev. R. P. McKim, rector of St. Luke's church, officiated.

About 10:30 o'clock last night a still alarm of fire was sent in from the Union Club. A live coal from a grate in the cause of a blaze which was extinguished after some of the floor had been torn up.

Dr. A. B. A. Addy's team ran about noon yesterday while the doctor was making a call. His driver was thrown out and injured slightly, the sleigh was wrecked and the horse was somewhat cut.

A conference of the provincial executive of the Lord's Day Alliance was held Saturday at the Y. M. C. A. parlor. Canon Richardson occupied the chair and there were about twelve members present, including Rev. J. G. Shearer, general secretary of the alliance. It was decided to hold the annual convention for the province and the annual meeting of the city branch here on March 30. Rev. J. G. Shearer and T. A. Moore, have arranged to be present.

Provincial.

Patrik Phee, son of John Phee, of Clarke's Cove, Northumberland Co., N. B., who was employed as motor man on an electric car at Portland (Me.), met with an accident on Thursday which resulted fatally. He was about 25 years old. The body was brought home for interment.

Stewart Harlaw, Capt. Scott, which arrived at Sydney C. B. Saturday from Newfoundland ports, reports that the gale of Sunday morning last was the worst ever experienced on that coast. The storm did a lot of damage to shipping. Along the coast of Bay of Islands everything was carried away. The

One Million Dollars**Have Been Spent to Give Liquezone Free to the Sick.**

When we purchased the rights to Liquezone, we decided to buy the vegetable, and Liquezone—like a first bottle and give it free to each sick one we learned of. We published the offer in nearly every newspaper in America, and 1,800,000 people have accepted it. In one year it has cost us over one million dollars to announce and fulfill the offer.

Don't you realize that a product must have wonderful merit to make such an offer possible? We have never asked a soul to buy Liquezone. We have published no testimonials, no physician's endorsement. We have simply asked the sick to try it—try it at our expense. And that is all we ask you, if you need it.

Kills Inside Germs.

Liquezone is not made by compounding drugs, nor is there alcohol in it. Its virtues are derived solely from gas—largely oxygen gas—by a process requiring immense apparatus and 14 days' time. This process has, for more than 20 years, been the constant subject of scientific and chemical research.

The result is a liquid that does what oxygen does. It is a nerve food and blood food—the most helpful thing in the world to you. Its effects are exhilarating, vitalizing, purifying. Yes it is a germicide so certain that we publish on every bottle an offer of \$1,000 for a disease germ that it cannot kill. The reason is that germs are vegetables, and Liquezone—like an excess of oxygen—is deadly to vegetable matter.

There lies the great value of Liquezone. It is the only way known to kill germs in the body without killing the tissues, too. Any drug that kills germs is a poison, and it cannot be taken internally. Medicine is almost helpless in any germ disease. It is this fact that gives Liquezone its worth to humanity. And that worth is so great that, after testing the product for two years, through physicians and hospitals, we paid \$100,000 for the American rights.

Germ Diseases.

These are the known germ diseases. All that medicine can do for these troubles is to help Nature overcome the germs, and such results are indirect and uncertain. Liquezone attacks the germs, wherever they are. And when the germs which cause a disease are destroyed, the disease must end, and forever. That is inevitable.

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Official announcement of the resignation has not yet been made, but M. Combes has definitely stated the intention of himself and his colleagues, and the termination of the ministry after a tempestuous career of three years only awaits the formal submission of 400 letters of resignation.

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**When Troubled With Coughs, Colds
or Any Affections of the Throat and Lungs****USE****Hawker's Balsam of
Tolu and Wild Cherry****This Remedy Has Been Tried and Proved**

H. A. McKelown, Ex-M. P. P.
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As An All-round Family Liniment Nothing Can Equal

Manning's German Remedy**The Greatest Neuralgia and Rheumatic Cure of the Age.**

W. S. FISHER, ESQ., of the well known firm of Emerson & Fisher, St. John, N. B., says: "I have much pleasure in stating that I have found Dr. Manning's German Remedy most effective for the treatment of Neuralgia, Pains, etc. As a general family liniment I consider it unequalled."

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