CYCLOPÆDIA

OF THE

BATTLES OF THE WORLD.

A

ABDICATION OF KINGS,—Numerous in ancient history. The following are those of the most remarkable character and greatest political importance:

Henry IV. of Germany A.D.	1080 11	Napoleon April 5,	1814
Baliol of Scotland "	1306	Charles X, of France Aug. 2,	1830
Charles V. of Germany "	1556	Louis Philippe " Feb. 24,	1848
James II. of England "	1688	Ferdinand of Austria. Dec. 2.	1848
Philip V. of Spain "			

ABOUKIR,—Commonly called the Battle of the Nile. Fought between the French and English fleets August 1st, 1798. (See NILE.)

ABRAHAM, HEIGHTS OF,—Commonly called the Taking of Quebec, or the Battle of the Plains of Abraham. Fought September 13th, 1759. (See QUEBEC.)

ACAPULCO SHIP.—This was the celebrated prize. A Spanish galleon, from Acapulco, laden with gold and precious wares, and estimated by some annalists at £1,000,000 sterling and upwards, taken by Lerd Anson, who had previously acquired in his memorable voyage booty amounting to £600,000. Admiral Anson arrived at Spithead, in the Centurion, with his immense gains, after having circumnavigated the globe, June 15th, 1744.